Toronto University Library
Presented by
The Secretary of State for India
through the Committee formed in
The Old Country
to aid in replacing the loss caused by
The disastrous Fire of February the 14th 1890
TUŁU-ENGLISH

DICTIONARY

BY

REV. A. MÄNNER

B. M. S.

MANGALORE
PRINTED AT THE BASEL MISSION PRESS
1886
PREFACE.

The Tuḷu language, one of the Dravidian family, is spoken only by half a million of people, inhabiting the central part of South-Canara. Until recently there was no literature in this language, except some legends written on palm-leaves in the Malayālam character, in the possession of Brahman families. It was only after the arrival of the Basel Missionaries in this district (1834) that some books were written and printed in the Basel Mission Press, the most important being a translation of the New Testament, which was completed in 1847, and of which a new typographical edition was issued in 1859. Other publications intended for the use of the church and schools followed in course of time, and in 1872 Rev. J. Brigel compiled a Tuḷu Grammar, which we recommend to those interested in that language. For writing, a modification of the Malayālam alphabet was in vogue till the Basel Mission Press employed Canarese characters in printing.

2. The compilation of a vocabulary was commenced some 30 years ago. The Rev. G. Kammerer, who died in 1858, left a manuscript containing about 2000 words. The author took this vocabulary in hand and continued adding to it from all available sources, without in the least contemplating the printing of the same. In 1883, however, the question of printing a Tuḷu Dictionary was first mooted, and further steps having been taken in the matter, the Government of Madras was pleased to defray the cost of its publication.
3. A Transliteration in Latin characters of every word will, especially for beginners, facilitate the use of the book. The appended list (p. viii.) will show the rules according to which the transliteration has been made.

4. Special attention should be paid to words sounding alike, viz:

- పాలి, a lizard.  
- పల్లి, a mosque.
- ఆనే, an anna.  
- ఆనే, an elephant.
- ముత్తు, a pearl.  
- ముడ్డు, a kiss.
- మాదిపు, a fold.  
- మాదిపు, a consultation.

5. Although it is customary in Dravidian Dictionaries to give the crude form of the Verb, it was thought better to give first the Infinitive form, as the conjugation of the verb is dependent on the ending of the Infinitive. The Root, however, is given after the transliteration. The three terminations of the Infinitive are as follows:

1. ఆను, as అను + ఆను = బుదుని, to read;
2. పుని, as పుని + పుని = మాల్పుని, to do;
3. పిని, as పిని + పిని = తపిని, to see.

As the formation of the Causative form is sometimes rather intricate and the meaning is often different from that attached to the root, it has been thought best to introduce the causative form as a separate word.

6. As to the Adjectives, only the simple ones have been especially mentioned; all others which are either Adjective-Participles, or Nouns converted into Adjectives either by different terminations, as the Dative, Locative and Genitive, or by adding Adjective-Participles (సాథి, ఉపు, సాయి, etc.), have been omitted, as the student can easily convert any Noun into an Adjective whenever required.

7. In a similar manner it ought to be stated that all proper Adverbs have been specially pointed out; those, however, which are either Datives or Locatives or Nouns with Verbal Participles (అడపు) have been omitted for the above reason.
8. The Tulu language does not possess many words with abstract meanings. The Gerund of every verb may, however, be used in this sense, for instance, ओळेऱे wōdunavu reading, सो तेपं tūpinavu observation. Besides this there are some other derivations, as योगेवोडिनी vōdigē of सोवोड़िनी, हेपेती hecēgē of सोहेच्चनी, जापेल्ळी jappēlē of सोजापपनी, दिजेल्ळी diūjēlē of सोदिजुनी, तारेती tarettē of सोतारुनी, मुरतेती murtētē of सोमुरुनी, etc. Such abstract words, if not found in this Dictionary, can easily be formed by means of the Infinitive.

9. The meanings of many words might have been considerably increased, but for the sake of brevity we have, (especially in the case of words derived from Sanskrit), given only the most usual ones.

10. It should be taken into consideration that not only the different castes of the Tulu speaking people have their own peculiarities of expression and pronunciation, e.g. for "wedding" Brahmans say जेवोसो kalyāṇa, Pariahs say असो baḍatana, and other caste people say सोमदमुमेदा madumē, but that there are also three local distinctions of dialect, viz., a southern, a northern and an eastern one, in which similar peculiarities exist; for instance:

S. जेवोसो podepini, सो सादी, सो तुड़े, सो तेपं tūpinī,  
N. जेवोसो podepini, सो तादी, सो सुड़े, सो सूपिनी sūpinī,  
E. जेवो pudepuni, सो हाडी, सो हुड़े, सो हुपिनी hūpinī.

11. As to the adoption of Sanskrit, words besides those in common use with the people in connection with their worship, a number of words have been received which are current among Tulu Brahmans only, though not all; and there are also some words which owe their introduction to Christianity. The Tulu people also use a number of words which were originally Canarese, Malayalam and Hindustani; of these only the most common ones have been introduced here.

12. The names of about 600 Plants will be found in this collection. About half are taken from "Five Hundred Indian
Plants" by C. Stolz, and the others have been obtained in other ways, careful investigation being required in some cases.

13. A Supplement of about 200 new words is appended.

14. For List of Abbreviations see the following page.

15. In the preparation of this Dictionary the following works have been consulted: Canarese Dictionary by W. Reeve, Malayālam Dictionary by Dr. H. Gundert, and Sanskrit Dictionary by Dr. Th. Benfey.

16. In conclusion the author desires to record the great obligations he is under, to the Munshis Messrs. Madhvarāya of Caup, Sitārāma of Mulki, Sarvōttama Pei of Mangalore, and Catechist Israel Aarons for the assistance given him, and among some others, he is also indebted to the corrector of the Mission Press, Mr. Śivarāu, who has been of very great service to him in carrying the work through the press. He nevertheless regrets certain errors which have crept into the work, and for which he craves the forbearance of the critic. These have been noted in the Errata.

Mangalore, October 1886. A. M.
Abbreviations.

acc. = accusative.
adj. = adjective.
adv. = adverb.
bet. = better.
bram. = word peculiar to Tulu Brahmans.
Chr. = Christian.
cond. = conditional.
c. d. = cum dative.
cf. = confer, compare.
conj. = conjunction.
c. v. = causative verb.
dat. = dative.
dim. = diminutive.
def. v. or d. v. = defective verb.
e. g. = for example.
emph. = emphatic.
fem. = feminine.
fg. = figurative.
f. t. = future tense.
gen. = genitive.
gram. = grammatical.
hon. = honorific.
imper. = imperative.
intj. = interjection.
intrg. = interrogative.
lit. = literally.
loc. = locative.
masc. = masculine.
neg. = negative.
n. or neut. = neuter.
num. = numeral.
opp. = opposite.
perf. = perfect tense.
part. = participle.
p. or pers. = person.
pl. = plural.
postp. = postposition.
pot. = potential.
prep. = preposition.
pron. = pronoun.
pro. = proverb.
p. t. = past tense.
Rom. = Roman Catholic.
s. = substantive.
Sans. = Sanskrit.
sing. = singular.
slg. = slang word.
v. a. = verb active.
v. n. = verb neuter.
v. refl. = verb reflexive.
vlg. = vulgar word.
Transliteration.

a. Vowels.

\( \varepsilon \) a as a in about.  
\( \varepsilon \ddot{a} \) as a in about.  
\( \varepsilon \ddot{i} \) as i in him.  
\( \varepsilon \ddot{u} \) as u in rule.

\( \varepsilon \ddot{r} \) r, vocalised r.

\( \varepsilon \ddot{r} \) not used.

\( \varepsilon \ddot{e} \) e as e in met.  
\( \varepsilon \ddot{e} \) (final) as a in mat.  
\( \varepsilon \ddot{e} \) as e in grey.  
\( \varepsilon \ddot{e} \) ai, ai, o in height.  
\( \varepsilon \ddot{o} \) o (wo) in o in not.  
\( \varepsilon \ddot{o} \) (wo) in note.

\( \varepsilon \ddot{u} \) ou, au in house.

\( \varepsilon \ddot{u} \) (half u) as e in the French je.

b. Medialls.

\( \varepsilon \ddot{o} \) = i before \( \ddot{a}, \ddot{e}, \ddot{u}, \ddot{a}, \ddot{e}, \ddot{u} \).

\( \ddot{u} \) = i before \( \ddot{a}, \ddot{e}, \ddot{u}, \ddot{a}, \ddot{e}, \ddot{u} \).

\( \varepsilon \ddot{n} \) = i before \( \ddot{a}, \ddot{e}, \ddot{u}, \ddot{a}, \ddot{e}, \ddot{u} \).

\( \varepsilon \ddot{h} \) = h, vocalised.

\( \varepsilon \ddot{o} \) = m before \( \ddot{a}, \ddot{e}, \ddot{u}, \ddot{a}, \ddot{e}, \ddot{u} \).

\( \ddot{m} \) in \( \ddot{o}, \ddot{a}, \ddot{e}, \ddot{u}, \ddot{a}, \ddot{e}, \ddot{u} \).

\( \ddot{h} \) = h, vocalised.

c. Consonants.

\( \ddot{c} \) ka as ka in kalendar.

\( \ddot{c} \) kho as ka in kalendar.

\( \ddot{c} \) gha as gha in gander.

\( \ddot{c} \) nga as nga in singing.

\( \ddot{c} \) cha as cha in chapter.

\( \ddot{c} \) ja as ja in jam.

\( \ddot{y} \) jha as jha in aspirated.

\( \ddot{y} \) nha as nha in buynan.

\( \ddot{y} \) ta as the cerebral ta.

\( \ddot{y} \) tha as tha in aspirated.

\( \ddot{y} \) da as the cerebral da.

\( \ddot{y} \) dha as da in aspirated.

\( \ddot{y} \) na as the cerebral na.

\( \ddot{y} \) ta as the dental ta.

\( \ddot{y} \) tha as tha in aspirated.

\( \ddot{y} \) ksha as ksha in Lakshmi.
TULU-ENGLISH

DICTIONARY

The first letter of the alphabet; 2. an interjection of surprise; 3. when prefixed to nouns derived from Sanskrit beginning with a consonant, it denotes negation, as utsun truth, utsun untruth; before a vowel uts becomes uts, as uts end, uts endless.

Fight, war, battle, combat; 2. cock-fight; 3. a mark, sign. —a a combatant, wrestler. —a a field or place for cock-fighting. —a to fight, to wrestle.

The space between two cross beams or pillars (supporting a roof); 2. a quadrate, square; 3. a small room, compartment. —a to upset.

A temple feast; see ೃ.

a mark; adj. marked. —a to affix one's signature to any writing; 2. to dedicate a work; 3. to put a mark.

Crookedness; adj. bent, crooked.

A goad, hook used to drive an elephant with.

to cipher, count, reckon (in writing).

A numerical figure.

The space a temple, mara, s. Alangium decapetalum (hexapetalum).

S. Greediness, eagerness. —, to be greedy, covetous; cf. ೃ.

To reproach, despise; 2. to disregard; 3. to arraign; also ೃ, ೃ.
anga, s. A limb, member; 2. the body. angakara the members of the body.

angakaran̄a, s. The instruments of action, as mind, speech, body.

angajameri, s. The hair of the body.

angajari, s. A name of the foe of Cupid.

angajê, s. The god of love, mind; 2. a son; 3. desire.

angadî, s. A shop, stall.

angana, s. The space around a temple or demon-shrine; 2. a courtyard, the space in front of a house.

angatâpa, s. Heat of the body; 2. fatigue.

angadanè, s. Thirst. to give to drink. to drink.

angade, s. The name of a celebrated monkey, the son of Sûrya.

angapaṅku, s. The hair about the privities, garment.

angaparikshe, s. Anatomy.

angapûje, s. Worshiping the different members of an idol.

angapradakshane, s. Rolling the body after the car of an idol or round a temple, as a penance or in fulfilment of a vow; see āṅgasya.
made with the finger, head, eye, etc.

**anga**

*angahimse*, s. Corporal punishment. — to wound, punish.

*angahina*, adj. Maimed.

*angakshema*, s. Bodily health.

*angana*, adj. All, of every kind; see *angathena*.

*angara*, s. Tuesday.

*angarakaka*, s. A black stroke put on the forehead.

*angarakke*, s. The planet Mars. ।

*angara*, s. The planet Mars; 2. Tuesday.

*anguvuni*, c.v. (of *angu*). To yawn, gape, open (as the mouth).

*angi*, s. A long gown, or coat.

*angidpini* (*angā*), v.n. To be greedy, covetous; see under *angā*.

*angipuni* (*angā*), v.a. To wish, be greedy of.

*angisavuni* (*angō*), v.a. To reproach; see *angā*.

*angikāra*, s. Reception, admission; 2. acceptance. — to accept, receive.

*angīrasa*, s. The name of a Hindoo saint.

*angūña*, *angūṣṭa*, *angūṣṭa*, s. The thumb; 2. the great toe; also *angūthā*.

*angūni* (*angū*), v.n. To open; 2. to be seized with a fit of yawning; as *angū* ।

*angula*, s. An inch; 2. a finger, the thumb, great toe; 3. the name of a saint.

*angustāni*, s. A thimble.

*angela*, *angela*, s. A native inch equal to about 1 ¼ of the English inch; see *angā*.

*angele*, s. A greedy person, glutton.

*angēi*, s. The palm of the hand. — the cavity of the hand. — the lines on the palm of the hand; see *angē*.

*angopanga* (*angū*), s. The members of the body.

*angōstra* (*angū*-), s. An upper garment, a towel.

*annanna*, *annannolu*, s. All the limbs; see *angā*.

*annāna*, see *angā*.

*annanyuni* (*angā*), v.a. To be greedy of, to covet; cf. *angā*.
the famous monkey general;  
2. the black goddess.

ānjalumminu, s. A kind of fish.

ānjikē, s. Fear, alarm, fright; 2. shyness. —ānjika to fear, be afraid of, be alarmed, be frightened; 2. to be shy. —ānjikē a coward, timid person.

ānjuni (āntu, āntu), v. n. To fear. ānjunjē a coward, timid person.

ānjura, s. A fig. —ānjura a ripe fig. —ānjura the glomerous fig tree.

ānejele, s. A timid fellow.

ānānana s. A collyrium or ointment applied to the eyes (see āntu); 2. particular applications, as lampblack, antimony etc.; 3. a kind of medicine for the eyes; also ānejura, ānejikē, antimony. —ānejura, ānejikē necromancer, conjurer, soothsayer, also ānejunjē. —ānejura to put a sharp medicine or collyrium into the eyes; 2. to conjure.

āntu, s. Gum, paste, resin; 2. adhesion. —āntu to come in contact with, to touch; 2. to follow, pursue; 3. to stick, adhere to. —āntu to gum, paste. āntu to become adhesive.
antupattu, adj. Adhesive, attractive.

antauni, v. n. To adhere, stick; v. a. to paste; 2. to attract.

andu, s. The buttocks; so a stool to sit upon. andrap a small under garment.

antapatta, s. An egg, that which is oval shaped. as the oviparous class, as bird, fish etc.

andas, s. A kind of fish; bet. andrathan.

antani, s. A germ of mangoes etc. - ojdbc fruits to put forth; also 30 anas sandu.

andipuri, andipunari, s. The name of a tree, Carallia integrerrima.

andale, s. The vessel of a toddy-drawer for putting toddy in; 2. a vessel made of hollow bamboo or nut-shell.

antapali amuruni (309), v. a. To raise or lift up the head or face; 2. to peep.

antapallu annukayi, s. Cocoanut and plantains offered to an-idol; see 30 pula. -sne see, -po to offer cocoanuts and plantains.

ame, s. An elder brother; 2. a maternal uncle; 3. an elderly man.

anta, s. End, finale.

antahkarana, s. The internal sense; 2. the heart, the mind; 3. fg. mercy; also 30 anis.

antapura, s. A seraglio, the queen's apartment.

antake, s. Yama, the Indian Pluto.

antadur, s. A clue, hint, inkling (as of a secret).

antapanta, s. Competition, vying; 2. prowess.

antara, s. Intermediate space, interval; 2. difference, disparity; 3. rank. - andha, - andi, - andi the intermediate posts of a roof.

antaranga, s. The mind, heart; 2. a secret; 3. secrecy; in loc. secretly.

antaraganga, s. Pistia stratiiosa; cf. Muda.

antarantara, s. Distinction of rank.

antaranta, antarashtra, s. Mid-space, mid-air, included space, interval; 30 prasha lit. 'he is in the atmosphere', used for one who has died and has no rest; 2. fg. he is in a dilemma, he is not settled.

anupuni, antarisouni, antariyuni (309), v. n. To end; 2. to die; 3. to differ.

antaradese, s. The unknown fate.
anta, antarmādu, s. An under roof.
antarya s. The inner part; 2. the heart, mind.
antarsunna, s. The beam on the walls.
antuga, s. Total.
antastu, s. An upper store or room; 2. a secret.
anta, s. End, completion; adj. last, final, ultimate. — the time of death.
andu, d. v. Yes, yea. — to be true. — to be brought up; 2. to be verified, proved. — true. — a true word: lit. there is no gainsaying the truth. — to prove, improve. — is it so? is it true? also calling attention.
andunda (condl. form of andu), adv. Namely, that is to say.
andudu (past part. of uscd as) conj. (lit. Having said,) that. he said that he would come.
anda, s. Form, shape; 2. beauty, elegance, handsomeness, symmetry; 3. purport. adj. beautiful, pretty; — a handsome man. — to decay, wane.
andaanda, adj. Very handsome, very pleasant.
andage, andake, s. A blind man, a man of defective vision; 2. a cripple.
anda, s. A kind of palankin.
andaye, see ana.
andasya, see ana.
andassa, s. Darkness, blackness. — a very dark place. — hell of darkness.
andā, see under and.
andāju, andāji, s. Estimate. — to make an estimate.
andāyi, see under and.
andāye (andāy), s. A consenter, one who consents; 2. p. t. of andāya, cf. under and.
andipunār, see and.
ande, andē, int. of entreaty, addressing, calling attention.
andēsa, andēsa, s. Doubt, hesitation; 2. shyness.
andhakāra, s. Darkness.
andhage (andhage), s. A blind man; see andhage.
andhādarbāryu, s. A blind government; 2. tyranny. — a tyrant, mismanager.
anna, s. Food, esp. cooked rice. — a gift of food.
Anna, s. A homeless person; pauper; 2. a simpleton; cf. annadi.

Ampuni, see Anna.

Amma, s. A homeless person, pauper; 2. a simpleton; cf. annadi.

Ambo, s. Bellowing, lowing 2. a cry, noise. —Amba to bellow, low (like a calf).

Ambate, amba, amba, s. The wild mango, hogplum. —Amba, a hogplum-tree, Spondias mangifera.

Ambara, s. The sky; 2. cloth, apparel; Amba a purple cloth. —Amba, a name of Amba.

Ambarappu, s. Hurry, confusion, perplexity. —Amba a perplexed man. —Amba to become perplexed.

Ambari, ambari, s. An elephant's saddle, how-dah.

Ambal, s. Tipsiness, drunkenness; 2. drowsiness: Ambal I or he told (it) in drowsiness of sleep.

Ambala, see Amba.

Ambakilu, s. A kind of verandah; 2. an outer gate or door.

Ambi, s. Cow-dung.

Ambigare, s. A boatman; cf. Ambigare.

Ambige, s. A hunter; see Ambigare, Ambi.

Ambila, s. The place around or in front of a temple; 2. a verandah around a temple.

Ambu, s. Water.

Ambu, s. An arrow. —Amba a hunter.

Ambig, s. The flower of Arum colocosia; cf. Amba.


Ambali, s. A kind of pap or gruel of ragi or rice.

Ambi, s. A goddess, Amba; also Amba a dumb goddess; cf. Amba.

Ambekuru, s. Walking or crawling on hands and feet. —Amba to crawl.

Ambepu, s. Mango blossoms.

Ambela, see Amba.

Amba, see Amba.

Ambodi, s. A kind of dance or mock-fight among the Pariahs.

Ambode, s. A kind of fried cake.

Ambottu, s. Arrogance, pride; also Ambottu. —Amba to be arrogant.

Amma, s. A lady; also Kali.

Ammapaddeyi, s. Euphem. for Small-pox.

Ammayya, int. of sorrow or pain.
amme, s. A father; भजाय, a younger uncle; देवाय a younger uncle (father's, not mother's brother); भजाला निरला नourishing father, foster father, adoptive father; pl. भजाला: hon. pl. भजाला.

मद्वा amottu, see भजाला. भजाला amsa, s. Part, share, portion. भजाला to divide, apportion.

मद्वा भजाला, s. A goose, swan; also भजाला, भजाला.

मद्वा भजाला, भजाला, s. A caret, asterisk; 2. a prop; cf. भजाला.

भजाला akalu, see भजाला.

भजाला akasmika, adj. Accidental, sudden, unexpected.

भजाला akara, s. The letter ड; cf. भजाला.

भजाला akāla, adj. Untimely, unseasonable. भजाला premature death.

भजाला akīrti, s. Infamy, disgrace.

भजाला akṛtya, s. Iniquity; adj. wicked, bad.

भजाला, akeri, s. End; in dat. or loc. at or about the end, finally; also भजाला.

भजाला, भजाला, akka, akkē, s. An elder sister; 2. an elderly woman.

भजाला, भजाला akkakka, akkolu, s. Part; adv. asunder. भजाला to put asunder, divide.

भजाला akkayya, s. An affectionate mode of addressing an elderly woman.

भजाला akkaru, s. An atom; also भजाला नृत्य, भजाला नृत्य ज्ञाते तो मै आपका टुकड़ा नहीं तहया I shall not touch a bit of you.

भजाला akkarya, s. The last words of a dying person.

भजाला akkalu, s. Sense, intellect, understanding; reflection. भजाला भजाला to be out of wits.

भजाला akki, s. Rice, corn, used only in compos., e.g. भजाला, a coarse kind of rice; भजाला cardamom; see भजाला.

भजाला akkika, s. A kind of precious stone, sardius.

भजाला akkuduni (कुटूँडी), v. a. To hang, suspend.

भजाला akrama, s. Irregularity, abnormity, confusion. भजाला भजाला irregularly, disorderly. भजाला wrong.

भजाला aganita, adj. Countless, innumerable.

भजाला agatya, s. Need, necessity, want; adj. urgent, important.

भजाला agapāuni, c. v. (of भजाला भजाला), To send away, cause to depart.

भजाला agapuni (गपूँडी), v. n. To remove, depart. v. a. to separate; 2. extend.
aga agelu, s. Separation; 2. despatch.

agama, adj. Fixed, immovable.

agaru, agaru, agalu, s. A fort ditch, trench, moat; 2. wall; to dig a saltpan.

agarugandha, s. Red sandal wood, *Aquilaria agallochum*.

agasenaru, s. The plant; 2. flax.

ageludda, s. Length and breadth.

agelu-, agela-, agelu-gandha, s. Aloes; see *agalu-*, *agelu-*, *agelu-gandha*.

agela, s. Breadth; adj. broad.

ageluludda, s. Length and breadth.

agodu, agodu agoli, agoli, s. A large vessel.

agocara, adj. Invisible; 2. incomprehensible.

agga s. Cheapness. cheaply. mean.

agali, agalli, s. A large vessel.

agocara, adj. Invisible; 2. incomprehensible.

agge, adj. Not dangerous.

agadha, s. An abyss. bottomless, deep; 2. very difficult.

agini, see *agni*.

agilu, s. A kind of tree; *Agallochum*.

agude, s. A furnace, fire for warming.

aguru, see *agni*.

agoruni (v. n.), To totter, stagger.

agelyu, s. A kind of demon worship with food etc. worship of demons and serpents with food-offering. to give such offerings to demons, etc.
agrama, agrāra, agrahāra, s. A Brahmin village.

aghā, s. Sin; 2. passion.

aghora, adj. Terrible, fierce, dreadful.

acančala, adj. Firm, fixed, decided. —ज firmness, decidedness.

acara, adj. Immovable; 2. inanimate.

acala, s. A mountain; adj. immovable.

acODYa, adj. Curious, wonderful.

acca, adj. Pure, unmixed, genuine; cf. जज्ञो.

accede, s. A peculiar kind of cloth to put on; 2. a wrapper; cf. जज्ञो.

accur, s. A red mark put on the forehead; 2. a mixture of raw rice and red powder; also जज्ञो.

acēi, s. A form, model; 2. a weaver's reed. —क to print, to coin. —क to be a model made of wood; an axle-tree.

اصیلا acēkattu, s. Convenience, fitness. adj. neat, compact commodious.

اصیلا acēibella, s. Country sugar, jaggory made of sugarcane.

aṣam, s. The process of digestion or consumption; also जक. —क to be digested; to be exhausted.

ajanta, adj. Many, all: जक to come together.

ajante, s. An attendant.

ajakul, s. Yawning, gaping. —क to yawn, gape.

ajakayi, s. Coconut. —क to break coconuts (in a kind of play).

ajakè, s. Idleness. —क idle talk. —क a babbler.

ajakelu, s. Relapse.

ajakolu, s. The rope or cane for putting clothes on.

ajanè, s. The noise of a thief, goblin, etc.

ajapu, ajabu, adj. Strange, wonderful.

ajapuni (ॐ), v. a. To select, choose.

aṇappu, s. Selection. ज to be selected.

ajameisuni, s. Estimate; 2. deliberation; 3. trace, search.

ajamila, s. Estimate; 2. deliberation; 3. trace, search.

ajameisuni, s. To deliberate, trace; 2. to estimate.

ajarı, ajarya, adj. Imperishable, not decaying.

ajara, s. A kind of moss; cf. जज्ञो.

ajalu, s. A portion, part. —क a customer.

ajalipi, s. Fate.
Carelessness.

The name of a fabulous Brahmin.

A barber; bet.

See also.

See also.

A sower's basket; also See also.

A crushing.

A crushing.

Sixty; also See also.

A crook. — a grinding-stone (for medicine etc.).

A blue oyster. — an unfortunate hand. — very hard iron.

A title, honorific appellation of a master or manager (particularly applied to a headman of the Bants).

Indigestion.

The foot-print; 2. foot-step, track, trace; 3. a row; 4. the cloth tied over a cradle; also See also. — to make a row. — see See also. — a rope for putting clothes on.

A grandmother. — a tale, idle story.

A kind of dough made of rice.

A grandfather.

Ignorance.

An ignorant man.

Obstinacy; bet. — an obstinate person.

Constant sickness.

Obstacle, hindrance. — to hinder, stop.

Deception, pretence.

Wide spread, as the branches of a tree.

Polycarpaea corymbosa, also See also.

An upper loft, garret, upper room; 2. ceiling.

A household; 2. household things; 3. administration. — articles to be cooked. — household care.

An upstairs-room.

Shouting, laughter; 2. pomp, ostentation; 3. delay. — to shout, laugh aloud; to parade, ostentate.

A good labourer; 2. a messenger sent after another.

A pile, heap of rice.

Cooking; 2. meal. — a cook.
attunı (अतुः), v. a. To put; अभ to discharge urine, *vlg.*

ttte, s. The sole of a shoe; 2. support, stand; 3. knot; सोते an upper loft for storing rice; तेतो a knot or ring of a rattan. —अतो bent legs, bandy legs. —अतो सुम नोतो तो to sit down on cross legs.

attemi s. The eighth lunar day; अतेमेस the birthday of अतुः; bet. अतेस.

attemutté, s. Arms and legs; अतेत्तुत्तेः हस्तो रंगार्तो हस्तीः तंतृः hands and legs are broken.

attolige, s. A loft supported on posts, temporary gallery.

adupini(अदुपिः), v.n. To cook. अदुपिवः हस्तो to marry a man.
adangayi, s. A kind of pickle.

adak, adak, adaka, s. Hindrance; also अदक.

adak, adak, adakadadak, adka, adukajagyu, s. An unclean place; 2. a burying place. —अदक a wild unclean place.
adakabare, s. A kind of fruit, *Cucumis pubescens.*
adakayisuni, v. a. To hinder.
adakuni (अदकुः), v. a. To throw, cast out; 2. to discharge, fire, as अदकुः अदकुः अदकुः to fire a gun; also अदकुः.
adagy, adagyu, s. A ship; cf. अदग्य, अग्यः.
adajati, s. An out-caste; 2. a mongrel; adj. mixed.
adana, adana, addana, s. A shield.

adanagayi, see अदनः अदनः.

adanädi, see अदनः.
adapa, s. A barber's dressing case; 2. a bundle; also अदपः अदपः.

adapuni (अदपुः), v. a. To plough; cf. अदपः.
adabë, s. An adulteress; adj. bastard, illegitimately born; bet. अदाबेः. —अदाबेः a bastard, an illegitimate person, *vlg.*
adaminu, s. A kind of fish.
adary, s. A thin branch, twig; 2. copse.
adaruni (अदारुः), v. n. To crack.
adavi, s. A forest, jungle.
adavu, adavu, adavi, s. A mortgage, pledge; 2. the thing mortgaged. —अदवोः —अदवोः to pawn, pledge, mortgage.
adavyisuni, see अदवोः अदवोः.
adı, s. Bottom, base; 2. foot; अदि the foot-sole, foot-step.
**adi, adj.** Cooked, dressed, prepared. —adi prepared food; a meal ready to be served.

**adiṃkara, s.** A large vessel; also इदिमकर.

**adikēbūru, s.** A kind of creeper, *Pothas scandens*; also इदिकेबुरु.

**adikei, J.** The palm of the hand. adj. Defeated, vanquished. —adike to lie underneath; to be overturned, defeated.

**adigantu, 5-.** The binding in the middle of a sack converting it into a "bissac"; the lower part of a "bissac" or sack tied in the middle. 2. the lower joints of a reed or cane.

**adigulu, s.** A cook. 2. a priest.

**adigē, s.** Cooking, distilling. 2. emulsion or confection prepared from medicinal herbs. —adigē a cook.

**adigārakū, s.** Ballast.

**adinīru, s.** Water at the bottom of something, standing water. 2. stored-up-water for irrigation of lower lying fields. —adinīru to store up water in a field after the 2nd or 3rd crop until rainfall.

**adippattuni, v. a.** To singe, burn.

**adiparelu, s.** A spurious jewel.

**adipāñuni, v. a.** To stack corn in a straw- (or bamboo-mat-) granary in a yard. 2. proceed.

**adipu, s.** Sweeping. —adipu a male sweeper. —adipu a female sweeper.

**adipuni (अदिपूणी), v. a.** To sweep.

**adibūruni, v. n.** To submit.

**adimuḍulū, s.** Capital for trading. 2. resources.

**adimūḍu, s.** Overturning. —adimūḍu to be overturned. —adimūḍu to upset, turn over.

**adisuḍisamāna, s.** Dressed food.

**adumbu, s.** The creeper *Ipomoea maritima*.

**ade, adēgu, adv.** There. —ade (emph.) just there, to that very place. [जो.]

**adeṅgu, see अदेंगु.**

**adeka, adj.** Narrow, close. 2. small, short, brief.

**adekuni, see अदेकु.**

**adepu, s.** The act of shutting, closing, finishing. —adepu to shut, close.

**adeppu, v. n.** To shut, close. 2. to roost, perch: इदेपपु the fowl perches. इदेप to cost: इदेप what’s the price? also इदेप अदेपु to be shut up, closed.
adeṣu, adj. Faded, waned, drooping or hanging down (as one's head).
adeke, s. Obstacle, hindrance. 2. shelter.
adege, adv. For nothing, to no purpose. 2. without anything more, barely, merely; also ədəkə.
adevuni, adevuni (ədəvuni), v. n. To hide, be concealed.

ədəka, see ədəkə.
ədəkala, s. A cooking shed. 2. an oven.
ədəda, s. A rafter.
ədəda, s. Obstacle, hindrance. adj. Horizontal, intervening. adv. Across, athwart. ədəkə, ədəkə to come across, hinder.
ədəkə to dam up, shut in; to hinder, interrupt, prevent; to block up a path or entrance; to screen. ədəkə to cross with lines, underline ədəkə to oppose, stop, hinder. ədəkə to place across. ədəkə to oppose, confront, interrupt. ədəkə to prostrate, bow down (a kind of prostration). ədəkə to hinder, oppose.

ədədantra, s. The torments supposed to be caused by a demon.
ədəda, ədəda, adaka, adka, see ədəkə.
ədədakattu, s. A dam.
ədədakattimut-tiganda, s. A female's head-ornament. 2. the head-gear of a devil-dancer.
addakatteri, s. A betel-nut-cutter or cracker; also ədəda.
addakasabu, s. An improper or unnatural profession. adj. Unusual, contrary.
addakāryu, s. The bent knee, as -ədəkə əkə to squat. 2. a crooked leg. ədəkə to interfere with.

ədədakilu, s. A bolt, lock, tenon, linch-pin.
ədədakei, s. The arm in a posture of defence.
ədədakōlu, s. A cross-bar.

ədədargandha, s. A horizontal mark on the forehead made with sandal paste by certain caste people.
ədədagra, ədəda ədada, addagitu, addagerē, s. An intersected line, a line across another.
ədədala, s. Breadth, width, diameter.
ədədaggella, s. A lateral branch.
ədədagōde, s. A partition wall.

ədədaghāya, s. An untimely or accidental death. ədədaghāya əkə to be caught suddenly, to be in danger of life; to be very afraid.
adda, s. A box in which the linga is kept.

addačů (addači), s. An axle.

addajati, see addačů.

addana, s. A shield.

addaci (addači), s. A bench.

addanē, see addačů.

addatarē, s. An ill-formed head.

addatolē, addatolû, s. A transverse beam, cross-bar.

addanîgē, s. A kind of an open palankin carried sideways.

addanîde, s. A handcuff. 2. a partition wall, parapet, dam.

addadabbē, s. The bamboo pole with which anything is carried across the shoulder.

addanâlayi, s. A stammering tongue. 2. lying, gainsaying.

addanača, adv. Broadwise.

addapanîte, addapanîti, s. A line crossing another. — to sit at meals apart from others (in a siderow).

addapatera, s. Interrupting one in speaking. 2. contradicting, gainsaying. — to interrupt, gainsay.

addapudary, s. A nickname.

addapudē, s. A load carried on a pole by two or more persons. 2. a load carried on the shoulder.

addabare, see addačů.

addabēli, s. A hedge or fence across a path.

addamara, s. A cross-bar.

addamârga, s. A cross-way, by-path. 2. a false way.

addamudi, s. A female’s tuft of hair fixed on the side of the head.

addara, addarē, s. Tetanus; also —.

addali, addali, s. A pole placed across.

addavakkelu, s. A new or temporary tenant or lodger.

addaśeraṇgū, s. The upper end of a woman’s cloth drawn over the right shoulder.

addasādi, s. A by-path, cross-way.

addasālū, s. A transverse row or line. 2. repeated interruptions, interference.

addaligē, see addačů.

addāduni (addačů), v. n. To walk to and fro, to parade.

addâdîdî, adj. Awkward, clumsy. 2. topsy-turvy.

addâpini, see addačů.


When spread. 3. a small fly.

-adding, -adde, -addi to hinder, prevent, oppose, stop.

addi, adj. Elastic; also

anila, see anila.

anilekai, s. The gall-nut, ink-nut.

anilemara, s. The ink-nut-tree, Terminalia chebula.

anu, s. An atom, any thing extremely small, dust.

anupu, see anupu.

anubh, adj. Soft.

ane, int. Oh! hey.

ane, s. The forehead, see ane.

2. steepness. 3. a very steep foot-path. -adde to ascend a steep path.

ane, see ane.

anekallu, s. A certain stone in a temple-yard dedicated to the tutelar demons of a temple.

anebbaravu, s. Fate, destiny. 2. appointed lot; see akebaravu.

anajavu, anajavu, s. A man, male; also anajavu.

ankilu, s. A very narrow door, a wicket. 2. a lodge.

anya, s. The prow of a vessel.
atantra, adj. Unstable, infirm, weak, helpless.
atantra, s. A dependent, helpless person.
ati, pref. Over, beyond, exceeding, much etc.
atikrama, s. Transgression, infringement. —सः a transgressor. —सा, अतिस to transgress, encroach, violate.
atithi, s. A guest.
atithya, see अतिस.
atipriya, adj. Much beloved.
atirikta, adj. Excessive, exceeding.
atiśaya, s. Pre-eminence. 2. abundance. 3. wonder, marvel.
atisāru, s. Diarrhoea, dysentery.
atisvādu, s. A good flavour.
atula, atula, s. Sesamum orientale. adj. unequalled, incomparable.
attu, def. v. Not, not so; negation of quality; cf. अत् —अत्ते to deny, contradict. —अत्ते to abnegate. अत् if not, else, or.
attantra, s. Absence of mind, carelessness; cf. अत्तु.
attandi, part. (of अत्) Not right, unseemly. —अत्ते an improper act, a wicked deed.
attandē, conj. (part. of अत्) But, besides, except, without, unless.
attar, attar, s. A kind of mat made of split bamboos.
attar, s. Otto or essence of roses etc. 2. perfume.
attala, attala, s. A kind of cake for the Sama-rādhane feast.
attasamara, s. The fig tree, Ficus religiosa. अतृ रु a platform built round the foot of a sacred fig tree; also अतृ.
attā, interrog. of अत्.
attār, see अत्.
attigē, s. An elder brother's wife.
attē, s. A mother-in-law. 2. an aunt.
attyanta, adj. Excessive, extreme, exceeding.
attyartha, adj. Excessive.
attyalpa, adj. Very small, trifling.
atyavaśya, adj. Very necessary.
attyāsē, s. Greediness, covetousness. 2. lust.
attyuttama, adj. Most excellent, best.
attyē, see अत्.
atri, atrimuni, s. One of the seven sages, father of Čandra.
adru, adru, s. Insincerity. 2. machinations.

atresa, s. A kind of sweetened rice-cake.

atresā, s. The 9th lunar mansion, (fr. adru). 2. a kind of rain in August.

atharva, atharvana, s. The fourth Veda.

adu, s. A split, crack, cleft.

adurupadu, s. The line of cleavage of a rock or other formation, which can be separated into slabs or scales or flakes. 2. shaking and quaking. — to go to pieces, be shattered, bruised, split, etc. — to crack.

adurasa, s. Shaking, trembling.

aduravuni, c. v. (of adur), To shake, agitate.

aduruni (adur), v. n. To tremble, quake.

adaga, adv. Then, at that time; cf. adur, adur.

adaruni, see adur.

adarpuni (adur), v. a. To cause to tremble. 2. to admonish, rebuke, reprove.

adalubadalu, s. Exchange. — to exchange.

adri, adri, adri, s. A limit. 2. a boundary wall, parapet.

adruṣya, adj. Invisible.

adruṣṭa, s. Fortune, fate.

adē, s. An inner room. 2. a small room.

adeki, s. Right of management of family-property; also an heir, the head of a family etc. — the management or administration of the family-property to extend.

adeli, adoli, s. A kind of chisel.

adeli, adoli, s. Half an anna; 1/8 - half a rupee, an eight anna piece.

adēku, adēka, see adē.

adēda, see adē, adē.

adogati, adhôgati, s. Perdition.

adômukhi, s. Downward tendency. 2. the name of a female Bhūta.

addana, s. Weakness. 2. sickness. 3. affliction; cf. adda, adan, adduna. — a weak or distressed man.

addalipuni, addolipuni, v. a. To rebuke. 2. to frighten. 3. to command.

adpuni (ad), v. n. To go to stool, vlg.
adbhu, s. A phenomenon, miracle, wonder; adj. Wonderful, surprising.

adri, s. A hill. 2. a tree.

adruni, see advana.

advana, see advana.

advāna, s. A hill. 2. a tree.

adbhuta, s. The Vēdanta śāstra or the doctrinal system of Śaṅkarācārya which regards the Supreme Spirit and the human spirit as one.

adbham, adj. Low, mean, vile. आद्ध ग एक लोग विल गेंदर का एक लोग विल गेंदर.

adhika, adj. Much, great, more.

adhikāra, s. Authority, power. आधिकार एक अधिकारी, एक अधिकारी, एक अधिकारी. 2. a head official; a governor; a man of power.

adhipati, s. A ruler, lord, commander.

adhina, s. Possession, control. adj. Dependent on. आधिना एक आधिना एक आधिना एक आधिना.

adhīne, s. An adherent, a dependent.

adhīrya, s. Discouragement, timidity, cowardice.

adhyayana, s. Study. 2. the reading of sacred books.

adhyakshe, s. A superintendent, overseer. 2. a bishop, Chr.

adhyāya, s. Chapter, section; cf. एड्ह्याया.

adhvāna, s. Labour. 2. im-

methodical effort. adj. Tired. 2. weak. 3. wrong, spoilt. आध्वाना एक दिन आध्वाना एक दिन आध्वाना एक दिन.

ananta, adj. Endless, infinite. अनंत एक अनंत एक अनंत एक अनंत.

Vishnu, as reclining on the coils of the king of serpents (as in Trivandrum). अनंत विष्णु एक विष्णु एक विष्णु एक विष्णु.

antarana, adv. Afterwards.

anapu, see adhi.

anary, see advana.

anargya, adj. Very costly, priceless; fr. अनार्ग्या.

anartha, s. Bad fortune, calamity, disaster.

anavata, anavuta, s. Iniquity, transgression. अनावता, अनावुता, अनावता, अनावुता.

anāśāra, s. Violation of religious rules or practices. 2. misconduct, transgression. 3. irreligion.

anātha, adj. Forlorn, helpless, destitute. अनाथा एक अनाथा एक अनाथा एक अनाथा एक अनाथा.

one who is unprotected, helpless, an orphan. अनाथा एक अनाथा एक अनाथा एक अनाथा एक अनाथा.

anāth, adj. Without beginning, everlasting, eternal.

anādhāra, s. Without basis or support, want of protection. adj. Helpless, unprotected.

anāmati, s. Deposit, anything entrusted. 2. all, the whole. 3. keeping in suspense; cf. अनामता.
ani | anya
---|---
\text{ani}_1 \text{le}, s. Bud, sprout, germ. 2. soft timber. \Rightarrow \text{ani}_2 \text{le} \text{d} to bud, germinate. \text{ani}_3 \text{le} \text{d} a sprout from a seed.
\text{anivara}, s. Trouble, hardship. 2. starvation.
\text{anishta}, s. Something unpleasant. 2. adversity. 3. displeasure.
\text{aniti}, s. Injustice, wrong.
\text{anu}, pref. After, like, under, along etc.
\text{anukal}, see \text{anukale}.
\text{anukula}, s. Agreement. 2. convenience. 3. help, aid. adj. Convenient, helpful. \Rightarrow \text{anukula} \text{d} to be convenient. \Rightarrow \text{anukula} \text{d} to make convenient, arrange.
\text{anukramanike}, s. Arrangement, order. 2. an index, table of contents.
\text{anugraha}, s. Favour, regard, mercy, grace.
\text{anutana}, s. Opportunity, fitness. \Rightarrow \text{anutana} \text{d} to watch for an opportunity.
\text{anudina}, adv. Daily.
\text{anupakara}, s. Unkindness, disfavour.
\text{anupatya}, s. Indigence, necessity, need, want of means. 2. inconvenience.
\text{anubhava}, s. Enjoyment, suffering 2. experience.
\text{anubhavipuni}, v. a. To enjoy. 2. to experience.
\text{anubhaga}, s. Enjoyment.
\text{anumati}, s. Consent, agreement.
\text{anumana}, s. Doubt, suspicion, conjecture, surmise. 2. fear. \Rightarrow \text{anumana} \text{d} to doubt, suspect.
\text{anuraga}, s. Love, regard, passion.
\text{anurupa}, s. Likeness, resemblance.
\text{anulipa}, s. Anointing, besmearing.
\text{anuvandige}, s. Consent.
\text{anuvara}, see \text{anuvale}.
\text{anusara}, s. Imitation, following. \Rightarrow \text{anuvara} \text{d} according to.
\text{anpini}, anepuni (অপি), v. a. To touch. 2. to hug, embrace.
\text{anuvuni}, see \text{anuvul}.
\text{anaka}, adj. Much, many, plenty.
\text{anpini} (অপি), v. a. To say, speak; cf. \text{anpini}, \text{anepu} etc.
\text{anya}, see \text{anyav}
\text{anya}, adj. Foreign, different, strange.
\text{anyajati}, s. A different class or caste. \Rightarrow \text{anya} \text{d} a person of a different caste or creed, a stranger.
\text{anyadesa}, s. A foreign country.
\text{anyabhash}, s. A foreign language.
\text{anyamanya}, see \text{anyamani}.
\text{anyaya}, s. Injustice,
wrong, iniquity. adj. Unjust, unreasonable. —an an unjust person.

anyö, anyönya, s. Communion, fellowship, friendship.

apa, pref. denoting inferiority, privation, separation, contrariety etc.; also सा.
apakara, s. An unkindness, ill-turn, injury. 2. malice, hatred.
apakirti, s. Reproach, disgrace, infamy.
apaga, adv. Then; also सा.
apacara, s. Impoliteness, insult. 2. fault.
apajaya, s. Defeat, overthrow, loss.
apaddha, s. A lie; see अपः.
apanambige, s. Unbelief, distrust. 2. disbelief.
apamana, s. Disrespect. 2. disgrace. —सा to disgrace.
apara, adj. Other, opposite, latter. —सा funeral rites.
aparanäna, aparâhana, s. Afternoon.
aparâda, s. Offence, guilt. 2. a punishment, fine. —सा to pay a fine. —सा सा, —सा to accuse of a crime, to condemn. —सा सा to commit an offence, to transgress; to fine.
aparimita, adj. Unmeasured, boundless, infinite.

aparupa, aprupä, adj. Rare, uncommon. 2. scarce. adv. Seldom, rarely.
apavâda, s. Censure, blame. 2. a false accusation. 3. exception (to a rule).
apavitra, adj. Unclean, impure.
apashakuna, s. A bad omen.
apashabda, s. Ungrammatical language, a vulgar expression. 2. bad pronunciation.
apasâkśi, s. False witness, perjury. 2. a false witness.
apasvara, s. A discordant sound, hoarse voice.
apasmara, s. Convulsions, epilepsy.
apaharipuni (अंपरिपू), v. a. To take by violence, to usurp, plunder, rob, extort.
apahâra, s. Usurpation, robbery.
apahâsyâ, s. Derision, irony.
apatra, adj. Unworthy, undeserving, unfit. —सा an unworthy person.
apaya, s. Danger, peril. 2. misfortune, calamity.
apâra, adj. Boundless, infinite.
apimu, see अपना.
apilyu, s. An appeal.
apūtu, adj. Quite, entire, whole.
apūrva, adj. Unprecedented, uncommon.
apūkhē, s. Wish, desire. 2. expectation, hope. to desire, wish, request.
apoli, s. Ruin, waste.
appa, int. of surprise: what may it be! 2. a mode of calling a mother.
appe, an affix of respect added to proper names of men, as etc.
appe, s. A kind of cake fried or baked.
apantaye, appante, s. An honest, respectable man, a good man.
apantigē, s. Honesty, fidelity, chastity.
appada, see .
appanē, s. Command, order. 2. permission, leave. to command, give order, permit. to take leave.
apappā, int. of surprise, sorrow. [cake.
appala, s. A very thin round 
appalipuni (.), v. a. To strike anything with the open hand, to squash.
appiyuni (.), v. a. To embrace, clasp; also .
abi dige, s. Perplexity.
2. obstinacy.
abila, see abilasa.
aburu, s. Character, respectability, keen feeling of honour; cf. abaru, abano.
- se to dishonour, rebuke. 
- a respectable man.
- why are you so overbearing?
- respect, dishonour.
aburoni, s. A kind of fish. 2. see aburu.
abepuni, abeyuni (ab), v. a. To beat or pound rice; also abepuni, abeyuni rice well cleared of its husk.
abesu, int. Lift up! pull! an intimation that anything is ready to be lifted up, e.g. a basket or a bucket from a well etc.
abba, ababba, abbo, int. expressing wonder or grief.
abbagedarage, s. The proper names of female demon twins.
abbara, abbarane, s. Boast, ostentation. 2. sound, noise, cry. - asa, - asan, to cry aloud, make noise; to frighten; to boast.
abhalige (pu), s. A kind of flower.

abbe, s. An elderly woman, matron.
abesa, s. Study, practice, exercise. 2. familiarity; fr. abjana.
abroqi dei, s. A kind of shrub, Grewia microcos; also abroqi dei.
abhaya, s. Security. 2. promise of protection or pardon. 3. confidence.
abhava, s. Non-existence. 2. annihilation. 3. a negative (gram.).
abhasa, adj. Worthless, vulgar. 2. corrupt; fr. abhaja.
abhi, s. A family, race.
abhina, s. Mimicry. 2. gesture; also abhina.
abhine, s. A mimic.
abhipraya, s. Design, intention. 2. wish. 3. opinion.
abhima, s. A keen feeling of honour, pride. 2. regard, affection.
abhilashhe, s. Desire, wish, inclination.
abhivruddhi, s. Increase, prosperity. 2. progress, thriving, improvement.
abhishka, s. Sprinkling with water. 2. consecration by pouring oil, ghee etc. 3. unction. abhimanyu, abhima the coronation of a king; abhimanyu the ordination of a priest. - to anoint, ordain, install.
abhuru, see abhyantara.

abhyantara, s. An interval. 2. delay, vexation. 3. obstacle. 4. offence, scandal. 5. to be an impediment, to be delayed. —sūrya, —sūptam to hinder, object, offend, vex.

abhyāsa, see abhyantara.

amakē, s. A tendril; 2. a fork.

amakē, amari, amani, s. A nipple; also amanī.

amapuni, v. a. To quiet, press down; see amakē.

amaryu, adj. Twin. 2. double. —amāsī twin children.

amara, adj. Immortal. s. A deity. 2. an immortal. —amāra heaven.

amarakōśa, s. The name of a Sanskrit dictionary of synonyms.

amarāvuni (अमरावुणी), v. a. To push forward. 2. to hold fast.

amarīgē, s. A heap; also amarīga. —amara to heap up.

amarīyādi, s. Disrespect, incivility, dishonour. adj. Disrespectful.

amarīyān, amaryunī, amaryuni (अमर्युनी), v. n. To aggress. 2. to cleave to.

amaruni (अमरुनि), v. n. To become quiet, calm. v. a. To settle, seize, touch, hold.

amarē, s. A ditch, canal. —amarī to make a ditch, dike.

amarta, see amṛtu.

amarsāvuni (अमरसावुणी), v. a. To frighten.

amarsāla, amarsālā, s. Brimstone.

amaly, s. Intoxication, drunkenness, giddiness. —amāla a drunkard. —samāla to be intoxicated. —samatā to intoxicate.

amasani, see amanatā.

amasara, s. Necessity. 2. urgency. 3. hurry cf. amanū.

amāyuni, to hasten, be in a hurry.

amanatā, s. Deposit. 2. suspension. —amanī to suspend.

amārīgē, s. A trunk.

amāruni (अमारुनि), v. a. To suit, fit. 2. to embrace, hold. 3. a plant to twine.

amāsē, amāvasē, s. The day of the new moon.

amita, adj. Immeasurable, boundless, infinite.

amine, s. A sheriff's officer; see amine.

amusani, s. Pride, arrogance, insolence, haughtiness. —amāsī to show pride. —amāsī to be proud.

amulya, adj. Costly, invaluable.

amṛta, adj. Immortal. s. Nectar, ambrosia. 2. different
fluids as water, milk, palm-wine etc. —āme a custard-apple. —āme Anona squamosa, the custard apple tree, —āme Cocculus cordifolius, the heart-leaved moon-creeper —āme the mythical churning of the sea for nectar. —āme sweet words or speech. —āme immortality; cf. āme.  āme, s. Ceremonial impurity or defilement in case of birth.

āmeppu, āmeppu amepuni, amatupattuni (अमेपु), v. a. To press, hold in the arms, hug.

amēdhya, s. Fæces, ordure.

āmōga, adj. Precious, excellent. 2. fruitful.

āmōkāyi, see āmōga.

āmma, s. A lady. 2. mother. 3. gen. of āmmu.

āmmu ammuni (आम्बु), v. a. To swallow, devour.

āmme, see āmē.

āmsani, see āmē.

āya, see āya. 2. good luck. 3. a tax.

āyana, s. Going. 2. a path. 3. a half year, that is the course of the sun northward and southward—from solstice to solstice—each of six months.

āyindā, adv. Hereafter, in future.
arahkāvuni, see ῶνο
araṇṭuni (araṇṭ), v. a. To grope for, grasp. 2. to seek, look for.
araṇṭele, s. A greedy person, a miser.
araṇtāḍe, s. A royal residence; cf. ῶνο.
araṇṭuni (araṇṭ), v. n. To feel, grope. 2. to grasp at.
arambuni (araṇṭ), v. a. To touch. 2. to climb, creep up (plants); also ὄνοος.
arakū, s. Arrack, country spirit; cf. ὀος, ὄς.
arakū, s. Gum-lac, sealing-wax; ὄς, ὀος stick-lac; ὄς black sealing-wax; ὠος red sealing-wax; ὂς seed-lac; ὂς shell-lac. ὄς to seal, fasten with sealing-wax.
arakū, s. A fine, white cloth; also ὀος ὄς.
arakutēlū, s. A large black scorpion, scolopendra.
arakalū, see ὄς.
arake, adj. Half filled (opp. of ὀος full).
arakhu, arakhu, s. Essence or spirit distilled from any thing; cf. ὄς.
aragaṇi, s. Kitchen furniture.
aragini, s. A talking parrot. 2. a neat or tidy woman.
arağiṣu, adv. However, at any rate; in connection with neg. verbs by no means, never; ὄς ὀος he will never do it.
araṇu, see ὀος.
araṇḍara, s. Ruin; also ὀος ὀος.
araṇṭuni (araṇṭ), v. n. To scramble, fumble. 2. to make a grating noise. 3. to interrupt, blab; also ὀος.
araṇe, s. Prate, blabbing, tattle; also ὀος.
arakū, v. a. To gather up, to grasp. 2. to rub.
arakēkāyi, see ὀος ὀος.
araṇe, s. The green lizard, Lacerta interpunctuala, said to be poisonous; ὄς ὀος ὀος if a lizard bites death (is certain). ὄς a kind of creeper used in medicine. ὄς a kind of fish.
aranya, s. A wilderness, forest. adj. Wild.
arati, s. Anger, passion; displeasure.
arakē, arakē, aradē, s. Heat, burning. 2. impetuosity. ὄς ὀος burning heat; ὄς ὀος ὀος to burn very much or exceedingly.
arakē, aradē, aradēle, s. Yellow arsenic or yellow orpiment. ὄς ὀος yellow ochre.
aradēru, s.pl. A class of
Mohammedan merchants. 
2. policemen, peons; also မီာဒေါင်း.

ဗယ်, ဗယ်စား အရပ်, အရပ်စား, s. Cooling.

ဗယ်စား အရပ်စား, ဗယ်စား. The shoe-flower; see ဗယ်စား.

ဗယ်စား အရပ်စား, ဗယ်စား (ဗယ်), v.n. To cool, become calm; ဗယ်စား အရပ်စား to become cool.

ဗယ်စား, s. A crack, split; cf. မီာဒေါင်း.

ဗယ်စား အရပ်စား, ဗယ်စား အရပ်စား, v.a. To eat greedily, devour.

ဗယ်စား, ဗယ်စား မီာဒေါင်း, မီာဒေါင်း, s. Violent clamour, crying aloud, lamentation. ဗယ်စား မီာဒေါင်း to cry out vehemently, to bawl out, lament. ဗယ်စား ကြောင်း a braying brawler, vlg.

ဗယ်စား, s. An Arab.

ဗယ်စား မီာဒေါင်း, s. Covetousness, desire, eagerness for gain.

ဗယ်စား, ဗယ်စား, v. To heap up.

ဗယ်စား, ဗယ်စား မီာဒေါင်း, မီာဒေါင်း, ဗယ်စား, s. The jaundice.

ဗယ်စား, s. A king, monarch. ဗယ်စား မီာဒေါင်း a royal family. ဗယ်စား မီာဒေါင်း royalty, kingship. ဗယ်စား မီာဒေါင်း a king's son, royal prince.

ဗယ်စား မီာဒေါင်း, ဗယ်စား မီာဒေါင်း, ဗယ်စား, s. The jaundice.

ဗယ်စား, s. A kind of dropsy.

ဗယ်စား မီာဒေါင်း, s. A carbuncle; also ဗယ်စား, ဗယ်စား.

ဗယ်စား, s. Unlawful. 2. vicious, restive, f.i. a horse; also ဗယ်စား.

ဗယ်စား, s. To gather. 2. to embrace, clasp
in the arms.  

 aprend to embrace or receive with open arms.

aralayu (ara-ari), s. A person doing half a day’s work. 2. half a day’s wages.

ari, s. An enemy.

ari, s. Rice freed from husk. Some of the principal kinds of rice are: arari, aru, aruna, arupu, arubuda, arumuriyoduni.

arayuni, s. A metal dish; also a food.

arrive, see arry.

arishta, s. Misfortune, misery. adj. Unfortunate; impious.

arishite, s. An unfortunate man, a poor man, a person in distress.

aru, s. Brim, edge, margin, border. -aru to reach the shore, to land; to get out of a difficulty, to be successful; cf. arau.

arumbuni, see arry.

arugu, s. Verge, brink, border, margin; cf. arry.

aruci, s. Want of appetite.

aruna, adj. Purple-coloured. s. The name of the rising sun.

arupu, see arry.

arubuda, see arry.

arumutte, s. The gills of a fish.

arumuriyoduni arumuriyoduni (arrumuriyoduni), v. n. To weep with loud lamentation and shrieks.

aruve, s. The mouth of a river, a seaport; also a bar, the entrance to a harbour.

aruve, see arry.

aruhu, s. Knowledge. 2. understanding, perception.
aru

**arulumarulu, adj.** Foolish, simple, childish.

**are, areupa, arupu, adj.** Formless, invisible. 2. deformed, ugly.

**are, s.** Half, a moiety; cf. अर. — अरी half a man's height.

**arencuni (अरुणी), v.a.**
To rub off, peel, skin.

**areunjavuni, c.v. (of अरुण), To cause to deny.**
2. to hide away.

**areunjuni (अरुणी), v.a.**
To deny, gainsay. 2. to conceal; cf. अरुणस.

**areujele, s.** A denier, disowner.

**arentele, see अरुणस.**

**arekanni, s.** A half sight, an imperfect glance. 2. squint eyes. 3. eyes partly closed.

**arekani, s.** The hundred and twenty-eighth part of any thing.

**arekai, adj.** Half ripe; also अरुणस.

**arekalu, s.** The eighth अरे, see अरुण.

**arekodyelu, s.** Half salted or insufficiently seasoned dish.

**areganu, s.** A loose knot; 2. half a load, a small bundle.

**aregala, s.** The hot season, summer.

**arecatte, adj.** Half dead. 2. reduced, thin, lean.
which is ground for condiment.


arebanda, adj. Half cooked.

arebāyi, see arebāyi.


arebei, s. Twice thrashed straw.

aremadalu, s. A leaf of a palmyra. 2. one half of a cocoa-palm-leaf.

aremanasu, lit. Half mindedness. s. Indecision. 2. reluctance.

aremarlu, s. Craziness, weakness of intellect. adj. Half mad.

aremapala, s. A small wild fruit, Randia longispina.

aremunde, s. A widow, whose head has not been shaved.

areyeli, adj. Reduced in body, lean, thin. 2. half inclined, half minded.

arevāsi, s. A half part, a moiety.

areyāl, s. An honorary name given to a section of the Bant caste.

areyuni, arevuni, see areyuni.
argi

To loathe, be disgusted. To eat with aversion.

argisyu, see argile.

argile, s. Loathsome-ness. 2. disgust, aversion.

argile, see argile.

arcake, s. A worshipper. 2. a priest.

arcane, s. Worship, adoration.

arcipuni, v. a. To worship. v. n. To officiate as a priest.

arj, s. Petition, representation; complaint. — to present a petition; when the petition is presented it will be favourably considered.

arjita, see arjita.

arjune, s. The third son of Pāṇḍu (अर्जुन).

arţuni, see arţuni.

arduni, see arţuni.

arta, see arta.

arti, s. An amusement, sport, fun. 2. novelty, curiosity. 3. fondness. — a merry man, a person given to pleasure. — to please, amuse; to fondle.

arti, s. The wild fig tree, Ficus racemosa. — an unripe wild fig.

arta, s. Gain, wealth, riches, esp. money. 2. meaning. — to explain, interpret.

ardala, see ardala.

ardāya, s. Half the gain.

arduni (अर्दु), v. a. To wash or bleach clothes.

ardha, s. Half, a moiety; cf.�.

ardhahāṃśa, s. A half portion, अर्द्धनार, अर्द्धनार, s. A male Pariah (also अर्दनार).

ardaha, s. Small-pox; also — a pock-mark. — a kind of small-pox which leaves scars or marks.

arpāne, s. An offering. — to offer.

arpāta, s. Lamentation.

arpita, adj. Presented, offered. [cry.

arpini (अर्पिन), v. n. To weep, arpisuni (अर्पिसुनि), arpipuni, arpisuni (अर्पिसुनि, अर्पिसुनि), v. a. To dedicate, offer.

arpuni (अर्पुनि), v. a. To efface, waste, obliterate; cf. [j.

arpele, s. A fretful person. 2. one easily moved to tears.

arpesi, see arpele.

arbaţa, see arbaţa.

arbāyi, see arbāyi.

arbi, s. Water collected in an elevated place. 2. drizzl-
ing rain. - to water to fall in broken streams over a small height. - water to run out, to fall in broken streams.

arbu, s. Stinginess, avarice. - to covet, desire, long. - a greedy man.

arbuda, arbura, arbuta, see arbua.

arbuda, num. Ten crores, 100 millions.

arbudaroga, s. Different swellings, especially cancer.

armbude, s. A skull-cap made of the spathe or capsular bark of the areca palm and worn by a class of Pariahs (called  ).

arya, s. A small earthen vessel; an oil-pot.

aryana, see aryasa.

aryuni ( ), v. n. To ooze, drip. 2. to flow, run, as water; also .

arlymarly, see aryani.

arla, s. Half a seer.

arlni ( ), v. n. To burn, blaze. 2. to smart; lit. his face is burning, i. e. he is very angry.

arløle, s. A kind of fish.

arvate, arvade, s. A man's sister's son. 2. a son-in-law.

arve, s. A cloth; an old rag. a piece of garment.

arve, see arve, aruv.

arsandè, s. Rejection; disrespect; making light of.

arsaya, arsâya, s. A certain festivity or ceremony. the ceremony of leaping over burning coals, performed by devil-dancers or dásaiyas ( ).

arsvuni, see arsvun.

arsève, see arsva.

alumbuda, s. The castor-oil plant. a smaller kind, called Ricinus communis.

alumbe, s. Suffering. 2. experience.

alumbèvuni, see alumbv.

alumbhavá, s. Satisfaction, contentment. 2. experience, knowledge; see .

alumbhavipuni ( ), v. n. To feel satisfied, content. 2. to experience, enjoy, suffer, to be vexed.

aluky, see alugy.

alugy, see aluky.

aluge, s. A kind of drum.

alupaccé, s. A pole-cat.

alube, a. Frail, fragile. 2. weak, puny, thin.
alaṅky, s. An armadillo.
2. a kind of fish.
alaṅky, s. The dried oil-plant of *Sesamum Indicum* or *jinjili* seed.
alankaripuni (alaṅkari), v.a. To adorn, decorate.
alankāra, s. Ornament, decoration. 2. beauty. — करे rhetoric.
alankāvuni, c. v. (of alankā, alankār) To cause to shake, to shake. 2. to perturb, confuse.
alankuni, alanguni (alāṅ, alaṅg), v.a. To shake, agitate, wave, move. 2. to strike or knock against, trip up. v.n. Be agitated.
alapayi, s. Hiring cattle for milking. — to take milch cattle on hire. — to hire out milch cattle.
alapuni see *alapunyāla*.
alam, see *ala*.
alamuni (alaṅ) s. To mix with the hand.
alaruni, see *alara*.
Alavu, Steel. — a bar of steel.
alavanu (alaṅ), v. a. To mix. 2. to temper. 3. to make even, to level.
alasv, alasu, adj. Old, worn out. 2. bad. 3. mixed; also asa.
alasabalāsu, s. A thick rope, cable; see *alasvu*.
alasa, see *ala*.
alasalu, alasigū, s. Fatigue, weariness. 2. vexation.
alasuni (alaṅ), v. a. To agitate, shake. v.n. To be fatigued, vexed. 2. to suffer griping pain; I have a stomach-ache.
alakshana, see *alaksha*.
alakshya, alakshe, s. Disregard, negligence, indifference.
ala, **int.** Behold, lo, there it is; see **ala**.

**alākū, s.** Destruction, ruin; see **ala**. —स्त्र to ruin, spoil, destroy. —स्त्र to go to ruin.

**ala, alāta, alādu, s.** A thick coir-ropc, cable; also **alak**., **aladu**.

**alābi, alāyi, s.** The annual Moharam festival of the Mohammedans. —स्त्र to close the festival with bathing.

**alāyuni (अलायूनी) v. a.** To take away.

**alāvuni, see** **alā**.

**aliki, adj.** Inferior, low, mean; bet. **alak**. —स्त्र to depreciate, disparage, degrade. —स्त्र a word of contempt. —स्त्र low people.

**alige, see** **alak**.

**alige, see** **alak**.

**alipuni, see** **alak**.

**alīmaru, alīmaru, s.** The tree called *Memecylon*.

**alīyuni (अलीयूनी) v. n.** To dissolve, decay. 2. to perish, die, become extinct; also स्त्र नालेका.

**alivu, s.** Extinction, ruin.

**aluguni (अलुगूनी), v. n.** To move; see **alak**.

**alubāiga, s.** Vexation, trouble.

**ale, s.** Butter-milk; see **ala**. —स्त्र to churn butter-milk.

**ale, ale, int.** Behold, lo!

**alejûji, s.** Grease or oil etc. swimming on the surface of water. —स्त्र greasy substances to stick to something.

**alejûni (अलेूनी), v. n.** To turn. —स्त्र to hesitate in speaking. 2. to deny; see **alak**.

**alejûni, alejûni** c. v. (of **alak**), To cause to shake, to shake. 2. to cause to mingle.

**alejûni, alejûni, alejûni (अलेूनी), v. n.** To be agitated, disturbed. 2. to be turbid. 3. to mix, mingle. 4. to be united.

**alepâyi, see** **alak**.

**alepûni, c. v. (of **alak**), To cause to tire, to fatigue.

**alepûni (अलेपूनी), v. a.** To oppress. v. n. To be fatigued; see **alak**., **alak**., **alak**.

**alemâni, s.** A-European. 2. a German.

**alemûni, alemûni, alemûni (अलेमूनी), v. n.** To wander, roam. 2. to be weary. 3. to bethink oneself. —स्त्र to stare; see **alak**.
alēki, alēkha, s. An unwritten or blank leaf. 2. a blank book of palm leaves.
alēvuni (अलेवुनि). v. n. To bethink oneself; see अलकुः.
alकु, s. Timidity. adj. Timid, frightened; also अलकुः to shudder.
al, alki, see अलकें, अलकी.
aluni (अलुनि), v. n. To be afraid. 2. to start, shudder, tremble. अलुनि अलकुः, —अलकुः to be startled.
alāvuni (अलावुनि), v. a. To cause to shake; cf. अल्गवुनि.
algni, see अल्गुनि.
alākayi, s. The gallnut, ink-nut, Terminalia chebula. अलाकृति एक गौरा ब्लैक इंक.
alpa, adj. Little, small, trifling. 2. mean, low. —अलप्पा of limited understanding; cf. अल्पसुः.
alpīsū, see अल्पिनः.
alpuēē, see अल्पुः.
alam, s. An unimportant man.
alpēśi, s. A covetous man, miser. adj. Low, mean, stingy.
albaṅgū, see अलबङ्गः.
albe, adj. Thin, weak, lean. 2. good for nothing.
alma, s. Breed, offspring; अल्मा अल्मा a good breed.
almana, see अलमनः.
alme, almo, s. A salutation given to Brahmins or Jains by inferiors.
almeru, s. An almeira, a wardrobe. [pick.
allukaddi, s. A tooth-
allambra, s. Agitation, alarm.
allā, s. The Mohammedan appellation of the Supreme Being. 2. int. of surprise.
allāvuni (अल्लावुनि), v. a. To mix; cf. अल्गुनि.
alli, alli, allige, s. The water-lily; also अलैं अलिं 2. the flower of Nelumbium speciosum; also अल्पुः.
allūdu, adj. Perishable, transient.
allē, s. The side, groin, hip. —अल्लें a lateral branch.
av, pref. implying diminution, privation.
av, int. Behold, lo; see अवः.
avakāśa, s. Opportunity, leisure; cf. अवकाशः.
avagada, s. Calamity, evil, mischief. 2. disorder, confusion. 3. difficulty, danger.
avaguna, s. An evil disposition, a vice. 2. the state of growing worse.
avaje, s. Sound, noise.
avadē, s. A kind of country beans; also अवदे.
avatāra, s. Descent, incarnation. अवतारः the ten incarnations of Vishṇu (विष्णु).
avatte, see avatá.
avatsara, see avatá.

avadhí, s. A limit, term, period, fixed time.

avadháte, s. One who has abandoned his family and all earthly desires. अवधाते the manner of leading a life of austerity.

avamána, see avatá.
avamata, s. Heterodoxy.
avayoga, s. A portent.
avare, e, e. Best, first rate.
avalu, adj. Best, first rate.

avalambane, adj. Depending on. s. Protection, an asylum.
avalakshana, s. An auspicious sign. 2. ugliness.
avalé, s. A rift, cleft. adj. Hollow, not solid.
avasakuna, see avatá.
avasya, s. Need, necessity. adj. Necessary, urgent, requisite. अवसायी unnecessary.
avasatya, s. A lie, falsehood.
avasara, see avatá.

avá, int. Lo! behold; see avá.
avántara, adj. Intermediate, included. 2. calamitous.

s. Straits. 2. alarm, confusion. 3. public calamity. 4. foreign invasion.
aváéya, adj. Not fit to be spoken. 2. obscene.
aválte, aváltigé, s. Charge, care; commission, conferred trust; safe keeping.
aválte to give in charge, to entrust another; also अस्सदा.
avićara, s. Want of enquiry. 2. indiscretion, rashness. 3. negligence.
avídhéya, adj. Disobedient. अविद्ध disobedience.
avivéka, s. Indiscretion. 2. imprudence, folly.
aviśvása, s. Distrust, unbelief, unfaithfulness.
aviśvasi, s. An unbeliever.

avu, pron. dem. It, that, that thing. अवं besides that. अवं is it that? अवं (emph.) just that, even that, the very thing.
avu

To crop. 2. to snatch, 3. to press down: अवुतुणि अवुकुणि अवुकासा अवुण्ठु अवुतुणि To be proud. अवुपुनी अवुपुनी अवुलु अवुलु, adv. There. 2. beyond; also अव्यया here and there. अवस्था (emph.) just there, even there, in that very place.

अव्यया स. An indeclinable word, gram.
अवलु s. avukasa, see अवस्था.
अवुलु s. avutana, s. A feast, entertainment, dinner; also अवस्था. -अवस्था to give an entertainment. -अवस्था a guest.
अवुशाद्धा s. avusadha, see अवस्था.
अवुलु s. avulu, adv. There. 2. beyond; also अवस्था. अवस्था here and there. अवस्था (emph.) just there, even there, in that very place.
अव्यया s. avyaya, s. An indeclinable word, gram.
अवलु s. avval, see अवस्था.
अवस्था s. asakta, adj. Weak, feeble. 2. sick.
अवस्था s. asakti, s. Weakness, incapacity.
अवस्था s. asakte, s. A weak or sick person.
अवस्था s. asakya, adj. Impracticable, impossible.
अवस्था s. asana, s. Eating. 2. food. अवस्था maintenance, subsistence; अवस्था to give maintenance, to feed.
अवस्था s. avukasa, see अवस्था.
अवस्था s. avutana, s. A feast, entertainment, dinner; also अवस्था. अवस्था a guest.
अवस्था s. asokya, adj. Impracticable, impossible.
अवस्था s. asana, s. Eating. 2. food. अवस्था maintenance, subsistence; अवस्था to give maintenance, to feed.
अवस्था s. avukasa, see अवस्था.
अवस्था s. avutana, s. A feast, entertainment, dinner; also अवस्था. अवस्था a guest.
अवस्था s. asokya, adj. Impracticable, impossible.
अवस्था s. asana, s. Eating. 2. food. अवस्था maintenance, subsistence; अवस्था to give maintenance, to feed.
अवस्था s. avukasa, see अवस्था.
अवस्था s. avutana, s. A feast, entertainment, dinner; also अवस्था. अवस्था a guest.
अवस्था s. asokya, adj. Impracticable, impossible.
अवस्था s. asana, s. Eating. 2. food. अवस्था maintenance, subsistence; अवस्था to give maintenance, to feed.
ashtaga, ashtadigga, s. The eight elephants which, according to the Hindu Sāstrās, are supposed to support the earth.

ashtage, s. An offering for the dead.

ashtatāla, s. A mode or measure in music.

ashtadikku, s. The eight points of the compass; also the guardians of the eight points of the compass.

ashtadravya, s. An offering of eight ingredients.

ashtapatti, s. An octagon.

ashtapadi, s. A verse with eight feet.

ashtabandha, s. A kind of mortar composed of eight ingredients.

ashtabhāgya, s. The eight requisites to the regal state, viz. territory, treasure, forces, elephant, horse, ketasol, fly-brush, palankeen.

ashtabhoga, s. The eight sources of enjoyment, viz. habitation, bed, raiment, jewels, wife, flower, perfumes, betel-leaf and arecanut.

ashtama, num. adj. The eighth.

ashtamāsiddhi, see ashtamāsādhi.

ashtami, see ashtamāsādhi.

ashtasiddhi, s. The eight miraculous attainments.

ashtāvidhāna, s. The eight kinds of devotion.

ashtāksharimānantra, s. The eight mystical letters used in incantations.

ashteisvarya, see asheisvarya.

asuru, see asura.

asaṅkhya, adj. Innumerable.

asaṅgati, s. An adverse circumstance, an accident.

asandarbha, s. Unseasonableness, inconvenience. adj. Unconnected, irrelevant; impracticable.

asambandha, s. Disconnection, incoherence. adj. Disconnected, incoherent. 2. absurd.

asaṅhya, adj. Disgusting, loathsome. s. Molestation, intolerable vexations. 2. disgust, aversion. to be disgusted with.

asakta, see asaktā.

asaqe, s. Disdain, contempt, scorn. 2. negligence, carelessness.
of being scornful or careless.


**asaddha**, adj. False. 2. uninspired.

**asadya**, see असद्य.

**asama, asamāna**, s. Inequality. adj. Unequal, dissimilar, unlike. 2. odd, diverse. 3. incomparable.

**asamādhāna**, s. Unsettled state, restlessness, uneasiness, disquietude. 2. dissatisfaction, peacelessness. 3. dissension, quarrel.

**asaye**, see असाये.

**asayya**, see असाय्य.

**asaryu**, see असर्य.

**asarmē**, s. Management of a household.

**asalu**, s. Root, origin. 2. capital, stock (in trade). 3. prime cost. 4. an original, a fair copy.

**asale**, adj. First-class, superior. 2. fine, thin, neat.

**asalê**, s. A split. —सळेः to split, crack. [light.

**asalēmasalē**, s. Twi-

**asahipuni, asahyisuni** (अष्टीँ-ँसृँ), v. n. To loathe, feel disgust at; cf. असळी.

**asādhya**, adj. Impracticable, unattainable. s. Impracticability.

**asāmya**, see असामीय.

**asāra**, adj. Sapless, tasteless. 2. worthless; also असकार.

**asiddha**, adj. Not achieved or effected. 2. unprepared, not ready. 3. undecided. 4. improbable.

**asura**, adj. Giant-like, gigantic. 2. cruel. —सूरा a cruel deed, diabolical action or work.

**asuri**, s. A giantess, the wife of a giant.

**asurusuru**, s. A deep sigh.

**asure**, s. A giant.

**asūya**, s. Envy, jealousy, malignity.

**asūra**, adj. Yellow. 2. unalloyed, as gold.

**asūri**, adj. Extra, miscellaneous. —सूरि extra expenses.

**asūrē**, s. Daily expenditure; sundry expenses; also असूरी.

**asemane**, see असेमेन.

**asaukhya**, s. Uneasiness, unhappiness, ill-health.

**asta, astamana**, s. Sunset.

**astaryu, astri**, s. The lining of a garment.

**asti**, s. A bone. —स्थियीं hectic fever.
ahorātre, s. A day and a night lasting from sunrise to sunrise.
ala, s. Measure, capacity.
alaṅku, s. An ant-eater.
alāṅkavuni, see 55535.
alāṅkuni, see 55535.
alanțuni (55535), v. n. To shake. 2. to move.
alaka, s. A large basket for measuring rice etc.
alakē, alatē, s. Measurement. —एँ to measure, mete; cf. 55539, 55539.
alapuni (55535), v. a. To measure.
alya, see अल्या.
alavuni (55535), v. n. To mix.
ālā, see 55535.
alāvu, see 55535.
alakattu, s. Ruin.
alipuni (55535), v. n. To perish, die. 2. to be destroyed, be ruined; also अलिपूरन.
aliya, s. A son-in-law, nephew; —as a rule a man’s sister’s son marries the daughter of his mother’s brother. bet. 55535. —लिया the law of inheritance in the female line. According to this law the family property descends not from a man to his son, but from a woman to her daughter.
aksha, s. The eye. 2. a mark on dice. 3. a die. 4. a wheel. —स्नेत्वी, —स्नेत्वी, —स्नेत्वी, —स्नेत्वी gambling, playing with dice.

akshantari, s. A gift of yellow rice.

akshata, akshate, s. Raw rice mixed with kunukuma (i.e. turmeric powder) and used for religious purposes. आक्षातं निम्न rice over which incantations have been pronounced.

akshada, s. A red mark put on the forehead after dinner, chiefly by Brahmins.

akshadama, akshamāle, s. A rosary or string of beads, especially of the seeds of Elaeocarpus, used in devotion.

akshaya, adj. Imperishable, immortal. —क्षेत्र a brass vessel for receiving alms. s. The last year of the Hindu cycle.

akshara, (lit. undecaying). s. A letter. —क्षेत्र (lit. a garland of letters) the alphabet.

aksharajña, s. A scholar.

akshi, s. The eye. 2. success, prosperity. —क्षेत्र moving of the eyes. —क्षेत्र a scorpion.

akli, s. Ruin, extinction.

aliyantara, s. Modesty, bashfulness.

aliyuni, see एक्ष.

aluku, s. A daughter's dowry.

aluvali, s. A daughter's dowry.

aluve, s. An instalment. 2. a term of payment; cf. एक्ष, एक्ष.

aluve, s. The mouth of a river, a harbour. —क्षेत्र a custom-house; see एक्ष.

ate, see एक्ष.

alenni, s. A kind of weed growing on the surface of stagnant water.

alejuni, see एक्ष.

alepāyi, see एक्ष.

alevuni (एल), v. n. To muse, to be absent-minded or abstracted. एक्षातं to look bewildered, perplexed; cf. एक्ष.

alkuni, see एक्ष.

altu, adv. Thence; also एक्ष.

alta (gen. of the adv. एक्ष), adj. Of that place.

alpa, adv. There, in that place. एक्षेक्ष here and there.

alya, see एक्ष.

alle, see एक्ष.
The second letter of the alphabet.

The second letter of the alphabet, *ā*, *dem. pron.* That; *ā* that side or party; *ā* that man. *ā* each, every, respective. *ā* each work.

2. when added to two or more consecutive words, the meaning is disjunctive: either—or, whether—or; *ā* whether or that man?

3. it is an affix of interrogation, which changes according to phonetic rules into *ā*, *ā*; *ā* yes: *ā* is it? *ā* you came: *ā* did you come? *ā* thou, you: *ā* is it you?

*āṅkāriyuni*, see *āṅkā*.

*āṅkāra*, see *āṅkā*.

*āṅkita*, see *āṅkā*.

*āṅkē*, *s.* Force, pressure, compulsion. 2. authority, power, control. 3. support.

*āṅkē* to force, compel, to obtain by coaxing. *āṅkē* a strong, powerful man.

*āṅgirasā*, *s.* The sixth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

*āṇḍu*, see *āṇḍ*.

*āṇḍa, āṇḍalā*, see *āṇḍ*.

*āntara, āntra*, *s.* The bowels, entrails. *āntara* swelling of the scrotum or testicles.

*āntara* flatulence; hernia.

*āntaryā*, *s.* The mind; *see āntāryā*. 2. sentiment, opinion; *cf.* āntāryā.

*āndi*, *s.* Caution. 2. bail, a security. *āndi* one who stands security, becomes surety.

*āndrāvāyu*, *see āndrā*.

*āmbalū*, *s.* A water-lily which opens after sunset.

*āmbāla*, *see āmbā*.

*āmbige*, *see āmbā*.

*āmbura, āmbra*, *see āmbā*.

*āmbē, adv.* There, on that side. 2. after, *prep.* Beyond.

*āmberipuni* (*āmberi*), *v.* *n.* To be drowsy or sleepy. 2. to dream. 3. to be confused.

*āmavade*, *see āmavade*.

*āmhiyā*, *see āmhiyā*.

*ākara*, *see ākara*.

*ākarśa, ākarsha*, *s.* Attraction, drawing towards each other. *ākarśa* the power of attraction.

*ākāra*, *s.* Form, shape.

2. the letter *ā*. 3. the small letter *ā*.
The atmosphere, sky.

A nettle-plant, Urtica heterophylla.

The end, termination, adj. Final, last. adv. Finally, at last; see अंतः.

The subject of a sentence, gram.

A name. 2. the subject of a sentence, gram.

The predi-
cate, gram.

Steam. to be consumed, to come to an end. —एताः, see अधीनताः. अग्नि a steamer.

Arrival. 2. a work on Hindu ritual etc. 3. augment, gram.

Advent, arrival.

A habitation, house.

see अग्नि.

A spiritual guide, a priest.

An oath, a curse. 2. swearing. —वृद्धिः to swear. —रक्षित to implicate, curse. —प्रवर्तक to deliver from an oath, to revoke a curse.

Sixth.

Presence; bet. विश. —विशेष to be present. —प्रतिष्ठा to produce (a witness etc.). —प्रतिष्ठा bail, security for the appearance of another before a court of justice. —मुख्य a muster-roll.
漉漉 aja, s. Six seers.
漉漉漉漉 ajavuni, c. v. (of aja), To dry or drain.
漉漉漉漉 aji, num. Six.
漉漉漉漉 ajiquni (aqa), v. a. To expose clothes etc. for drying.
漉漉漉漉 ajipa, see 哥哥.
漉漉漉漉 ajiyuni, ajuni(哥, 哥), v.n. To dry up, drain off; as, 哥哥 the well is dry; 哥哥 to be dried up. 哥哥 dried, freed from moisture or sap. 哥哥 undried, wet; 哥哥 weeds a wet cloth.
漉漉漉漉 aje, see 哥哥.
漉漉漉漉 ajolu, num. adv. Six times.
漉漉漉漉 ajue, s. Command, order. 2. permission. 3. a judicial sentence, doom.
漉漉漉漉 ajpa, num. Sixty; see 哥哥.
漉漉漉漉 ata, s. Amusement, sport, game. 2. a play; 哥哥 an actor; a gambler. 哥哥, 哥哥 dancing and playing with music. 3. when forming the latter part of compounds it signifies continuity; as, 哥哥 crying or weeping long. 哥哥 lamentation.
漉漉漉漉 atakku, atanka, s. Hinderance, obstacle.
漉漉漉漉 ati, s. The fourth solar mouth. 哥哥 profound darkness. 哥哥 a kind of grass.
tree. s. A boy, youngster. 

anu adiga, s. The lower half of a cocoanut-shell.

anupada, s. A male, man; also the bridegroom's house.

anupuja, s. A male variety of the wild jack-tree.

anuvu, s. The entrance to a harbour. 

anu, s. A peg, nail. 2. a wedge. 3. a screw.

anupikally, s. The keystone of an arch.

anupa, s. An anna.

anupeni, s. An oath.

anupapally, s. A hail-stone.

anu, indef. num. adj. So much. — can so many people. — can so much time, so long. 

2. as much as: give all you have. emph. 

so much only: I say only so much. 

is it only so much? 

or is it so much that you give? emph. for so much.

anupeni, see adi.

anu, see adi.

anupenja, s. A male variety of the wild jack-tree.

ana, s. The entrance to a harbour.

anu, s. To stand or wade in shoal-water for fishing.

anu, s. A peg, nail. 2. a wedge. 3. a screw.

anaikallu, s. The keystone of an arch.

ana, s. An anna.

ane, s. An oath.

ane, s. An anna.

ane, see adi.

anekallu, s. A hail-stone.

ata, see adi.

atma, atme, s. Breath, life. 2. the soul, spirit. 

atman the Holy Ghost, Chr.

ata, s. a sinner. 

atma a virtuous or fortunate man.

atman spiritual-mindedness, Chr.

3. self, chiefly in comp: 

selfishness; suicide. 

self-praise.

adu, see adi.

adar, see adi.

adarane, s. Respect, regard for. 2. protection, support. 3. comfort, consolation.

adaripuni (ja), v. a.

To honor. 2. to support, assist. 3. to console, comfort.

adaripuni a supporter, one who comforts.

adaya, s. Gain, profit, income, behoof. — profit and loss. — receipts and disbursements; management.

adaripuni a book-keeper.

adar, see adi.

adi, s. Beginning, origin. 

adj. First, primary; pre-eminent; e.g. the original cause. 2. when the latter part of a compound it means: and others, et cetera, as 

beasts etc.
Sunday.
The sun.
To have become, to be that.
The sixth lunar mansion; bst. छः.
see अधारिपुणि.
Support, prop.
2. a basis, foundation. 2. a title-deed.
2. a security-bond.
a rich man.
Authority, control.
2. dependence; cf.
a large man.
Joy, happiness, pleasure.
a large needle.
To lull (a baby).
To lull.
a large gate.
A whale; also अंगी.
A large variety of caltrops.
To lull (a baby).
The entrance gate of a palace.
a city-gate.
a large gate.
A whale; also अंगी.
A large variety of caltrops.
A kind of rice-cake.
Then, at that time.
Affixed to verbs it signifies:
at the time, as अंगी at the time of going.
a large kernel.
To make lean.
a thick forest inhabited by elephants.
a kind of rice-cake.
A whale.
An elephant shed.
a small elephant keeper.
a chain for fastening an elephant.
The trunk of an elephant.
misapatty, s. Mishap. 2. trouble, calamity, distress. 3. danger, evil. —a time of trouble.

spinavu, see spin.

spini (ś), v. n. The copula: to be that, to become that. it becomes white. 2. to have origin, grow, as mangoes grow on the tree. 3. to happen, occur: where did this happen? 4. to fit, suit: this coat fits me. 5. to be possible: it can be lifted. 6. to be related to: he is my younger brother. It is used as an auxiliary verb, e. g. it is done, and serves also to form compound verbs: to come into existence, to be true, to be proved, etc.

sp, p. t. 3rd p. sing. neut. It is done, finished.

sp, f. t. 3rd p. sing. neut. It may be or may happen: the crop is likely to turn out good. 2. when used absolutely as a reply, it is equivalent to “yes”; will you go? yes.

The negative forms of these tenses are: pres. t. sp, p. t: it may, can, shall or will not be—denoting moral and physical impossibility. added to inf. marks emph. prohibition, as thou shalt not kill. imp. 3rd. p. Let it be, (negr. 2nd p. be not); when repeated after nouns etc. means either—or, as either this or that man.

cond. It should or would be. It is much used as a polite form of request.

please go away. I should like him to come.

sp, adj. part. pres. t., sp, p. t. sp, perf. t. sp or a practicable thing; or a finished work. married. a divided land. when affixed to nouns and certain verbal forms, they convert them into adjectives, as the requisite things. The personal nouns formed of the above, are: which are similarly joined to s., adj. etc.

neg. adj. part. That which should not be, unbecoming. 2. impracticable.

improper, wicked.
5, ger. (or adv. part. Having become, being. 2. when affixed to s. or adj. it converts them into adv., as wrongly, certainly. 3. affixed to datives and infinitives it means for, in behalf of, on account of, as on that account, in order to make. 4. affixed to pron. it means of one's own accord, as he gave of his own accord (without being requested). neg. having not become, being not.

When it happens, happened or will happen. just when it happens etc.

Till it happens.

cond., cmph. If it becomes, if it be, although it be, if it be so. 2. as a conj. but, yet, though; at least, even.

pot. It can or may be.

It must be or become. 2. to be related to. how is he related to you? he is my uncle. what ought to happen, what is necessary.

verb. verbal nouns. That which happens, etc. 2. that which is fit, possible. practicable.

Apungene, see .

Apule, see .

Ape, adv. Yonder, opposite. yonder house. one from the other side. yonder or the other side. apkshe, see .

Apole, adv. Just then; cf.

Just when doing.

Apta, adj. Dear, attached.

trustworthy, confidential.

An intimate friend.

friends and acquaintances.

Aphimu, see .

Abada, adj. Populous, inhabited. cultivated. thriving. to populate; to cultivate; to improve.

Abala, adj. Young.

Aburu, see .

Abharana, s. Ornament, jewels.

Import, (opp. export). income.

Amarsuni, see .

Amavade, see .

Amla, s. Acidity. tamarind. vinegar. adj. Sour, acid; vl. .

Aya, s. A nurse.

Gain; see .

Aya, s. A foundation, base.

to lay a foundation.

Aya, s. Measure, proportion.

to regulate or fix the limits. to measure.
Fixing the limits of a field etc. 2. regulation, arrangement. adj. Choice, excellent. — to select a well executed work. — to select people. — a choice expression, excellent speech.

Docility, tractableness.

Preparation, readiness; also —.

A festival in connexion with a temple.

see —.

v. a. To dig a foundation.

v. a. To winnow.

Fatigue, weariness. 2. indisposition. 3. trouble, vexation.

see —.

see —.

see —.

see —.

see —.

see —.

A weapon, instrument.

v. a. To select, choose. 2. to gather, pick up; cf. —.

v. a. To ford, cross, go over. v. n. To blow; the wind blows; cf. —.

The term or period of life.

Strength according to age. 2. a good constitution.

Age, duration of life, term of life.

He. everybody, each (man). 2. it is joined to participles etc. to form personal nouns, as one who does, one who did, one who did not do; cf. —.

On that side, beyond (opp. on this side). on that side of the river. to cross a river.

see —.

see —.

dem. pron. (honorif. pl. 3rd p. of or or). They, i.e. that person. emph. himself, none but he. 2. it is joined to participles to form personal nouns, as one who goes, one who went, one who did not go.

A termination occurring in some nouns and meaning home, place or locality, as lodging; etc. names of villages.
arambha, s. Commencement, beginning. —& to make a beginning, to begin.

arambhupuni (=com.), v. a. To begin.

arage, see &; cf. &.

arata, arada, s. The concluding part of a temple feast, including bathing the idol.

aranyya, see &.

arati, s. Wave-offering, consisting in waving lamps etc. 2. the lamp for wave-offering.

-to offer, wave frankincense etc. 2. a censer. 3. a lamp with one wick. 4. a metal plate for wave-offering.

arati, see &.

arabhara, s. Responsibility, care.

arabhya, s. Beginning, commencement. 2. from the beginning of the world. 3. since you began doing; cf. &.

aravara, s. An usufructuary mortgage. —& to offer, wave frankincense etc. 2. a deed of such mortgage.

arata, s. Tottering, shaking; cf. &.

arupopini, v. n. To walk arm in arm or hand in hand.

aradhane, s. Worship, adoration, prayer. see &.

arambhipuni (com.), v. a. To worship, adore.

aravuni, see &.

arige, s. A belch. —& to belch; cf. &.

aride, see &.

ariya, int. Stop! hold!

ariye, see &.

aruñe, s. Contentment, satisfaction.

aruni (com.), v. n. To grow cool, cold or dry. 2. to be cool, dry. 3. to distend, grow stout: & to grow the belly to distend etc.

arûdha, adj. Ascended, mounted. s. Ascending, climbing.

are, see &.

aredë, see &.

arekti, areike, s. Protection, care of, nursing, nourishing. —& to protect, nurse, nourish.

areisuni (com.), v. a. To expect, wait for, look for. 2. to desire, wish; bet. "&.

arlominy, s. A kind of fish.

arloumara, s. A kind of tree.

arloigne, s. A meal, repast. —& to take a meal.

arlogya, s. Health, strength. 2. comfort, happiness.
1. Aroha, Aropane, s. Imputation, accusation.
2. A false charge.

Arohasuni (रोहसुनि), v. a. To impute, accuse unjustly, charge with.

Aroha, s. Ascending, climbing, mounting.

Aropana, s. The last leaf of a cocoa-palm-branch.

Aroka, s. A bow. 2. An arch.

Aropanuni (रोपाणुि), v. n. To cry out, shout.

Arijita, adj. Acquired, accumulated, inherited, as अरिज तम patrimonial. अरिजम् self-acquired.

Arsava, s. Inherited wealth or property.

Aarti, s. Pain, distress. adj. Afflicted, distressed, sorrowful.

Ardete, s. One who is afflicted.

Ardupopini, see चरु.

Ardre, s. The sixth lunar mansion, अरिओनिस, when it rains heavily.


Arya, adj. Noble, respectable, belonging to the Aryans.

Aryayeru, s. A castrated buffalo.


Arvade, see अर्वता.

Arvāra, see अर्वार. 2. To despise, defy, set at naught. 2. To disparage. अर्वार to talk disparagingly or defiantly.

Ala, s. The silk-cotton tree, Salmalia Malabarica; also अला silk cotton.

Alaigane, s. The act of embracing.

Alamba, s. Seizing. 2. Killing. 3. A violent death.

Alade, s. A kind of demon’s shrine.

Alada bally, see अला बल्ली.

Alaya, s. An abode, house. 2. Any superior edifice. अलाय the body. अलायं a temple; a church, Chr.

Alas, see अलास.

Alasya, s. Weariness. 2. Idleness, laziness, sloth.

Alaty, see अलाति.

Alapane, s. Humming a tune.

Alapisuni (अलपिसुणि), v. n. To hum a tune, to sing.

Alas, see अलास.


Aroha, s. Ascending, climbing, mounting.
is gone, or exhausted. विद्य - visual strength.

देति, देति अलकल्य, अलि-पर्यद्, s. Hailstone.

हे आले, s. A press, mill, as स हँसा— a sugarcane mill. स हँसा a mill to work.

हे क्रोह आलेसु (क्रोह), v. n. To listen to, to hear attentively.

हे आलोका, s. Seeing, a view. 2. light. 3. panegyric.

हे क्रोह आलोक, s. Reflection, investigation, thought. े क्रोह े to consider, reflect on. े क्रोह to advise, to give one's opinion.

हे अवादी, देति, देति अवादी, अवादी, अवादी, अवादी, see हेक्र.

हे अवादी, s. A kind of bean, lentil.

हे अवादी, see हेक्र.

हे अवारा, postp. On account of. हेक्र हेक्र on that account.

हे क्रोह अवारा, अवारा, हेक्र अवारा, हेक्र अवारा, हेक्र अवारा, अवारा, see हेक्र.

हे अवारा, स. A potter's kiln, an oven. अवारा, अवारा to open a kiln. अवारा clay.
racle. — the, — a wonderful or remarkable thing or affair.

**ārāma, s.** A hermitage. 2. one of the four stages of Brahminical life, e.g. āśrama, a bachelor, student; āśrama, a householder; āśrama, an anchorite; āśrama, an ascetic.

**ārāya, s.** Support, refuge. 2. protection, reliance. 3. dependence. — to give protection, patronise. — to seek shelter. — to depend upon.

**ārāyipunī (āśraya), v. a.** To seek shelter.

**āśrite, s.** A dependant, client.

**āślesha, s.** The ninth lunar mansion; also āśra.

**āśvīja, s.** The seventh lunar month (September-October).

**āśada, āśadha, s.** The fourth lunar month (June-July).

**āśu, s.** A weaver's warp before starching. 2. a web, texture; cf. āśaya. — āśaya, the rake of a weaver's warp.

**āśupāsū, s.** Proximity, vicinity, environs, neighbourhood. adv. Round about.

**āsakta, adj.** Attached, devoted. 2. zealous, active.

**āsakti, s.** Diligence, devotion, attachment.

**āsana, s.** A stool, seat. 2. the judgment seat. 3. a throne. 2. the anus.

**āsarı, s.** Thirst. 2. that which slakes thirst. — to give to drink.

**āsara, s.** Refuge, support. 2. protection, patronage; cf. āsāra.

**āsarmera, s.** Management of a family, care of a household.

**āśada, see āśra.**

**āśami, s.** A person, an individual. 2. a customer. 3. a debtor.

**āsige, s.** A mattress, bed; also āśa.

**āsu, see āśa.**

**āse, see āśa.**

**āśkara, s.** Protection, shelter, countenance.

**āsti, s.** Property, wealth, estate. — āstya, a man of property.

**āste, adv.** Gently, slowly.

**āsthāna, s.** An assembly. 2. a hall of audience.

**āspatri, s.** An hospital.

**āspada, s.** Place to stand on, basis, support. 2. protection, refuge, shelter. 3. means; āśeṣa āśeṣā āśeṣa āśeṣa I have no means of livelihood.

**āspāsū, see āśrāma.**
The third letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is very often written o. Words not found under this letter should be sought for under o.

 Arial, adj. Base, inferior, mean.
 Arial, see Arial.
 Arial, see Arial.
 Arial Arial, s. Separation, distinction. adj. Distinct, separate; also Arial Arial, Arial.

To stoop.

To absorb, as water, to dry. 2. to sink in, as eyes from disease; also आर्द्र to be wet.

ingrēji, s. English. 2. a church. —अर्द्र the English writing or language.

inēa, adv. Thus, so, in this manner; —अर्द्र not this but that way. —अर्द्र such and such a man. अर्द्र, emph. just so. अर्द्र such, of this kind or sort.

inēi, adv. Here, in this place. —अर्द्र a man of this place, or of this age.

inēogu, adv. Lately, recently.

injāyi, adj. Small, little.

injinu, s. An engine, machine.

injilu, s. The New Testament, as styled by Mussulmans.

indu, see नेशन.

ind, ina, indy, see रेड.

inda, intj. used to call attention. Behold, look, take notice, observe. 2. there, take this. आर्द्र please see, come, or take.

indi, s. Oil-cake; bet. आर्द्र.

emph. this this alone; see आर्द्र.

indrajāla, s. Deception, conjuring. 2. enchantment. 3. artifice, stratagem; cf. आर्द्र.

indrajitu, s. A son of Rāvana.

indraprasta, s. Delhi.

indrabālā, s. A kind of fish.

indriya, s. An organ of sense. 2. male power, semen virile. 3. sensual desires or appetites. आर्द्र the five senses.

indre, s. The chief of the secondary divinities, supposed to preside over the elements, to be the giver of rain, and the guardian of the east (in Sanskrit Indra).

A Jain priest.

inne, see रेड.

impu, s. Agreeableness, delightfulfulness, pleasantness.

imba, imbālu, imbālu, see रेड.

imbale, s. A stout silver or gold bracelet.

imbu, s. Place, room, space. 2. refuge, shelter. 3. opportunity. adj. Broad, wide.

imbe, dem. pron. m. This man. आर्द्र this this woman; plur. आर्द्र this person, used honorifically, as a polite form of the sing. m. or f.; cf. आर्द्र, रेड.
immada, The heel.
immadì, immadì, immadige, adj. Double, two-fold; also adj.
immukha, immone, adj. Double faced.

immadige, adj. Double, two-fold; also fra.

Loj, Scrimmukha, immone, adj. Double faced.

Hither, this side.

ikkudi, adj. Narrowness, difficulty, straitness, poverty.

ikkadi, adj. Narrow, strait.

ikkadi, see kenda.

ikkadé, s. Both sides.

ikkalpa, see kenda.

ikkale, see kenda.

ikkavuni, v.a. To extinguish, put out, as fire. To be extinguished.

ikkuni (kenda), v.a. To put, serve up, as food.

ikkuli, ikkule, s. A pair of pincers or tongs.

ikkéri, s. The residence of the late Lingäit kings of Bednore. -Arar, -dëye the kingdom of these rulers. A measure of two feet and seven inches long. A gold pagoda worth thirteen gold fanams or four rupees.

ikkéi, s. Both hands. 2. an ambidexter.

ikkdi, see kanda.

igūti, see amma.

iga, s. Difference, misunderstanding; also adj.

igaruni, see ambül.

igadi, see amma.

iguru, s. A bud, germ or tender shoot.

iguruni (ambül), v.n. To bud, germinate or shoot up.

igguni (ambül), v.n. To draw, pull.

icčadi, adj. Double, two-fold.

icčirna, s. Wonder.

icce, icche, s. Wish, desire. 2. appetite. 3. relish, delight. According to one's desire or wish, as one pleases. To wish, long for.

ija, s. Trouble. 2. importunity. To trouble, importune; cf. ña.

ijary, s. Trousers.

ijarydēye, ijarydärē, s. An abkāri (liquor) contractor. 2. a man wearing trousers.

ijārige, s. An abkāri contract.
An impotent man.

The cinnamon tree.

Cinnamon oil.

Negation of existence; not to exist, not to be.

Regularly conjugated only in the present and perfect tenses, through all persons.

Not even one.

I have no money.

Have you any children? no.

Emph. is there not?

Used as a disjunctive conjunction:

if not, or;

either—or.

not existing, absent.

without;

cf. नाते.

Flour.

Flour.

A mortice, cavity cut into a piece of timber to receive the end of a beam or plank.

A stone placed under a beam.

The jaw;

cf. नाते.

A brick.

Narrowness.

A nightingale.

A kind of medicinal plant.

Half ground, coarse, rough.

idupulu, see जोधकमः.

ida, see जोधकमः.

idakatteri, see जोधकमः.

idi, adj. Entire, whole.

the whole day.

A stout person.

Pinioned.

to bind fast, pinion.

idumbulu, s. (in wrestling) The act of seizing each other tightly with both hands.

Place, room, space.

2. an abode.

3. interval, space between.

4. interval of time, occasion.

5. a split, chasm.

incessantly.

Here, hither, so far.

hither-to, so long; so far, thus far;

cf. जोधकमः.

A bracelet with an indented brass rim.

Aid, help.

2. half grown corn (जोधकमः).

Middling,

2. inferior.

a middle sized tree.

The inner part of a temple.

2. the three circuits of a temple.

Experience.

To place, put down.

Confidence, trust.

Confidence, trust.
A confident, trustworthy person.

A person, see.

History, traditional accounts of former events.

Both parties or sides.

Both sides or places. 2. both banks of a river, etc.

Itihasa, s. History, traditional accounts of former events.

Both parties or sides.

Both sides or places. 2. both banks of a river, etc.

Enough.

A written report. To report in writing.

Sickness.

Now, at present. - now, this moment, immediately. - of the present time. - now for once, for the present.

Double stripes; a wale, the mark of a rod or whip on animal flesh.

Both parties or sides.

Long pepper, *Piper longum*; also 

To be, exist; also 

ippuli, s. The olive fruit. 

The olive tree.

Sacred ashes with which a Sivite besmears his forehead.

Two fingers
united by a membrane (web-fingers).

ibbu, s. A kind of cucumber.

ima, s. Snow; *etl. يمن.

imi, see ین.

ibiru, s. An eye-lash; also ین.

imini, see ین.

imê, s. An eye-lash; also ین.

imini, see ین.

iyanuni, iyavanuni (ین), d. v. To be sufficient; *pres. or fut. 3rd pers. n. ین. It will be enough or sufficient; also ین. ین. He is likely to come; past. ین. ین. It is enough; neg. ین. ین. It is not enough or sufficient.

iyere, s. This side (of a river).

iyye, d. v. Yes; *cf. ین.

iyyodu, adv. This year.

iru, a prefix signifying Two, double, both, e.g. ین. double edged, ین. both sides; in some cases the ین assimilates to the consonant following, e.g. ین.

iruveru, see ین.

irusãlu, s. A remittance to the treasury.

irambala, s. Twenty seers.

irakasãlu, s. Sulphate of iron.

iri, s. Abatement of intoxication.

iriyuni (ین), v. n. To fall, drop, as fruits, leaves etc. ین. To miscarry. v. a. To rub or squeeze between the hands, to knead; *see ین.

irisãlu, see ین.

irubu, see ین.

iruvantigã, s. An Arabian jessamine.

iruveru, see ین.

ire, s. A leaf (of a plant).


iregili, s. A kind of parrot.

irehavoli, s. A bat.

irelyu, see ین. 2. Shadow; also ین.

irolu, see ین.

irku, s. The night. ین. day and night.

irkanu, s. Inability to see by night, night-blindness.

irkavuni, c. v. (of ین), To make less. 2. to extinguish. 3. to stop, disturb. ین. to extinguish or put out fire.

irkuni (ین), v. n. To abate, lessen, be reduced. 2. to be disturbed. 3. to be quenched; also ین.

irkei, s. Both hands. ین.
irda

to give a blow with both hands spread out.

irda, see இர்தவு.

to give a blow with both hands spread out.

irda, see இர்தவு.

irmalayi, s. Double tongue.

irmali, s. A double pulse.
2. a carpenter's boring tool.

irmal, a swelling of the throat.

irmalayi, s. Double tongue.

irmali, s. A double pulse.
2. a carpenter's boring tool.

irmal, a swelling of the throat.

irmalayi, s. Double tongue.

irmali, s. A double pulse.
2. a carpenter's boring tool.

irmal, a swelling of the throat.

irmadikē, adj. Ripe and unripe.

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ration.

irmādi, s. A double

irmādi, s. Double ratio
ishta

ishta, adj. Acceptable, agreeable, pleasant, wished, cherished, beloved.

istemle, s. A hair. 2. a fibre
3. a fold, plait. 3. three-fold. how many fold; cf.

ile, see ile.

ilkuni, see andhú.

illy, s. A house, dwelling.

illsu, s. An object which pleases one. friends.

ilsu, s. A desired-for event; an object which pleases one. a dearly beloved friend. savoury food, a favourite dish.

ill, s. A house, dwelling.

ill, s. A family. at home, in the house. to go home. the inmates of a house. to build a house.

illaburu, s. A kind of creeper used in thatching roofs and plaiting baskets and small boxes.

illsu, see illsu.

ille, see ill.

ishta, adj. Acceptable, agreeable, pleasant, wished, cherished, beloved.

to be loved, cherished. a desired-for event; an object which pleases one. friends. a dearly beloved friend. savoury food, a favourite dish.

s. Wish, desire. 2. friendship, familiarity, love. to break off friendship.

them to make friendship, to love, like. who makes love, and three measures of ghee to him who causes discord.
ishta, ishtasiddhi, s. Attainment or fulfilment of one's desire.

ishtācāra, s. Friendship, familiarity.

ishtāniṣṭa, adj. Liked and disliked. 2. good and bad.

ishtānna, see ishtānāna.

ishtānipitve, s. Simple imprisonment.

ishtārtha, s. The object of desire. 2. the highest good.

ishtē, s. A friend, companion. -र्थ friend and foe.

ishtē relatives and friends.

isub, isub, isi, intj. expressing disgust.

isul, s. Whistling. — से to whistle.

is, see is.

isabakul, s. The seed of Plantago Ispaghula.

isamungili, isamungli, s. Crinum deflexum.

isarābēry, s. The root of the plant Aristolochia Indica.

isare, see isare.

isavi, isvi, s. The Christian era.

isāra, isāratu, s. A sign, hint.

isē, isēn, adv. Now; at once; cf. isā.

iskru, iskur, s. A screw.

istambul, s. A Turkish gold coin worth about Rs. 2 As. 8.

istāra, see istāra.

istyārya, istihārya, s. A notice. isāra a notification; an advertisement.

istri, s. A smoothing iron.

ispit, ispētu, s. Playing cards.

islūgidi, s. A kind of bird.

issē, see isē.

Iha, s. The present state.

this world and that to come.

ilijārya, s. A slope, sloping ground. 2. slipperiness.

ilīyuni (ι), v. n. To slip out or down, to slide; also ιλινυμαι.
I

I, The fourth letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is often written ọẹ.

I, pron. 2nd pers. sing. Thou; emph. ọẹ even thou.

I, dem. pron. This or these; as ọẹ this boy, ọẹ these people.

Igụ, see ọọk, ọọk.

Igụdụvụni, c. v. (of ọọkọọkọ) To cause to stoop.

Igụdụni, Igụdụni, Igụdụni, see ọọkọọkọ.

Icili, see ọọkọọkọ.

Indụ, s. The sago-palm, Caryota urens.

Imbala, s. A kind of leech.

Imbe, adv. This side, here; cf. ọọkọọkọ.

Ikkane, s. An arrow.

Icilụ, s. The wild date. -Ilọ the wild date-tree, Phœnix sylvestris.

Ijuven, Ijuven Ijuven, Ijuven (ọọkọ, ọọkọ), v. n. To swim.


Iiti, s. A lance, spear.

Idụ, s. A pledge, pawn. 2. an equivalent. -Ọọkọ to stand security. -Ọọkọ to deposit a pledge, to pawn.

be equal, to match, pair; ọọkọ to be liable to sin.

Igụ, Igụ Igụ, Igụge, Igụge, adv. In vain; cf. ọọkọ.

Idi, see ọọkọ.

Ide, Ide Ide, Idegy, see ọọkọ, ọọkọ.

Ine, s. A lute, a fretted musical instrument of the guitar kind; also ọọkọ, ọọkọ.

Itụ, indef. num. So much, so many; emph. ọọkọ just so much, only so much. ọọkọ pl. so many (people), ọọkọ ọọkọ ọọkọ so far, as far as this, up to this. ọọkọ ọọkọ ọọkọ ọọkọ, ọọkọ ọọkọ ọọkọ so far, so long. ọọkọ is this all? ọọkọ being so; nevertheless. ọọkọ (ọọkọ ọọkọ) so and so much or so and so many; with neg. it denotes unlimitedness: not a little, inexpressible.

Iputụ, Iputụ Iputụ, idanụge, idamụtta, see ọọkọ, ọọkọ under ọọkọ.

Ipini (ọọkọ), v. a. To shoot (an arrow).

Ipe, adv. This side. -ọọkọ people on this side or part. -ọọkọ this side.

Ibụi, ibụi, see ọọkọ.

Iyavu, see ọọkọ.
irulla, see అనే ప్రతి
irulū, s. The tender fruit of the palmyra tree.
irupa, see అనే ప్రతి
ise, s. A lord, master.
isvara, s. The eleventh year of the Hindu cycle.
isvarabheru, see అనే ప్రతి
isvare, s. The Supreme Being. 2. a name of Śiva.
Isatugu, Wz. Instantly, this moment.
isuni (ఇసుని), v. a. To scrape.

U

unadipini, unāḍāppuni, see అనే ప్రతి.
unadi, ఉడి, unicity, s. A bill of exchange; bet. అనే ప్రతి.
unadige, s. A sheaf of straw.
unadiya, see అనే ప్రతి, అనే ప్రతి.
undu, d. v. There is, or exists. 2. in answer to అనే ప్రతి, అనే ప్రతి is there? and other questions: there is, yes. 3. with the dative case it expresses possession. అనే ప్రతి I have.
unadu, d. v. to come into existence, to spring up, arise; అనే ప్రతి that which has
undu, pers. pron. neut.  
This, it. ṣaṅga besides this, moreover. pl. ṣaṅga these.

unnata, adj. High, lofty, tall, supreme.

umbuge, umbuēē, umbe, s. The white flowered thorn-apple, Datura alba; also ṣaṅga—; ṣaṅga or ṣaṅga— D. fastuosa; see ṣaṅga.

umbuēa, s. A kind of bush.

umbuda, s. A kind of colibry.

umbude, adj. Globular and small. s. Chewed betel.

umbudepakki, s. A kind of bird; cf. ṣaṅga.

occurred, what is really a fact, what exists. ṣaṅga to exist. —ма to create, produce; to invent. —षषषषषषषषषषṣṣषषषṣṣषṣषषषषषषषषषषṣṣषषषषṣṣषṣषषषषषषषषषषषषṣṣषषषषषषषṣṣषषषषषषषṣṣषषषṣṣषṣषषषषषṣषषषषषषṣṣषṣṣषषषषṣṣषषषषṣṣषषṣṣषषषषषषषषषषषषṣṣषषषṣṣषṣṣषṣषषṣṣṣषषṣṣषषषषषषषषषṣṣषषषषषषषषṣṣषषषषषषषषṣṣषषṣषषषषṣṣषषषṣṣषṣषषṣṣषṣषṣṣषषṣṣषṣṣṣषषषṣṣषṣषषṣṣषषṣṣषṣषषṣषषषṣṣṣषषषṣषṣषषṣषṣṣषषṣषṣषṣṣṣषṣषषषṣषṣṣषषषषṣṣṣषषषषṣषṣषषषषṣṣषषषṣṣषṣषषषṣṣषषṣषṣषṣषṣषषṣषṣषषषṣṣषṣṣषषṣषṣṣषṣṣṣषষषषṣṣषषṣषṣṣषṣṣषṣषষषषṣṣṣषषषषषषषṣषṣषṣषṣṣषṣषषषषषṣṣषषषषṣषṣषṣষṣषṣषषṣṣषṣषषṣṣषṣষṣषṣṣषṣষषṣṣषषṣषṣषṣṣषṣषषषषषषṣṣषषषषṣषषषṣṣषषषষṣṣषषṣषṣषṣषषṣṣṣषṣषṣषṣषṣषषषṣṣषषषṣṣषषṣṣṣषषṣṣषṣषषषṣषṣषṣषष�षṣषषṣṣषषषषṣṣṣषषषषṣṣṣषषṣषṣषषषषষṣषṣषṣषṣषṣṣषṣषṣṣषषषषṣषṣषषषषषṣषṣषषṣषषषषषषषषṣṣषषषषषषṣṣṣषषषषषṣषषṣषषषṣṣषṣṣषषṣषषषṣषषषষṣषषषṣṣषषषṣṣषषṣṣṣषṣषषषṣṣषषषषṣṣṣषषषषṣषषषṣषषषṣṣषषषṣषषṣṣषषषषষṣषṣषषषṣষṣषषṣṣṣषṣषषṣषषषषषषषṣषṣषषषṣषषṣषषषṣṣषषषषṣषṣषṣषṣṣषṣṣषषṣषṣषṣषṣषषṣṣṣषṣषṣṣṣषषষṣषṣṣषषṣṣṣषṣषषṣषṣषṣषṣषṣषषṣṣṣषষṣषṣṣषषṣषषषṣषṣषṣṣṣषषषṣषषṣṣषषषषषषṣṣषषषṣṣषषṣषषषषṣṣषषषषṣषṣषṣषषषषषषṣṣषषषषṣषषषषṣṣषषṣṣषṣषषṣṣषषषṣṣषṣषषṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣषṣṣṣषषṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣṣषषषṣषषषṣषषषṣṣṣषṣषṣṣṣषṣषषṣṣषषṣषṣषषṣषṣषṣষषṣṣषṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣषषषṣষṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣषṣষṣषṣṣṣषṣषṣषṣषṣṣषṣषषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣषṣṣषषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣषṣṣषṣṣṣṣषṣषṣषṣṣṣṣषषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣषṣषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣषषṣṣṣṣषषṣषṣषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣषषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣषṣṣषṣṣषṣṣṣषषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣषषṣषषषষṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣषषṣṣṣṣषṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣṣषषषषषषṣṣṣषṣṣषṣषषṣṣṣषṣṣṣषषṣṣṣषṣṣṣषṣषषṣṣषषषṣषṣষṣṣषषṣṣṣषṣṣषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣषṣषṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषषṣषṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣषषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣষषषṣṣṣṣषषṣṣषṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣषṣṣṣṣষṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषषṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषषṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣষṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषषṣṣṣṣषषṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣषषṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषषषṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣषषṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣṣ dataSet of two towns.
ukkāvuni, see तीर्थादेसी. उक्की, s. Steam; cf अत्ती, अत्ती.
उक्कुणी (उक्कुणी), v.n. To boil, bubble up. 2. to run over in boiling. 3. to swell up, spring up; cf उग्रानी.
उगरू, adj. Brackish; also उगरु.
उगाडी, see उगाडी.
उगिपुनि (उगिपुनि), v.n. To spit out.
उगुरद्धि, s. A neck-lace with chasings or engravings like finger nails.
उगुरू, s. A nail, claw. उगवा a whitlow. उगवा tepid, lukewarm.
उगुरुबुरु, s. The creeper Daemia extensa.
उगा, s. Over-boiled rice; cf उगा.
उगी, s. A handle. 2. a hook. उगी to fasten a hook; also उगी.
उगुणी (उगुणी), v.n. To stammer. 2. to spurt. उगुणी त्यं blood to flow by spurts.
उगेलु, s. A well.
उग्रा, adj. Angry, vehement, passionate. 2. cruel. s. Wrath, rage. उग्रा to be angry.
उग्राण, उग्राणी, ugrāṇa, ugrāṇī, s. A storeroom. उग्राणी a granary.
उग्राणी, s. A storekeeper, steward. 2. a village peon under a Potail.
उग्री, s. A passionate man.
उदापति, s. Dealings on credit.
उदायिसुनि (उदायिसुनि), v.n. To exceed the bounds of propriety either in word or deed.
उठा, adj. Proper, suitable, fit. s. A gift. उठा फ्रीमेन freely, gratis.
उठाऊका, s. Quarrel, fight. 2. see उठानाधु.
उठाऊकिंता, see उठाऊकिंता.
उठाऊौ, see उठाऊौ.
उठाऊरिपुनि (उठाऊौ), v.a.
To utter, pronounce.
उठाऊौ, s. A hammer.
उठाऊताने, s. Exorcising evil spirits.
उठाऊौ, उठाऊौ, see उठाऊौ.
उठाऊौ, उठाऊौ, उठाऊ, उठाऊराण, s. Pronunciation.
उठाऊौ, s. A hammer.
उठाऊौ, उठाऊवा, see उठाऊवा.
उठाऊ, s. A snake. 2. a worm. उठाऊ a kind of fish.
उठाऊौ, उठाऊकित्ता, s. A loose knot. 2. spots on the skin of serpents.
उठाऊ, s. A snake, serpent; cf उठाऊ.
उजा, s. A fountain, spring. उजा a marshy field; see उजा.
उजादे, s. A deserted person.
ujade, s. Light, splendour. — to become light.

ujadi, s. Ruin. — to be ruined.

ujila, adj. White. — white colour.

uje, see ube. — ooze, percolate, trickle. 2. to become swampy.

ujatu, s. Force, violence. — to force.

ujalu, s. A swing. 2. A hammock.

ujuni (udivi), v. a. To rub; cf. ubevani.

ujjeryu, ujjeryu, s. A pestle.

utayisuni, utavuni (udadha), v. a. To raise, lift up; cf. ubevani.

utarané, s. Forgery, fabrication.

uttu, see ube b. [clothing.

uttutane, s. Food and

uttolu, see ube b.

udadhara, s. A gold or silver girdle; also ubevani.

udarige, udarige, s. A kind of cake.

udalyu, udalyu, s. The belly, stomach. — hectic fever.

udayisuni, udéisuni (udayisuni, udasi), v. a. To deny, contradict. 2. to reject.
to take one's meal, to dine, eat rice, (in opposition to a slight repast of fruits, cakes etc).

uneku, s. The time of evening. 2. the night-meal.

unpu, s. Boiled rice, solid food; also utaru, s. An antidote.

uttara, s. The north. 2. an answer. 3. (in law) a defence. adj. (Left), northern; subsequent, later. — a surety, bondsman.

uttaraṇa, s. The shrub Achyranthes aspera.

uttarādhikārī, s. A successor, heir.

uttarāyana, s. The sun's course to the north of the equator.

uttarāśāda, s. The twenty-first lunar mansion.

uttare, s. An upper or outer garment. 2. a towel.

uttarā, s. The twelfth lunar mansion, the tail of Leo.

uttāna, uttāvali, s. Haste, rashness, precipitancy.

uttāra, see uttasa.

uttāsa, s. Zeal, perseverance. 2. a rash, or strenuous exertion.

uttattu, s. The dried date fruit; also uttuma, s. An antidote.

uttama, s. Rising. 2. resurrection.

utpatti, s. Birth, origin. 2. produce, profit.

utpanna, s. Birth. adj. Produced, born.

utsava, s. A festival, public rejoicing. — the procession of an idol on a car. — a moveable idol generally taken abroad during a procession.

utsaha, uttsaha, s. Festivity, joy, rejoicing. 2. energy, strenuous exertion; it is often interchanged with uttara.

uttrani, see uttara.

uthāryu, s. A free gift, a freehold.

udaka, s. Water.

udaya, s. The rising of the sun, moon, or other heavenly bodies. the dawn.

udara, s. The belly. 2. the core of any thing. — colic.

uderuni, see uttarā.

udarme, see uttāra.
udalı, s. The white ant.
udalapuṇa, s. A white-ant-hill. 2. (med.) A cancer; pins or pinlike holes on the sole of the foot.
udalā, s. Saliva, spittle.
udāttā, adj. Liberal. 2. lofty. 3. high, as a note in music. s. The acute accent.
udantu, see udaru.
udāla, s. The credit system, lending.
udāra, adj. Liberal, generous. -ad, -a liberality.
udārane, udārane, udārane, see udāta. udāru, see uduru.
udālu, see udalu.
udāsa, udāsina, adj. Unconcerned, neutral.
udāharane, s. An answer. 2. an example, illustration.
udi, see udi.
udipāvuni, c. v. (of To beget.
udipini, see udipavuni.
udime, s. Merchandise, trade.
udiyabu, udiyabun, udiyabenpini, v. n. To become rich.
udiyuni (udiy), v. n. To rise, as the sun. 2. to be generated.
udupu, s. The act of coming into existence.

uduriburu, s. The creepers Asparagus sarmientosus, and Asparagus racemosus.
uduruni, v. n. To fall, drop off. 2. to hang down.
ude, s. A sheath. [song.
uderaga, s. A morning.
udēvuni (udē), v. a. To throw out. v. n. The hands to shake, as in sickness.
udo, intj. A formula used in presenting offerings to a goddess.
udda, s. Length. 2. distance.
uddara, adj. Long. -udu long and short) Middle sized. 2. separate. 3. distinct. adv. Distinctly.
uddari, see uddara.
uddāra, see uddara.
uddumē, see uddume.
uddāra, s. Deliverance. 2. protection. 3. prosperity. -ad to obtain deliverance; to become rich. -ad to protect, support. -ad to deliver the spirit of a deceased person from the power of a demon by propitiating it.
udyārāne, s. The biennial ceremony of washing an idol.
udyoga, s. Exertion, industry. 2. business, occu-
udri, s. A braid of false hairs.

udri, s. A match, pair. - an equal.

udrigonde, s. A hair-ornament.

udriburu, see udri.

udruni, see udri.

udreka, s. Excess, superabundance. adj. Excessive. an outburst of wrath.

udrigonch, excessive lust.

udhara, see udri.

unape, see sanskrit.

unile see sanskrit.

unnata, see sanskrit.

upa, A Sanskrit prefix implying direction. 2. vicinity. 3. inferiority.

upakathe, s. An episode.

upakarana, s. An appendage. 2. means, materials. 3. an instrument, tool. 4. vessels used in worshipping an idol.

upakara, upakruti, s. A service, favour, kindness, benefit. a benefactor.

upakrama, s. Taking in hand, setting about.

upagrahma, s. Suburb.

upacarane, upacara, upacara, s. Politeness, courtesy. upasa, see sanskrit.
upasarga, s. A grammatical term for preposition, e.g. ते, हे etc.

upastha, s. The parts of generation of either sex.

upahati, s. 'Mischief, trouble. 2. calamity; cf. uu.

upastha, s. The parts of generation of either sex.

upakarma, s. The annual festival of purification among the Brahmans between July and August when their sacred threads are renewed.

upādi, see उपाति.

upāya, s. An expedient, device, scheme. 2. means. 3. stratagem.

upāsa, s. Fasting; also उपेक्षा, s. Disregard. 2. want of appetite. 3. reluctance.

upādī, see उपाति.

upādā, see उपाति.

upādā imper. of उपाशा.

uparige, s. The upper story of a house.

upala, s. Macaranga Indica.

upaligē, s. A kind of tree. see उपालगी.

upādā, s. Pickles.

upārū, see उपारू.

uppu, s. Salt. उष्ण brackish. —कठ salt water. आः refined salt. नील small grained salt. तितली rock salt, Bombay salt. दुनसार earth salt.

upūda, s. Salted fish; cf. उपकर.

uppuni (उपूः), ir. v. To be, exist. 2. to abide, live in. 3. to help, support, protect. 4. c. dat. pers. to have, possess; also ज्ञात, (past ज्ञात etc.)

uppuruni (उपूरुः), v.n. To faint, stagger.

uppruni (उपरुः), v.n. Cattle to copulate.

uprālī, s. Spite. 2. annoyance. —शोच to despise, deride; to annoy.

ubāry, ubārū, s. Brackishness. adj. High. 2. turbid. adv. Above. —कठ salt water. नील brackish, or barren soil. —कठ fish to ascend a river with the tide. —कठ the stench of (stagnant) sea-water.

ubalige, s. A kind of tree.

ubė, s. Steam. उष्ण to bleach clothes. 2. to drive out any vermin by smoke. 3. to ripen fruits by artificial heat; also उष्ण.

ubbē, see उबे.

uberuni (उबरुः), v.n. To become thick.
ubba, s. High. 2. swollen. 3. turbid. adv. Aloft, 

ubbara, adj. High. 2. swollen. 3. turbid. adv. Aloft, 

ubbi, s. Saliva, spittle. 

- to viscid spittle. - to a spittoon; 

ubbina, s. A spittoon; also 

ubbiyuni (ט), v. n. To spit.

ubbuni, ubbeyuni (ט), v. n. To swell. 2. to be elated with joy or puffed up with pride.

ubbesa, s. Difficulty of breathing, gasping. 2. asthma. 

- to gasp, be breathless; to suffer from asthma; also 

ublapätera, s. Stammering, lisping.

uble, s. A stammerer.

ubhaya, adj. Both, two. 

- both parties. - on both sides or places.

umani, seeperms.

umi, s. The husk or chaff of paddy.

umilyu, s. A mosquito, gnat. - a mosquito-curtain.

ume, s. The wife of Siva; also sivah.

umédû, umédi, s. Liking, inclination. 2. expectation, prospect.

umédvare, s. A volunteer, candidate. 2. a copyist.

uma, see unma.

uyikyû, s. Crying like a monkey. [mem]

uyiluni, see unma, ña 

uyivuyi, interj. signifying alarm.

uyyâlu see unna.

ura, s. Ploughing, tillage. 

- a ploughman's stick. 

- to plough and level a field a second time; to make a field to hold or retain water.

uralyû, s. A ploughman’s or herdman’s song. - to sing whilst ploughing; also .

uri, s. A kind of very small crab.

uri, s. Blaze, flame. 2. heat. 3. acute pain. 4. wrath. - burning itch. - burning heat. - a furious person. - urine morbidly heated. - to speak angrily; to take revenge.

urigejje, s. Small bells strung on a rope and tied round the neck of a he-buffalo.

uripuni (ט), v. a. To sound, play upon. - to sound a trumpet.

uriyuni (ט), v. n. To burn, blaze. 2. to feel a burning sensation, as from
fever or itch; to feel acute pain. 3. to feel anguish. 4. to be wrath. _Grid_— (lit. the belly to burn), to be hungry; to feel anguish, to be envious. _Grid_— (lit. the body to burn); to be feverish; to be provoked, be angry. _Grid_ well-heated, pure, as silver.

uru, s. Tediousness. _adj._ Idle. —_to be idle, to feel reluctant. —_to procrastinate, put off.

uruntu, _adj._ Round.

urundulu, _adj._ Round.

urumbuni, _s._ A kind of drum.

urundeburu, _s._ The smooth-leaved heart-pea, Cardiospermum Halicababum.

urumbungi, _v.a._ To bore; _also_ /render_.

urudungi, _v._ To be idle, to feel reluctant. —_to procrastinate, put off.

urubu, _see_ /render_.

uruvolu, _see_ /render_.

uré, _s._ A deer.

urepungi, _v.a._ To try metals by a touch-stone.

urevungi, _v.n._ To be penetrated or incrusted, as with salt; _also_ /render_.

uresungi, _v.a._ To rub. 2. to polish. 3. _see_ /render_.

uro, _intj._ Alas. —_to have pity! —_to have pity on me.

uro, _s._ A bar across a passage.

urkargini, _v.n._ To bubble up, as boiling water.

urkavungi, _v.n._ (of _sindu) To cause to run over. 2. to put out.

urki, _s._ The shrub Sida Indica.

urkîly, _s._ The prickly-heat. 2. a kind of shrub. 3. a rough basket.

urku, _s._ An amulet. —_to be a necklace composed of small glass beads with a big gold bead in the middle.

urkune, _s._ The act of bubbling up.

urkungi, _v.n._ To rise; _cf._ /render_.

urgungi, _v.n._ To curdle. 2. to ferment.

uréungi, _v.n._ To go to stool, _vlg._ looseness of bowels. _ure_ a filthy woman. _ure_ a filthy man.

uré, _see_ /render_.

urdâta, _s._ Wrestling, combat, struggle.

urdavungi, _v.n._ (of _sindu) To set persons against each other, to stir up fighting.

urdungi, _v.n._ To wrestle, combat, struggle.

urûna, _s._ A round shaped cake.
urul, s. A bulbl protuberance. — to clot, curdle. 

urd, s. The kidney-bean, Phaseolus mungo.

urduni (urd), v. a. To rub, file. 2. to polish.

urpuni (urp), v. a. To blow a wind Instrument; cf. sro.

urpe, s. Slight boiling. — rice obtained from boiled paddy and differing from the unboiled (= 

ur, urbi, urbu, s. Increase, as of any disease or trouble. — (lit. to perceive trouble), to discern. — pressure of work.

urbuliyuni, see ä

uryuni, see ä

urye, s. A red kind of fowl.

urli, s. A brass vessel for preparing curries in.

urlu, s. A noose, snare. — to be entrapped in a snare. — to lay a snare. — to put a noose round the neck; to hang. — to hang oneself.

urle, s. A kind of cake.

urvan, s. An instrument for destroying nits.

urve, adj. Unripe.
usha, adj. Alert, sharp; bet. The opposite.

ushu, adj. Hot, warm. s. Heat, warmth.

usru, usuru, usulu, s. A deep sigh.

usaru, usary, usari, see usaru.

usuru, usuru, usulu, s. Breath. 2. life. —usuru to hold the breath. —usulu to die; gases to escape, as from a corked bottle. —usuru to breathe, respire.

usari, usal, usalsan, see usari.

usoru, usor, see usoru.

usold, usulu, usal, usal, s. In, into. Some declensions are formed of this adverb; as, — us a back or inner room. —usari from within.

usaru, adj. Alert, sharp; bet. The opposite.

usru, usuru, usulu, s. A deep sigh.

usaru, usary, usari, see usaru.

usuru, usuru, usulu, s. Breath. 2. life. —usuru to hold the breath. —usulu to die; gases to escape, as from a corked bottle. —usuru to breathe, respire.

usari, usal, usalsan, see usari.

usoru, usor, see usoru.

usold, usulu, usal, usal, s. In, into. Some declensions are formed of this adverb; as, — us a back or inner room. —usari from within.

usaru, adj. Alert, sharp; bet. The opposite.

usru, usuru, usulu, s. A deep sigh.
76

uru, The sixth letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is often written ʒ.

The sixth letter of the alphabet.

Superior, costly, fine.

In MSS. it is often written ʒ.

unc, uncu, Superior, costly, fine.

to lift up.

to cause a person to get up or leave his seat.

to insult, despise; cf. ʒsosojios.

To get up, press.

To press down.

unduni (v. a.), v. n. To get up, press.

To hold firmly.

umbu, see ʒsoso.

umbe, s. A hole.

újuni(v. n.), v. n. To ooze; also ʒsoso.

úta, s. Food, meal.

úti, s. A spring, fountain.

ütupačára, s. Hospitality and civility.

úte, see ʒsoso.

údavuni, c. v. (of ʒsoso) To fix. 2. to put in order.

to fix the boards of a chest.

údilu, s. A kind of broom grass.

úduni (v. a), v. a. To plough; cf. ʒsoso.

úna, see ʒsoso.

úta, s. A weight, burden.

2. a staff. — ʒsoso a weighing rod.

uda, údá, adj. Skyblue.

udu, s. A prop. — ʒsoso to prop. — ʒsoso a pole used as a prop.

udukāmeli, s. A malignant kind of jaundice from which particularly children suffer.

úduni (v. a), v. a. To blow, as a pipe. 2. to swell.

delicious a piper.

udubatti, s. An aromatic pastille.

úna, s. Defect, maim. — ʒsoso a cripple.

úyālu, see ʒsoso.

ūra, adj. Local. — ʒsoso a public office. — ʒsoso local custom. — ʒsoso gossip.

ūraṇe, see ʒsoso.

úravuni, c. v. (of ʒsoso) To plant, fix firmly.

uriyaye, s. A stranger; also ʒsoso.

ūru, s. A town. 2. a village. 3. one's native place.

townsmen. — ʒsoso country townsfolk. — ʒsoso country sesame. ʒsoso from village to village; cf. ʒsoso.

ūrumbali, s. A village grant.
uru

uru, s. A walking stick.

uru, v. a. To set firmly. 2. to plant in the ground as a seed or shrub, etc. 3. to gain power. रु--to plant one's foot.

urulu, s. A cross bar at the entrance of a garden etc.; cf. रुधे.

uraya, see रुधे.

urjita, adj. Confirmed, established.

urdhva, adj. Aloft, on high. रुधवां एथरेल एक, भूमिनी भ्रम.

urya, adj. Strange; cf. रुधे.

usante, s. A large bug.

usu, s. A fart.

usuni (सुन्य), v. n. To ooze; cf. रुधे to break wind downwards, vlg.

uselu, adj. Oozing. 2. filthy. 3. breaking wind downwards, vlg. रुधे a man who frequently breaks wind downwards.

uhe, uhane, s. Supposition, conjecture.

uliga, s. Service. 2. work. रुधे a servant, labourer.

uliyuni (सुन्य), v. n. To ooze; cf. रुधे. 2. the bowels to evacuate frequently; also रुधे.

ru

ru, The seventh letter of the alphabet, but seldom used in Tulu. It is commonly pro-
nounced like र or ो, which see for words beginning with र; as, रा = रा, रा। = रा।.
ye, The eighth letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is often written ọ.

yełu, see ọnọkà.

yeńkulu, pers. pro. We. This word which is the plural of ọnọkà signifies only the persons addressing, and should be distinguished from ọnọkà which always includes both the persons addressing and addressed.

yeńea, adv. How? ọ ọ however, anyhow, by all means.

yeńći, see ọnọkà.

yeńciri, intg. pro. What sort of? ọ ọ what sort of thing? ọ ọ what sort of man?

yeńjiru, s. A kind of tree.

yeńtì, s. Boasting, pride. 2. craftiness, cunning. ọ ọ to show pride, be cunning. ọ ọ to boast, prattle, play tricks. ọ a a crafty man.

yeńtẹ, s. A clod of earth. 2. an unburnt brick; cf. ọnọkà.

yeńnge, s. Calculation, estimation.

yeńnuni (ọnọkà), v. a. To count. 2. to think, presume. 3. to expect.

YE

yeńne, s. Oil. ọ an oil mill. ọ to rub with or apply oil. ọ distilled oil. ọ cinnamon oil. ọ ọ ọ gingely oil. ọ ọ ọ sandalwood oil. ọ ọ ọ cocoanut oil. ọ ọ ọ lamp-oil. ọ ọ ọ olive oil. ọ ọ ọ castor oil. ọ ọ ọ the oil of the nuts of Rottleria tinctoria. ọ ọ ọ kerosene oil. ọ ọ ọ champaka oil etc.

yeńnekappu, yeńnekempu, adj. Dark red.

yeńnebadane, s. A species of brinjals.

yentra, see ọnọkà.

yendruni (ọnọkà), v. a. To say fully; cf. ọnọkà.

yeńnavu, pro. Mine; cf. ọnọkà.

yeńnuni, see ọnọkà.

yempa, see ọnọkà.

yemmalu, s. A woman. ọ an angry woman.

yemme, see ọnọkà. 2. see ọnọkà.

yemmettuni (ọnọkà), v. n. To turn back. 2. to yield. 3. to abate, as sickness; cf. ọnọkà.

yeńkambelu, see ọnọkà.

yeńre, yeńre, yeķre, s. An acre.

yeķkü, adj. Nearly dead.
yekku, adv. Confusedly, indiscriminately. —<yekku> to become confused. —<yekkusakku> to reproach unjustly. —<yekkuni> to be perverse.
yekka, see 2. the ace.
yekka, s. The unit of numeration, first place in ciphering.
yekkačakka, see 2. yekka.
yekkadu, adv. Then. —<yekkade> already. —<yekkam> a little while ago.
yekka, s. A kind of game with cowries, arranged on a board. —<yekkanale> to play such a game.
yekkade, s. Hiccough. 2. gasping. —<yekkalyuni> to hiccough; to gasp; cf. <yekkadu>.
yekkanale, adj. Lean, thin. s. A glutton, greedy man; 2. see <yekka>.
yekkalamê, yekkamâlê, yekkamâle, yekkâmê, s. The swallow wort, Calotropis gigantea.
yekkale, s. A cockroach; also <yekkal>; cf. <yekka>, <yekkačakka>.
yekkalyuni (yekkal), v. n. To stretch the body, or stoop down in order to catch or pick up anything. 2. to spring or jump up.
yekkasakka, see <yekku>.
yekkâvuni, c. v. (of yekku) <yekkuni> to touch. 2. to gin. v. n. To ebb, decline. —<yekkantukku> to be within reach of the hand. —<yekka> to be on the point of death. —<yekkandru> to gin cotton. —<yekkandru> to be hungry.
yekke, s. The shrub Aristolochia Indica.
yeggê, s. A branch, bough.
yeggelyu, s. A small branch. —<yeggelu> a small piece of wood.
yeçipu, see 2. yeggê.
yeçâ, see 2. yeggê.
yeçarike, s. Wakefulness. 2. care, caution. 3. warning. —<yekkarapuni> to be awake. —<yekkarapuni> to warn, put on guard. —<yekkarapuni> to take precaution. —<yekkarapun> to remind. —<yekkarapun> to be on guard, be alert.
yeçaripuni, yeçarisuni (yekkarapuni), v. a. To admonish. 2. to caution, warn against.
yeçâ, s. Body. —<yekkarapuni> to put on clothes. —<yekkarapuni> to assault; see <yekkarapuni>.
yeçârâ, see 2. yegge.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yeçâ, see 2. yeccâ.
yejja, yejja, yejji, s. A hole. 2. a loophole. 3. the eye of a needle.

yedde, yejji, yejje, see yedda, yedde.

yeddy, see yedde.

yettakutta, s. Quarrelling and fighting.

yettavyuni, c.v. (of yejja) To bend, cause to stoop.

yetta, s. A prawn.

yetiballyaru, s. A small kind of shark.

yetisutta, yetisudda, s. The sword-fish.

yetun, v. a. To stitch, as leaves. 2. to cause mischief. 3. to box the ear.
v.n. To stumble, bow down; be hit. yetitake to bend down, as a tree laden with fruit.

yettele, s. A mischief-maker.

yeda, see yedda.

yedanuky, adv. On the left side. an offensive word.

yedanukuni (yeduna), v. a. To kick. 2. to hit. 3. to disregard; see yeduna.

yedapuni, ye duturuni, see yedapuni.

yedavattu, ye devattu, adj. Middling, indifferent. 2. dull, stupid. 3. rough, rugged. a stupid fellow. a rugged path.

yedumbure, s. A doll.

yedupuni, see yedupuni.

yede, see yede.

yededetu, see yededetu.

yedenanya, s. Paper-money. a stupid fellow, a man temporarily engaged.

yedenali, s. An inner wall round a temple.

yedemudi, see yedemudi.

yedde, s. Goodness. adj. Good, excellent, superior, fair, fine. 2. happy. 3. prosperous. a superior caste, fine breed. a festive day, holiday. an auspicious occasion. black pepper. adv. Well, very well. to improve in health; to prosper, be happy. may you, (he etc.) be happy. -to do good, to bless with prosperity. (lit. to eat good), to enjoy happiness as the fruit of one's good deeds. to speak favourably, fluently, or at length; to speak or argue ably; to chatter, goodness. of good sort.
yedpu, v. a. To thump, strike with the fist. 2. to pound in a mortar.

yedpuni (v.), v. a. To thump, strike with the fist. 2. to pound in a mortar.

yennama, num. Eight.

yena s. A corpse. a good for nothing, vlg.

yenike, yenka, yenke, s. Calculation, counting; estimation.

yenelyu, adj. Pertaining to the first crop. the first crop.

yeneti, s. A ladder.

yenme, see yen.

yenga, yenpa, num. Eighty.

yenma, see yenka.

yenme, s. The gingely-oil seed, 

yetti, see yen.

yetasti, adj. Exact, correct. adv. Exactly, correctly; bet. yenki.

yeti, see yen.

yetagadi, yettagade, s. Scheme, device. to scheme, devise.

yettagudyu, adj. Uneven, rugged.

yettana, see yen.

yettara, adj. High, lofty, tall. s. Height.

yettaruni (n.), v. a. To ascend, climb.

yettaduni, yettavuni, c. v. (of yedpu) To reach, deliver. 2. to gulp, swallow water etc. eagerly, or in large draughts.

yettige, s. A collection.

yettuni (n.), v. a. To raise a subscription or tax.

yettuvatali, s. The act of raising a subscription or tax.

yetna, s. Essay, endeavour, effort, exertion; bet. yenke.

yetvasi, s. Difference, disagreement, variance; bet. yenma.

yetha, adv. As, according to. adj. Proper, usual. as usual. the usual course or way; bet. yenke.

yethartha, see yenke.

yethe, s. Pain, smart, grief.

yethaea, yethae, see yetha.

yedpu, s. Beginning. the first shower of rain.

yeduryu, yeduru, s. The front, that which is opposite. 2. presence. the counterpart of a deed. a conditional deed of sale. half boiled rice. the counterpart of a lease. an opposite party, opponent. to meet, come face to face.
to stand in front, to oppose; to rebel.

to set up or instigate a person against another.

to speak to one's face; to contradict, oppose.

to come in sight, be seen; to be overtaken.

face to face.

before, in presence of.

yedi, see り.
yedi, s. A wing.
yediyane, see り.
yeduconuni (れ), v. to stand in front, to oppose; to rebel.
yedukonuni, see り.
yos, adj. Half-boiled. 2. half-witted, silly.
yebbau, see り.
ye, see り.
yemarike, yemarge, s. Storing.
yep to keep or store.
yeyipanji, s. A porcupine; cf. り.
yeyyuni (れ), v. a. To shoot an arrow.
yeraka, adj. Molten, cast, as metal.
yerak, s. To pour melted metal into a mould.
yeragu, s. Fitness.
yeraguni (れ), v. n. To melt. 2. to agree with the stomach.
yeraguni, s. To bow, prostrate, do obeisance. 2. to fall upon, seize. 3. to alight.
yeradu, num. Two; cf. り.
yerabai, s. A kind of fish.
yeral, yeral, see り.
yeravu, s. The act of lending or borrowing anything, for temporary use. 2. difference, distinction.
yeravu, s. A borrowed ornament.
yeral, s. An antelope, deer.
yeri, s. The glare or heat of fire. — yer ensemble, — yer to glare, be affected with the heat of fire; cf. SoS. 

yeriyante, s. A kind of fish. 

yeriyavuni, v.n. To glare. 2. to be hot. 

yeri, s. A buffalo. 2. a moth, worm. — yer to be decayed with worms. — yer to come into manhood. 

yerutari, yerutali, s. A kind of palm tree. 

yerubaiy, see सेबा। 

yerndale, s. A green pigeon. 

yerku, s. Rising or accumulation, as of water, etc. 2. severity. adj. Exceeding. — yerku to be in danger. 

yerka, s. Fulness. 2. proximity. adj. Full; near. 

yerakvuni, c.v. (of यर) To tuck up, as clothes, when wading a river etc. 2. to hold back, as milk by a cow etc. 

yerkuni (यर), v.n. To puff up, swell. 2. to rise or collect, as water in a place. 3. to be full of milk, as the breast or udder. — yer the belly to be distended.
A small but dangerous insect found on betel leaves.

To melt, as lead, butter, etc.

The day after tomorrow.

A name of Kālī.

Little, small, short. 2. inferior, mean. from infancy. to extol and disparage anything alternately.

Tomorrow.

The ninth letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is often written ఐ.

is affixed to the words ఓత and ఓ when addressing or asking honorifically a single person; as, ఓత ఓఐఐఐ O Rāmā! ఐఐఐఐఐఐ O boys! O children! ఐఐఐ is it not so? It is also affixed to nouns, pronouns, and adverbs by way of emphasis.

man only. you alone. even to day.

One, single. 2. solitary. 3. combined, united. the accurate adjustment of song and instrumental music. unity, unanimously. singular number, gram. of one colour or caste. a solitary man; a bachelor. jointly, unanimously; collusively.

At once; abruptly.

A medical plant.
yeka, s. A monarch.
yeka, see see. —s. Abruptly, suddenly; without permission. 2. Unreasonably, unjustly. —s. To reproach unjustly.
yekanayake, s. A solitary life. — alone.
yekanta, s. Solitude. 2. Secrecy. — Solitary, secluded; secret, in seclusion, secretly.
yekadasi, s. The eleventh day of either fortnight in the lunar month, on which Hindus fast.
yekangi, s. A solitary life. —alone.
yekini, yekhlni, s. Honesty, uprightness. 2. Chastity.
yekone, see see. — alone.
yekuni, yemarike, yemargi, yemarike, s. Annoyance (from goblins); cf. see. — Who knows?
yeppuni (स्त्र), v. a. To catch, as a ball. 2. To take, lift or toss up a child in the arms.
yepo, adv. When? —always, ever.
yepolu, see see. —Always, ever.
yepuni, v. a. To catch, as a ball. 2. To take, lift or toss up a child in the arms.
yepuni, s. A turtle.
yeru, see see. —Who? — Whoever, whosoever, any one. 2. To raise, lift up. 2. To increase, enhance; promote. 3. To load; embark. 4. To pet and spoil. 3. To load; embark. 4. To pet and spoil a child,
servant, etc. to raise the price; to out-bid. to set up a tree. to enhance punishment. to promote, increase one's pay. to load a cart or vessel with goods.

yeri, s. A kind of fish. 2. a bed for planting vegetables etc.

yeruni (yer), v.a. To ascend, climb, mount. v.n. To rise. 2. to be increased, be augmented. 3. to be accumulated.

yerete, see yer.

yerylaki, s. A part of a boxing match.

yersavuni (yerva), v.a. 2. to beat, strike. 3. to eat up.

yelu, see el.

yelakki, s. Cardamoms.

yelanna, s. Weariness. to become weary.

yelamù, s. An auction, public sale. to sell by auction.

yelavuni, e.v. (of yer) To cause to melt.

yeluni (yel), v.n. To melt, as lead, butter etc.

yevana, adv. However, at any rate.

yevara, see eva.

yevudeppude, s. Doubt, perplexity. adj. Doubtful.

yevura, see eva.

yesa, see es.

yesigê, see eis, eis.

yelu, num. Seven. seventh.

yelige, s. Increase, growth. 2. prosperity. 3. improvement; cf. .

yelpa, see el.

yelya, see el.

yelveru, s. Seven persons.
In it.
Owing to it, therefore.
Its, of it.
Sunday.
A kind of medicinal plant used for castrated buffaloes.
A kind of medicinal plant used for castrated buffaloes.
To tread.
A kind of medicinal plant used for castrated buffaloes.
A kind of medicinal plant used for castrated buffaloes.

A new ornamented earthen vessel used by Lingaits during nuptial ceremonies.
Weariness, affliction; bet. 
The elephant of Indra, regent of the eastern quarter.
To wait, stay, stop.
A kind of creep-
Sport. 2. childishness; also
Incivility, impoliteness; cf. 
Five persons.
Five persons.

Six, well done!

Bravo! well done! [es.}
Wealth, richness; }s.
Ha! alas!
Wealth. 2. cheerfulness; cf. 

necklace worn by a virgin or matron.
w, wo

wo, The eleventh letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is often written $\omega$.

wonti, adj. Alone, single, separated. — $\mathbb{R}$ a single man.

wonti, s. An ear-ring.

wontë, s. A camel, dromedary.

wonda, s. A public tank. 2. a hole, pit.

wonde, see wondë.

wontagare, s. A strong man. 2. a clever man.

wonti, s. Turn, time.

wontigë, s. Contribution. — $\mathbb{R}$ to collect contributions. — $\mathbb{R}$ to contribute.

wontu, s. A turn, time. adv. Once.

wontë, s. A little, a bit, smallness. adj. Little, few, small, trifling; also $\mathbb{R}$ a few persons. — $\mathbb{R}$ a few days. — $\mathbb{R}$ a little time. $\mathbb{R}$ very little.

wondakë, s. Urine. — $\mathbb{R}$ to piss, make water.

wondane, see wondë.

wondalige, wondolme, s. Congruity.

wondavuni, c. v. (of wontë) To gather, collect, join; to heap up.

wondike, wondigë, s. Joining, uniting, coalescence; cf. wondite.
wondi wondipuni, see ವೊಂದಿಪುಷ್ಟಿ.
wonduni (೦ದಿ), v. a. & n.
To gather, accumulate.
wonde, see ವೊಂಡೆ.
wondoluve, s. Relation.
wonnu, s. Gold.
wonne, see ವೊಂಣೆ.
wombu, adj. Becoming, elegant, graceful.
wombuni (೦ದಿ), v. n.
To be suitable, to agree with.
womma, intj. of surprise.
wombuni, wommukha, wommuga, s. One direction.
adv. In one direction. — ವೋಂಬು, — ವೋಂಬು to assemble for a certain purpose.
wommuta, adv. All around; cf. ವೊಂಬೂಲಿ.
wommê, adv. Once. 2. together; cf. ವೋಂಬು. — ವೋಂಬು to gather, collect, heap up.
womettuni (೦ದಿಯು), v. n. To be gathered.
wommêvuni (೦ದಿಯೂ), v. n. To be united, to be associated.
woriku, s. A lane, footpath; also ವೊರುಕು.
wornde, s. A quarter seer; also ವೊರುಣೇ; cf. ವೊರುಣೇ.
wormba, num. Nine. — ವೊರುಂಬಾ the ninth.
wombuni, see ವೊಂಬು.

wogga wokalatyu, see ವೊಕಲಾತ್ಯು.
wokile, see ವೊಕ್ಲೆ.
wokka, s. The hip, waist.
— ವೊಕ್ಕಸ a string or thin girdle round the waist.
wokkatru, s. Concord, unanimity.
wokkatru, s. Concord, unanimity.
wokkatuni (೦ದಿಯು), v. n.
To be in concord.
wokkana, wokkane, s. A heading, title, address.
2. style, composition; bet. ವೊಕ್ಕಕನೆ — ವೊಕ್ಕಕನೆ to sign.
wokkayi, s. A single hand.
wokkuni (೦ದಿಯು), v. a. To scratch.
wokkelu, s. A tenant. — ವೊಕ್ಕಳಲು to occupy, reside. — ವೊಕ್ಕಳಲು to be tenanted as a house, place or garden.
wokkelme, s. One of a cultivating class called the Bants, a Bant; fem. ವೊಕ್ಕಲ್ಲೇ, ವೊಕ್ಕಲ್ಲೇ.
wogatu, s. A riddle, an enigma. 2. mystic language, cant. — ವೊಗಟು an ambiguous expression.
wogaru, s. Brackishness. adj. Salty, brackish.
wogaruni (೦ದಿ), v. n. To become salty or brackish.
wogatru, see ವೊಗಟು.
wogatatuni, see ವೊಗಟು.
woggada, s. Oneness, concord. — ವೊಗಗದ, see ವೊಗಗದ.
wogga, s. Seasoning.

woggarane, s. To season.

woggapini (woggapini), v. n.
To become one, be united.

woggari, s. A handle, hook; 
cf. woggari. —a piece of plank suspended on both ends, for keeping things. —to be of one mind. —to lay wait.

woggandi, s. Depth.

wocana, see wocana.

wocipuni (wocipuni), v. a. To wipe off, rub out, efface. 2. to clean.

wocci, adj. Single.

woei, s. A small whetting board; also woei, woe. —a board for sharpening knives, chisels etc.

woeciyuni (woreciyuni), v. a. To deliver, give in charge; also woei, woe. —woeciyuni, v. a. see woeciyuni. 2. to whet, sharpen (a knife). 3. to row (a boat).

woja, wojaya, wojaye, wojaj, wojedi, s. Deduction, subtraction, remission. —to deduct, remit.

wojanu, wojane, s. A load, weight, burden.

wjr, wjir, wjira, wojra, s. A diamond; bet. wjr.

wojire, s. A vizier.

wojayisuni (wojayisuni), v. a. To gather. 2. to change money, cash a cheque or note.

wotara, s. The enclosure of a house. 2. vicinity.

wotta, wottavu s. Discount, agio. 2. premium.

wottage, see wottage.

wottu, s. Total. 2. amount, sum. 3. the whole. —the whole contract. —the whole. —an aggregate account, sum total. —to add, collect, heap, sum up.

wottuni (wottuni), v. a. To press. 2. to heap, pile up.

wotte, s. The lip, mouth.

wotte, s. A fissure, hole. 2. a potsherd. adj. Broken, cracked.

woj, wodutely, see woj.

woda, postp. With.

wodambadik, wodambadige, s. Agreement, consent, contract, covenant. 2. a treaty.

wodambadipuni (wodambadipuni), v. a. To consent, agree, concur. 2. to be pleased.
woda, s. 

1. Bruise, fracture. 2. a leak. 

wodakari, see wodakê. 

wodatana, see wodatê. 

wodati, s. A mistress. 

wodatelu, s. Breaking. adj. Broken; cf. wodatê. 

wodaye, s. A proprietor, master, lord. 

wodaru, s. An additional rafter or prop, used for supporting a roof; also wodâlê. 

wodatâlu, see wodatê. 

wodave, s. Property in general. 2. an ornament, jewel. 

wodi, s. A border. 2. division, plot or range of rice-fields. —wodi, to put borders in a field. 

wodi, s. A bubo. —wodâlê, —wodi, a bubo to break out. 

wodipuni, see wodâlê. 

wodiyuni (awdi), v. n. To break. 2. to stoop, bend, as a branch laden with fruits. 

wodily, see wodi. 

wodive, see wodi. 

wodê, wodêlê, s. An iguana. —wodêlê, —wodêlê an iguana to get into a house; (fig.) to have a bad omen. 

wodêkêlê, wodênkêlê, wodêngelê s. The end. 2. boundary, limit. 

wodâlê, s. Moving, flowing. 

wodakê, s. Flowing water. 

wodângelunê (awdi), v. n. To cease to bear fruit. 

wodumbu, s. Stupidity. 2. uselessness. adj. Stupid; useless. 

wodumbulu, see wodâlê. 

wodupuni (awdi), v. a. To pluck. 


wodetana, s. Proprietorship, mastery. 

wodetaruni (awdi), v. n. To suffer from the pain of a boil etc. 

wodepuni (awdi), v. a. To break or break open. 

wodeyuni (awdi), v. n. To break. 

wodeye, see wodê. 

wodewottu, s. A whole family. 

wodêlê, s. End, termination. 

2. bruise. adj. Broken. —wodê the last man. 

wodêlê, wodêlê inferior rice imported from the Ghats, broken rice. 

wodkelu, s. Finishing, end. 

wodda, adj. Flowing, —sê flowing water. 

woddâvuni, c. v. (of woddâ) 

2) To turn, stretch, cast, set.
to turn flowing water into a field etc. to hold or stretch out the hand. to cast a net. to set up a snare.

A stalwart or well formed man.

see .

Stubble. 2. see .

To hold or stretch out, as the hand. To flow, run.

Multiplication table.

A royal assembly, darbār.

A stroke, beating.

gain, emolument.

A kind of fish.

, see .

v. (of ) To cause to pluck, bend, diminish. 2. to lessen, diminish. 3. to drain. to drain a rice-field after sowing or before reaping. 4. to change, as money.

Plucking.

To pluck. 2. to lessen, decrease.

A belt or girdle, made of gold etc. and generally worn by a devil-dancer.

A ring with engraving worn by females.

adj. Dry, withered; lean, thin; also .

adj. Dried. 2. stiff. 3. faded, emaciated; of .

adj. Dryness.


see .

see .

Bail, security.

A bail, bondsman.

see .

One side.

adv. Aside, in a corner. to keep aside.

Force, compulsion.

persuasion, coaxing; also . to force; to persuade.

Extremity, corner. 2. order, arrangement. to keep in a corner, put in order. to move aside to gather.

An under letter.

One place, or side.
1) To cause to press.  2. to be impressed or sealed.

wotti, s. A pawn, pledge.

wottu, s. The mark of aspiration under a letter; a kerned letter.  2. closeness, thickness.  — to place closely, fix firmly; to foment.  — or to reproach or abuse indirectly.

wottu, adj. Single, solitary.

wottuni, v. To press.  2. shampoo.  3. to seal, stamp.

wottu, see wotti.

wottule, s. An oppressor.

wodagur, s. Haste, speed.  — to make haste, to hasten.

wodagavuni, c. v. (of wodagu) To procure, supply.  2. to prepare.  3. to assist; also woddawuni.

wodaguni (wodagu), v. n. To be opportune, or ready.  2. to prosper.

wodary, see wodag.

wodi, s. Phlegm, phlegmatic humour.  — phlegm to gather in the throat, to breathe hard; to become hoarse.  — phlegm to rattle.

wodeyuni, see woddawuni.

woddadpavuni, c. v. (of woddadun) To oppress, molest.

woddatu, s. Hardship, difficulty, misfortune.  2. suffering from any disease.

woddawuni, woddadpununi (woddadun), v. n. To be in distress, strive with difficulties.  2. to be prostrated from illness.

woddavuni, see woddawuni.

wodduni, see woddavuni.

wodde, s. Wetness, moisture.  adj. Wet; cf. wet.

wona, see wodawuni.

wonapè, see wodawuni.

wonaru, s. An art, skill, cunning.  2. means, device, attempt.  — a contriver, schemer; also a brother.

wonantara, see wodawuni.

wonari, wopage, woppa, woppage, adv. Jointly, in company with.  adj. (wopage) Joint; accessory; neighboring.  a companion, attendant.  born of the same parents, a brother.

wopala, see wopage.

woppanda, s. An agreement, contract.  2. an alliance, treaty.

woppasale, s. Flattery.

woppavuni, woppiyavuni, c. v. (of woppi) To cause to consent or agree.  2. to persuade, prevail upon.  3. to level.  a levelled field.
\textbf{Consent, agreement; compliance.} \\
\textbf{To admit, acknowledge; to acquiesce in.} \\
\textbf{To agree to, assent, consent.} \\
\textbf{To comply with.} \\
\textbf{To be fit, suitable.} \\
\textbf{To resemble.} \\
\textbf{To sign.} \\
\textbf{A single man. adv.} Alone. \\
\textbf{Harmony, unanimity.} \\
\textbf{To reel, stagger.} \\
\textbf{A pole, staff.} \\
\textbf{A kind of wooden comb to pick lice with; also wooden seat with a back.} \\
\textbf{To cause to draw or pull.} \\
\textbf{To draw, pull, drag.} \\
\textbf{Feigning, pretence; insinuation.} \\
\textbf{The force or velocity of a stream etc.} \\
\textbf{see} \\
\textbf{see} \\
\textbf{see} \\
\textbf{see} \\
\textbf{One, single, solitary, esp. in cpds, as one eye etc.} \\
\textbf{see} \\
\textbf{adv.} Once, at once. \\
\textbf{each time, now and then.} \\
\textbf{Hatred, ill-will. 2. retaliation.} \\
\textbf{To hate. 2. to retaliate.} \\
\textbf{Gold leaf; gilt.} \\
\textbf{A watery place.} \\
\textbf{A cushion to lean the back upon.} \\
\textbf{To lean the back against or upon anything, to recline.} \\
\textbf{To wrangle. 2. to importunate. 3. to haggle; cf.}
worada, s. A collection, subscription; cf. woranu.

woranu, s. A pagoda, coin of four Rupees. —48 gold below the highest touch. — a coin of the value of 13 gold fanams.

worata, worata, s. Urgency, necessity; pressure. 2. an urgent demand; importunity. — a notice of demand for collection of rent. — to demand, importune, urge. — a peremptory demand.

worata, s. The name of a female demon.

woradatha, s. Mutual wrangling, disputation, or contention.

woradaduni (woradada), v. n. To wrangle, contend, quarrel.

woradi, see wora.

woraduni, see wora.

woranu, see wora.

worabelu, s. Rice once cleared of its husk only.

woralu, s. A large mortar. 2. see wora.

worale, s. A termite, white ant.

worasare, worasale, s. A kind of sham-fight in connection with a temple-festival. — to play this sham-fight.

woralu, s. The ploughman's song. — to sing such a song.

woralu, worada, see wora.

woranu, see wora.

wori, adj. Single, solitary.

worike, see wora.

woripavuni, woripununi, c. v. (of wari) To spare. 2. to protect. 3. to assist, help.

woripuni, woripununi (wari), v. n. To remain, be left. 2. to survive.

woripe, woripelu, s. Remnant. adj. Remaining.

woriye, worye, a single or solitary man. emph. — alone, singly.

woru, s. Features, form, mark, shape. — to be changed, as one's features. — to recognise, identify.

woruva, see wora.

woruvara, adv. Once.

wore, s. A scabbard, sheath.

worekallu, v. n. To roll on the ground, in the dust or mire; also to recogni

worekally, s. A touchstone; also wornere.

worokor, s. Obliteration.
woreguni, see worepunj.
worepuni, see worepeli.
worepelu, see worepeli.
worevuni (v. a. To rub, wipe, cause to corrode.
2. to tease, trouble; cf. woreguni.
woresuni (v. n. To diminish, wear off. 2. to glide.
3. to fail. v. a. To rub, wipe.
worerun, s. A single eye.
workani, adj. One sided.
2. partially developed. woreguni to cut or pare on one side of any thing. werevuni to develop gradually, as a creeper or the kernel of a tender coconut. worevuni one half of a coconut.
workade, s. A stick in the manure.
workaryu, s. A single leg. worevuni to stand on one leg.
workumbe, adv. Alone.
workenni, s. One of the cheeks or temples. worevuni hemicrania.
worka, s. A class, community; a tribe. 2. a proprietary land. 3. (merc.) the ledger (book). 4. transfer, shift. worevuni a proprietor, landlord. werevuni to be transferred; also worevuni worn, s. Report, news, intimation. worevuni to report, intimate; also worevuni.
worgul, woreguni (v. a. To agree (any food) with one's stomach. 2. to have a relish for a particular dish. 3. to agree with a proposition.
worga, s. A man who can relish or digest anything.
worgari, s. The first of a breed of fowls.
worga, see worevuni.
worgipuni, s. A man who can relish or digest anything.
worgale, worked, worgole, j. A man who can relish or digest anything.
worgoti, s. One of a breed of fowls.
worga, see worevuni.
worga, pron. A single woman.
worte, see worevuni. 2. see worevuni.
worda, adj. Bent, crooked, tortuous, uneven. worevuni to cast a side-glance, to leer; to squint. werevuni to place crookedly. worevuni to talk evasively worevuni to fall obliquely; also worevuni.
worogelly, adj. Crooked, curved; inclined, bent.
woravuni, c. v. (of worevuni) To incline, slope, form with a slope.
wordi, s. Report, news, intimation. worevuni to report, intimate; also worevuni.
wordi, pron. A single woman.
worduni (v. n. To bend, bow. 2. to lean on one side.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sanskrit Word</th>
<th>English Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>worna</em></td>
<td>s. Shape; see <em>worna</em> as before.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>wormaga</em></td>
<td>adv. Formerly, once upon a time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worpali</em></td>
<td>s. A single pulse or artery. 2. the uvula. 3. a swelling in one of the kernels of the throat; cf. <em>worma</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worpale</em></td>
<td>s. A lean, thin man. 2. a single leaf. 3. a mat made of single palmyma leaves. 4. a small mat for one person; cf. <em>worna</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worpude</em></td>
<td>s. Torment, trouble. 2. one side.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worpe</em></td>
<td>see <em>worna</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worportu</em></td>
<td>s. Half a day. 3. half a day's labour; work that can be finished within half a day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worbadi</em></td>
<td>adj. Single. -a a garment, a small piece of cloth. adv. Whole, all over, entire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worbale</em></td>
<td>s. A single slip of a bamboo. 2. a bangle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worbuddhi</em></td>
<td>s. Union, harmony.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worbule</em></td>
<td>s. A single crop.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worbhaga</em></td>
<td>s. A single part, portion or division.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worma</em></td>
<td>s. A vital organ or member; also <em>worma</em>. 2. a secret. -a secret; pricking; vital. -a a vital part. -a a secret that will affect a person.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>wormara</em></td>
<td>s. The trunk of a tree lopped of its branches.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worla</em></td>
<td>s. A seer, a measure equal to eighty tolas. -a a seer of paddy. -a a vital part. (lit. a man worth a seer of paddy), a worthless man.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worluni</em></td>
<td>see <em>worna</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worvara</em></td>
<td>see <em>worsa</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>worsa</em></td>
<td>s. A year; also <em>worsa</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>wolanguni</em></td>
<td>v. n. To move in a circle or to and fro.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>wolaanguni</em></td>
<td>v. n. To incline, lean.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>wolandala</em></td>
<td>s. Swoon, fainting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>wolampu</em></td>
<td>s. Cleanliness, purity. 2. affection in walking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>wolapu</em></td>
<td>s. To love. 2. to fondle.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
wola, s. Pasture. Also to tie cattle for grazing.

wolame, s. Affection, love, kindness.

wolame, s. A cloth covering the privities.

wolassu, adj. Putrid, stinking, dirty, unclean. Also wolâs, intj. Behold! lo!

olî, An affix to verbs meaning can, e.g. can make, or can be made;  can go;  can read, etc. (opp. to  cannot).

woli, s. A cadjan leaf used to write upon. Also a basket made of cadjan leaves.

wolipu, s. The skin. 2. the skin of a snake. 3. shape.

wolipuni, v. n. To cast off the skin, as a snake.

wolipuni (wô), v. n. To be possessed with a demon.

wolipe, s. Gratuitous supplies to persons of distinction. 2. a present, gift. Also to give a present;  also  woli.

wolimade, s. A place where devil-dancers are painted.

woliyuni (wô), v. n. To favour, be kind, as superiors to inferiors.

woluiguni, see  wolu. wol, pl. of wol.

woleppu, see  wole.

wolpa, see  wale.

wolpe, s. Purity; cf. wolpe. 2. see  wale.

wolbe, s. A kind of paddy-field.

wolme, see  wola.

wollâgé, s. A cloth covering the privities.

wollâs, see  wolâs.

wolâ, adj. Also wolâ, intj. Behold! lo!

wolle, wolle, s. A water-snake. 2. see  wolô.

wollekodi, s. A medicinal plant *Memecylon amplexicaule*.

wolve, s. Resemblance, similarity.


wovulu, see  wovu.

woša, s. Charge, possession. 2. subjection; also  won. Also to pass into possession, to submit; to be fascinated, charmed. Also to take charge of; to subject, subdue; to gain over, enchant, charm, decoy.

wošilu, wošili, s. Bias, partiality; also  wolî. Also to be partial.

wošaya, wosaye, s. News. 2. the ceremony of sending a messenger to a girl's husband
or parents, with the news of her attaining puberty. —ṣaṣāṣāṣāj to send such a message.

wosa, s. A spring, fountain. —ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj a fountain-head. —ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj an oozing or trickling spring. —ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj a lateral spring.

wosaruni (ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj), v. n. To ooze, leak.

wosaru, see wosa.

wosulu, s. Collection or recovery of any dues; also wosula. —ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj to collect, recover.

wola, adj. Inner, internal.
2. secret, private; also ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj intermeddling; collusion, conspiracy.

wolagāpini (ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj), v. n. To submit, obey. 2. to adhere, as to a party.

wolaguṭṭu, s. A secret, mystery.

wolači, s. A grove, under-wood; a fenced wood near a house; also ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj. wolamattu, s. The internal measurement of a given area, or of a hollow thing.

wolamārga, s. A by-path, footpath; also ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj.

wolavu, wolavu, s. Curve, bend; inclination. 2. the mind, secret thought.

wolamundu, s. The inner courtyard of a house.

wolasaṇi, wolasaṇi, s. Collusion, conspiracy, plot.

wolasūtra, s. The inner frame of a door or window.

woli, s. Light, splendour.

wolepuni (ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj), v. a. To call.

wolevuni, see wolepuni.

woltu, woltu, woltu, woltu, wolpa, see ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj.

wollekodi, see ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj.

wō, The twelfth letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is often written ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj.

wō, intj. O! oh! as, ḍājāj O Rāma! ḍājāj O mother! wōnkadē, s. An effort to vomit, retching. 2. heaving of the belly. —ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj to vomit.

wōngēruri (ṣaṣāṣāṣāṣāṣāj), v. n. To listen. 2. to overhear, eavesdrop.

wōnti, see wō.

wōnte, s. A kind of large
thin reed. 2. a pipe made of reed.

wönte, see 100.

wöntepuli, s. The sour fruit of *Garcinia cambogia*; also むのうるし, むのうるし.

wöndu, (abbr. of むのうるし) Where is it?

wönti, s. A blood-sucker, salamander. 2. a swelling of the face. 3. a kind of fish.

wōkali, wōkuli, s. Crimsoned turmeric water. 2. squirting this red liquid upon passers by etc. at the conclusion of an important temple festival or of a marriage; also むンて.

wōkonuni (むのうるし), v.a. To answer to a call.

wōnoṃuni, see むのうるし.

wōdi, s. A pair, couple. 2. to pair, couple.

wōja, wōjassa, s. Light, splendour. 2. strength. 3. bravery, valour.

wojja, intj. Hailing, calling out to a person at a distance.

wojju, s. A tie, knot. 2. to tie.

wōta, s. Running, race. 2. the current of a stream, sailing of a vessel.

wöntepuli, see むのうるし.

wōda, s. A boat, wherry. 2. a boatman. 3. a boat for throwing from a boat.

wōdari, s. A potter. 2. a term of reproach implying want of sense. 3. the potter's work; a clumsy or ill-executed work.

wōdikatthu, s. A religious or social association of members of the same caste at board, festival, marriage etc.; cf. むどけ.

wōdilu, wōdu, s. A potsherd. 2. a tile.

wōduni (むどく), v. n. To run. 2. roots to spread in every direction.

wōde, see むど.


wōdreyi, abbr. of むどれいか; see むど.

wōni, s. A lane, alley.

wōne, see むね.

wōnedāye, s. An areca-nut planter. 2. the name of a caste. 3. a lame man.

wōdavuni, c. v. (of むどく) To cause to read, to teach how to read.

wōdigu, wōdige, wōdu, s. Reading, perusal.

wōduni (むどく), v. a. To read, peruse. 2. to read over to another.

wōdyu, wōdyu, see むど.
The first letters with which a Hindu commences his studies, meaning 'I make obeisance to the Infinite'. 2. an alphabet.

A Hindu alphabet.

A fine kind of sand used for polishing jewellery.

A quill of a porcupine.

A kind of whisky.

Grumbling, howl.

A hut.

A house with quarrelling inhabitant.

To grumble; see రయుని.

To prate, babble; to wrangle.

Crooked; bent.

Oblique, uneven, irregular.

To be grumbling; to quarrel continually.

See రయుని.

A royal assembly, durbar.

A band of musicians. — రయుని a musician. — రయుని to play upon musical instruments.

Menial service of Pariahs. — రయుని a menial servant.

To serve. 2. to do homage.

Always.

Always.

A trench in the earth made by a spade or pickaxe. — రయుని to make a trench.

As, like. s. Likeness, resemblance.

A metallic ear-ring.

rilly, s. A hut. 2. a house with quarrelling inhabitants.

To grumble; see రయుని.

To prate, babble; to wrangle.

Crooked; bent.

Oblique, uneven, irregular.

To be grumbling; to quarrel continually.

See రయుని.

A royal assembly, durbar.

A band of musicians. — రయుని a musician. — రయుని to play upon musical instruments.

Menial service of Pariahs. — రయుని a menial servant.

To serve. 2. to do homage.

Always.

Always.

A trench in the earth made by a spade or pickaxe. — రయుని to make a trench.

As, like. s. Likeness, resemblance.

A metallic ear-ring.

rilly, s. A hut. 2. a house with quarrelling inhabitants.
and put into the hole of a female's ear. 3. a letter or epistle inscribed on a palmyra leaf. -ज्ञा the carrier of such a message. -हङ्गाँ jaggory made of palm juice.

\[
\text{wōlega, see ओले.} \\
\text{wōleguni (वोलेगुनी), व. न. To sit in state. 2. to lean, recline. 3. to tremble as a demon-priest.} \\
\text{wōlemanāngu, s. A kind of fish.} \\
\text{wōlya, see ओल्या.}
\]

\[
\text{wōle, see ओले.}
\]

\[
\text{au, The thirteenth letter of the alphabet.} \\
\text{aukuni (आकुनी), व. ए. To press down.} \\
\text{antu, s. Arrogance, insolence, pride.} \\
\text{aumpuni (आमपुनी), व. ए. To chew, mumble, bite softly.} \\
\text{autu, s. End, termination. -तेन् to be finished.} \\
\text{aude, s. Dolichos catjang; also ओडे.} \\
\text{auta, s. The letter अ in combination with a consonant, as in क. -हङ्गाँ to combine it so.}
\]

\[
\text{auta, autanā, autana, s. A grand dinner. -हङ्गाँ to give such a dinner.} \\
\text{audārya, see आदर्य.} \\
\text{audi, s. see ओडी.} \\
\text{audrēka, see आद्रेक.} \\
\text{aura, adj. Light, not heavy; cf. आव.} \\
\text{ausakuna, see आसकुना.} \\
\text{ausada, aushadha, aushadhi, ausudhi, s. Medicine. 2. a drug.} \\
\text{ausa, see ओसा.} \\
\text{āulu, see आु.}
\]
ک, The fourteenth letter of the alphabet.

کنکا, s. A bracelet.

1. a sacred string tied round the right wrist of a bridegroom or the left of a bride.

کانکنکاره, s. Borax used in soldering metal.

کنکانی, کنکان, s. A bracelet of gold or shell-lac, with prickly chasings. —کنکا a shell-lac bracelet of similar form covered with Dutch metal.

کنکا, adv. On the face, flatwise.

کنکپپ, s. A small hammer, especially used by goldsmiths.

کنکابختی, s. The assumed name of Dharmarājā while residing in disguise with Virāṭarājā.

کنکارپ, کنکاریپنی, کنکاریپنی, v. n. To hawk, force up phlegm with a noise; to clear the throat; to hem.

کنکی, see کنک.

کنکش, کنکش, کنکش, s. A kind of fragrant drug, used as a cosmetic.

کنکلا, s. The armpit.

کنک, see کنک.
karici, karicikayi, s. A kind of bitter orange used in medicine.
karicipuli, s. A kind of wasp.
karicigare, s. A worker in bell-metal, brazier.
karicusi, kariciini, kaunci, s. A dancing-girl.
karicii, s. A vow made to a demon.
karicu, see karici.
kariga, s. A lotus. 2. see kancu
karjalige, s. A kind of tambourine.
kariji, s. A calf. 2. the pestle of a grinding stone. 3. a sheaf of hay.
karjoju, s. A kind of bush.
kariya, s. A bag or metallic vessel in which pilgrims put their offerings. 2. a wickerwork used for storing rice etc.
kaata, see kanta.
kanta, kaanta, kaanta, s. Danger, peril.
kaattavun, s. An iron style used for writing upon palm leaves.
kaanti, see kanta.
kaantiyavuni, c. (of kanta) To stir up a quarrel.
kaantiyuni, kaantyuni (kaanti), c. n. To quarrel, fight. kaantyuni a quarrel.
kaante, kaunte, s. The neck, throat. —kaantul, —kaante swearing by the neck.
kantyale, s. A quarrelsome man.
kaantha, s. The neck, throat. —kaantul up to the neck; swearing by the neck. —kaanta an ornament worn round the neck.
kaanthabharana, s. A kind of necklace.
kaanthakshara, s. A guttural letter.
kaanti, karthi, kaanthisara, s. A necklace of gold beads worn by males.
kaanthiraye, s. The name of a certain king. —kaanta a gold coin issued by him.
kaandyu, kaandyu, kaandu, adj. Stolen. —kaandu stealing; adultery. kaandana a woman who has become pregnant by adultery, vlg.
kaandyu, see kaandyu.
kaanda, s. A field.
kaanda, see kanda.
kaandu, kaandani, kaandane, s. A husband.
kaandane, see kaandane.
kaandapini, abbr. of kaanda.
kaandu, kaandata, adj. Confused, out of order. 2. unreasonable, improper. adv. Confusedly; at random; im-

[karici, karicikayi, s. A kind of bitter orange used in medicine.
karicipuli, s. A kind of wasp.
karicigare, s. A worker in bell-metal, brazier.
karicusi, kariciini, kaunci, s. A dancing-girl.
karicii, s. A vow made to a demon.
karicu, see karici.
kariga, s. A lotus. 2. see kancu
karjalige, s. A kind of tambourine.
kariji, s. A calf. 2. the pestle of a grinding stone. 3. a sheaf of hay.
karjoju, s. A kind of bush.
kariya, s. A bag or metallic vessel in which pilgrims put their offerings. 2. a wickerwork used for storing rice etc.
kaata, see kanta.
kanta, kaanta, kaanta, s. Danger, peril.
kaattavun, s. An iron style used for writing upon palm leaves.
kaanti, see kanta.
kaantiyavuni, c. (of kanta) To stir up a quarrel.
kaantiyuni, kaantyuni (kaanti), c. n. To quarrel, fight. kaantyuni a quarrel.
kaante, kaunte, s. The neck, throat. —kaantul, —kaante swearing by the neck.
kantyale, s. A quarrelsome man.
kaantha, s. The neck, throat. —kaantul up to the neck; swearing by the neck. —kaanta an ornament worn round the neck.
kaanthabharana, s. A kind of necklace.
kaanthakshara, s. A guttural letter.
kaanti, karthi, kaanthisara, s. A necklace of gold beads worn by males.
kaanthiraye, s. The name of a certain king. —kaanta a gold coin issued by him.
kaandyu, kaandyu, kaandu, adj. Stolen. —kaandu stealing; adultery. kaandana a woman who has become pregnant by adultery, vlg.
kaandyu, see kaandyu.
kaanda, s. A field.
kaanda, see kanda.
kaandu, kaandani, kaandane, s. A husband.
kaandane, see kaandane.
kaandapini, abbr. of kaanda.
kaandu, kaandata, adj. Confused, out of order. 2. unreasonable, improper. adv. Confusedly; at random; im-
properly. — to roam about. — to prate, prattle; to abuse; to speak nonsense.

kandavuni, see kandi, J. A hole, opening.

kandi, s. 1. A hole, opening.
2. a window; cf. kandita.

kandimara, s. The trunk of a tree cut down for sawing.

kandu, s. A thief. 2. a knave, rogue.

kanduga, see soozliX.

kandu! To take. 2. to steal.

kande, A bulbous root. 2. the stomach. 3. bottom.

to grow or appear above the surface of earth, as the trunk of a cocoanut tree etc.

kandekutti, s. A dwarf.

kandegare, see kanderiyuni.

kanderiyuni (kande), v. a. To take. 2. to steal.

kande, s. A bulbous root. 2. the stomach. 3. bottom. — (lit. the stomach to evacuate), to be hard pressed, bothered; to be done up. —, to suffer from colic. — to grow or appear above the surface of earth, as the trunk of a cocoanut tree etc.

kandekutti, s. A dwarf.

kandegare, see kanderiyuni.

kanderiyuni (kande), v. a. To make a cut.

kandely, adj. Thievish, stealing. — a thievishness, theft. — a male thief. — a female thief.

kandonuni, v. ref. (lit. to take for oneself) To steal, rob.
kannumbaruni, s. Talking in sleep.

kannukatayu, s. Blind-folding, deception. 2. jugglery, conjuration. -a a juggler.

kanna, see kann.

kannambaruni (kanna), v. n. To talk in sleep.

kannadi, see kannadi.

kannadiyuni, kannadyuni (kanna), v. n. To be confused, perplexed.

kannamalu, s. The morbid secretions of the eye.

kannare, adv. With one's own eyes. 2. clearly, distinctly. -a to see for oneself; to see clearly.

kanni, s. Fibre. 2. gummy exudation from the outer fibrous covering of a coconut. -a Caryota urens.

kannuceu, s. A kind of insect, infesting the eyes.

kannoji, see kannu.

kanty, s. An instalment or stipulated period of payment. -a a written contract to fulfill an obligation by instalments. -a to agree to pay a debt by instalments; to fix, settle.

kanty, kanta, s. Depth. 2. a precipice, steepness. adj. Deep. 2. precipitous. adv. Deeply. 2. precipitously. -a to fathom the depth of water. -a to plant deeply.

kanten, see kante.

kantane, adj. Inclined, bent downward. -a a spade the edge of which is inclined inward. -a to walk with downcast eyes.

kantavuni, c. v. (of kanta) To cause to fall or sink. 2. to prick. 3. to offend.

kantu, see kantu.

kantuni (kantu), v. n. To sink, go down. 2. set, as the sun etc. 3. to be pricked, as with a thorn, razor etc. 4. to take to heart. 5. to be offended.

kantely, s. Sinking.

kandu, adj. Dull, faded. 2. inferior. -a inferior silver. -a to fade; to become pale.

kanduka, kandaka, s. A ditch, trench.

kandambi, s. The excrement of a new-born child, calf etc.

kandaiva, s. A space of four months. 2. assessment, tax.

kandaya, s. A space of four months. 2. assessment, tax.

kandavuni, c. v. (of kandaiva) To render dim or dull. 2. to deteriorate the actual state or quality of a thing.
become dim or dull. 3. to be vexed, annoyed.

**kande**, s. A pitcher, large pot. —कड़ेळ a drunkard.

**kandeluburu**, s. A kind of creeper.

**kandoṇi**, s. An adder, viper. —कोणले wicked people. 

**kandōla**, a broad hooded snake. 

**kandōla**, a grey coloured snake. 

**kandōla**, a water-snake. 

**kandōla**, a yellow spotted snake. —कन्दोळ a kind of creeper.

**kanna**, s. A hole. —कन्नाळ to bore a hole.

**kannada**, s. The Canarese language. adj. Of or belonging to Canarese or Canara.

**kannadaka**, s. A pair of spectacles, an eye-glass.

**kannadi**, s. Glass. 2. a mirror. 3. a pair of eye-glasses. —कन्नाण a network for suspending earthen vessels. 

**kannadeyuni**, v. n. To suffer from morbid secretion of the sore eyes.

**kannadēryu**, s. A class of Canarese speaking Śūdras. शूद्र a man of this class.

**kanni**, see कंडी.

**kannike**, see कंडी.

**kannabinī**, s. A class of professional thieves from the ghauts. 2. a rogue.

**kampa**, s. Agitation, tremor. 2. hesitation. 3. terror. 

**kampī**, an earthquake. 

**kampe**, diffidence in public speaking. 

**kampiyuni**, शेती, v. n. To tremble, quake, as with fear. v. n. To make a notch.

**kambi**, kambha, see कंभी.

**kambadam**, kambādu, kambāpū, see कंभादम.

**kambi**, s. The borders of a cloth. 2. a flat bar of iron. 

3. a wire. —कम्बी, —कंभी to run away.

**kambula**, kambūla, s. A bullock race in a rice-field.

**kambẹ́ẹ́**, s. A steel plate with holes for drawing wires.

**kamberlu**, s. Demons worshipped by pariahs. —कंभे a hut of such a demon.

**kamboli**, s. A blanket. —कंबौली a species of hairy caterpillar.

**kamma**, s. A pillar, post. 

**kammare**, s. A blacksmith. [fective.

**kammi**, adj. Deficient, de-

**kammukimmu**, intj. Disturbance caused by talking.
kamme, kammena, kam- yana, see कम्यणे.
karka, s. The state of being to burnt or singed. सळे to fry, roast.
karkallu, s. Gravel; hard sand.
karkaduni (कर्कदूनि), v. a. To burn.
karkāvuni, c. v. (cf. कर्कावृ) To cause to burn to cinders.
karkāuni (कर्कावृ), v. n. To be burned to cinders.
kantā, s. Obstinacy; hatred, grudge. सळे to be obstinate; to have a grudge.
kantāvuni. c. v. (of कर्कावृ) To blacken, scorch.
kantuni (कर्कतृ), v. n. To fade, become pale; to be scorched.
kande, s. The shrub Sphaeranthus hirtus. सळे the tree Carissa carandas.
karmpakki, s. A kind of small bird frequenting a sugarcane plantation. [cane.
kambu, s. The sugar- karmbuda, see कर्मबूदा. karmbuni (कर्मबूनि), v. a. To mutter.
karmbelu, s. A stingy woman.
kaanse, s. Krushna’s uncle.
kakka, kakka, s. Sediment. कक्कू—putrescence of sardines.

kakatā, s. Constant vomiting.
kakābikāre, s. Alarm, fright. adj. Crooked.
kakāre, see ककाते.
kakāvuni, c. v. (of ककावृ) To cause to vomit.
kakkuni (कक्कू), v. a. & n. To vomit. सळे to emit poison, as a serpent.
kakkusū, s. A privy. सळे to go to stool.
kakke, s. A crow, raven. सळे a black kind of fowl. सळे a kind of black shelled oyster.
kakke, s. Cassia fistula. सळे its tree.
kakkendelu, s. The shrub Canthium parviflorum; Citrullus colocynthis.
kakkokaśāstra, s. A treatise on women.
kaṇāṇa, see काणणे.
kačaka, intj. A sound produced, as when kneading any glutinous substance. सळे to tread or knead anything to a jelly.
kačakka, s. A sound produced by a stone falling into mud.
kačapi, kačiku- ēi, s. Confusion, disorder. 2. reducing anything to a jelly. adj. Gummy, sticky. 3. zigzag; difficult to decipher or read.
kaci kačita, see कचिता.
kajara, see काजरा.
kačure, s. A clever man.
109
kačeri, s. A public office.
— the Tahsildar's office.
— the Collector's office.
kačakađi, s. A tortoise shell.
kačade, s. An outcast.
kača, adj. Green, unripe; raw. 2. silly, indiscreet. 3. base, low.
kačata, s. Quarrelling, fighting; dispute.
kačaduni, v. a. To quarrel.
kačavuni, c. v. (of कच्चा) To join fast.
kači, see कची.
kači, s. A notch, incision.
—कचा to make a notch.
kačikada, see कचीकडा.
kačidāye, s. A native of Cutch.
kačuni (कचूं), v. n. To be joined fast. v.a. To bite.
kačura, s. A fragrant root of the Zedoary Zerumbet or Curcuma Zerumbet; Kämpferia galanga.
kačē, s. The end or hem of a lower garment gathered up behind and tucked into the waist-band. —कचाख़ु to fasten the under cloth behind; any fluid to run down the rim while tilting; to turn the tail between legs, as a dog.
kaṇṭu, kaṇ̄ti, see कण्ठ.
kađamadumē, s. The tonsure of a child.
kajak, s. An oyster or cockle shell. 2. a cocoanut shell. —कजक the shell of a black oyster.
kajakuruve, s. A kind of basket.
kajakē, adj. Variegated with white and black. —कजका a white fowl streaked with black.
kajanē, s. The green stuff floating on stagnant water.
kajaruni, see कजारु.
kajavu, kajavu, s. Rubbish, sweepings. 2. see कजवा.
kajanē, see कजाने.
kajipu, s. Curry.
kajilu, see कजिल.
kajē, s. A kind of grass growing on brackish soil. 2. an acid substance accumulated on the teeth by chewing betel leaves.
kaje, adj. Dark-red, reddish. —कजे an inferior kind of rice.
kajepuni (कजेपूं), v. a. To chew. 2. to husk with the teeth or beak.
kajeruni (कजेरूं), v. a. To waste, as time. 2. to lose, as
sleep. 3. to delay, put off, as work or labour.

काजेकु, s. The after-birth, placenta.

काजेपुनी (काझे), see काजेपु, काझे.

काजेतु, s. North-west wind.

काजेया, s. A cake made of rice, jaggory and ghee. नात्र— a sweet preparation consisting of dholl, gingely seed, jaggory, coconuts, and cardamoms.

काजी, see काजे.

काजुरा, see काजेकु. काजे, s. Business, work.

काजरु, s. Business, work. To be interrupted, procrastinated.

कातुकुतु, s. The noise produced in biting or chewing any hard substance. 2. uneasiness in the bowels.

कातुमस्तु, see कातुकुतु. कातुकुतु, s. Babbling, chattering. नात्र to chatter; to speak harshly. नात्र to laugh noisily.

कातककने, adv. Readily, suddenly, at once. नात्र to speak harshly.

कातले, s. The shopkeeper's open box for putting in cash.

कातकुति, s. Confusion, disorder, disturbance. नात्र lumber, things lying in confusion. नात्र a quiet man.

कतारी, see काजे.

कतावु, s. Reaping.

कताभा, s. A glance, side look. 2. mercy, favour: नात्र to show mercy. नात्र to regard with favour.

कतिना, see काजे.

कतिपाटी, s. Wrangling.

2. disagreement, misunderstanding. नात्र misunderstanding to arise. नात्र to wrangle; to haggle in making a bargain; to disturb, as by babbling.

कतिरे, कतिरु, कतिऱा, s. Harsh, severe, cruel; cf. काजे.

कतिरबो, s. Black hellebore, Helleborus niger.

कतु, s. A band, hoop. 2. a tie, bandage. 3. a bundle, packet. 4. an order, command; a regulation. 5. a bond. नात्र a law, institute, usage, routine. नात्र fixed hire. नात्र to loosen a tie. नात्र to unfasten; to cancel a rule. नात्र to make a resolution, or rule; to excommunicate.

कतुकम्म, s. A fixed pillar.

कतुकादा, see कतु. कतुकादि, s. Determination, settlement.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>katte</strong></th>
<th><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A raised seat of earth or stone. 2. an altar. 3. an office.</td>
<td>A final arrangement or resolution. — finally, at last, on the extreme point.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭukade</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭukathē</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A raising place. 2. an altar. 3. an office.</td>
<td>A fable, novel, romance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭumuttu</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭumuttu</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭulme</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭulme</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭuvāṣu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A rough kind of cloth. 2. a piece of cloth to wrap up clothes etc.</td>
<td>A dam. 2. see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭa</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭa</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A dam. 2. see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong>.</td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭa</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭana</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭana</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>An embankment. 2. any earth- or stone-work. 3. a building.</td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭana</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭanaśiravu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭanaśiravu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A bag with divisions; also <strong>kaṭṭana</strong>.</td>
<td>A bag with divisions; also <strong>kaṭṭana</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭapuni</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭapuni</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>An embankment between rice-fields or across a water-course.</td>
<td>An embankment between rice-fields or across a water-course.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭalme</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭalme</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A building.</td>
<td>A building.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭale</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭale</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom, practice. 2. an order. 3. a rule, regulation.</td>
<td>Custom, practice. 2. an order. 3. a rule, regulation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭākutti</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭākutti</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭāni</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭāni</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A necklace of five or seven strings of gold beads, each having a gold coin in the middle.</td>
<td>A necklace of five or seven strings of gold beads, each having a gold coin in the middle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭāvuni</strong>, c. v. (of. <strong>kaṭṭu</strong>.)</td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭāvuni</strong>, c. v. (of. <strong>kaṭṭu</strong>.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To cause to bind or tie. 2. to have a house etc. built. 3. to supply.</td>
<td>To cause to bind or tie. 2. to have a house etc. built. 3. to supply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭāvuni</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭāvuni</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To winnow.</td>
<td>To winnow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭige</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭige</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S. Fuel, firewood.</td>
<td>S. Fuel, firewood.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭuttara</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭuttara</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustment, settlement. 2. order command. 3. the pacification of a devil.</td>
<td>Adjustment, settlement. 2. order command. 3. the pacification of a devil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭuni</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭuni</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To bind, tie, fasten, secure. 2. to build, construct. 3. to set, as jewels. 4. to amass, as wealth. 5. to deposit, as money. 6. to pay government dues.</td>
<td>To bind, tie, fasten, secure. 2. to build, construct. 3. to set, as jewels. 4. to amass, as wealth. 5. to deposit, as money. 6. to pay government dues.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(lit. to tie and give) to erect for another, as <strong>kaṭṭu</strong>.</td>
<td>(lit. to tie and give) to erect for another, as <strong>kaṭṭu</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to build a house for another; <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td>to build a house for another; <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to submit voluntarily; <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td>to submit voluntarily; <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to refer a dispute for arbitration; <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td>to refer a dispute for arbitration; <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to store, amass; to forbear, as from showing one’s pride. <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td>to store, amass; to forbear, as from showing one’s pride. <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to argue closely a point in dispute, to contest.</td>
<td>to argue closely a point in dispute, to contest.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭumuttu</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭumuttu</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭumuttu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭumuttu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭumuttu</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭumuttu</strong>, see <strong>kaṭṭu</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭe</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭe</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A raised seat of earth or stone. 2. an altar. 3. an office.</td>
<td>A raised seat of earth or stone. 2. an altar. 3. an office.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭe</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭe</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a post-office. <strong>kaṭṭe</strong></td>
<td>a post-office. <strong>kaṭṭe</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>an embankment round the tulasi plant.</td>
<td>an embankment round the tulasi plant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭe</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭe</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a custom-house.</td>
<td>a custom-house.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kaṭṭe</strong></td>
<td><strong>kaṭṭe</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| to suffer loss, be ruined. | to suffer loss, be ruined.
kaṭte, s. A flea.

kaṭṭonuni, v. refl. (of kaṭte) To bind for oneself. 2. to supply oneself. — to commit sin.

kada, kāṭle, kāṭle, see kadā. kāṭhari, s. A dagger.


kathora, adj. Severe, horrible.

kaḍūnilu, see kadā.

kaḍūji, kaḍūjei, see kadā.

kaḍumbu, s. A kind of cake.

kaḍumbele, s. A miser, niggard.

kaḍūta, s. A cut, incision. — kāḍūta he cut it at one stroke. 2. see kadā.

kaḍutale, see kadā.

kaḍydu, see kadā.

kaḍupuni, see kadā.

kaḍuma, see kadā.

kaḍume, s. Pride, vanity. 2. ostentation, vaunting.

kaḍusale, kaḍusāle, s. A devil-dancer’s sword.

kaḍustana, see kadā.

kada, s. A loan, debt. — kada to lend. — kada to borrow.

kadanda, s. Grinding. — kada a grinding stone. — kade a grinding pestle.

kaḍambalū, s. The space behind the hearth.

kaḍambale, s. A kind of poisonous snake; also kadā. kaḍakatū, s. Monetary transactions, lending and borrowing.

kadakda, see kadā.

kadaga, s. A bracelet.

kaḍata, s. A cloth covered with a composition of charcoal and gum, and used instead of a slate for writing. 2. the skin.

kadadu, see kadā.

kadapa, s. Distance. 2. about half a mile.

kadapavuni, c. v. (of kadā) To cause to pass. 2. to help one to ford a river.

kadapu, s. A ferry. — kadapu a stone placed across a stream for crossing over. — kadapu a ferryman.

kadapu, s. A rheumatism of the joints.

kadapuduni, c. v. (of kadā) To despatch, forward, send away, dismiss. kadapuduni to accompany one for a short distance out of civility; to follow the remains of deceased relatives to their last resting place.
kadapuni (कडपुँ), v. a. To cross, ford, pass. v. n. To elapse. 2. to surpass.
kadapelu, s. That which can be crossed over.
kadapyađe, see kadapuni.
kadama, s. A stag, elk.
kadame, s. Deficiency, defect. 2. remnant. adj. Less, deficient; remaining. difference, about. to become less, be diminished. to lessen, reduce; to deduct.
kadayi, s. A boiler of bell-metal.
kadara, s. The companions of a bride, bridesmaids. to choose a bridesmaid. a bridesmaid. a gift of four rupees to a bridesmaid.
kadaruni (कडारुळूळूळू), v. n. To croak; to caw.
kadalu, s. The sea, ocean. the sea-gull. the bone of a cuttlefish. the foaming surges of the sea. a sea-hog, dolphin. a kind of fish. a sea-snake. a sea-fish.
kadale, s. Bengal gram, Cicer arietinum. the groundnut, Arachis hypogaeae.
kadavu, s. A turning-lathe. 2. a wooden shoe. 3. a silver anklet. to turn in a lathe; to wear anklets, or wooden shoes.
kadasu, see kadavu.
kadakađi, adj. Resolute, decided, strict, exact.
kadäyi, see kadäyi.
kadära, see kadära.
kadavu, see kadavu.
kadi, s. An opening, passage. 2. a small fragment, bit. 3. a small passage. to block up an opening.
kad, s. Broken rice; adj. Broken.
kadita, see kadita.
kadčilu, see kadčilu.
kadime, see kadime.
kadiya, see kadima.
kadiyuni (कडियूळूळूळूळूळूळू), v. n. To be cut in two. 2. to break down. 3. to give way, as a dam. 4. to dissolve, as friendship.
kadiru, kadiratana, see kadiru.
kadivaṇa, s. The bridle of a horse.
kadiru, adj. First-born. primogeniture. the first-born son.
kadiru, s. The plant Sida retusa.
kadu, s. Pungency; severity. 2. excess; extremity. adj. Pungent. 2. extreme, excessive. 3. severe. to poison the fish. excessive trouble. 

Note: The text is in Kannada, but the content is primarily in English.
very bitter. - kadu excessive passion or anger. - kadu a very liberal man. - kadu a great sinner. - kadu excessive heat.

 kadumbaru, s. Drowsiness, dreaminess. - kadu to talk in sleep; cf. kadumbaru.

 kadumbe, see kadumbaru.

 kadupa, kadupu, kadubu, s. A kind of cake.

 kadumuttu, s. The extreme point. 2. severity, sharpness. adj. Extreme. 2. severe. - kadu travail.

 kaduvayi, s. A kind of fish.

 kaduve, s. A hero. 2. a courageous man. 3. a clever man.

 kadustana, see kadu.

 kade, s. Verge, edge, margin. 2. end, extremity or point. 3. place, side, direction. adj. Last, final, ultimate. 2. low, mean. - kadu the fruit of the last crop. - kadu (lit. last time), end, death; evil; distress. - kadu without head or tail; forlorn or destitute; stupid, absurd, senseless. - kadu a retainer, adherent. - kadu the last day; the day of judgment. - kadu a low, mean, or stupid man. - kadu a side-glance, leer. - kadu the corners of lips. - kadu disqualification. - kadu the hip, waist, esp. of cattle. - kadu to come to an end. - kadu to witness the end or destruction of anything. - kadu to threaten with evil. - kadu to avoid, escape; to recover; to get through a task. - kadu to pare or lop the top. - kadu to conclude, bring to an end. - kadu (a woman) to commit adultery, obsc. - kadu to keep aside. - kadu to gather together in one place. - kadu to be an adherent of. - kadu ultimately, finally, at the end. - kadu the very last, final. - kadu that side. - kadu this side. - kadu inside. - kadu outside.

 kadenuuni (kadu), v. a. To knead.

 kadu, s. The outer corner or angle of the eye. 2. a side-glance, leer. - kadu to look askance; not to be well disposed.

 kadu, s. The settlement of a dispute. 2. a double cross-beam. 3. a wooden square in front of an upper story, supported on posts.

 kadu, s. The heel.
kade, s. A pit used by the rope-pullers when working a country water-lift.

kadećuni, see kadećuni. kadepini (kade), v. a. To bite, champ, gnaw, grind. — to chew the cud. to gnash the teeth.

kadeccuni, see mSo. kadepini (5), v. a. To bite, champ, gnaw, grind. 3. to chew the cud. 2. to gnash the teeth. a grinding stone.

doJoo, kadeyuni, kadevuni (5) V. a. To stir up, turn. 2. see kadesa.

kaderuni, see kaderuni. kadesa, s. Delay.

kadesavuni, c. v. (of kadesa) To delay, detain, stop.

kadesuni (kade), v. n. To be late, to delay, tarry, linger. kadei, see kadei.

kadga, s. A sword.

kadeilyu, s. A turning lathe. to turn in a lathe. a turner.

du kaddi, s. The fibre or vein of a leaf. 2. a very small stick. — see kad.

di kaddya, s. A pitcher, water-pot.

kaddyan,a, s. A bridle, reins, bit.

kadtalebayi, s. A quarrelsome person.

kadtelu, s. That which is broken.

kadtelu, s. A prattling woman.

kaddu, s. Severity, rigour, harshness. 2. the strength of wine etc.; also — adj. Severe, harsh. 2. strong. a harsh word. to be severe, strong. to make strong.

kadda, s. Cutting. 2. fighting.

kadpatti, s. A bill-hook.

kadpu, adj. Excessive, beyond limit, etc. an oversweet confection. a very harsh word. gold containing a larger proportion of alloy than usual; cf. kddu.

kadpuni (5), v. a. To cut; to fell down. a stone cut from a quarry.

kadma, see kadma.

kade, kadle, kadle, see kade.

kana, s. A square piece. the piece of cloth from which a female’s bodice is made.

kana, see kana.

kana, v. a. (imperat. of kana) Bring.

kanambaruni, see kana.

kanakü, s. Fuel, firewood.

kanaja, s. A granary, barn.

kanapađe, s. A kind of
tree, having poisonous milky juice.

कनापारी, s. A stupid man.

कनापरु, s. A jaw-tooth, grinder.

कनापलय, s. A plank for the driver to stand upon in buffalo race.

कनापिनी, see कनोपसे.


कनाले, see कनले.

कणि, s. A ditch, trench.

कनिपुनी (कर), v. n. To be hardened by burning, as an earthen vessel. 2. to be afflicted. -कर- to be depressed, dispirited; the heart to be hardened.

कनिमे, s. A defile or pass between two mountains.

कणी, s. An astrologer.

कनि, s. A tender bamboo shoot.

कणे, s. A slender bamboo branch.

कने, s. A blight incidental to rice crops. कल कर- a blighted ear of corn.

कने, s. The quill of a porcupine. -कर- a porcupine.

कनेपुनी (कर), v. n. To have an acrid or astringent taste. 2. to rot.
katteriyuni, katteruni ( kadru ), v. a. To shear, cut with scissors.
kattrana, katrana, s. A composition of chunam and other ingredients used for flooring.
kathe, kathana, s. A story, narrative, narration, history. 2. a fable, tale. intj. Ah! wonderful! ти^о wonderful narration of a story. ти^о а a delightful or pleasant story. ти^о a collection of stories; a compendium of history.
kadumpe, see kadru.
kaduku, s. A vital part of the body, as the heart. 2. the side. [ taff.
kadru, s. A spindle, dis.
kadampe, s. The decayed part of timber. 2. a chip, splinter.
kadamsara, s. A perfumed braid made of the "kedagi" flower.
kadana, s. War, battle.
kadane, s. A swivel-gun. — ти^о to fire a swivel-gun.
kadaru, kadaru, see kadru.
kadlma, Of long standing, veteran, experienced.
kadime, s. A veteran, an experienced man, a servant of long standing.
kadu, s. Grit.
kadupu, see kadru.
kade, s. Catamanial discharge.
kadepuni, kadeyuni, kadevuni ( kadru ), v. a. & n. To disjoin. 2. to pull out, strip off.
kadelu, adj. Loose.
kadeluni ( kadru ), v. n. To become loose, slack. 2. to shatter, tatter.
kadoli, s. A species of plantain, Musa sapientum.
kadpu, s. Stealing, theft.
kadpu, s. An ear of ripened corn. ти^о an ear of corn to bend from its weight.
kadru, see kadru.
\text{kadro, s.} A kind of edible grass.

\text{kana, s.} A dream.  
\text{a vision; chimera, fancy.}  
\text{(lit. dream and mind);}  
sleep or wakefulness, used negatively  \text{c. dat.}  
\text{to dream.}  

\text{kanambaruni, see}  

\text{kanaka, s.} Gold.  
\text{showing honour or devotion by pouring gold coins on the head.}  
\text{gold dust.}  

\text{kanapē, see}  

\text{kanikara, s.} Pity, compassion.  
\text{to pity, have compassion.}  

\text{kanipuni, kaniyuni, see}  

\text{kanimūri, s.} The smell of smoke.  

\text{kanilē, see}  

\text{kanishṭa, adj.} Small, little.  
2. young.  
3. base, inferior, low.  
\text{lowest, a younger.}  

\text{kane, see}  

\text{kanepāvuni, c. v. (of \text{kan})}  
\text{To afflict, cause trouble.}  
2. to harden, as the heart.  

\text{kanepuni (\text{k}), v. n.}  
\text{To be afflicted, troubled.}  
2. to be hardened; see \text{kapē.}  

\text{kanerū, see}  

\text{kanevuni (\text{k}), v. n.}  
\text{The skin to be discolored by a blow.}  

\text{kanna, see}  

\text{kanna, s.} A virgin, young girl; \text{also}  
\text{the sign Virgo in the zodiac; the sixth solar month.}  
\text{virginity.}  
\text{an offering to the dead.}  
\text{the first crop.}  
\text{a kind of grass.}  
\text{the country sarsaparilla, \text{Hemidesmus indicus.}}  
\text{giving a girl in marriage.}  

\text{kapa, see}  

\text{kapāta, s.} Fraud, deceit; hypocrisy.  
\text{a hypocrite, dissembler.}  
\text{the guise of hypocrisy.}  

\text{kapade, s.} A gluttonous woman.  
2. cloth.  

\text{kapala, kapāla, s.}  
\text{The scull.}  
2. the temples.  

\text{kapātya, s.} An almirah.  

\text{kapāyi, s.} A greedy woman.  
2. middling, as liquor.  
\text{a monkey, ape.}  
\text{a monkey's trick; teasing.}  
\text{to mimic, ape.}  
\text{A pulley.}  

\text{kapila, s.} A tawny colour.  
\text{adj.} Tawny.  
\text{the founder of the Sāṅkhya philosophy.}  

\text{kapura, see}  

\text{kappa, s.} Tribute, an offer-
kappada, s. A sling. —καππάδη, a sling stone.

kappadi, kappada, kappadē, s. A dirty, tattered cloth.

kappade, s. A snipe; cf. καππάδη.

kappade, adj. Dirty. —καππάδης, see καππάδη.

kappary, s. A portion of a large earthen pot, potsherd. —καππάρυς, a flat kind of cake, or —καππάρυς, a kind of bread, baked in such a potsherd.

kappary, adv. On the face. —καππάρης, to fall on the face.

kapparısuttu, s. Galvanized iron, zinc.

kapparaṇty, s. A fabulous beast. 2. a glutton. 3. a rake, debauchee.

kapparaṇte, s. A tadpole.

kappalu, s. A ship. —καππάλης, a game cock. —καππαλής, a kind of cumin seed, *Nigella sativa*. —καππαλής, —καππαλής, to go on board a ship.

kappu, s. Blackness, darkness. adj. Black, dark. —καππός, a dark or dejected face. —καππός, to conjure or divine by putting a black application on the palm; cf. καππάρης.

kappotolai, kappotolasi, s. A kind of mint shrub, 'Holy basil,' *Ocimum sanctum*.

kappuni (καππονύ), v. a. To eat greedily.

kappē, A frog. —καππή, large eyes. —καππή, a green frog. —καππή, —καππή, a disease of cattle, dogs, etc. —καππίκα, a tadpole.

kaprasuttu, see καφές.

kapha, s. Phlegm. —καφής, phlegm to accumulate in the throat. —καφής, to expectorate.

kabuca, s. A short jacket.

kab, s. The space between the fingers; cf. καβ. —καβής, a bifurcated branch.

kabandha, s. A headless trunk. 2. water.

kabandhe, s. The name of a giant. 2. a short-necked man. 3. the moon's ascending node.

kabakei, see under καβ.

kabata, see καβ. —καβά, a dissembling woman.

kabāduḍary, intj. Be careful! καβαδυḍαρί, care, caution; control.

kabatu, s. Drill, military exercise.

kabaru, s. A forked or lateral branch. 2. a forked stick. 3. a report. 4. news. adj. Forked. —καβαροις, a heedless or negligent man.

kabari, s. Tufted hair of females.
kabu, see kārī.
kabidūni (कबिदुः), v. a. To strain, as the gruel of boiled rice.
kabiyuni (कबियुः), v. a. To besiege, surround, overwhelm. 2. to overspread, as clouds; also कबियुः.
kabirudāse, kabire, s. A celebrated Hindu saint, once a Mussulman.
kabirū, kabul, kabulī, s. Agreement, consent.
kabile, adj. Tawny, of a yellowish dark colour. —किले to get ripe, as the gingely oilseed. s. A tawny coloured bull.
kabe, s. A forked stick. adj. Cloven, forked. —कि the cleft between the thumb and the forefinger. —किले a post forked at the top. —किले a kind of fork-shaped grass.
kabettu, adj. Tawny, of a yellowish colour.
kabetti, s. A tawny coloured cow.
kabēa, see kārē.
kabbe, kabya, adv. Topsy-turvy, upside-down. —किले to overturn. —किले to capsize, upset.
kamala, s. The lotus, Nymphaea neliumba.
kamasyū, see kārī.
kamasyū, There is none, vlg.
kamastāre, s. A sea-custom superintendent.
kamanu, kamānu, s. An arch, vault.
kamāyi, s. Gain, income.
kamiti, s. A committee, conference.
kamma, see kārē.
kammi, see kārē.
kammena, kamyanā, s. Smell, odour, scent, fragrance, savour.
kaya, s. Depth, as of water etc. 2. swamp. adj. Deep; also काया.
kaya, see kārē.
kayappa, adv. Entirely, wholly, all over. 2. well. —किले to plough well. —किले to anoint or besmear the whole body. —किले to mix.
kayame, s. A kind of rice; cf. तः.
kayalū, see kārē.
kayipu, see kārē.
kayipe, see kārē.
kayilū, see kārē.
kayile, see kārē.
kara, s. An earthen vessel. —कर the stomach. —किले cooking utensils.
kara, s. Pollution from death.
kara, s. The hand. 2. the trunk of an elephant. 3. a spark, ray of light, as ते the sun.
karaṭunī, *see* karanteṇa.

karaṇē, *karaṇē* karanḍa, karanḍe-ly, *see* karande.

karaṇē karampē, *s.* A wound. 2. *see* karaṇē.

karaṇē karampelū, *adj.* Perforated, bored; having notches. *s.* The scar of a wound.

karaṇē karambu, *see* karanteṇa.

karaṇē karambuni (*karaṇē*), *v.* *a.*
To prune, cut off, as superfluous branches of a tree; to clear away, as bush, etc.; *cf.* karanteṇa.

karaṇē karambelyu, *s.* A kind of coppice.

karaṇē karaka, *see* karanteṇa.

karaṇē karakara, *s.* The noise made in chewing, sawing, or writing.

karaṇē, karaṇē karakari, karakare, *s.* Annoyance, trouble. 2. grief, sorrow, distress.

karaṇē karagasū, *see* karanteṇa.

karaṇē karagavuni, *c.* *v.* (*of* karagasū) To melt, liquefy. 2. to affect the mind, make a person's heart melt. 3. to afflict, cause sorrow.

karaṇē karaguni, *v.* *n.* To melt, dissolve, liquefy. 2. to become thin or lean; to waste. 3. to become affected, softened; to relent, melt with pity; *also* karajasū, karanīka.

karaṇē karajikāyi, *s.* A kind of fruit-shaped cake.

karaṇē karaṇḍu, *s.* Wastage, loss, wear. *adj.* Rough, coarse; worn out. —*karaṇḍu* waste paper. —*karaṇḍu* to be worn out. —*karaṇḍu* to waste, spoil.

karaṇē karaṇḍī, *s.* A bear. —*karaṇḍī* a hairy man.

karaṇē karaṇḍigē, *s.* A small box.

karaṇē karaṇḍu, *see* karanteṇa.

karaṇē karana, *s.* An organ of sense. 2. cause, instrument or means of action. —*karaṇē* the three means of action, namely, karana the mind, speech and body.

karaṇē, karaṇē karanīke, karanīke, *see* karanteṇa.

karaṇē, karatāla, *s.* Cadjan. 2. a mode of beating time with the hands; *also* kadjan, kadge, kadjan leaf.

karaṇē karapuni, *v.* *a.* To repulse, drive. 2. to urge. 3. to clear, remove. 4. to digest. 5. to waste. 6. to cause abortion; *cf.* karagasū.

karaṇē karapelū, *s.* A troublesome or mischievous woman.

karaṇē karapelē, *s.* A troublesome or mischievous man.

karaṇē karabasū, *see* karanteṇa.

karaṇē karaya, *see* karanteṇa.

karaṇē karale, *s.* A swelling.

karaṇē karavi, *s.* A mould.
kara, v. n. To be dissolved, melted. 2. to be digested. 3. to miscarry.
karel, s. Phlegm. -kara pulmonary phthisis.
karalu, see *kar.
kara, s. A class of Mahratta Brahmins.
karanike, see *kar.
kara, adj. Filthy, dirty, unclean, bad.
karadhi, karatru, karatru, karamatu, karati, s. A miracle, wonder. 2. the power of doing wonders, etc.
karya, s. Phlegm.
karuru, karuru, s. An agreement, contract. - karuru to make a contract.
karavali, s. The seacoast, coastline.
karavuni, see *kar.
karalu, adj. Frightful, terrible. -kara a frightful face.
kari, s. Chimney soot. 2. charcoal, or any thing burnt, as the fibrous covering of a cocoanut, straw etc. adj. see *kar.
kari, s. An elephant.
kari, s. A bar with which a door etc. is fastened. 2. a pole fastened to a load, by which it is carried on the shoulders.
kari, s. Castration. -kar to castrate.
kariyu, s. Sediment.
kari tuni, see *kar.
karijirige, s. Black cummin seed, Nigella sativa.
karinelli, s. Country gooseberry.
kripuni (s), v. a. To deduct, subtract. 2. to spend. 3. to remove.
krip, karip, karipely, s. That which is deducted; deduction.
kariti, s. The real ebony.
kari, kari, kari kari, karibevu, kariyabevu, s. Bergera koe nigii, called the curry-leaf tree, the leaves of which are used for seasoning.
karimara, s. Blackwood.
kariya, adj. Black.
kariya, s. A ferry.
kariyatola, see *kar.
kariyade, s. A black woman.
kariyade, s. A black man.
kariyanekki, s. The three leaved chaste tree, Vitex trifolia. 2. the plant Gendarussa vulgaris.
kariyamani, s. Black beads.
kariyamudya, s. An aromatic plant, Andro-
pogon Jwarancusa, with fragrant roots.

**kariyuni** (కారి), *v. n.* To elapse, expire, pass as time. 
**aux.** To be able, or possible. **kariyuni** (కారి) an unavoidable business. **kariyuni** (కారి) to die; to drop down; to be over. **kariyuni** (కారి) to elapse, expire, pass as time. aux. **kariyuni** (కారి) to be able, or possible. **kariyuni** (కారి) to be an unavoidable business. **kariyuni** (కారి) to die; to drop down; to be over. **kariyuni** (కారి) must go by all means.

**karidi** (కారిడి), *s.* Price, value. **karidi** (కారిడి) to settle the price; to purchase.

**karu** (కారు), *s.* Vulture. 2. see **karu**. 
**karumbuni** (కారంబుని), see **karu**. 
**karukumbuda** (కారుకంబుడా), see **karu**.

**karukuru** (కారుకరు), *s.* The noise made in chewing any brittle substance.

**karugontu** (కారుగోంటు), *s.* Boiled and dried areca-nut.

**karuna** (కారున), *s.* Mercy, pity, kindness. **karuna** (కారున) to show mercy.

**karupu** (కారంపు), see **karu**.

**karubuni** (కారంబుని), see **karu**.

**karulu** (కారులు), see **karu**.

**karè** (కారే), *s.* The seashore, coastline. 2. the bank of a river. 3. land, as opposed to water. 4. border, edge. 5. the coloured border of a cloth. **karè** (కారే) land-wind. **karè** (కారే) by land. **karè** (కారే) to touch or reach the land; see

**karè** (కారే) to sail near the shore. **karè** (కారే) to fasten a selvage; the horizon to become cloudy. **karè** (కారే) to sail towards the land. **karè** (కారే) to escape to the shore; to escape from danger; to recover from sickness.

**karè** (కారే), *s.* The pole to which a bucket is attached in a country water-lift.

**karè** (కారే), *s.* A parish, a social or caste jurisdictional division.

**karempè** (కారంపె), see **karu**.

**karepini** (కారంపి), see **karu**.

**karepuni** (కారంపుని), *v. a.* To make a notch or incision.

**karemedi** (కారంమెది), *s.* The sides of a border in a rice-field.

**karepuni** (కారంపుని), see **karepuni**.

**karepuni** (కారంపుని), *v. n.* To crow.

**karelu** (కారంలు), *s.* The mark left on the skin by wearing any thing tightly.

**karelu** (కారంలు), *v. a.* To leave a mark on the skin, as by dressing tightly etc.

**karolu** (కారులు), see **karu**.

**karolu** (కారులు), *pl. of* **karu**.

**karku** (కారు), *s.* A very tender cocoanut. 2. its tender shell.

**karkupuli** (కారుకపులి), *s.* Garcina Cambogia.

**karka** (కార్క), *adv.* At once; suddenly. 2. sharply, violently. **karka** (కార్క) to bite sharply. **karka** (కార్క) to grow or ripen fast.
karka, s. A crab. 2. the Cancer in the zodiac.
karka, a female crab.
karkademu, s. A kind of thorn.
karkattale, see karaka, adj. Violent, harsh, unkind. 2. cruel, hard. 3. intangible. 4. miserly. - to cruelty; hardness; unkindness; intangibility; avarice, niggardliness. karka a violent or wicked woman. karka a violent or wicked man.
karkatala, see karaka.
karkumbuda, s. A pumpkin. 2. an ash-gourd.
karganda-kattal, kargattal, see karaka, adj. kargayi, see karaka.
kargavi, s. A very black woman.
kargude, s. A very black man.
kargotige, s. A hard-hearted man.
kare, s. Expenditure, expenses. kare household expenses. - to cost. - to expend.
kareli, s. See kare, adj. karjati, s. A black species. 2. the class of pariahs.
karjali, s. The tree Leucas indica, Pholomis indica.
karjura, see karjati.
kardu, karu, karu, see karjati.
karna, see karjati.
karnataka, see karjati.
karnatige, see karjati.
karnike, s. The sherastedar, chief ministerial officer of a collector. 2. a secretary.
karnene, s. A half-brother of the Pandu princes. 2. a hard man. - the story of Karna's exploits as given in the Mahabharata.
kartupattuni (to set-off), v. a. To set-off. 2. to deduct. 3. to exclude. 4. to give up hope.
kartirayoga, s. Active voice, gram.
kartave, s. An agent, maker. 2. God, lord. 3. a master, owner. 4. an author; cf. kartave.
kartadig, kartutig, s. Ownership, proprietorship. 2. dominion, authority.
kartru, s. The nominative of a verb, gram. 2. see kartru.
karto

karto kartodige, see kartodige.
karto kardu, adj. Black. —kardu black and white. 2. see kard.
karto karna, s. The ear. —karna an ear-ring worn by a woman.
karto karna, s. A black paste composed of dross of iron, kernel of wild liquorice and boiled rice, applied on the right side leather of a finger-drum.
karto karnaparwa, see karnaparwa.
karto karnaly, see karnaly.
karto karnike, see karnike.
karto karnirelu, s. A dark shadow.
karto karpuru, s. A pit, hole, ditch. 2. a pit for catching wild beasts.
karto karpura, karpura, s. Camphor. 2. the thick leaved lavender. —karpuvu Levendula carnosa. —crude calomel.
karto karpelu, karpelu, karpelu, see karpelu.
karto karba, s. Iron. —karb an iron link.
karto karbasu, karbasu, s. An ox of superior breed from the up-country. —ghaut a ghaut cow.
karto karbulu, karbulu, karbolu, s. A fowl having white plumage with black spots.
karto karma, s. An action in general. 2. a religious ceremony. 3. the objective case,
gram. 4. fate; misfortune. 5. sin, transgression. —karna the condition induced by one's deeds. —kard the passive voice, gram. —karna transgression. —karna the fruit of human actions. —karma, karma funeral rites. —kara a performer of funeral rites. —karu, karu a sinner. —karma the organ of action, as the hand, foot, etc.
karto karpanu, see karpanu under kar.
karto karmara, see karmara.
karto karmaru, s. A superior kind of firewood, Vatica laccifera.
karto karmugalu, see karmugalu under karm.
karto karmudu, see karmudu.
karto karmuli, s. Thatched grass taken from a roof.
karto karya, s. A ferry.
karto karyada, karyade, s. The liver, as of a fowl.
karto karyuni, see karyuni.
karto karlu, s. The bowels. 2. the liver.
karto karlukappade, s. The intestines, entrails.
karto karle, see karle.
karto karvavuni (karvavu), v.a.
To burn the downs of a fowl by holding it over the fire.
karo kala, s. A square. 2. a bed
of flowers, etc. 3. a place where pariahs assemble. —कलामको स्थान to make a flowerbed; a group of pariahs to sit in a circle.

कलाम, s. A reed-pen. 2. a paragraph. —कलामको स्थान detailed, item by item.

कलामकु, कलामकु, कलामकुणि, see कलामको स्थान.

कलामताणी, कलामताणी, कलामदाणी, s. An inkstand. 2. a small box.

कलाम्बी, see कलामकु.

कलाम्बुनी, v. n. To quarrel, fight.

कलाका, see कलामकु.

कलाकंबुला, s. A drenched miry floor.

कलाकाळा, s. A confused noise, hum.

कलाकाळा, adv. Brightly. —कलाकाळा to shine brightly.

कलादावूणी, c. v. (of कलावूण) To mix. 2. to knead.

कलादुणी, कलादुणी, v. n. To be mixed. 2. to be kneaded.

कलापूणी, कलापूणी, v. a. To mingle. 2. to knead. चाट- to plough a watered field.

कलापूण, adj. Mixed. 2. kneaded.

कलाबेरके, s. Admixture, compound.

कलामु, s. Grafting —कलामु to graft.

कलामु, कलामु, कलामु, see कलामु.
kalembi, s. The hindmost sail of a boat.
kalekarana, s. A bad affair.
kalembi, s. The hindmost sail of a boat.
kalepini, kalepuni, v. a. To strip off, remove. 2. to subtract, deduct.
kalevuni ( kadar), s. To be stripped. 2. to be deducted.
kalka, s. Decoction, infusion "of any drug. 2. sediment.
kalkare, s. A place abounding in latrite stone.
kalki, s. The tenth or last incarnation of Vishnu, expected to put an end to the kali or iron age; also -aft.
kalkutti, kalkuda, s. The name of a demon.
kalkuni ( kadar), v. n. To cry, as a demon or one possessed with an evil spirit.
kalké, see kalka.
kalkoré, s. A kind of fish.
kaltámara, s. A wild kind of lotus growing on stony ground.
kalté, s. Morning, the day-break; cf. kaltama. -aft. morning and evening.
kalteigu, adv. (lit. for the mouth of toddy). Something given as a relish when sipping toddy.
kalmáru, s. A medicinal drug.
kalpa, s. A period of time. 2. a sacred work, one of the six Vedangas. 3. resolve, purpose. 4. artifice, trickery, cunning.
kalpandé, see kalpa.
kalpaída, s. A fluid measure equal to twelve seers.
kalpané, s. A stone quarry.
kalpané, s. Fiction, fable. 2. invention, fabrication. 3. producing, forming. -aft to invent, fabricate, contrive; to produce, form; to establish.
kalparuksha, kalpavruksha, s. The tree of Indra's paradise said to yield whatever is desired.
kalpanta, s. The end of the world.
kalpántara, s. Another period of time, eternity.
kalpívuni, c. v. (of kalpív) To teach, instruct. 2. to instigate; also ṣē alpávuni.
kalpísuní, v. a. To invent, fabricate.
kalpuni ( kadar), v. a. To learn; study.
kalpáka, adv. According to religious directions.
kalkind, s. A kind of fish.
kalmada, s. Bitumen, granulated gypsum from Arabia.
kalmasha, s. Corrosion.
  2. impurity.  3. sin.  4. the matter of a sore.
kalya, see 9 9 8.
kalyanté, see 1 1 0.
kalyana, s. Happiness, prosperity, good fortune.
  2. marriage.
kalyni, s. The name of a tune.  2. the name of a female.
kalyu, s. A stone.
  2. a chisel.
  3. a stone pillar.
  4. a stone embankment or seat.
  5. a mason.
  6. a stone put across a stream to pass over.
  7. a slate.
  8. a stone bridge.
  9. a Jaina shrine.
  10. a kind of bow for discharging stones.
  11. a stone trough.
  12. to break stones.
  13. to chip stones.
  14. a stone to grow hard.
  15. stony, made of stones.
  16. playing with stones.
kallutetti, s. A rotten egg.
kallubagé, s. A kind of tree: the wood of which is used as timber.
kallubaré, s. A kind of plantain tree.
kallumully, s. (lit. stones and thorns). The mill-cog.  2. the indented surface of a mill-stone.  3. a rugged path.
kallusakkaré, s. Sugar-candy.
kallusunti, s. Wild ginger, Zingiber zerumbet.
kalla, s. A kind of oyster.
  2. its shell; cf. 1.
kallankalli, s. A kind of bag.
kallaígei, s. A kind of small fish.
kallanté, kallaí, s. The Indian nightshade, Solanum Indicum.
kallabiru, see under 1.
kallayi, see 1 1 6.
kallaraga, s. Asphalt.
kallarpada, s. Small-pox attacking a person a second time.
kallarpé, s. A kind of sieve to remove small stones from earth.
kallale, s. A class of pariahs.
  2. their headman.
kalli, s. A bag of net-work, made of ropes.
  2. a wicker-work.
  3. the pods of cannabis.
  4. see 1.
kallittí, see 1 1 0.
kallirolu, s. A hard grown palmyra fruit.
kallu, s. Rock-salt, the Bombay salt.
kalluru, s. A kind of fish.
kalluruna, adj. Immature, half-ripe or half developed.
kalluruti, s. The name of a female Bhūta.
kalluru, n. A stone to press or hurt the sole of the foot in walking.
kallē, s. The straw covering of a bundle of rice; also 

kalletti, s. A bag with divisions within.
kallottu, s. A foot-sore caused by a stone.
kallōla, s. A large wave or billow.
kava, kava, s. Armour, a coat of mail. 2. a jacket, short coat.
kavate, see kavan.

kavadi, kavadi, kavadi, kava- 
digē, kavaē, s. A small shell, cowrie. — calculation with cowries. — to play with cowries.
kavanē, s. A sling. — a sling-stone.
kavatu, see kavan.

kavana, s. Poetry, verse. 2. invention, fabrication. — a poet. — to compose verses; to caricature. — to exaggerate, invent.
kasū, kasū, kasū, kasūkasūkāyī, kasugāyī, see ज्ञानः. kasūryu, see ज्ञानः.

kasa, adj. Brackish. — जो any thing over salted.
kasa, s. Sweepings, rubbish.
kasāntu, s. Rancidity. 2. sediment. adj. Rancid.
kasakase, s. Poppy seed of Papaver somniferum.
kasakka, adv. Forcibly, hardly; deeply. —एङ्गः to prick forcibly, as a thorn. —एङ्गः to speak so as to affect another's interest, to betray.
kasaba, kasabe, s. The chief station of a district.
kasabisi, see ज्ञानः.
kasabu, s. Profession, trade, business.
kasamalu, see ज्ञानः.
kasaryu, s. Remainder. 2. profit. 3. sediment.
kasā, kasā, kasarū, kasarīgē, s. Dross of smelted iron. 2. fissure, flaw, holes. 3. a particle. —एङ्गः to remove the fissures of any metallic article.
kasākasi, s. Haggling.
kasābisī, see ज्ञानः.
kasāya, see ज्ञानः.
kasā, kasā, kasā, kasā, kasā, kasā, kasāyā, see ज्ञानः.
kasāy, kasāyigare, kasāyidāye, s. A butcher.
kasi, see ज्ञानः.

kasi, kasidi, kasūdi, see कसि.

kase, s. The strings or ties of a jacket. —एङ्गः a whip. —एङ्गः to fasten the strings of a jacket.
kaskāyī, adj. Half ripe.
kastu, s. Force, pressure. adj. Violent, severe. 2. dangerous. —एङ्गः dangerous sickness. —एङ्गः to press, force; also ज्ञानः.
kasturi, s. Musk. —एङ्गः a species of jessamine. कः — Curcuma zedoaria; cf. कः ज्ञानः. —एङ्गः a musk deer. कः — musk-mallow, Hebecus abelmoschus.
kasmālu, adj. Unclean, filthy, loose. —एङ्गः a nasty woman.
kahalē, s. A bugle. कः a large bugle.
kala, see ज्ञानः.
kala, s. A spot, blemish: 2. turbidness, muddiness. 3. mistake. 4. suspicion. —एङ्गः turbid water. —एङ्गः a suspicious mind. —एङ्गः to render turbid. —एङ्गः to be turbid.
kalakala, kalapula, s. A confused sort of noise produced as when wading through water, or shaking a whole cocoanut.
kalakala, see ज्ञानः.
kalapuni, see ज्ञानः.
kalamē, see ज्ञानः.


kala, s. Anxiety, alarm. 2. anguish, sorrow.

- to be anxious, agitated, or confused.

kalavu, s. Theft, robbery.

kalase, see kala.

kali, see kal.

kaliyuni, see kallam.

kalavu, s. Theft, robbery.

Theft, robbery.

kali, see kall.

kallam, kalavuni, see kallam.

kalavu, adj. False, untrue, not reliable. s. Fraud; cheating.

2. trick. 3. a lie, falsehood.

-kale, a falsehood.

-kale, perjury, false evidence.

-kale to tell lies.

kaluve, see kal.

kale, see kale.

kalengu, see kale.

kalepini, see kale.

kalyuni, kalavuni, kaleyuni (kale), v. n. To lapse, pass, as time. 2. to be exhausted, spent, as money. 3. to become loose, as the bands of a box, etc.; cf. kalyuni.

kalkuni, see kalk.

kalkuni, see kalk.

kale, s. A thief, robber.

kalla, adj. Deceitful, dishonest, unfair. 2. under, subordinate; additional. s. Dishonesty. 2. stealing; cf. kala.

-kale the swelling gums in teething. -kole an additional piece of split bamboo.

-kole an under roof.

kallanti, kallanti-ga, s. Dishonesty. 2. falsehood.
kxiety, kändé, adv. Early in the morning. s. Morning.
kändéy, see kändé.
kändely, s. A kind of tree, growing near salt water.
kánt, s. A pot.
kánti, s. Effulgence, splendour, lustre. 2. beauty, loveliness.
kánté, s. A wife. 2. a beloved female.
kämpary, s. A carcass. 2. a nasty man (vulg.) adj. Nasty; filthy. 2. pot-bellied.
kambodi, s. The name of a tune.
kánkshe, s. Wish, desire. 2. passion, appetite.
ku, kaku, kaku, adj. Bad, corrupt. -kaku disso-
lute, vicious. -kaku wicked people.
kaka, see kaku.
kakaballi, s. The creeper Negretia gigantea.
kakaji, see kaki.
káki, adj. Black, dark.
kaku, s. Rashness.
kakesoppu, s. The medic-\n\nal plant Phyllanthus \nmultiflorus; also káki, káku, kákaji, s. Paper. 2. a letter. -káki to write or address a letter. káki stamp-
paper.
kági, s. A brown colour.
kágy, káci, s. Catechu, 
Acacia catechu. 2. the sedi-
ment of boiled areca-nut.
kácikalli, s. A money bag of net-work.
kácikumbuda, s. A small species of ash-gourd.
kacji, s. A Mohammedan judge or priest.
kaji, s. A glass bangle worn round the wrist; also -gá.
-gá cat-eyed, blue-eyed.
kaju, s. A brown-coloured dog with black stripes.
kal, adj. Wild, rude.
-kal the wild peepul tree, 
Urostigma arnottianum. -ká 
the fruit of the creeper 
Momordica dioica. -ká a 
rough stone. -ká a wild or 
jungle fruit. -ká a bulbous 
root of Dracontium polyphyl-
rum. -ká a bull-bison.
-ká a bottle gourd, Lagen-
aria vulgaris. -ká wild coc-
co, Colocasia nympheafolia.
-ká the tree Turnerera 
ulmifolia. -ká wild green-
gram, Phaseolus rostratus.
-ká wild tobacco, Lobelia 
nicotianaefolia. -ká a wild 
plantain tree. -ká a wild 
tree. -ká, see ká.
káta, s. Trouble, annoyance, vexation. 2. danger; also 
káta, see ká.
káta káta, s. Trouble, annoyance, vexation. 2. danger; also
kata, s. A pyre, pile.  
*s to prepare a funeral pile.

katanne, s. A Fowler’s idol, consisting of some white-washed stones decorated with flowers.  
* to make an offering to it.

katakari, s. Mutiny, rebellion.  
2. pillage, plunder.

katike, s. A trouble-some fellow.

katartti, s. The wild fig-tree, Bauhinia tomentosa.

katale, s. A rude man.

katare, kati, s. A bison.

kati, s. A kind of tree.

katiuni, see katuni.

kate, s. A wild untamed beast.

kateru, see katu.

kadyuni (kadi), v. a. To trouble, torment, importunate; also  
* a collyrium box.

kadinaye, see kadinaye.

kadulli, s. The Indian squill, Scilla Indica.

kad, s. A quail, Tetras coturnix.

kadyuni (kadi), v. a. To trouble, torment, importunate; also  
* a collyrium box.

kani, s. The fraction one-sixty-four.

kani, s. A money offering; a present to a superior.  
* to make an offering.

kane, s. A long-legged man.

kana, s. A kind of fish.  
* a long legged man.

kati, see kata.
kato kami

To wait; to expect.
A fight, war, battle.
To fight.
See kādi.
See kādi.
To quarrel, fight, wrestle.
A rookery.
A forest, jungle, wood.
[oration. A rule, regulation.
To guard.
The act of watching; guard.
To protect, preserve.
Coffee.
Protecting and tending. 3. brooding; hatching. 4. a scarecrow.
to brood; to hatch. to set up some thing in a field or garden, to avert the effects of evil eyes; to set up a scarecrow.
To watch, guard. 2. to keep, preserve, protect. 3. to wait.
A watchman.
A watchman, 
Desire, wish. 2. lust, passion.
A wild species of green gram, *Phaseolus rostratus*.
Adv. Positively certainly.
The cow of Indra's paradise, said to give whatever is wished.
a name of Balarāmā; the elder brother of Krishna.
See kamali.
Lust, inordinate affection.
a man of the mercantile class. 2. a niggardly or cunning man.
Lust, inordinate affection. adj. Libidinous.
Śiva the enemy of Cupid.
See kamārtha.
A goddess.
A debauchee.
The object of desire.
A pretty woman.
See kamili.
kamisuni (कामिसुनि), v. a. To covet; to wish.

kamuka, adj. Lustful, libidinous. क अ ज a libidinous man.

kame, s. Cupid:

kameli, s. A kind of jaundice. जांदी a dropsical kind of jaundice. जांदी a salivary kind of jaundice. जांदी jaundice with scab.

kamya, adj. Desirable, agreeable.

kamya, s. The object of desire.

kayam, kaya, s. The body. भूत भूत धारणयोग्य the heart. धारणयोग्य stoutness. धारणयोग्य to commit suiude. धारणयोग्य to lay down the body, to die.

kayam, s. Permanency, settled state. adj. Fixed, confirmed, permanent. सुनियोग्य permanent employment. सुनियोग्य to confirm, settle, establish.

kayam, see बालम.

kayaru, see बालम.

kayalu, kaya- 

ly, s. A folded tender leaf of plants or trees. 2. seasoning. आन्ना a tender leaf; cf. आन्ना.

kayalu, see बालम.

kayavuni, c. v. (of बालम) To have anything warmed, burned, boiled.

kayi, s. An unripe fruit of any kind. 2. a cocoanut. 3. the seed. तांना तांना a kind of cake. तांना तांना vegetables and roots; pulse. तांना तांना vegetables in general. तांना a kind of cake. जांदी जांदी to chew the cud. जांदी जांदी to over-boil; to get loose.

kayidæ, जांदी, काव्यदृष्टि, काव्य, काव्य, s. Rule, regulation. 2. custom.

kayipuni, c. v. (of बालम) To make hot, warm, as water. 2. to fry, broil.

kayipuni, see बालम.

kayilæ, s. Sickness.

kayilita, adj. Infertile.

kayuni (कायुनि), v. n. To burn, to be hot. 2. to get ripe. 3. to be feverish. 4. to become angry. 5. to be tight, or fast; see संकर्तक. ज्वलन a knot to be tight or fast. ज्वलन the sun to be very hot. ज्वलन water to boil. ज्वलन to be very hungry. ज्वलन to be feverish or hot. ज्वलन bread to bake.

kayeru, s. Strychnia, Nux vomica. also ज्वलन. नुक्त the nux vomica tree. गुर्जर लोणाल्या Loranthus loniceroides.

kayerupuli, s. A kind of sour-leaved tree.

kayelu, s. The state of being green or unripe. 2. seasoning. आन्ना to become
green or fresh. —कारा to season.

कारा, s. A kind of cake.

कारु, s. The leg. 2. the foot. —कारु knuckle. —कारु the toe. —कारु going or walking on foot. —कारु the ankle. कारु the stalk of cocco, Arum colocasia. —कारु a footstool. —कारु to tread or fix the foot. —कारु to run away. —कारु to slip the foot, lose balance; to be reduced in one's circumstances. —कारु the thigh. —कारु to place the foot. —कारु to stretch the leg. —कारु to prostrate, do obeisance.

कारु, adj. Black, dark. —कारु lightning issuing from black clouds. —कारु black clouds. —कारु see कारा.

कारु, s. A clerk, writer.

कारुहान, s. An establishment. 2. a workshop. 3. management.

कारु, s. The thigh.

कारु, कारुबाज, कारुबेर, कारु, see कारा.

कारा, s. Tasting or smelling hot; also कारा. adj. Hot, sharp, pungent. कारा alum.

कारा, s. A prison, jail.

कारा, A termination affixed to a letter, as रा the letter र, etc.

कारंगा, s. A cutaneous disease which renders the skin black. —कारंगा to suffer from such a disease.

कारु, s. An artificial fountain, a kind of siphon; an underground channel.

कारा, see कारा.

कारा, adv. Excessively, exceedingly, very. —कारा very bitter.

कारा, see कारा.

कारा, s. An agent. 2. acting, doing, gram. 3. a tax. —कारा to pay a tax.

कारानु, s. The ankle. —कारानु to thump the ankle, as a punishment. —कारानु to dress down to the ankles, i.e. completely; to be foppish.

कारादा, काराभा, कारागा, s. A kind of anklet.

काराव, see कारा.

कारानु, काराभा, कारागा, काराभा, कारापुरा, काराभा, s. A disease of cattle, called Epyzootic aphthae.

कारादा, s. The ankle. 2. a corn on the toe. —कारादा to fracture the ankle.

काराद, s. A footstep. 2. the sole of the foot.

कारान, s. Reason, purpose, motive. 2. cause, as opposed to effect.

कारानिका, s. A miracle. 2. supernatural power. adj.
Miraculous, supernatural. — a prophet.

कारबाँरुँ, see कारबारुँ.

कारवे, s. One belonging to the class of the Konkani speaking fishermen.

काराणी, s. A low class of pariahs.

काराडिगे, see काराडी.

कारावैनी, c. v. (of कारवै) To cause to vomit.

कारी, A termination affixed to nouns to signify one's profession; as, कर गार a beggar.

कारी, s. A nest. 2. a black bull, ox. adj. Black, dark. — करेण a black cow. करवे — a raven-nest. — वैवै to build a nest.

कारूनी (करू), v. a. To vomit.

कारुप्प, s. A strong or black sort of salt.

कारुबारुँ, see कारबारुँ.

कारूरूनी, see करू.

कारे, see कर.

कारे, s. A kind of neck-lace or collar. करे — a brass collar worn by pariah women.

कारकायी, s. A dried date fruit. करकेण a rotten or shrivelled date fruits. करकेण a date tree.

कारोलु, s. A kind of wild Cacinia Indica.

कार्या, see कार्या.
of time. — the vicissitude of the times, evil days; misfortune. — the right man in the right place, a man whose life opens a new epoch in human affairs. — the vicissitude of time; change of seasons. — the conjunction of two periods of time, as morning, noon, evening.

— whiling away time, procrastination. — livelihood, maintenance. — to while away the time; to procrastinate; to live wretchedly. — the end to approach, to die.

kāla, adj. Black, dark.

kāla, s. A lever. — to lift with a lever.

kālagati, s. The progress or condition of time.

kālaṅgu, kālaṅga, s. Black cummin seed, Vernonia anthelmintica.

kālapilli, s. A silver ornament worn on the toes.

kālabhairave, s. One of the sons of Śiva.

kālāmīnikē, s. A kind of medicine.

kālarudre, kālantake, s. Śiva the destroyer.

kālaharana, s. Whiling away time.
kāvu, s. Heat, warmth.
2. the rind or scraping of vegetables, etc. -सः to scrape away the skin of vegetables, etc.

kāvē, adj. Red. -क्षेत्र the red garb of an ascetic.

kāvēri, s. The river Kāvēri. 2. a female's name.

kāvoli, s. A frying pan.

kāvyā, s. Poetry. 2. a poetical work; cf. विश. -क्षेत्र a garland of poetry, poetical anthology.

kāsi, s. Benares. adj. White. -क्षेत्र a white paper. -क्षेत्र, see विश. -क्षेत्र, -क्षेत्र a Benares priest; an oppressor. -क्षेत्र the Indian corn. -क्षेत्र a strong, white cloth. -क्षेत्र the Ganges water; also -क्षेत्र.

kāsirōga, s. Lunacy.

kāsmīrū, s. The province of Cashmere. 2. a superior kind of woollen cloth.

kāsyapa, s. A sage of that name.

kāshāyi, s. The red garb of an ascetic.

kāsyu, s. A cash, an old copper coin worth half a pie. सके the fraction of a cash. कास्यु a destitute or worthless man. [sion.

kāsarīkē, s. Selfconfes-
kāsā, adj. Own. -क्षेत्र one's own younger brother.

kāsi, see क्षेत्र.

kāsigē, adj. Private, personal. -क्षेत्र private accounts.

kāsitāli, s. The marriage badge worn round the neck of a woman.

kāhalā, adj. Black, dark. -क्षेत्र a kind of very poisonous serpent.

kāhalē, see क्षेत्र.

kāhalōrage, see क्षेत्र.

kālu, s. A grain, as of rice, kāla, adj. Black, dark. -क्षेत्र a wild cat. -क्षेत्र a black buffalo. -क्षेत्र a very dark night.

kālangū, see क्षेत्र.

kālakottē, adv. Extremely; very. -क्षेत्र extremely bitter.

kālaga, s. War, fight, battle.

kālarīrigē, see क्षेत्र.

kālamma, s. A name of Kāli. 2. a female's name.

kālī, s. Blackness. 2. the goddess Kāli. 3. a black cow.

kālinga, s. A bird. 2. a snake. 3. an elephant. -क्षेत्र, -क्षेत्र a black serpent.

kālīga, see क्षेत्र.


1. kāli, s. The fifty-second year of the Hindu cycle.

2. kālidāse, s. A celebrated ancient poet.

3. kāliya, see kālija.

4. kālu, s. A black dog. 2. a man's name. adj. Black.

5. kalu, s. A black man's name. adj. Black.

6. kale, s. Death. [serpent.

7. kalorage, s. A black kinkana, -s. A man-servant. slave. servitude, slavery.

8. kinkani, adj. Trickish. -a, a trick; trickery. -a, a kind of medicine. see kinkiri.

9. kinkuni, see kinku.

10. kingude, see kentula.

11. kōkani, s. A red squirrel.

12. kīḍe, see kōdā.

13. kimmikiṭṭi, s. Sounding, as a broken bell.

14. kīnten, s. Canvas. 2. linen. -pāca packing cloth.

15. kintalyu, kintala, s. The beam of a pair of scales; also kōnta.

16. kinnari, s. A lute, fiddle. -a, the tune of a lute. -a, to play upon a lute.

17. kinni, adj. Small, little, young. s. The young of an animal. 2. smallness. -a, a chicken. -uvula, epiglottis; a disease under the tongue, called frog. -a small corn; the Ricinus seed. -a kind of rice. -a the little finger; cf. kōda, kōdita. -a narrow-mindedness; senselessness. -a old and young. -a a dejected face. -a, -a to bring forth, yean, as sheep.

18. kimpurushe, s. A fabulous bird with a human face.

19. kimmatu, s. Value, price. -a to fix the value.

20. kimpilyu, see kimpily.

21. kirmbaruni, see kirmbaru.

22. kirmbāta, s. An itching sensation. 2. scratching.

23. kirmbila, s. The ear-wax. -a an ear-pick.

24. kirmbilu, see kirmblu.

25. kirmbuni (kōnta), v. n. To itch. v. a. To rub, scratch.

26. kirmbelu, s. Itching. 2. scratching. -a a kind of nettlish Cocco, Colocasia nymphasolila.

27. kigga, adj. Little, small.

28. kieiki, s. Chirping. 2. prattling. adj. Bruised, jelled. -a to tread to a jelly. -a to chirp; to prattle.

29. kieidi, kieedi, s. Boiled rice mixed with split pulse and jaggory. -a a female's brown coloured garment.
precious stone. —कििि to become enraged. —कििि, —कििि sparks to fly.

किनि, s. Wit, keenness, cunning. —कििि to play tricks.

किििि to show one's cunning.

किंकिनि, s. The tinkling of small bells; a clinking sound.

किँिि, s. The noise made by the fall of a small bell, etc.

किंकाणा, adj. Little. —कििि the little finger.

किंकुनि, see किनि.

किनालु, s. A brass cup.

किताभु, s. A book. 2. the Koran.

कित्तु, see किता.

कित्ती, s. Lightning. —कििि lightning to flash.

कित्तु, s. Lightening. —कििि to be vexed.

कििि, s. Lightening to flash.

कित्तु, v. n. To flutter; to be in agitation.

किँकाणा, see कित्ता.

किंद्रे, s. A brass ear-ring; also कित्.

कित्तु, s. An orange.

कितु, अधि, कित्तली, कित्तली, कितले, s. An orange.

कित्तु, v. n. To flutter; to be in agitation.

किंकाणा, see किंकाणा.

कित्तु, s. A brass ear-ring; also कित्तु.

कित्तु, s. A brass ear-ring; also कित्तु.

कित्तु, s. The armpit. 2. tickling. —कििि to be ticklish.

कित्तु, v. n. To tickle.

कित्तु, see कित्तु.

किति, s. A cow-pen, stall.

किति, s. A manger; cf. किति.

किनकुनि, see कित्ता.
kinya, kinu. A bit, trifle.
kinare, s. Margin, bank, shore. 2. border, edge.
kinkana, see kinkini.
kinkuni (_keyword_), v. a. To pinch.

dav, see kinari.
daa, see kinni.
daa, s. A mother's younger sister.
daa, s. A father's younger brother.
daa, s. The young of an animal. 2. A little thing; cf. da.
daa, kipaya, kipayatu, kiphayiti, s. Profit, gain, advantage.
daa, kippulu, see da.
daa, da, s. A pile, heap. —davo to heap up.
daa, kimmatu, see da.
daa, kiyude, see da.
daa, kirumbuni, see da.
daa, kirudu, see da.
daa, kirubillyu, see da.
daa, kiranci, s. Mire, mud. adj. Miry, dirty, foul.
daa, kira, s. A ray or beam of light.
daa, kiran, s. A kind of itch; also kire, da.
daa, kirate, s. A hunter, Fowler; a forester.

kire, kiru, adj. Small, little, young. 2. low, mean.
daa, kirikatu, kirikatuuni, see da, under da.
daa, kirikiri, s. Disturbance, annoyance. 2. creaking, as shoes, etc.; cf. da. —davo to prattle. —davo to disturb.
daa, kirigi, kirige, s. The garment worn by a girl; also da.
daa, kirige, s. The garment worn by a girl. 
daa, kiriga, kirige, s. Annoyance. —davo to annoy.
daa, kiridu, see da.
daa, kiriyatu, s. Chirayit gentian, Ophelia chirata.
daa, kirije, s. Exorcising; charming a demon.
daa, kirije, s. A junior, younger member.
daa, kirita, s. A crown, diadem.
daa, a king.
daa, kiru, see da.
daa, kirè, see da.
daa, kirengu, see da.
daa, kirenci, see da.
daa, kirencuni, see da.
daa, kirjun, s. To cut, as straw, grass-stumps etc. 2. to scrape or clear, as the ground.
daa, kirepini, kirepuni, kirevuni, see da.
daa, kirku, s. A creaking noise.
kirkalu, kirkala, s. Annoyance, trouble, teasing.
2. a grain.
kirgatti, s. A small knife.
2. a short sword.
kirgulla, s. A small kind of brinjal.
kirtara, s. An inferior sort or kind.
kirdu, adj. Inferior, not fine.
kirpilu, kirbillu, j. A hut, small temporary shed.

kiryatyu, see kirutyu.
kirse, see kirse.
kilubu, kilumu, see kilumu.
kila, s. The belly. 2. a bag. — to fill or feed the belly.
kilakila, s. Chirping. 2. screeching. adv. Heartily. — to laugh heartily.
kilimbu, kilubu, see kilumu.
kilka, see kilka.
kilikili, see kilikili.
kileiji, s. A fly.
kilembi, kilembu, s. Rust, verdigris, corrosion.
kilembiri, s. Cream. 2. scum. — froth to form.
kilekuni (kilu), v. a. To draw out, pull. 2. to irritate, provoke; to stir, move.

kilepuni, see kilepuni.
kilevuni, killevuni, v. n. To whistle. 2. to resound.
kilesi, see kilisi.
kilbu, see kilbu.
kille, s. A fort. — the commander of a fort.
kivade, kivude, s. A deaf man. kilu deaf.
kisikisi, s. A titter, laugh.
kisu, kisi, s. Grinning. 2. a fragment. 3. trouble. 4. hinderance. — a very small balance. — a grinning face. — a trifle.
— to give trouble; to haggle. — to hinder.
kisuka, s. Tittering or grinning. — to grin, laugh.
kise, s. The pocket of a jacket.
kistu, kiste, s. A fixed period for payment of revenue. 2. an instalment.
kilipili, s. The sound of chirping.
kicake, s. The name of an ancient king.
kicabavoli, s. A flying fox.
kicukiu, kicukiu, s. The squeaking of rats, etc.
ki, s. White lead.

kiita, s. An insect in general.

2. a worm. 3. see kuna.

kitake, kitage, s.

A base or rude fellow.

kidu, adj. Inferior.

ki, kidu, kidi, s. A worm, insect. — to decay; to become useless.

kitu, s. A part, bit; a splinter.

kituni (ki)，v. n. To spirit, sprit; to sprinkle.

kiduni (ki)，v. a. To importunate; to dun, tease.

kipu, s. A bunch.

kibillyu, see ki-

kiri, s. A split, rift; a scratch.

kiryu, adj. Ancient, old; — a lesson for the past and future.

kiri, s. Continuance, incessancy. — to continue, go on without ceasing. — incessant rain.

kimuni (ki)，v. a. To scratch; to split; also karam.

kire, see ki-

kirottuni(kirott)，v.a.

To roar, as an elephant.

kirtanė, s. Praise; a psalm, hymn. — to sing praises of God.

kirti, s. Fame, renown, reputation.

kilyu, s. A joint, hinge, peg.

2. a wooden fastening. — to fasten as a door; also kili.

kilumbu, see ki-

kiludavadė, s. The lower jaw.

kili, s. A lock. — the key of a lock.

kimelyu, adj. Evil and good. 2. inferior and superior. adv. Upside-down.

kivu, s. Pus, matter of a sore.

kisuni, see ki-

kisuli, s. A carpenter's plane.

kilu, adj. Base, low, mean.

— an inferior.

—a low class or caste.

—a baseness, meanness. — a vulgar expression. — a mean disposition. — see kiri-

kilu, kilu, s. A lock.

— the key of a lock.

— a toad.

ku, adj. pref. Bad, low, small; as — vulgar people. — low tricks, etc.

kuŋkuma, s. A crimsoned powder of turmeric, used by married women for making a mark on their foreheads. — see kun-

kuŋkur, s. Going on hands and legs, as an infant; also karaunga. — a toad.

— to stagger, reel.
kunke, see kundu.

kuncea, s. A tassel, flybrush.

kunca, s. A kind of children's hood reaching down to the calves of the legs.

kunsee, s. A Weaver's stay.

kujia, s. A heap, accumulation, hoard; assemblage.

kunjary, s. A small jungle. 2. the name of a village.

kunj, see kosa.

kunjirga, see kojca.

kunja, s. A female dwarf. adj. Short; worn out, wasted; blunt, dull. —a helper; a companion, comrade.

clothe. —to cover with clothes, put on clothes.

kunthuni, see kojca.

kunte, s. A dwarf, short man.

kunte, s. The web beam of a loom. —a fire set up to warm the bleached thread. —to set a post or peg. —the cross-beam of a loom.

kunda, s. A pit, especially of sacrificial fire.

kundala, s. A kind of ear-ring; also kojca.

kundali, s. A kind of serpent.

kundi, kundige, s. A strong trough.

kundelu, see kusa.

kuntala, s. A curl, ringlet. 2. the hair. 3. a drinking cup.

kunti, s. The mother of the Pându princes.

kundy, see kusa.

kunda, s. A pillar, post. —a stone pillar. —to build a pillar.

kudana, s. Pure gold.

kundavuni, c. v. (of kojca) To reduce. 2. to boil down. 3. to repress, humble.

kundu, s. Deficiency, defect, fault. 2. want. 3. loss. —to make
up a deficiency. —want of money or means.

kundu, s. A child of Pariahs. —to bear, bring forth, as Pariahs.

kunduni, v. n. To decrease, abate, be reduced. 2. to fade, wither. 3. to be boiled down.

kundelu, s. Deficiency, as in the measurement of grain, etc.

kundri, s. A small craft or vessel from the Maldive islands. adj. Little, small, short. —a puny baby, bantling. —a small kind of coconuts, imported from the Maldive islands.

kundukote, s. An old fort at Mercara.

kumpari, kumpadri, s. A god-father.

kumpuni, see kundu.

kumpé, see kundu.

kumba, see kundu.

kumbakare, kumbare, see kundu.

kumbattu, see kundu.

kumaruni, v. n. To quake, tremble.

kumbava, s. A pumpkin or gourd.

kumbasu, see kundu.

kumbare, s. A potter; also pukku.

kumbi, s. A mirage. 2. the penis. 3. an elephant.

kumbu, s. Rottenness. adj. Rotten, carious, decayed. a rotten tree. —to rot.

kumbuda, A pumpkin or gourd, Cucurbita agenaria. —an ash-gourd. —a small kind of ash-gourd. —to boast, vaunt, vlg.

kumbottu, see kukku.

kumbha, s. The eleventh solar month (Febr.-March). 2. a pot, an earthen vessel. 3. the name of a giant, Ravana's younger brother. —the sign Aquarius.

kumbha-sthala, s. The frontal globe of an elephant's head.

kummaku, kummike, sthala, s. The frontal globe of an elephant's head.

kummaya, see kundu.

kuurjilyu, see kundu.

kurptuni, v. n. To shrivel, shrink.

kurndu, see kundu.

kurndodi, s. A kind of fish.

kumsu, see kukku.

kukku, s. A mango. 2. the mourning feast of the Pariahs. a mango tree. a young mango. mango pickle.
Kukku: Pecking.

Kukkuliyuni: A small basket.

Kugguni: To be humbled, depressed.

Kucucu: A whisper.

Kucodya: Ridicule, derision, mockery.

Kucatu: Shortness, little.

Kutikile: A taunter.

Kucenuni: To add a tuft of hair on the crown of the head.

Kutila: Trick, imposture, deception.


Kutuku: The game of hide and seek.

Kutuka: The rumbling of the bowels.

Kutta: A cheat, imposter.
kutta, s. A stake, peg, stump. -kut to play at throwing a stick.
kuttasu, -srta. -Ut, kuttu, s. A blow given with the fist.
kuttuni (əʔ), v. a. To thump, give a blow, strike with the fist. 2. to crash, pound, bruise.
kutta, s. Decay, rottenness. -kut a borer, that destroys trees. -kutt to decay. -kut to be ruined, done up, exhausted.
kutru, s. Cooing. -kut a spotted dove. -kut to coo.
kuda, adv. Again. -kuda once more. -kuda again and again, repeatedly.
kudanji, see ṣrdo. kudapuni, see ṣrdo. kudari, s. An axe. 긍 a hatchet.
kudikolu, see ṣrdo, under ̄. kudicelu, see ṣrdo. kudicelu, see ṣrdo. kudicelu, see ṣrdo. kudicelu, see ṣrdo. kudiy, s. Horse-gram, *Dolichos uniflorus*. 2. the testicles of dogs, cats, etc. 3. the fresh scars of small-pox. -kud to feed (cattle) with gram; to cuff, give blows. -kud, lit. gram to scatter; small-pox to break out.
kudumbe, s. A jungle man. 2. a Konkani speaking Roman Catholic.
kudutale, see ṣrdo. kudupu, s. A strainer, made of wicker-work.
kudupuni, see ṣrdo. kuduma, s. A ferry. 2. see ṣrdo.
kudume, see ṣrdo. kude, s. A rat's hole.
kude, see ṣrdo. kudēnjima, s. The tree of oval-leaved rosebay, *Wrightia antidysenterica*.
kudki, kuḍk珪, s. A small earthen vessel. -kuḍ a kind of fireworks.
kudoni (əʔ), v. a. To drink excessively. 2. to swallow liquor.
kudēle, s. Drunkenness.
kudēle, s. A drunkard.
kudalë, s. The registered right of paying land revenue.
kudpa, kuḍpə, see ṣrdo. kuḍpalu, s. A woman with uncombed hair. 2. the name of a female demon.
kudpuni (əʔ), v. n. To shiver, as from ague. v. a. To dust, shake off as the dust of a cloth, etc.
kuttari, s. A civet cat.
kuttu, s. 1. A prick, puncture; very small hole. 2. A fomentation or poultice. 3. A basket-maker's knife; also kutturi to foment. -κυττυσ to prick, make a hole. -κυττυσ to become a hole.
kuttun (κυττυν), v. a. To bore, pierce.
kuttari, s. A weel for catching fish with. 2. A basket-shaped cage for fowls.
kuttaruni, kuttruni, see kuturi,
kuttelu, s. A kind of brush used by toddy-drawers.
kuttodo, s. A cobra emaciated by devouring another species of snake called 'kandodi'.
kuttyolu, see kuturi, under kutu.
kudante, see kutu.
kudw, see kutu.
kudape, kudane, s. The fruit of Solanum pubescens.
kudi, s. Term, turn. adj. Fixed, settled. -κυδοσ to fix a time.
kudi, see kutu.
kudikary, s. Tiptoe.
kudike, s. A jackal, fox.
kudipuni, kudiyuni (κυδιον), v. n. To repent, regret.
kudipevuni (కుదిపేవుని), v. a. To be desiring, wishing.  
2. to be anxious.

kudumbu, see కుదంబు.
kudumbulu, s. A quail.

kuduke, see కుదుకు.
kudupa, see కుదుప.
kudupuni (కుడుపుని), v. a. To cut; to reap.

kudupè, s. A small kind of earthen vessel for boiling rice. 
2. (fig.) the belly.

kudupì, s. The side or cross roof of a house.

kuduru, s. A sand bank. 
2. a small island.

kuduruni (కుదురుని), v. n. To recover from sickness.

kudurè, s. A horse. 
2. the lock of a gun. 
3. a horsekeeper; a rider. 
4. a saddle. 
5. the mane of a horse. 
6. a stable. 
7. riding. 
8. to mount a horse, to ride.

kudè, s. A piece of wood.

kudke, see కుడ్డె.
kuddu, see కుడ్డు.
kuddonuni, see కుడ్డోనుని.
kuddoli, see కుడ్డోలి.
kuddya, kudya, s. Shortness. adj. Short, small, dwarfish. 
8. a dwarf, short man.
see kujgra, see kujgra.

see kubjé, see kujgra.

see kumándé, see kumándé.

see kumakú, kumikí, kumikí, kumukú, kumukú, kumukú, s. Aid, assistance. —see unassessed land for the use of cultivation.

see kumándra, see kumándra.

see kumáya, s. Chunam, lime. 2. mortar.

see kumári, kumári, kumárti, s. A girl. 2. a virgin. 3. a daughter.

see kumáre, s. A boy. 2. a son.

see kumusálù, s. Consultation. 2. conspiracy, plot.

see kumetelù, s. Putrid meat or fish.

see kumevuni (kuri), v. n. To decay, putrify, as meat, etc. 

see kumery, kumery, kumery, s. A waste land cleared for cultivation.

see kuméru, s. The south pole.

see kuyilavuni, see kuri.

see kuyukti, s. Craft, cunningness.

see kuyuluni (kuri), v. n. To inflame, as the eyes, or a boil.

see kura, see kura.
kuru

Grumbling, murmuring.

kuruckane, kurukucsi, .

Blindness.

kurucane, see .

Blindness.

kurud-manu, kurudumari, see .

A blind man.

kurubakily, s. A postern, backdoor.

kurubu, s. The eyebrow.

kurube, s. A shepherd.

kurule, see .

kuruve, see .

kurusalu, s. Servitude, slavery, bondage.

kurupa, kurupu, s. Deformity, ugliness. adj. Deformed, ugly. an ugly man.

kur, s. Filth, dirt. 2. swamp, pool. stinginess in trifles. decaying skin. a poor life, half-alive. filthy soil.

kurepini, kurepuni ( ), v. a. To bore, scrape, excavate, drill. 2. see .

kure, kurelu, s. The nape of the neck.

kuravuni, v. (of ) To shake, agitate. 2. to wash well, as clothes.

kurkilu, s. A kind of basket.

kurkuni, v. To shake, as a tree etc.

kur, s. A chair, seat.

kure, s. A kind of fish.

kurjaty, see .

kurdibaru, kurdu, s. A kind of creeper.

kurdu, see .

kurdu, s. Soil or earth impregnated with the poison of kurdumari.

kurdumari, s. A kind of poisonous vermin.

kurde, see .

kurte, kurtelu, s. A filthy man.

kurnasu, s. Snoring.
kurni, s. A sore in the eyelid. —कूर्नी sore eyes.
kurpu, s. Manure, fertiliser. —कूर्पु to be fertilised.
kurpu, s. Sharpness, as of a cutting instrument. 2. dissection. —कूर्पु to dissect.
kurlu, s. A kind of bitter medicinal root.

kurlari, kurlu, s. Parched rice.
kurluni (कूर्लु), n. n. To be contracted, to shrivel, shrink in, as from cold; also कुर्लुत् the belly to distend.
kurlà, s. A tender plantain tree. 2. a young pig. 3. the fresh shoots of grains etc.
kurlemardy, s. A kind of bitter medicinal root.
kurvayi, see जार्व्यया.
kurve, s. A basket. 2. distension. अद्वैतकृत् नूनु the belly to distend.
kursandi, s. A kind of sesamum imported from the ghauts, also sesamum oil.
kursani, see जार्व्यया.
kursu, s. A cross. 2. see कुसुम.

kula, s. Family, race, tribe. —कुल a family god. —कुलम् duties and customs pertaining to a family or caste. —कुली one who belongs to a good family. —कुलघु a caste or family to be degenerated or ruined.

kula, see जार्बा.
kula, s. A sweet preparation consisting of cocoanut juice, jaggory, ripe plantains, and cardamoms; also जार्िा.
kula, kulavu, s. A kind of creeper.
kulaūji, see जार्व्यभा.
kulayi, s. A kind of cap.
kulāṅkuśa, adj. Detailed. 2. whole. adv. In detail. 2. wholly.
kulāśu, s. Discharge, acquittance, letting go.
kulipë, kulupë, see जार्व्यज.
kulina, adj. Noble, honorable. —कुलिन a nobleman.
kulë, s. A ghost, apparition. —कुले� continuos fever.
kulēji, s. A plot of field.
kulpë, see जार्व्यज.
kullā, see जार्व्यज.
kullāvuni, see जार्व्यज.
kulligë, s. The buttocks.
kuvaka, see जार्व्यज.
kuve, s. A mast; also जार्व्यज.

kuve, see जार्व्यज.
kuśa, s. The holy grass. Poa cynosuroides; also जार्व्यज.
kuṣa, s. Cleverness, skillfulness. 2. welfare, happiness. *adj.* Clever, expert, able. —kuṣaṇa keen wit, quick apprehension.

kuṣā, kuṣāla, s. Merriment, pleasure, frolic. —kuṣānuma venereal disease. —kuṣāya to be merry, to lead a debaucherous life.

kuṣi, s. Joy, pleasure; hilarity. 2. will. 3. agreement. —as you like, as you please.

kuṣipuni, kuṣiyuni (kuṣi), v. n. To contract, shrink in.

kuṣi, see kuṣa.

kuṣṭha, see kuṣa.

kuṣa, see kuṣa.

kuṣave, s. A potter.

kuṣalū, see kuṣā.

kuṣā, kuṣinā, kuṣini, s. A kitchen.

kuṣipuni, see kuṣā.

kuṣiru, see kuṣa.

kuṣinā, kuṣinā, kuṣipuni, kuṣiyuni (kuṣi), v. n. To contract, shrink in.

kuṣiru, see kuṣa.

kuṣerū, kuṣerū, kuṣerū, kuṣipuni, kuṣiyuni (kuṣi), v. n. To contract, shrink in.

kuṣiru, see kuṣa.

kuṣumbe, s. The safflower. —kuṣumbā safflower oil. —kuṣuti a deep red colour.

kuṣukuni, see kuṣā.

kuṣukusu, see kuṣā.

kuṣukuni, see kuṣā.

kuṣukusu, see kuṣā.

kuṣulū, see kuṣā.

kuṣubī, s. The safflower.

kuṣumā, s. The filament of a flower. 2. the pollen of a flower.

kuṣuri, s. Any thing given to boot, when a person buys commodities. 2. see kuṣuri —kuṣuri to give something into the bargain.

kuṣurū, s. A bit, trifling. *adj.* Little, few.

kuṣurunī (kuṣurū), v. n. To shiver. 2. to shrink in, be afraid.

kuṣalū, s. The small bead of a nose ornament.

kuṣā, kuṣālū, kuṣēlū, kuṣēlū, s. Ingenuity, cunningness, a sly artifice. 2. wittiness, —kuṣēlū to play tricks.

kuṣkuni (kuṣkuni), v. n. To shrink, give way, sink in. 2. to sprain.

kuṣti, s. Gymnastics, wrestling. —kuṣti, —kuṣti to wrestle.

kuṣri, s. The pulp or soft part of a fruit. 2. see kuṣā.

kuhaka, adj. Fraudulent, deceitful. —kuhaka a cheat, rogue.

kuṇa, s. A tank or pond.

kuṇakū, see kuṇaka.

kuṇamāṇḍrā, s. Dried juice of mangoes or jackfruit.

kuṇavārū, s. Details. 2. item by item. 3. a list of creditors, debtors, etc.

kuṇā, see kuṇā.

kuṇigē, see kuṇigē.

kuṇipuni (kuṇa), v. a. To sting, as an ant.
kuli, s. The large black-ant.
kulunkuni, v. a. To wet, moisten.
kulupu, s. A piece of black stone etc., with a device or inscription on it to be used as a seal.

kulavuni, kulupu, c. v. (of kulupu) To make sit, to employ.
kulluni, v. n. To sit, sit down. 2. to lodge, dwell.
kuj, s. Response, responding to a call. 2. alarm. — to respond to a call; to give alarm.
künk, s. Shortness of breath.
künk, s. The mock tribute given in a kind of game.
künja, see künk.
künji, see künk.
kunjelyu, s. A kind of weel for catching fish.
kũntuni, see künk.
kũndelu, kũndolu, s. A wasp. — a large yellow wasp.
kũntuni, kũntuni, kũmpuni, v. a. To peck, strike with the beak. 2. to prick a hole. 3. to put out.
gathering. 4. storing. 5. mixing.

kūdisuni (कुदिसुनि), v. a. To add, sum up.

kūdu, see kula.

kūdukaṭṭu, kūḍugāṭṭu, s. The association or union of the members of the same caste or family.

kūduni (कुदुनि), v. a. To join, unite. 2. to cohabit, copulate. 3. to embrace, adopt. v. n. To meet, assemble, gather; also kūḍaṭṭe to meet. 2. to be mixed, mingled.

kūn (कून), c. dat. Can, to be able, be possible. kūn that which is practicable or possible. kūn cannot, as आने kūn I cannot, it is impossible for me. kūn impracticable, impossible. kūn an impossibility. kūn not being able, or practicable. kūn. kūn, kūn joint, attached; assembled; as, kūndu the assembled people. kūndu a partner; an adherent. kūndu a concubine. kūndu is it possible, can I? etc.

kūnī, see kūna.

kūnu, s. Pudenda, Pudendum muliebre.

kūtale, see kūnumā.

kūdi, s. The anus; posteriors. 2. membre muliebre.

kūni, see kūna.

kūmakī, see kūnumā.

kūyiluni, see kūnumā.

kuruṅgely, s. Drowsiness, sleepiness. -kuruṅga, kuruṅg a drowsy man; a sluggard.

kūrambilu, s. A kind of medicinal plant.

kūri, s. A kind of weel for catching fish. -kūri to set it; fig. to ensnare a person. kūrulū kūri, ḫūrulū kūri he will not get into one or the other kind of weel; whatever you do, you will not catch him.

kūru, s. Boiled rice; vlg. -kūru rice and curry.

kūru, s. The dusty substance contained in the fibrous covering of a cocoa-nut. -kūrulū to remove it.

kūruni (कूरुनि), v. n. To be drowsy, sleepy. 2. to hesitate.

kūrele, s. A sleepy fellow. 2. a sluggard.

kūrtē, see kūra.

kūrnayi, s. A fierce dog.

kūrma, s. A turtle, tortoise. -kūrma Vishṇu's second incarnation, as a turtle.

kulaṅkuśa, see kūli.

kūli, s. Hire. -kūli a hireling, labourer.
kuli, s. A tooth. —कुली tooth-ache. —कुलीत to gnash the teeth. —kuli— swelling of the gums in teething.

kulyavuni, kulyavuni (कुलयवूणी), kulyavuni (कुलयवूणी, कुलयवूणी), v. a. To make faces, mock, mimic.

kulu, see कुले.

kulyuni, see कुलियूणी.

kuvè, s. Arrowroot, Curcuma angustifolia; also कुवे.

to gnash the teeth.

kuvè, s. A mast; also कुवे.

kuvèka, see कुवे.

kusambri, s. A kind of condiment made of minced and fried pulse or other vegetables.

to improve, as land etc.

kühaka, see कुहाका.

kula, see कुला.

küli, see कुली.

külingé, s. An irregular tooth.

külu, see कुलू.

kruta, adj. Done, made. s. Improvement; repairs; addition. —क्रुटा to improve, as land etc.

krutajñatè, s. Gratitude.

krutayuga, krutayuga, s. The primeval golden age of the Hindus.

krutårtha, adj. Successful, fortunate, happy.

kruti, s. Verification; literary composition.

krutikè, s. The Pleiades.

kruttima, kruttima, kru-trima, s. A trick, artifice, deception. 2. sorcery, witchcraft. adj. Fraudulent.

krutya, s. An action, act. 2. duty, conduct. 3. any thing proper to be done.

krupè, s. Grace, mercy, compassion, favour. कृपा, कृपाकरण lit. the ocean of mercy; the all-merciful God.

kumi, see कुमी.

krushi, krushè, s. Agriculture, husbandry.

krushna, krushna, krushne, s. Krishna, the eighth incarnation of Vishnu. adj. Black.

krutha, the dark lunar fortnight. —कृष्ण a buck antelope. —कृष्ण a kind of black-serpent.

kem, ken, abbrev. of कृषि red.

keiganu, see कृषि.

keiguđe, s. An obstinate or refractory person, blockhead. 2. one who has no feelings, a cruel man.

keiña, keñi, adj. Red. 2. fair. —कृषिकृ गुला red whiskers. —कृषिकृ गुला to get red, become red.

kejaruni, see कृषिजरुणी.

keñja, see कृषि.

keñjely, s. The udder.

kenjola, s. A red kind of great millet.

kenda, see केन्दा.
kendārē, see kendā.
kendā, kendē, kenni, kenne, s. The cheek.
kempattu, s. Reddishness. adj. Reddish.
kempallī, s. The red kind of water-lily, Nymphaea rubra.
kempu, s. Redness. 2. a ruby. 3. chalcedony. to red eyes; glaring eyes. — to the red wool or hair of animals. — a red kind of the vegetable Amaranthus oleraceus. — the red spinach, Basella rubra. — red colour. — red soil. — a fair complexion. — scurf. — to make red. — to turn red.
kembudē, s. A kind of pumpkin.
kemma, see kendā.
kemmaḍē, s. Dust. 2. dirt. 3. a kind of red insect; a glow-worm. 4. canker. to corrode; to infest.
kemmamruṣa, s. A kind of deer.
kemmārālu, s. A ruby. 2. a kind of red flower.
kemmisē, s. Red whiskers.
kendelō, s. The udder.

kedā, kedē, kekki, kekkīḷu, s. The neck, throat. — the pit of the throat; also lit. the neck and ear; a complete set of jewelry. — up to the neck or brim. — the nape of the neck. — to cut the throat; to deceive.
kejaruni, kejāluni, see kejālu.
kejelpuni, see kejālu.
kejja, see kejālu.
ketta, adj. Bad, base, vile. a bad disposition, depraved nature. a base kind. wickedness. bad conduct. bad language. a bad thing.
keda, kedē, keḍa, keḍakū, see kendā.
kedake, s. An oppressor.
kedaguni (kedan), v.n. To fall or slip down. v.a. To ruin, spoil; to deflour. 2. to remain, be left; also to denounce.
kedu, s. A mole, wart.
keduku, s. Nuisance, damage, loss.
kēḍasa, s. A kind of three days' festival among the Tulu people about February or March, when they go on hunting excursions, and eat fried
grains. -கொண்ட a strong wind blowing during that time.

kenakuni, kenkuni (கேகொண்ட, கேகொண்ட), v. a. To provoke, irritate. 2. to kindle.

keppi, s. Stratagem.

kedijnke, kedanke (கேடீன்கே, கேடீன்கே), v. To feel pain in the belly.

kedijkuty, see kedaruni (கேடீகூட்டே), v. 2. setting, as jewels. -டை a carved stone. -ட்டை carved work.

kedu, s. An artificial tank, pool, pond.

kedonuni (கேடோனுணி), v. To lie down, rest.

kenakuni, see kedijnke.

kenni, see keda.

keppadē, s. Swelling of the cheeks. கேபே- swelling of the temples and cheeks.

keppatana, s. Deafness.

kepparse, see kedi.

keppi, s. A deaf woman. 2. a silly woman.

keppu, s. Deafness. கேப்பு deafness and old age; dotage.

keppene, to behave like a deaf man.

keppe, s. A deaf man.

keppē, s. The cheek. 2. the temples. கேப்பே to slap on the cheek. கேப்போ to dislocate the cheek-bone.

kebi, s. The ear. கேப்பி deafening. கேப்பா pain in the ear. கேப்பே a boil in the ear. கேப்பூ a deafening noise. கேப்பை an ear-pick. கேப்பை half deaf. கேப்பை, கேப்பை a male's large ear-ring. கேப்பீ the drum or tympanum of the ear. கேப்பீ a male's ear-ring. கேப்பீ the rim of the ear. கேப்பீ a male's common ear-ring. கேப்பீ to give ear, listen. கேப்பீ the ear to itch; to hear with displeasure. கேப்போ to bore the ear. கேப்போ to hear, listen. கேப்போ to attend, give ear. கேப்போ கேப்போ to listen attentively; to overhear. கேப்போ to twist the ear. கேப்போ to turn the ear; to refuse; to be fickle. கேப்போ கேப்போ? (lit. have you no ears?) don’t you hear?
kebure, s. A deaf man.
1. an inattentive fellow.
kebbatū, see kebure.
kebbatūnī, see kebure.
kebbu, see kebure.
kemba, see kemba.
keyi, s. The standing or growing crop in a field.
3. to reap the crop.
5. to thrash.
kerantūnī, see kerantū.
kerana, see kerana.
kerāṁa, kerān, kerā, s.
Warts. 2. a kind of scab; cf. kē." r.
kermā, see kermā.
kērē, s. An artificial tank.
3. the sluice of a tank.
4. the illumination of a tank.
5. the adoration of a tank with pomp.
kērēgū, s. A sweet potato, the root Dioscorea a-culeata.
kērēnē, see kērēnē.
kērēnēnū (kērēnū), v. a.
To scratch the ground, as a fowl. 2. to wipe off, as water from the ground. 3. to crush down a clod of earth.
kērēkiri, see kerēkiri.
kērējūnī, see kerējūnī.
kērēpūnī (kērē), v. a. To scrape, remove, clear away.
2. to polish.
kērēpē, s. Simplicity. 2. a simpleton. 3. a prattler.
kērē, s. A knot.
3. to tie two coconuts together.
kērēpā, s. A slope. adj.
Sloping.
kērēpānūnī (kērēpānū), c. v. (of kērēpā South) To cause to kill.
kērēpānā, kērēpānayē, s.
A murderer, killer.
kērēpīnī (kērēpī), v. a. To kill, murder, slay.
kērēpū, s. A kind of ladder.
3. to place a ladder.
kērēpu (kērēpū), kerēpūnī (kērēpūnī), v. a. To cause to lean against; to place against.
kērēpunī (kērēpūnī), v. a. To prop, support.
kērēpē, s. A clod of earth.
3. clods turned up when ploughing after the second crop.
5. to be cloddy.
kērēshē, see kērēshē.
kērmālu, s. A Pariah virgin.
5, kērē, kērējī, kērē, kērēvū, num.
Some, few, several. 3. a few people.
kēlāsā, s. Business, work.
2. employment. 3. affair, matter. 4. advantage. kēlāsā
3. it is of no use or advantage. kēlāś — a bad act or affair. kēlāś — handiwork.
kēlā, see kēlā.
kēlāsū, kēla, kelavu, num.
Some, few, several. 3. a few people.
kēlāsā, s. Business, work.
2. employment. 3. affair, matter. 4. advantage. kēlāsā
3. it is of no use or advantage. kēlāś — a bad act or affair. kēlāś — handiwork.
kele, kelebu, see kele.

kelebuni (केलेबुँि), v. n. To crow, as a cock. v. a. To iron.

kelebu, see kele.

kelebuni (केलेबुँि), v. n. The ears to tingle.

kelebuni, kelesi, kelese, s. A barber.

kelly, s. Brink, edge. 2. vicinity. 3. a splinter.

kellu, s. A toe nail.

kelluguru, s. A toe nail.

kelevuni (केलेवुँि), tf. The ears to tingle.

kelesi, keleni, see kele.

kesary, s. Mud, mire. 2. dirt.

kesaru (केसरूि), v. n. To be inflamed, as the eyes.

kesarmè, s. The remaining symptoms of a sickness, before complete recovery.

kēnkan, s. Sore eyes, ophthalmia.

kēnkanapatki, s. The black Indian cuckoo.

kēnkarivuni, see kēnkaralu.

kēnkaralu, kēncaralu, kēnkrakal, kēnkray, s. A kind of red stone.

kēka, s. Taking and giving goods on credit.

customer. —केला a shop supplying goods on credit.

kēkē, s. A shout of joy. 2. a loud laughter.

kēlé, s. To shout joyfully; to laugh aloud.

kēlu, s. Mischiefs, evils.

kēlu, s. A mischifemaker. 2. an instigator. 3. a bad or mischievous neighbour.

kēnuni (केनुँि), v. n. To hear, be attentive to. 2. to obey. 3. to ask, inquire, request. शुभारूढ़ a hearer; an inquirer.

kētu, kētu, s. The dragon's tail or descending node, reckoned by Hindus as the ninth planet. 2. a standard, flag.

kēte, s. A glutton.

kēdu, s. Mud, soft clay.

kēdaya, kēdaya, kēdayi, kēdayi, s. The flower of the tree Pandanus odoratissimus; also kēdaya. —केदारुँि a gold head ornament.

kēdarumnu, s. A kind of fish.

kēniru, s. The serous matter of a boil.
kene, s. A kind of yam, *Arum campanulatum.*
dracontium polyphil-lum.

kepalé, see kei.

képijinu, s. A red ant.

képu, s. The cap of a musket, etc.

képula, s. The shrub *Ixora coccinea.*

kepu, s. The cap of a musket, etc.

kepula, kepula, s. The shrub *Ixora coccinea.*

keputu, s. Hot ashes.

kéma, s. A blow, hit, box.

2. meal, food.

keyi, see so.

kélqi, s. The abode of a Pariah.

kévaji, s. A kind of fish.

kévala, adj. Entire, sole, absolute, excessive. adv. Very much, entirely - very a great sinner - very great friendship

kévu, s. Boat-hire. - a very poor man.

kéva, a hired boat. - a boatman.

késha, s. The hair of the head.

késara, s. A filament. 2. pollen. 3. the tree *Mesua ferrea.*

késhave, s. Vishnu, one who is worshipped. 2. a man's name.

késu, s. A male's superior upper garment, made of red silk.

késari, s. A lion. 2. the filaments of a flower. 3. the filaments of the lotus.

késarmé, see késaré.

kei, s. The hand. 2. a sleeve. 3. the handle of an instrument. 4. a branch or leaf of a plan-tain tree. 5. the arm of a river, etc. 6. a key. 7. a lot of five, as nuts, sheaves of hay, etc.; cf. so. - as a handful; willingly, liberally.

- the hands and legs.
- the hand proper, consisting of the palm and fingers, united by the wrist to the arm. - the knuckles of the hand. - see so.

- as long as the hand. - beyond the reach of
the hand. — 'hand, underhand; collusion. — the arm of a river. — the left hand. — the handle of a plough. — side by side, closely. — a child attached to its mother. — the right hand. — a key. — the ornamental top of a pillar supporting a roof; a roof projecting from the trunk of a tree. — the palm of the hand. — the elbow. — lit. to strike the hands against the ground; to curse. — handful; liberally. — to come to hand, be within reach of the hand; to be caught. — — — lit. to be serviceable for the mouth and hand; to succour, help, as a grown up son to his parents. — — lit. to glance at the hand and mouth; to covet. — to cross or tie the hands. — to expect or seek help; to watch. — — to shake or dust off the hand. — to join hands, as in marriage. — to attain, gain; to succeed, prosper. — to shake hands; to help, assist. — to draw the hand back. — the hand to slip; to slip from the hand. — to close the hands. — to clap the hands; to pat on the back. — to stop the hand. — to misplace, miss; to place out of reach. — to settle one's hand in writing; to feel the pulse; to observe the palm of the hand, as a palmister. — lit. to direct the hand; to meddle; to manage a business. — lit. the hand to move; to be energetic or able to work; to succeed in any undertaking. — to move the hands, as when busy. — the hand to shake. — to re-marry a widow or divorced woman. — to stretch out the hand in order to receive; to show the hand; to hold by the hand; to marry; to be blessed with prosperity. — to put or thrust the hand into anything; to undertake; to interfere; to assault; to take liberties, as with a woman. — the hand to get tired. — to grope; to give a
second coating of plaster; to give permission to eat. - वाला. - वकला - वकला to move or wave the hand; to menace, threaten. - पल्ला lit. to let go the hand; to give over, forsake, desert. - पल्ला lit. the hand to fall down; to be unable to work; to meddle, interfere, take part. - पल्ला to lift the hand for striking. - पल्ला to prepare to fight. - पल्ला to brandish; to assault; to bargain, handsel. - पल्ला to exchange, alter. - पल्ला to transgress, violate; to menace. - पल्ला to close the hands out of respect, to salute. - पल्ला to touch with the hand; the hand to reach. - पल्ला to rub the hand. - पल्ला to ease the hands after work. - पल्ला to press or squeeze the hand. - पल्ला to ask permission to eat. - पल्ला to go into one's possession. - पल्ला the hand to get weary or exhausted. - पल्ला to strike a bargain, to make a cheap bargain; to promise, assure. - पल्ला to attain, gain.

केईतील्य, s. Cooking for oneself.
केईक्षेत्र, s. Handwriting.
केईसल्य, see केईसल्य.
keiga, s. Money in hand. 2. a hand-bag.
keigargasu, s. A hand-saw.
keigādī, s. A wheel-barrow. 2. a go-cart.
keigārikē, s. Manual skill, dexterity; handi-work.
keigunā, s. The virtue or efficiency of the hand. 2. practice. 3. experience.
keigurta, s. A person's signature.
keicasmatkāra, s. Dexterity, sleight of hand. 2. manual skill.
keicalaku, s. Quickness of hand.
keitapaguru, s. A gesture made with the hand.
keitappu, s. A mistake, slip of the hand.
keitalā, s. A hand-rod to climb a palm tree with. [by.
keitāngu, s. A hand-rail for supporting when crossing a small bridge.
keitāla, s. A small cymbal.
keitunda, see keitāngu.
keitudarū, s. A hand-lamp.
keidū, s. A sword, sabre. 2. a prison.. 3. arresting. 4. conclusion, end. —| to conclude, end. —| to confine, imprison. —| to arrest; to stop, finish, terminate.
keidanda, s. An unnecessary loss.
keidādē, s. A bracelet.
keidāddyē, s. A kind of cake boiled in steam.
keidārē, s. A marriage ceremony.
keidi, s. A prisoner.
keidīpa, s. A hand-lamp.
keidu, see keidī.
keinambige, s. Giving or striking the hand in token of a promise or assurance.
keinē, A nasty woman, abus.
keinēnyu, s. The knot of a fishing tackle.
keinōta, s. Aim or direction of a weapon swung by the hand.
keippattināyū, s. A wife.
keipādyū, s. Gain, advantage.
keipu, see keidu.
keipude, s. The name of a certain class of Pariahs.
keipulu, s. A rake.
keipulu, pl. of keipude.
keipē, s. Bitterness. adj. Bitter. 2. envious. —| bitter; to be very bitter; to be envious, fig.
keipelu, s. Bitterness. adj. Bitter.
keipēripuli, s. Bitter orange of *Atalantia monophylla*.
keiponjavu, s. A single woman.
keiphētu, s. A plaint, law.
keibadalu, s. Exchange. 2. changing hands. to exchange; to change hands.
keibaru, s. A circle.
keibarkatu, s. The virtue or efficacy of the hand.
keibalike, s. Avarice, borrowing readily and returning tardily.
keibale, s. A bracelet.
keibaji, s. A small kind of chisel.
keibittu, s. A handful of seed sown on the fifteenth of Paggu (about the end of April) as a beginning of cultivation operations.
keibirelu, s. The finger.
keibirisu, s. Sleight of hand. 2. quickness of hand.
keibilē, s. Cash price.
keibuṭtinaye, s. A destitute, or unhappy man. 2. a wicked man.
keibedi, s. A pistol; a musket.
keibādi, s. Handcuffs.
keibēvu, s. The neem-tree, margosa.
keihāra, s. Purchasing for cash.
keima, s. A small piece. to chop into small pieces.
keimāṇu, s. Fine earth used as a rough plaster. to plaster with it.
keimāṇi, s. A hand-bell.
keimārcēlu, s. Domestication, taming. adj. Domesticated. a tame fowl. to domesticate, tame.
keimāda, s. A funeral ceremony. such a ceremony performed with magnificence.
keimāsū, keimāsā, s. A slow poison.
keimutta, s. Urgent need.
keimē, see keimā.
keimettē, s. A kind of musical instrument.
keimōsa, s. A slip of the hand.
keiyāra, adv. With one's own hand; by handfuls; willingly; liberally.
keiyālu, s. A dependent, an attendant.
keiyakeiya, adv. Hand in hand.
keiyedde, s. The virtue
or efficacy of the hand. 2. practice. 3. experience.

keiyyoppige, s. A signature.

keiyyoli, s. The mouth of a weel.

keiyyoppige, s. The mouth of a weel.

keirumālu, s. A handkerchief.

keilu, s. A spoon, ladle. 2. the handle of a hoe or axe. 3. a cluster or bunch of fruits.

keiladē, s. A kind of cake. 2. a pigeon hole.

keilapurli, s. A kind of creeper, the flowers of which are used in curries.

keilapulirē, s. A kind of creeper; also keilapulirē.

keilāsa, s. The heaven of Śiva. -ज to attain beatitude.

keivalya, s. Heaven; eternal happiness; beatitude.

keivasa, s. Possession. 2. subjection, taming. -ज to submit; to get into possession. -वाद to take possession; to subdue.

keivādu, s. Manual skill.

keivāru, s. A pair of compasses. -वाद to use compasses.

keivādu, s. Progress; prosperity.

keivoppige, keivopper, see keivoppige.

keiserē, s. Arrest, capture.

keisāṭṭi, s. A round, wooden trough with a handle.

keisare, s. A Caesar, emperor.

keisāla, s. A small or temporary loan without a pledge. [a wall.

keisūmbē, s. A hole in a wall.

keisūrē, s. Plundering, pillaging.

keisonnē, s. A sign made with the hand.

keihalīta, s. An estimate made by the hand, i.e., by handling a thing.

keihidi, s. A vade-mecum. 2. a warrant for arresting a person at once.

koṅkaṇa, s. The Koṅkaṇa country.

koṅkanī, s. The Koṅkaṇi language.
konka, s. A Konkani Brahmin.
konkæ, s. A hook.
konkane, s. A crookedness; cf  konka. adj. Crooked, curved, bent; also konkæ.
konkaney, s. A crooked field; an isolated field.
konkâ, s. Irregularity, crookedness. adj. Bent, curved, arched, irregular.
kone, s. The declivity of a mountain. 2. a name of the Čera or Keralâ country.
kongaruküli, s. An irregular tooth; also kongaruküli.
kongi, see kongâ.
kongery, s. The lower class of Tamulians.
konei, see kongâ.
konta, s. Viciousness. 2. stupidity. adj. Vicious. 2. stupid. —konta a vicious buffalo; a stupid fellow. —kontal, —kontâ to be vicious or restive; to limp, halt.
konțavuni, see konda.
kontu, see konda.
konda, s. A pit, hole. —konda a fire-pit.
kondapini, kondavuni, see konda.
kondâta, s. Praise, eulogy, applause.
kondâduni (kondânta), v. a. To praise, applaud, glorify, celebrate. 2. to boast.
konta, s. Strength.
konta, s. A large boat.
kontalâ, s. A kind of fish.
kontalâ, s. The cross-beam of a hand-water-lift.
kondâ, s. A kind of fish.
kondâ, s. The pudding-pipe tree, Cassia fistula.
kondra, adj. Small, little.
—kondâ a small garland, rosary.
kompa, kompē, s. A heap. — to heap up.
komba, adj. Horned. — the pincers of a crab etc.
— a kind of centipede.
— a scorpion with shears.
— the thumb. — a kind of cap made of the stalk of an areca-nut branch.
kombarū, s. A kind of cap worn by Koragars.
kombarunī, see kommarū. [śrīk.
kombikōly, see komba.
kombirelī, see komba.
kombimara, s. A mast.
kombu, s. A horn. 2. a musical horn. 3. a tusk. 4. a branch. 5. spadix, the tender flowerbud of a palm-tree, prepared for the extraction of toddy. — the horn of a deer. — —, —, —, —, —, —, —, —, —, —. — —, —, —, —, —, —, —, —, —. — the staff of a palanquin. — one who blows the horn; a proud man. — music with the wind instruments. — the distance of a horn-sound (about two miles). — to blow a horn. — the horns to appear; to become arrogant.
kombē, s. A buck deer.
kombelī, s. A horn used by a toddy-drawer to soften the flowerbud of a coconut tree in order to squeeze out toddy from it.
kommāry, see kommā.
kommē, s. Corpulence, fatness. adj. Corpulent, fat. — a corpulent man; an arrogant fellow. — to diminish, become thin. — to get fat, become stout. — to become very fat, as cattle.
korāgī, s. The branch or spatha of a sago-palm.
korāgī, — korāgī-mara, s. The Indian beech tree, Pongamia glabra.
— a kind of creeper.
korāgū, s. A crane, stork.
korāge, see korāgī. 2. a white cock.
korndē, see korndū.
korndu, s. The stalk of a coconut or other palm leaf.
kokka, s. The game of hide and seek. — to play at such a game.
kokkarū, s. Roughness.
kokkarē, kokkare, kokkale, adj. Rough. adv. On half bended knees. — rough and crooked. — to sit on half bended knees. — the words are sweet, but the actions rough.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sanskrit</th>
<th>English</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>kokka</td>
<td>kokkayi, see kokka.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kokkè</td>
<td>A hook, clasp; cf. kokki. —to speak crossly. —to crouch. —to be entangled, get into difficulty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kokkekiyi, sec</td>
<td>kokke, y. A hook, clasp; &amp; ssd speaking crossly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kokkekiyi, s.</td>
<td>The fruit of the tree Tabernae-montana coronaria. —its tree.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kokkeriyuni, kokkeruni (kèji), v. n.</td>
<td>The hair to bristle or stand erect, to horripilate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kokko, s.</td>
<td>Boiled rice. 2. cocoa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kočakoča, s. Lisping.</td>
<td>to lisp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kočaru, s.</td>
<td>A kind of black crab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kočippadu, kočilu, kočcely, s.</td>
<td>A kind of pickle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kočuni (kèji), v. n.</td>
<td>To prate, brag.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojanti, s.</td>
<td>The refuse or offal of vegetables etc., from which the juice has been expressed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojañti, s.</td>
<td>A thicket of thorns. adj. Thorny; impassable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojakû, adj.</td>
<td>Over-ripe. 2. burst, broken.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojapu, s.</td>
<td>Sour milk, curds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojapuni, kojepuni, kojelpuni (kèj, kèj, kèj), v. a.</td>
<td>To spoil. 2. to break, cut in pieces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojameda-buru, s.</td>
<td>A kind of creeper.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojaru, see kojar.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojaly, see kojaly.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojalu, kojiluni, kojeluni (kèj, kèj, kèj, kèj), v. a.</td>
<td>To burst, break in pieces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojenti, see kojenti.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojje, s. An eunuch.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojapuni, kojepuni, kojelpuni (kèj, kèj, kèj), v. a.</td>
<td>To spoil. 2. to break, cut in pieces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojameda-buru, s.</td>
<td>A kind of creeper.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojaly, see kojaly.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojalu, kojiluni, kojeluni (kèj, kèj, kèj, kèj), v. a.</td>
<td>To burst, break in pieces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojenti, see kojenti.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kojje, s.</td>
<td>An eunuch.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kotakosta, adj.</td>
<td>Deficient, short, little. —to serve out but little food.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kotara, see kotara.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kotarmè, see kotar.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kotalè, kotalè, see kotar.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>koṭta, s. A hut or dwelling of Koragars. 2. leprosy; cf. koṭa. —a leper, abus.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>koṭtayi, s. A dried arecanut. 2. contraction, stiffness, death. —to contract, become stiff, die.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>koṭtarè, see koṭtarë.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>koṭtarmè, s. Stewardship.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>koṭṭāra, s. A palace, mansion. 2. a store-room.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
kottari, s. A storekeeper, steward. 2. a subdivision of the Śūdra class.
kottige, s. A kind of cake boiled in steam.
kottu, s. A spade. 2. a cock's comb. 3. a peacock's tuft. 4. a veil. —to cover with a veil.
kottē, s. The kernel of a nut. 2. the testicles. — to harden. — to castrate.
kotteagra, see under கோட்டேங்கிய.
kottēpīṇu, s. A kind of ant.
kottemullu, s. The plant Zizyphus xylopyrus.
kotya, s. A shed, stall. கோட்ஸ் — a verandah. கோட்ப் — a bathroom.
kotriṇa, s. A lark.
kotrē, s. A spade.
kodāṅkattu, s. A kind of sickle.
kodāṅgu, see கோடாங்க, கோடாங்கை, கோடாங்கை, கோடாங்கை, கோடாங்கை.
kodāṅge, s. An ear-ring.
kodāṅge, s. A buffoon, jester. 2. see கோடாங்க under கோட.
kodāṅjī, kodāṅjī, kodāṅjī, kodāṅjī, s. A large kind of ape, a baboon. கோடாங்க — a devil dancer going a-begging in the Tulu month of கோட.
kodandē, s. A kind of fish.
interdict laid on the use of a forest, etc. — to decorate a shed with cloth, etc. — top and bottom; shelter; progeny, issue. — issueless. — a vagabond; an issueless man.

**kodipuni** (ಕೊಡಿಪುಣಿ), **v. n.**
To bud, germinate.

**kodire** (ಕೊದಿರೆ), **s.** The top-leaf.

**koduku** (ಕೊದುಕು), **s.** The hymen. **adj.** Obscene.

**kodè** (ಕೊಡೆ), **s.** An umbrella.

**kodêjï** (ಕೊಡೆಜಿ), **s.** The inside of the cheeks.

**koddeyi** (ಕೊಡೇಯಿ), **s.** A kind of fish.

**kodyanu** (ಕೊಡ್ಯಾಣು), **s.** A small kind of fish.

**koddye** (ಕೊಡ್ಯೆ), **s.** A bull or ox with a tuft of white hair on the tail. — a cow with such a tail.

**konajê** (ಕೊನಾಜೆ), **s.** A fly infesting the eyes.

**konajekallu** (ಕೊನಾಜೆಕಾಲ್ಲು), **s.** A large rock near Mudabidri.

**konapini** (ಕೊನಾಪಿಣಿ), see **konuni** (ಕೊನುಣಿ).

**konapini** (ಕೊನಾಪಿಣಿ), **v. n.** To take, hold, keep, in compounds with other verbs; as, _ — to meet; _ — to hold, keep; — to take to heart; _ — to recognise, discern.

2. **kottu** (ಕೊಟ್ಟು) is used as an auxiliary verb to form reflexives; as, _ to be careful; _ to get entangled; _ to walk, behave; _ to prosper, do well. _ to make for one's self. 3. for its past part. see **kone**.

**kone** (ಕೊಣೆ), see **kone**.

**konopini** (ಕೊನೊಪಿಣಿ), see **konopini** (ಕೊನೊಪಿಣಿ).

**konopini** (ಕೊನೊಪಿಣಿ), **v. n.** To be careful; _ to get entangled; _ to walk, behave; _ to prosper, do well. _ to make for one's self.

**konu** (ಕೊನು), **s.** A police station.

**kottala** (ಕೊಟ್ಟಾಲ), **s.** A palm branch stripped of its leaves.

**kottalakaṭṭe** (ಕೊಟ್ಟಾಲಕಾಟ್ಟೆ), **s.** A police station.

**kottalige** (ಕೊಟ್ಟಾಲಿಗೆ), **s.** A palm branch stripped of its leaves.

**kottavale** (ಕೊಟ್ಟಾವಾಳೆ), see **konnalale** (ಕೊನ್ನಾಲಾಲೆ).

**kottala** (ಕೊಟ್ಟಾಲ), **s.** A bastion.

2. bulwarks. 3. a trough. 4. a stone pavement.

**kottu** (ಕೊಟ್ಟು), **s.** A mark showing the limit of a liquid measure.
**kotti**, s. Trash, dirt.

**kotvâle**, s. A police officer.

**kodantî, kodantigê**, s. A wooden hammer.

**kodadû**, s. A chopping-block.

**kodame**, s. A blockhead, dolt.

**kodi**, s. Greediness, eagerness. — to be affected with the evil effects of greediness. — to take away the evil effects of greediness by charms.

**kodipâvuni**, c. v. (cf. Kodini) To cause to boil.

**kodipuni, kodiyuni** (kodi), v. n. To boil, seethe.

**kodipely, kodupely**, s. The act of boiling. 2. lisping. — to boils boiled paddy.

**kodumbu**, s. The cymbiform sheath of a bunch of cocoanuts.

**kodê**, s. Stammering. 2. lisping. — a stammerer; one who lisps.

**koddely, koddely**, s. A highly seasoned soup of pulse.

**konâle, konilê, konalê, konilê**, see Kone.

**konê**, s. A point, end, extremity.
koyilatti, s. A scythe or sickle.

koyilė, s. Pudendum muliebre. — to become pubescent, to menstruate.

koyilatt, see koyilatti.

koyyuni, see koyilatti.

koyyusulu, see koyilatti.

koyyelu, s. Harvest.

koyyolu, s. Bivalve shell, Mytilus.

korantu, s. The kernel or stone of a fruit. 2. the cashew nut. — the kernel to be formed in the stone.

korandhi, see korantu.

korantuni (korantu), v.a.
To pretend to eat, handle food reluctantly. 2. to pick, as lice from the hair.

korampé, s. A bruise, contusion. 2. a welt; cf. korante.

korambára, adv. Abundantly, plentifully. — to eat heartily.

korambi, s. A kind of tree.

korambilu, s. A protection for a creeper, especially for one of a small kind of cucumber.

korambu, s. A groove shaped umbrella, made of the leaves of the dammer tree. 2. a rib.

korambé, s. A swamp.

koraguni, see koraguni.

korage, s. A man of the Koragar caste, a tribe that feeds on carrion and whose women wear leaves.

koragi, koraju, s. A serpent charmer.

koraðu, s. A log, stump. kor—a piece of sandal wood.
2. see koraðu.

koraði, see koraðu.

koraðe, s. A pollard.

korat, korati, korate, s. Defect. 2. want, need; cf. korađe.

koranu, s. A kind of fish.

korapalu, s. A Koragar woman. 2. a female's name.

korapunui, see korapalu.

korape, korapele, s. One who snores.

korapelyu, s. Snoring.

koralu, s. An ear of corn. kora—a small or withered ear of corn. korale—an after-ear of corn.

korale, see korale.

korasandi, see korasandi.

korali, see korali.

korali, s. Cold, catarrh; cf. korale.

koru, s. A bar of metal. kor— a bar of gold.

korungi, korungu, korungi, see korungi.

koré, adj. Weak. 2. small.
korengi-, korenji-, koreji-mara, see korejuni.

Korejuni (koreji), v. a. To make a noise.

Korepuni (koreji), v. a. To bark, roar. 2. to bore; cf. korpi.

Korevuni, see korengi.

Korkalõ, s. A kind of sore.

Korji, see korji.

Kordi, korde, a whip, scourge.

Korpata, s. Giving, distribution.

Korpavuni, c. v. (of korpata) To cause to give, to give through another.

Korpini (koreji), v. a. To give, grant, bestow. 2. to beat, flog.

Kormuka, s. Startle, sudden alarm.

Korsandi, see korengi.

Kola, see kola.

Kolambé, s. Marshy ground.

Kolakû, see kolakê.

Kolakê, s. The third crop of rice.

Kolamé, s. A very deep pit; an abyss, hell.

Kolavê, kolavi, kolayi, s. A clasp. 2. the metallic top of a cane. 3. a hollow tube.

Kolikê, s. A clasp, hook.

Kolé, s. Murder. 2. see kolé. —kolé continuo hard-ship. [paddy field.

Kolejí, s. A plot of rice.

Kolejï, s. A kind of fish.

Kolkë, see kolë.

Kolkori, s. A long-legged fowl.

Koléi, s. Setting on edge.

Koléuni (koléi), v. n. The teeth to be set on edge.

Koldë, see koldë.

Kolpasso, koltilë, koltule, s. A cross beam. 2. a clasp.

Kolnine, s. A candle made of a piece of cloth twisted round a stick.

Kolpavuni, c. v. (of kolnine) To fasten; to touch.

Kolpu, s. A sprain. 2. the cramp.

Kolpuni (kolpu), v. a. To stick, cleave, come into collision. v. n. To touch, reach.

Kolme, s. Nicety, delicacy. —delicate workmanship.

Kollataru, s. A kind of small fish.

Kolli, s. A bay. 2. a firebrand. —a firebrand used for a light.

Koshta, s. Leprosy. —a leper.
kosa

176

koti

kosa, see जोड़. 2. see जोड़.

कोसारु, कोसारु, कोसकोल्लि, कोसालि, s. A perverse disposition. 2. tale-bearing. 3. an ill-tempered man. 4. a tale-bearer.

कोलम्बे, s. A drain. 2. a bath. adj. Decayed, putrid, stinking.

कोलाकु, s. Nuisance. adj. Filthy, dirty.

कोलाके, see कोलाके. [grain.

कोलागा, s. A measure of कोलागी, s. Buffoonery; mimicry, jeering. -कोल to mimic, jest; to play tricks.

कोलाल्य, s. A fife.

कोलाला, s. War, battle.

कोलावे, see कोलावे.

कोल्पु, see कोल्पु.

कोल्पु, see कोल्पु.

कोल्लि, see कोल्लि.

कोड़े, see कोड़े.

कोंकेकांदा, s. An uneven field.

कोंगान्य, s. A squint eye; cf. कोंगान्य.

कोंगी, s. Ridicule, jest, mockery. -कोंगे, -कोंगे to make fun, to ridicule.

कोंसाला, s. Extravagance; cf. कोंसाला. -कोंसे to be extravagant.

कोंतू, see कोंतू.

कोंतांगेल, s. Hobbling. adj. Lame.
lions. 2. remembrance, recollection. 3. the name of a male. — by crores. — to recollect.

कोटी, s. A store, godown. — a salt store.

कोटिया, see कोटी.

कोतु, s. Losing a game, ulg. — to lose the game. — to defeat.

कोतें, s. A fort, fortress.

कोत्या, s. A kind of sailing vessel.

कङ्गा, s. A horn. 2. a pod. — the milk-hedge, Euphorbia antiquorum.

कोडांगी, see कोडा.

कोड़ा, कोड़ा, कोड़ाकंड़ा, कोड़ाकंड़ा, कोड़ाकुंड़ा, कोड़ाकुंड़ा, s. A demon worshipped by Pariahs.

कोदी, adj. A lot of twenty, a score.

कोडी, s. Corner. 2. a place, quarter. फैक्स — fireside. — the hind part of the fire-place in a bathroom.

कोडु, see कोडा.

कोडें, adv. Yesterday. — an upstart; a young, inexperienced man, a griffin.

कोपा, s. An angle, corner. 2. see कोपा. — a triangle.

कोपें, s. A room, apartment. 2. a corner.

कोपेडाप्पे, s. A female demon.

कोणे, s. A kind of fishing net. 2. a straight grown tree.

कोति, s. A monkey. — the pranks of a monkey; mischief. — to be silly, foolish.

कोदंदा, s. A rope suspended in schools for punishing boys. 2. a bow.

कोडले, see कोडा.

कोणा, s. A kind of sweetmeat.

कॉनेरिराये, see कोणे.

कोपा, s. Anger, wrath. — to be angry. — to provoke.

कोपारा, s. Buffoonery, low jesting.

कोप, कोपिश्ते, s. An angry man.

कोपिनु, s. A piece of cloth to cover the privities.

कोपु, s. A cup.

कोपें, s. A string of fruits, fish, etc.

कोमा, s. A crowd.

कोमा, कोमती, कोमतिं, s. A class of merchants. 2. cunning, craft. 3. a rogue. — a rogue, crafty fellow.

कोमाना, s. A piece of
cloth to cover the privities.  
2. the privities.
कोमाया, s. Home-sickness.  
2. attachment.
कोमरे, s. An oracle.
कोमाला, adj. Tender, delicate, young.  
2. pleasing.
कोमाले, s. A handsome woman.
कोमु, s. A crowd.
कोरा, s. Measles.
कोरा, adj. Rough, not fine.  
2. curved.  3. harsh, jarring.
-कोरा unbleached lawn cloth.  
-कोरा a curved tusk or fang.  
-कोरा a discordant song or tune.
कोरूजी, s. A kind of shrub.
कोरपांती, s. The fragrant grass, *Mollugo cerviana*.
कोरयि, कोरयि, s. A basin:  
2. lameness, hobbling.
कोरूवु, adj. Lame.  
-कोरू व the right foot raised against anything.
कोरूवूनी (कोरूवूनी), v. n.  
To halt, limp.
कोरी, s. A fowl, cock.  
2. poultry.  3. a kind of ladle for serving rice.  
-कोरी a small bean, *dolichos*.  
-कोरी a cock-fight.  
-कोरी the right foot raised against anything.  
-कोरी a kind of medicinal plant.
को्ला, s. A devil-dance.  
-को्ला to assume a mask, to act a devil-dance.
कोलाकाळ्ली, s. A kind of *Cactus*.
कोलायि, adv. In lines.  
-कोलायि to place in lines.
A game at which persons make alternate motions and strike mutually short sticks in each others' hands. — to play at the above game.

_Pomp, display._ 2. _din of war._

see _sceptre._ 2. _a sceptre._ 3. _a measuring rod about two and half English feet._ 4. _a kind of black oyster._ — a king's sceptre. — a rod with a handle twisted with twine.

_A kind of white ants._

_s. A fence of sticks._

_Hollow, sunken; cf. _a sunken eye, a large eye._

_1._ _A kind of cake._

_1._ _A mould._ 2. _a crucible._

_ing cough._ — a disease of the bowels of children.

_adj. Oblique, squint._ — a squint eye; cf. _hand-cuffs._

—to put in stocks._

_s. A broad spittoon._

_2._ _The stocks._ 2. _see _s. 3. _a veil._

_see _hand-cuffs._

—to cut, reap, mow._

_a species of the vegetable _tristis._

_s. The mode of wearing a shawl by a bridegroom._

_adv. Topsy-turvy, upside down._
Rancidity. adj. Rancid; see kounţu.

kounţu, kounţuni, kounţi (kounţu), v. n. To become rancid.
kounţura, see kounţu.
kounţu (kounţu), v. a. To bury. kounţu means a burial ground. kounţura means a grave-digger; a term of reproach.
kounţu, kounšanu, kounšanige, s. The scarf-skin, cuticle.
kounčanige, s. A kind of comb.
kounţu, see kounţu.
kounţu, koundi, s. A cowry.
kounţu, kouligè, koudè, s. A cowry; Cypraea moneta.
kounţu, kouligè, koudè, s. A milkman. 2. a man bringing contribution for temple feasts.
kounţura, see kounţu.
kounmari, see kounmari.
kourave, s. A descendant of Kuru.
kourè, s. A hailstone. — to hail.
kouli, koulu, koulu, s. A special agreement. 2. a document granted by government to a cultivator etc. 3. the voucher of a vessel.
kouli, see kouli. koulu, koulu.

koulè, see kouli.
kousala, s. Happiness, welfare. 2. skilfulness.
kousige, s. A name of the sage Visvāmitra.
kousalye, s. The mother of Rāma.
kouli, kouligè, koudè, s. A drinking vessel. 2. a bundle of twenty or twenty-five. koudè — a bundle of about twenty-five betel leaves.
koulu, s. Odour, scent, smell. 2. a kind of perfume. 3. stench. 4. the cheek.
kouli, kouligè, koudè, see kouli.
kyati, see kyati.
kyadage, see kyadage.
kyalu, s. Diligence. 2. devotion, attention.
kratu, s. A sacrifice, oblation.
krama, s. Order, method, regularity. — irregular, disorderly. — regularly, in order.
kraya, s. Price, value. — a buyer, purchaser. — a deed of sale; also — settlement of price. — buying and selling; traffic, trade. — to fix the price. — to sell. — to buy.
krana, see kouli.
krāni, s. The eruptive kind of rickets.
kritti, s. A trick, artifice, deceit. 2. sorcery, witchcraft.

krimi, s. An insect, worm.

kriya, kriyè, s. An act, action. 2. daily religious ceremonies. 3. obsequies, funeral rites.

kriyapada, s. A verb, gram.

kriyaphala, s. A reward, as the fruit of one's deeds.

kriyaviśeśhaṇa, s. An adverb, gram.

kriḍa, kriḍè, s. Sport, play, amusement.

kruta, see kṛṭa.

krussu, s. A chair; cf. kruṭa.

khanda, s. A piece, part, portion. 2. a continent. 3. a chapter. 4. to fall into pieces. 5. to break into pieces.

khandaṇe, s. Division. 2. dissertation. 3. criticism. 4. to divide; to decide, settle; to criticise.

khandaṭṭe, see khandaṇe.

kruṇa, s. Wickedness, cruelty. adj. Ferocious, terrible. —क्रुण, —क्रुणा cruelty. —क्रुणेण cruel disposition.

kreiste, s. A Christian.

krōḍha, s. Wrath, passion.

krōḍhaṇa, s. The fifty-ninth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

krōḍhi, s. The thirty-eighth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

krouṇa, s. A curlew. 2. a mountain in the Himalaya range.

kupta, adj. Brief, short. 2. fixed, determined.

kha, The fifteenth letter of the alphabet.

khaṇja, s. A kind of grass.

khanda, s. A piece, part, portion. 2. a continent. 3. a chapter. 4. to fall into pieces. 5. to break into pieces.

khandanè, s. Division. 2. dissertation. 3. criticism. 4. to divide; to decide, settle; to criticise.

khandabattē, see khandanè.

khandi, s. A weight equal to twenty maunds. 2. see khandita.

khandita, adj. Strict, severe. 2. positive, true, certain. adv. Strictly; positively.

khandisuni (क्षणिसु), v.a. To cut into pieces, to sever. 2. to refute. 3. to criticise. 4. to fix, settle.

khanduga, s. A measure of capacity, containing twenty kolagas.

khanderuni (क्षणेरुणि), v.a.
To chip, cut away a small piece. 2. to square, make right.

khaga, s. A bird. Garuda, the king of birds.
kagola, s. The celestial globe.


khajānji, s. A treasurer, cash-keeper.

khajānē, s. A treasury. 2. money. a cash chest, cash box.

khajji, see khā.

khādākhai, see khā.

khadga, s. A sword. 2. the horn of a rhinoceros. a rhinoceros.

khadīv, see khā.

khānī, s. A mine.

khādu, khabāru, khabāru, s. A report, rumour, news, message. 2. caution; cf. khā. mind! take care! cf. khā
dhu. 2. one's own responsibility, control, management.

khāya, s. Depth.

khā s. The twenty-fifth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. an ass.

khā, adj. Sharp, hot, harsh.

kharāt, see kharātu.

kharāncūni, see kharāntu.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>khula</th>
<th>ganțu</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>khulasu, see ⁰⁰³.</td>
<td>khècare, s. A demi-god.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>khulla, adj. Open, not closed.</td>
<td>kholông, see ²⁷⁵.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>khusalu, see ⁰⁰⁵.</td>
<td>khôdi, s. Failing, defect, fault. 2. a simpleton. adj.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>khusi, see ⁰⁰⁷.</td>
<td>Incorrigible, irreclaimable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>khusti, see ⁰⁰⁷.</td>
<td>khûni, s. Murder, manslaughter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>khuli, adj. Bad, mean, cruel.</td>
<td>khyāti, s. Fame, reputation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>g</th>
<th>G</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ga, The sixteenth letter of the alphabet.</td>
<td>gaṇjali, s. A kind of parasite.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g, ga (mas.), gâ, gâ (fem.) are affixed to verbs in addressing Pariahs, as ⁰⁰⁷, ⁰⁰⁷ come (man); ⁰⁰⁷ come (woman).</td>
<td>gaṇji, s. Gruel, rice water. 2. starch. 3. porridge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gôn, gôn, gôn gaôga, gaôgâ, gaôgé, s. The river Ganges. 2. a female's name.</td>
<td>gaôjì, gaôjì, gaôjìpî, gaôjípû, s. A kind of playing pû, s. Purified salt, table salt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gôn, gôn</td>
<td>gaôgara, gaôgasara, s. Arrack, liquor.  gaôjìpîpû, s. A kind of playing cards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gaôcakkarû, s. A hoax, humbug. — ⁰⁰⁵, ⁰⁰⁵ to hoax. — ⁰⁰⁵ to be hoax.</td>
<td>gaôjuppu, s. Purified salt, table salt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gaôjanigê, s. A fragrant grass.</td>
<td>gaôjani, see ³⁶⁰.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gaôjanî</td>
<td>G</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
marriage alliance. a fabrication, false story.

**ganta**, see गंता।

**gantapucce**, s. A male cat; also गंतपुळ्ळे।

**gantamanी**, s. A large bell.

**gantāśe**, s. Avarice, covetousness.

**ganti**, s. A kind of earring.

**gantisinguttu**, s. A child’s necklace of beads.

**gantu**, s. The knot or joint of a reed or cane. 2. see गंतु।

**gantusyঁ**, s. Stinking produced by breaking wind downwards.

**gantē**, s. A bell, gong. 3. a clock. 4. an hour. 5. see गंते।

**gantusyang**, s. To ring the bell, strike the hour.

**gandukāyi**, s. Papaw, the fruit of Carica papaya. 2. manliness.

**gandumruga**, s. A rhinoceros.

**gandustana**, s. Manliness, bravery.

**gandaganā**, s. A host of demons. 2. a band of heroes.

**gandabērunda-pakki**, s. A fabulous bird with two heads.

**gandamālē**, s. Scrofula. 2. ulcers on the neck.

**gandastana**, see गंदास्तन।

**gandaksharita**, s. An aspirated letter.
sandal on the forehead. —$ to smear sandal on the person.
the distillery of sandal oil. —2 a sandal tree, sandalwood. —$ a sandal paste prepared with other ingredients. —$ to smear sandal on the person.
spices.
$ to smear sandal on the person.
Gandhaka, S. Sulphur, brimstone.
Gandhagiri, s. A kind of timber tree.
Gandhamunçei, s. Cubeb, Piper cubeba.
Gandharva, s. A horse.
2. a musician of the demi-gods, having a human face and a horse's body. —$ a handsome woman.
Superior kind of table-rice.
Ganna, s. A sugar-cane.
Gannakatteri, s. A burglar's instrument; also $ 2. a deceiver.
Gannya, see Gandhya.
Gambhira, adj. Honorable, revered, venerable. 2. deep, profound. —$ honorableness; profoundness. —$ an honourable man.
Gammu, s. A good or bad smell.
Gammu, s. Merriment.
2. happiness. —$ to be merry.
Gakkanè, adv. Quickly.
Gaggandha, adj. Very dark.
Gaggara, gaggare, s. A petticoat. 2. a bell-ornament. 3. a kind of liquor.
Gaggallyu, s. A rock.
Gaggura, gagguru, s. A kind of curry.
Gagguriyuni (Gaggula), v. n. To bark. v. a. To frighten.
Gaggeravuni (Gaggara), v. a. To frighten, alarm. 2. to censure, scold.
Gaggelyuni (Gaggura), v. n. To roar, cry. v. a. To frighten.
Gacchi, gacchu, s. Mortar, plaster. 2. a lump. —$ to stick fast.
Gaja, s. An elephant. adj. Elephantine. —$ Gañësa, with the head of an elephant.
Gaja, gajë, s. A yard measure. 2. a ramrod. —$ a flag-staff. —$ a standard in purchasing elephants.
Gajantu, see Gandha.
Gajagaja s. Jostling, jolting. 2. trembling.
Gajani, s. Poor or infertile
ground. —क्या, —क्या an infertile land.

**gajapuni**, see गजपुनि

**gajalu**, adj. Confused, distracted. 2. filthy, foul. 3. rough, not fine. —क्या a foul or rough sort of rice. —क्या a filthy place.

**gajaluni**, see गजलुणि

**gajalpuni**, see गजलपुनि


**gajigē**, s. The Molucca bean, *Guilandina bonduc*.

**gajipuni** (क्या), v. a. To fasten, strengthen.

**gajibijji**, s. Complication, entanglement, confusion. —क्या bad hand-writing, scribbling. —क्या a miry road.

**gajiru**, see क्या.

**gajē**, see क्या.

**gajekampa**, s. A stick for flogging.

**gajeni**, see क्या.

**gajepuni**, see गजेपुनि

**gajeluni** (क्या), v. n.
A sore to form or suppurate.

**gajelpuni** (क्या), v. a. To cause a sore to form or suppurate.

**gajji**, s. Itch, scab. —क्या, see क्या. क्या अंशामक अन शामक he who suffers from itch has no shame.

**gajjira**, s. The marsh date tree. —क्या its fruits.

**gajjē**, see क्या.

**gata**, see क्या.

**gatagata**, s. A gurgling noise, as produced when drinking.

**gatani**, see क्या.

**gatta**, see क्या.

**gattani, gattānge, gattānigē, gattānē**, s. The foundation of a building.

**gattālē**, see क्या.

**gatti**, adj. Firm, secure. 2. solid, hard. 3. clever, able, strong. —क्या a narrow, thick chisel. —क्या substantial work. —क्या a loud speaker, a talkative person. —क्या to coagulate, curdle, freeze. —क्या to hold fast. —क्या to make strong, fix firmly; to bake a kind of cake; cf. क्या.

**gattāgatti**, s. Clot after clot, clod after clod. adj. Very cloddy, very hard.

**gattige**, s. A clever man. क्या क्या cleverness, ability, skill.

**gattiyuni, gattiyunin, gattiyunih**, v. a. To wipe off.

**gattē**, s. A kind of cake. 2. a clod, lump.

**gattēlē**, see क्या.

**gadusu**, adj. Powerful, strong, able. 2. clever. 3. brave, firm, gallant. 4. severe, strict. —क्या severity,
strictness, strength; ability.

**gadan**

1. an able or wealthy man.

**gadangū**, s. A godown, store-room. 2. a toddy-shop.

**gadamalè**, s. A poisonous snake.

**gadakka**, adv. Suddenly.

**gadakhaka**, s. A chattering noise. -**gaśku** to shiver, tremble with cold.

**gadabādi**, see **gāsati**.

**gadāyī, gadayi, gadaiyi**, s. A long pole with spherical bells, shaken in temples; cf. **ga suga**. 2. a hillock, hill. -**gaśku** the name of a rocky hill.

**gadasū**, s. A heifer, young cow.

**gadabāji**, s. 1. A rocket. 2. an independent person. 3. heedlessness, recklessness, disregard.

**gadi**, s. An incision, cut. 2. the half of a cocoanut. 3. a limit, boundary, frontier. 4. authority, power. 5. appointment of a headman or chieftain. **gaśku** a piece of mango-pickles. -**gaśku** a boundary stone, land-mark. -**gaśku** nomination and appointment of a headman with certain privileges in a demon shrine. -**gaśku** banishment, transportation.

**gadu**

-**gaśku** to banish. -**gaśku** to appoint a headman. -**gaśku** to transgress, violate the bounds. -**gaśku** to make an incision, mark out a tree to be cut down. -**gaśku** a slip. -**gaśku** the boundary of a land.

**gadīge**, s. A small earthen ware, a pot.

**gadipuni** (**gaśku**), t. n. To agree, harmonize, be in unison. 2. to suit, be convenient. -**gaśku** to suitable a house black with smoke will not suit, (said of a restless or fickle-minded man). -**gaśku** they do not agree together.

**gadibidi**, s. Bustle confusion, disorder, tumult, disturbance. -**gaśku** to bustle; to disturb; cf. **ga sāti**.

**gadima**, s. A large piece of any thing.

**gadiyālu**, s. A watch, clock. -**gaśku** a watchmaker.

**gadiyuni**, see **gāsati**.

**gadu**, s. A term, fixed time or place. -**gaśku** periodically, now and then. -**gaśku** to fix a time.

**gaduvādū**, s. Halt, stay. -**gaśku** a halting place.

**gadustana**, s. Bravery, manliness. 2. power, strength, greatness; cf. **gāsati**.
gadda, s. The chin.

2. the beard. 

entreat a person by holding the beard in token of respect.

gaddayi, s. Compulsion, force. 

adj. Compulsory; also compulsory work. 

to compel, force.

gaddi, see gadda.

gadde, s. A bulbous root.

2. a lump, clod.

to coagulate, curdle.

gadsutana, see gadda.

gana, s. A flock, host, multitude.

2. a retinue, train of attendants.

3. a class of spirits.

4. a foot of three syllables.

5. a number, arithmetic.

6. series of asterisms classed under three heads, human, infernal, and divine.

Gaṇēśa the leader of Śiva’s retinue.

evil spirits. angels.

ganānu, s. A tinkling sound.

ganakalepini (gaṇakalēpi, v. n. To be pensive, thoughtful and sad.

ganagati, s. Leg ornaments.

gananè, s. Regard, esteem.

2. calculation.

ganasūrya, s. The link of a chain.

2. a hook.

ganālu, see ganita.

ganita, s. Arithmetic, calculation. 

adj. Counted, numbered. arithmetic.

ganipuni, see ganita, ganita.

ganilū, s. Tinkling.

to tinkle.

ganē, s. A pole, staff.

2. an arrow. a tumbler’s pole; cf gane.

ganēśa, ganēse, s.
The chief of demi-gods and remover of obstacles. He is invoked at the commencement of auspicious ceremonies; also Gaṇēśa.

ganāya, see gane.

gatū, s. Fatigue, weariness, trouble. he is done up by working continuously.

gata, adj. Past, gone, antecedent.

to expire. suicide, extinction of life. intention, wish, purpose.

gati, s. Destiny, fate, fortune, condition.

2. protection, support.

3. means, resources, income.

4. motion, course.

means and family.
a poor, helpless man. a downward course; perdition.

an upward or heavenward course; salvation.

the progress of time. the motion of planets, their
influence on the human destiny. a bad condition; future misery. fate, destiny. to help, show means; to make funeral ceremonies. who will protect or save me? what support have I? what is to become of me? I have no means or support.


gatu, see  
gada, see  
gadagada, s. A crackling noise. to burn or blaze with a crackling noise.
gadaryu, s. A lump. an object of love.
gadipuni, see  
gadukuni, gadkuni, (n), v. n. To lap, jolt.
gade s. A weapon; a club, mace.
gadala, s. Confusion, disturbance, noise. to make noise, to reprove, rebuke; to exhibit magnificence, grandeur.
gaddalu, gaddavu gaddavu, s. An earthen plate.
gaddavuni, c. v. (of ) To shake, move, rock.
gaddigé, s. A throne, seat of honour.
gadduni (n), v. n. To shake, quiver, be agitated.

gaddela, see  
gaddya, s. Prose. prose and verse.
gadhe, see  
gana, see  
ganagatti, s. A tinkling article. anklets and toe-ornaments. adj. Powerful.
gannakatteri, see  
gapu, s. Concealing; suppression. 2. misappropriation. silence, quietness. to hide; to misappropriate.
gapalatu, s. A lie, falsehood. 2. shuffling, as cards. 3. misplacing.
gapè, gappi, gappè, s. A lie, falsehood. 2. a hoax, humbug. silence; to hide; to hoax. to hide, conceal, suppress.
gappa, adj. Silent, quiet; cf.
gabagaba, s. Gulping, swallowing. to gulp, swallow up.
gabba, see  
gamagama, s. Fragrance, odour; cf.
gamatu, see  
gamana, s. Going, moving, motion, course.
gamasu, s. Fragrance, odour. 2. stink, stench.
gamasuni (ガマシ), v. n.
To smell, scent; stink.

gamayisuni (ガマヤシ), v. n. To be fragrant, odoriferous.

1. To smell, scent; stink.
2. To strike, flag.

meyuni, gameluni, gamevuni (メユニ, ガメルニ, ガメブニ), v. n. To be hot, feel hot, as in a fit of fever.

gaya, s. A place of pilgrimage.

Gayaju, adj.
Prodigal, extravagant.

Gayilu, see *#.

A whirling noise, turning with rapidity.

garamu, adj. Hot, warm.

s. Heat, warmth; cf. ガラ Certification.
-ガラ Certification spices for curry.

Garaste, see ガラ."
the demons called गर्रने. 2. a veranda. 3. a fencing school, gymnasium. गर्गा gymnastic exercise.

गरणे गर्ग, see गर्गा. गर्गा garka, adv. Suddenly.

गर्गा garga, s. A kind of medicinal plant, Eclipta erecta. गर्गा garga, adj. Profound, 2. thick. \(\text{गर्गा} \) thick darkness.

गर्गा गर्गा gargayi, adj. Half-ripe, half-grown, as an arecanut etc.

गर्गा gargasu, s. A saw. गर्गा the teeth of a saw.

गर्ज गर्जने gajaran, s. Roaring. गर्ज to roar, bellow.

गर्ज गर्जी garji, s. Need, necessity, occasion. गर्ज a time of difficulty.

गर्ज गर्जी garti, s. A married woman. 2. a chaste or continent woman.

गर्ज गर्जी garnalu, s. A mortar. 2. a bomb, cannon.

गर्ज गर्ज़बी garpuni (रेज़), v. a. To dig.

गर्ज गर्ज़बी garpelu, s. Scooping, burrowing.

गर्ज गर्ज़बा garba, see गर्ज़बा.

गर्ज गर्ज़बी garbija, s. A melon, the fruit of Cucumis melo.

गर्ज गर्ज़बी garbha, s. The womb, uterus. 2. pregnancy. 3. embryo. गर्ज, \(\text{गर्ज} \) disorder in the womb; colic. गर्ज, \(\text{गर्ज} \) to be conceived. गर्ज गर्ज to cause abortion. गर्ज to miscarry. गर्ज गर्जा to be afraid; to touch the vitals.

गर्ज गर्जी garbhasuti, s. A web of cloth woven with red and black thread. गर्ज गर्जा a turban of this kind. गर्ज गर्जा a female’s garment of this kind.

गर्ज गर्जी garbhini, s. A pregnant woman.

गर्ज गर्ज़बी garmasālē, see under गर्ज़बी.

गर्ज गर्जी garmi, garmu, s. Heat, burning, warmth; zeal.

गर्ज गर्ज़नु गर्ज़नु garyuni, see गर्ज़नु.

गर्ज गर्ज़वा garva, s. Pride, arrogance. गर्ज गर्ज़वा a proud or arrogant man. गर्ज गर्ज़वा to be proud, haughty. गर्ज गर्ज़वा to subdue one’s pride with effort.

गर्ज गर्ज़वी garvi, garvishte, s. A proud man.

गर्ज गर्ज़लुगुलु galugulu, s. A rumbling in the stomach.

गर्ज गर्ज़लगाला galagala, s. A noise caused by bracelets.

गर्ज गर्ज़लबु galabu, s. Tumult, confusion, noise.

गर्ज गर्ज़लमेना galamena, see गर्ज़वा.

गर्ज गर्ज़लसुनी galasuni (रेज़), v. a. To use, employ.

गर्ज गर्ज़लसु galasu, s. A tumbler. 2. a swinging glass lamp.

गर्ज गर्ज़ली gali, galiyā, s. Dirt, filth, nuisance. गर्ज गर्ज़ली to soil, make filthy.
galibili, s. Disorder, confusion, tumult; anarchy; cf. මේලි. — මේලි to be confused. — මේලි to disturb.

galimē, s. Acquirement.

galuku, galku, s. A noise produced as when sinking or diving.

galjuni (ගලි), v. a. To confuse, disturb.

galti, s. Error, mistake. 2. misplacing.

galpasu, s. A halter round the neck, a noose. 2. death by hanging. 3. a lie, falsehood.

galpu, see මේලි.

galya, s. The product of a cow. adj. Of or belonging to a cow; cf. මේලිය.

gavve, adj. Very tender.

gasantū, see මේලි.


gasary, see මේලි.

gasi, s. The sediment of oil, pickles, etc.

gaseyuni (ගසී), v. n. To rub.

gasēni, s. Difficulty. adj. Narrow, strait.

gasti, s. A patrole. — මේලි a patrole, watchman. — වන් to patrole.

galagala, s. A noise, as in drinking fast or by shaking a cocoanut.

galamena, see මේලි.

galasuni, see මේලි.

galigē, s. A fold, crease, wrinkle. 2. see මේලි. — වන් to arrange folds. — මේලි to fold, double.

gavi, s. A cave, hole, cell.

gavudi, see මේලි.

gavude, see මේලි.

gavutama, see මේලි.

gaulē, see මේලි.

gavya, s. The product of a cow. adj. Of or belonging to a cow; cf. මේලිය.

gavve, adj. Very tender.

gasantū, see මේලි.


gasary, see මේලි.

gasi, s. The sediment of oil, pickles, etc.

gaseyuni (ගසී), v. n. To rub.

gasēni, s. Difficulty. adj. Narrow, strait.

gasti, s. A patrole. — වන් a patrole, watchman. — වන් to patrole.

galagala, s. A noise, as in drinking fast or by shaking a cocoanut.

galamena, see මේලි.

galasuni, see මේලි.

galigē, s. A fold, crease, wrinkle. 2. see මේලි. — වන් to arrange folds. — වන් to fold, double.

gavi, s. A cave, hole, cell.

gavudi, see මේලි.

gavude, see මේලි.

gavutama, see මේලි.

gaulē, see මේලි.

gavya, s. The product of a cow. adj. Of or belonging to a cow; cf. මේලිය.

gavve, adj. Very tender.

gasantū, see මේලි.


gasary, see මේලි.

gasi, s. The sediment of oil, pickles, etc.

gaseyuni (ගසී), v. n. To rub.

gasēni, s. Difficulty. adj. Narrow, strait.

gasti, s. A patrole. — වන් a patrole, watchman. — වන් to patrole.

galagala, s. A noise, as in drinking fast or by shaking a cocoanut.
or ground in water and drunk for inebriating purposes.

**gānti**, s. A kind of sweetmeat.

**gāndu**, **gāndu**, **gāndu**, s. A coward. 2. a man without self-respect.

**gāndāgouji**, s. Much fuss, much ado.

**gāndiyuni**, see **gāndiyuni**.

**gāndari**, **gāndini**, s. A roving woman.

**gāgra**, s. A child's petticoat.

**gāji**, **gāju**, s. Glassware. 2. China ware. 3. *see gājā*; *cf. gājā*.


**gāda**, **gāda**, **gāda**, s. Torment, vexation.

**gādi**, s. A bandy, cart, coach. —**gādhi**, —**gādha** a coachman. —**gādā** to harness horses or bullocks to a coach, cart or bandy. —**gāda** to drive a cart.

**gādiyuni**, **gādiyuni**, s. A small chisel.

**gāda**, adj. Strong, firm. 2. excessive, much, great. —**gāda** sound sleep.

**gāna**, s. An oil-mill. 2. a sugar-mill. —**gāna** oil expressed in a mill. —**gāna** the perpendicular roller of a mill. —**gāna** the excavated trunk of a tree, used as the body of a mill. —**gāna** an oilman. —**gāna** to work a mill.

**gānige**, s. An oil-miller.

**gānuni**, v. n. To smoke, burn to cinders, glow; *cf. gānuni*.

**gāta**, **gātaka**, **gāti**, see **gātaka**.

**gātuge**, s. A treacherous man.

**gātra**, s. The body. 2. a member or limb. adj. Stout, thick.

**gādini**, **gādivi**, s. Glassware.

**gādè**, **gādhè**, s. A proverb, adage.

**gāpu**, see **gāpu**.

**gābadi**, s. A leak, hole in a vessel. —**gābadi** to repair a leak. —**gābadi** a vessel to leak.

**gābari**, **gābiri**, s. Perplexity, confusion, alarm, perturbation. —**gābari** to be perplexed, alarmed, confused. —**gābari** to alarm, perplex.
gabi, s. Darkness.
gabidi, gabudi, see gabu.
gabu, gabë, s. Agitation, commotion, disturbance, ferment. 2. rumour. gabu rumour upon rumour.
gabri, see gabu.
gamini, s. Confluence, junction.
gaya, see gabu. [sic; cf. gamini.]
gayake, s. A singer, musician.
gayatri, s. The most sacred incantation of the Brahmans, namely Vedic mantra, as: संस्कृतम् ज्योतिषम् त्र्यद्विगुणों च वर्षानि वर्षानि त्रिप्रकाशम् त्रियोगं श्रीमान् श्रीमान् \n
gayana, s. Singing, music.
garu, adj. Dry. 2. hot. garu a dry field. to be dried, heated.
garanë, garanë, s. Whitewashing: or painting walls, etc. to whitewash or paint them. [or fritter.]
garigë, s. A kind of cake.
garipuni, see gañu.
garu, s. Lime plaster, a composition of lime, earth, etc.
gare, An affix of nouns denoting profession, employment, etc.; as, गारेको a horse-keeper. गारेको a backbiter. गारेको a seller of bracelets. गारेको a liar.
gari, see gabu.
gari, s. A store, provision.
gālsū, gārsū, garsi, s. A store, provision.
gālu, adv. Headlong; topsyturvy.
gala, see gari.
gali, s. A wheel. 2. see gañu.
gali, s. To strain, filter.
gali, s. To separate grain from refuse by washing. 2. to strain, filter.
galvalë, s. Jugglery. a juggler. conjuration.
gāvu, s. Heat. 2. fomentation. 3. glare; cf. gāri.
gāvuda, s. A stage or distance of twelve miles.
gāsi, s. Fatigue, exhaustion, toil, pain, trouble. 2. the state of being emptied. 3. end, termination, death. to be distressed, wearied; to be confused, dissatisfied.
gala, s. An angle, fish-hook.
gāli, s. Wind, air. 2. breath. a falsehood. a paper kite. an unfounded rumour.
a false report. —扇子 to fan. —風 to wind to blow.

gali, galiyuni, galiyuni, see गलीयुनि.
gali, gali, gindi, gindyà, gindyé, s. A goblet, small metal vessel.

gindya, gindye, s. A goblet, cup of bell-metal.
gimpu, see गिंपु.
gimma, gimmu, see गिंमा, गिंमु.
gijaru, gijjaru, see जिज्जाँरु.
gijibiji, see जिजबीजी.
gijigiji, adj. Soft, pulpous. s. A chirping noise. 2. a rattle, toy. —श्रवण the shrub Crotoloria verrucosa.
gijiluj, s. Confusion; also जिजिलुज. adj. Confused. —संक्षिप्त to become confused.
gitta, adj. Thick, full. s. A heap, mass, crowd.
gittu, gitta, gittà, gitti, s. Scoria, dross of smelted iron. —संग संग to repair an earthen vessel with its paste; cf. जिजी.
gittà, adj. Proximate, near.
gittà, see गिटा.
gittà, gittà, gittyà, gitty, giddyà, giddyé, s. A stopper, cork. 2. a mouthful, draught. —कु मादिगु to a mouthful of water.
gitku, s. A stopper, cork. 2. a mouthful, draught. —कु मादिगु to a mouthful of water.
gitkè, gitkì, see जिजीके.
gidakà, see जिजी.
gidì, s. The falcon or hawk; an eagle. —ङ्ग a kind of game. —हाँ to play at such a game. —चैत्र a black eagle or hawk. —ग्रु a red eagle.
gidìki, gidikè, see जिजी.
gidipunì (हा), v. a. To make fast.
gidibidi, s. A small drum played by turning it up and down in the hand.
gidiyavuni, v. n. (of जिजीदियाँवुणि) To cause to run, drive, race.
gidiyuni (हा), v. n. To run. गेखोलगृहाः अवलोकित to attack, assail.
gidè, s. A partner in a game. 2. see जिजी. —संग संग to choose a partner.
gidku, s. A stopper, cork. 2. a mouthful, draught. —कु मादिगु to a mouthful of water.
gidkè, s. A blind or screen, made of palm leaves. 2. a rib.
gidda, adj. Small, short. —संग संग smallness.
giddi, giddu, s. A short woman.
gidde, giddele, gidye, gidyele, s. A dwarf, short man,
gidda, s. A kind of tonsure.
gidderu, s. A race-buffalo.
gidpu, s. Thickness. adj. Thick, stout.
gidy, s. A kind of cock. adj. Short; cf. gidi.
gidyedayeru, see gidy.
gini, see gin.

Gidderu, s. A race-buffalo.
gidpu, s. Thickness.
gidye, s. A kind of cock.
gidypuni, giduruni, giduruni, gidruni, see gidpu.
gidupuni, see gidpu.

Giravu, s. Epilepsy; also giri.

giravu, s. A kind of epilepsy.
giruki, s. A customer, purchaser.
giragati, s. Family affairs. 2. influence of evil stars upon one's fortune, fate.
giri, s. A mountain.
girikolu, see giri.
girigi, s. A female's underdress of striped cloth.
girigitti, s. A child's toy, with wheels whirling round by means of a string between them. 2. a kind of gambling by turning round a ball, dotted with figures, in a plate.

girigiri, s. Creaking. adv. Quickly, speedily. -���� to turn round with great speed.
giridupopini, see giri.

Girivantra, s. Ruin.

giriyāta, s. Wandering, vagabondage.
giri, s. A mountain.
giriyele, s. A wanderer, vagabond.
girkolu, s. A wooden girdupopini, see giridupopini.

girbudari, s. Fate, misfortune.

gilumbi, see gili.
gilikiitti, see gilikiitti.
gili, s. A parrot; cf. gili.
giligili, s. A jingling sound.

gilgejje, s. A necklace.
gilimuku, s. A hooked nose. 2. an ornamental carving on door posts.
giuni (ギュイ), v. a. To draw over with a pen, scrawl, erase; cf. gito.
gito, s. A line, stroke, mark. -doi to draw a line.
gito, see giun.
gita, s. A song, hymn.
giru, giru, s. A scratch, superficial wound or mark, slight incision.
giru (ギル), v. a. To scratch, wound slightly by the nails, etc.
gi, see gir.
gisuni (ギスユ), v. a. To pare, strip off, shave, scrape. -yu to shave the head. けむ a barber.
gisuli, see isi.
gisuni (ギスユ), v. a. To pare, strip off, shave, scrape. -yu to shave the head. けむ a barber.
gisu, s. A flock, assemblage, crowd, multitude, heap. -susa to collect. --su to assemble. -sas to form in crowds, flocks.
git, see gis.
git, gumpa, ganta, guni, gunte, see gitt.
gunte, s. A bastard.
gunta, s. The idol's apartment in a pagoda. 2. a closet, small room. 3. a kind of cake or pudding boiled over steam.
guna, gunala, s. An ear-ornament.

gunda, s. An abyss, gulf, great depth. -tara one with deep or large eyes.
gundige, s. The breast, heart. 2. bravery, courage.
gunduli, s. A round chisel.
gunde, s. Courage. adj. Round. -sun the heart.
gumpa, adj. Secret, concealed.
gumpa, s. A flock, assemblage, crowd, multitude, heap. -sun to collect. -sun to assemble. -sun in crowds, flocks.
gumma, s. Stench, stinking. 2. a quick, sharp noise. -sun to make a sudden, sharp noise; to stink.
gumma, adj. Unequal, irregular. -sun an irregular stool.
gumma, s. A statue of Buddha. 2. a kind of drum.
gummu, s. A noise produced, as in firing a gun.
2. cooing, as a wild dove.
3. a cuff, blow.
gummuni (gūmmi), v. n.
To blow, cuff.
gummē, s. An owl. 2. a bugbear. -gūmmē a kind of fish. -gūmm to hoot. -gūmmē the nave of a wheel.
gummeyuni (gūmmeyi), v. n. To rise.
guṇsu, see guṇa.
gurmpē, gurmbē, s. A pond, pool, puddle.
gurmbu, see gurmbē.
guṇkī, see guṇa.
gūgīlū, s. Damp soil.
gūgūri, s. Soaked grain.
gūgūra, s. A small insect infesting grain or corn.
guggula, s. Bdellium, a fragrant gum of the tree Boswellia glabra.
guči, s. Buttress, stay.
gučē, see guči.
gutige, s. A kind of drum.
gutūka, gutuku, s. A single gulp, a draught; cf. gūtē.
guttu, s. A secret, mystery.
2. one’s private affairs. adj. Secret. -guttē a reserved man. -guttē to find out a secret, to trace. -guttē to consult secretly.
gūtē, see guṭē.
guda, s. Coarse sugar.
gudākāyu, s. A narcotic composition of tobacco and other ingredients, used for smoking or snuff.
gudāna, s. A large vessel with small mouth; *cf. gudārā.*
gudāra, s. A tent.
gudi, s. A small pagoda or shrine.
gudigare, s. A turner and cabinet maker.
gudigudi, s. A large vessel with small mouth; *cf. XG^F.*
gudara, s. A tent.
gudi, s. A small pagoda or shrine.
gudigare, s. A turner and cabinet maker.
gudiguti, s. A kind of small prawn.
guddele, s. A cultivator, peasant.
guddamu, s. A blow, cuff, box.
guddalāmu, s. An artifice, expedient, shift. 2. fraud, deception. 3. a kind of mint.
guddi, s. The stopper of a small phial.
gudyale, see *gudā.*
gudsi, s. The embodied form of letter *a* or *e,* as in *a,* *e.*
gusilu, see *gudā.*
gudalu, s. A kind of broom. 2. a fetid smell, stench. — to stink.
gudsolu, s. Hitting from a distance. — to hit or strike from a distance.
guna, s. A quality, property, attribute. 2. temper, disposition. 3. excellence, merit. 4. moral or physical improvement, recovery from sickness, restoration to health. 5. use, advantage. — an excellent man. — to recover from
sickness; to win, gain.  

to derive benefit. 

to cure a disease; to decide in one's favour. 

The multiplier, arith. 

A good or virtuous man. 

A virtuous woman. 

Multiplcation. 

to multiply. 

The multiplicand. 

A club, cudgel. 

Boxing cuffing, thumping. 

A blow, box, cuff. 

landed property with certain privileges attached to it. 

A manor-house with certain privileges attached to it.  
2. a leap, jump.  
3. a stride.  
see  
- to take strides. 
- to jump. 

The holder of a monopoly, a liquor contractor. 

Solanum pubescens, a kind of thorny shrub used in medicine. 

its fruit. 

resorting to force, transgressing law. 

A club, cudgel. 

if lost it will be a stick, if gained it will be a mango (said of a doubtful enterprise). 

A long pole. 

the keeper of an ale-house or liquor-shop 

A Bant. 
2. the holder of a manor or
toddle-drawers, a pounding
stone.

**gudduni** (guddu), v. a. To
toddle, box, cuff, beat.

**guddoli** (guddu), s. A kind of
pickaxe. –**gut** a kind of
sweet potatoes. –**guda** to burrow,
dig; to dig a pit as the first
ceremony of the Moharam
festival; to ramp, leap and
frisk about in play.

**guddolipuni** (guddu), v. a. To dig with a pick-axe.

**gunugunu, see gu**.

**gupita, gupta**, adj. Hidden, concealed, secret.

**guppuni** (guppa), v. a. To
pour, shed, spill; also **gupp**,
gupee.

**guppè**, s. A heap.

**gubita, see gup**.

**gubb**, s. A
stud, ornamental knob. 2. a
button. 3. see gupee.

**gumusu**, see gum**.

**gumaṭe**, see gum**.

**gumāna**, s. Doubt, sus-
picion. 2. regard, notice.
—to suspect; to take
notice, attend.

**gumāni**, adj. Suspicious,
doubtful. —**gumāni**
suspicious people.

**gumāṣṭiṅge**, s. Clerkship, writership.

**gumastige**, s. Clerkship, writership.

**gumaste**, s. A clerk, writer. 2. an assistant.

**gumugumu**, s. Noise
of a multitude. —**gumugumu** to
box, cuff, beat.

**gumutu**, s. Fighting, cuffing.

**gumuluni**, s. Fire burning
in embers.

**gumuluni**, see gum**.

**gumusu**, s. A stroke,
cuff, box. —**gumusu**
to strike, box. —**gumusu**
mind, I will
slap you, if you do not look
out.

**gumusuni** (gumusu),
v. a. To box, strike.

**gumme**, see gum**.

**gurumupe**, s. A temporary
reservoir in a dry field for
the use of crop. 2. a puddle.

**guragutṭuni**, see gu-

**guranè**, s. The snarling of
a dog.

**guri**, s. A hole, pit. —**guri**
to dig a hole, a pit or a grave.

**guri**, s. An aim, mark, butt.
2. liability, responsibility. —**guri** to be liable. —**guri**
to aim, mark.

**gurikāre**, see gu**.

**gurigumpu**, s. Uneven-
ness, roughness.

**guriyāla**, s. A game of
the Paṇḍu princes.
A spiritual preceptor, teacher, guide, priest.

2. the planet Jupiter, Brhaspati. adj. Heavy, weighty; venerable.

gurukpu, s. A present or gift to a Guru.

gurumbè, s. Anything hollow.

guruku, s. A very large water-vessel.

gurukārē, s. A head-man, foreman, manager, master.
— a mistress, matron.

gurku, gurkugurku, s. Roar of a tiger.
2. grunting of a pig.
— to roar, as a tiger; to grunt, as a pig.
— phlegm to rattle in the throat.

The seed of the country liquorice, Abrus precatorius.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>sanskrit word</th>
<th>meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>guhe</td>
<td>a cave, cavern, grotto. 2. a den, lair.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guheli</td>
<td>a great noise, shout, uproar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guha</td>
<td>a name of Gaṇa-pati.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhane, guhanipuni (कुहानीपुनी)</td>
<td>v. n. To meditate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhālā</td>
<td>a bufoon, jester.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhāme, guhāme</td>
<td>a slave.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhad</td>
<td>slavery, servitude.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhālū, guhālū</td>
<td>a crimson powder used at the Holi festival; also -क्रिमी -क्रिमी. -क्रिमी crimson colour.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhali, see gu.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhabānu, guhumbu, see gu.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhūndu, guhūndu</td>
<td>Confection of roses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhavā, guhuvā, guhavā</td>
<td>guhā, guhā</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhulī, see gu.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhullu, see gu.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhullu, guhullu</td>
<td>A great noise, shout, uproar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhule, see gu.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhule, guhule, guhule</td>
<td>A well; cf. गुहला.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhun, guhun, guhun</td>
<td>A whisper. -वन, वन to whisper, lisp, talk in a low tone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhusu, guhusu</td>
<td>A whisper. -वसु, -वसु to whisper, lisp, talk in a low tone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhusuni, see guhun.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhū, guhū</td>
<td>A name of Gaṇa-pati.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhānīpuni (कुहानिपुनी)</td>
<td>v. n. To meditate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>guhelī, see guheli.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
make a peg. —संसार, —स्वप्नस | —विकृत to drive in a peg.

रुका गुजु, s. A pit. 2. loss, ruin. 3. end, death. —संसार to sink in, disappear; to fall into ruin; to die. —विकृत to ruin another.

रुका गुलिगे, s. A pill, globule, bolus. 2. the name of a demon. 3. the son of Saturn.

—० a fatal hour, inauspicious time; a bad omen. —तो— a demon haunting the air.

रुका, रुका, रुका गुलुम, गुलुका, गुलुमु, s. A noise made by the falling of a stone etc. into a well. 2. loss. 3. cheating, fraud. —तो— a cheat, defrauder. —विकृत to fall into water; to be lost. —विकृत to defraud.

रुका गुलुगुलू, s. A noise made, as in filling a pitcher with water.

रुका गुलाला, s. A kind of round brinjal, Solanum Jacquinii. —संसार Solanum ferox.

रुका गुल्ले, s. A bubble. 2. blister, pustule, vesicle. 3. see रुका.

रुका गुगु, s. The cry of an owl.

रुका गुन्जी, s. The stalk in the midst of a jackfruit. 2. the germ-matter of a boil. —जी the core of the heart.

रुका, रुका गुंटा, गुंटिगे, s. A peg, pin, stake. —संसार to
People leaving a place *en masse* on account of invasion or famine.

A house, mansion. *adj.* Domestic. — *household affairs.* — *domestic trouble or quarrel.*

A house—hold affairs. — *householder, married or family man.* 2. an honest man. — *a respectable woman.*

*a particle signifying, It is said, they say etc.; also *said.* *It is said that he came.* — *he says that he is coming.* — *a rumour.*

A live or burning coal. — *a dance upon burning coals; also *said.*

*adj.* Reddish. — *see gendul.* — *see gendul.*

A reddish coloured cocoanut tree. — *a kind of red eruptions on the skin.*

A reddish cow.

To win, conquer. *v. n.* To be hot, to burn.

A reddish coloured ox. — *a tawny coloured cocoanut.*
3. to draw, pull out. 4. to steal. 5. to draw back, open.
6. to dismiss, discharge. 7. to dig, excavate. 8. to remove, take away. 9. to communicate, interdict. 10. to press, express.
11. to desecrate; to ruin. To draw out the purse from the pocket. To knock out a tooth. To steal a bundle. To dig a pit. To discharge from service. To open the door. To draw out a thorn. To express juice. To purchase articles. To borrow.

**Confusion; perplexity.**

**To perplex, confuse.**

**To be confused, perplexed.**

**The temples.**

**To beat on the temples.**

**Sprightliness, liveliness, vivacity, courage.**

**Victory, gain.**

**Victorious.**

**A branch, twig.**

**Rent, contract.**

**A permanent lease, perpetual rent.**

**A tenant, contractor. Tenancy at will, annual rent.**

**Rent for a fixed time.**

**To fix the amount of rent.**

**A tenant.**

**See also gerukai, geravu, geraste, gerë, gerëste, gerët, gelavu, gelipuni, gelpuni, gelpu, gedhu, gedhë, gelkai, gelipuni, gelpuni, gellu, gener, gera, gerakar, geratte, gerama.**
gerekayi, s. The marking nut. & the tree Semicarpus anacardium.
gëra, adv. Around. to surround.
gëra, s. A kind of bird; also .
gëlì, s. Ridicule, jest, mockery, insult.
geindalë, see .
geipini (ge), v. a. To do, fulfil.
gaibu, s. Missing, disappearing. 2. see . 3. see . to disappear.
geireya, s. Red chalk.
geilu, s. A bell-sound.
goiga, s. A large cowrie, shell.
goiguka, s. An oil tree. 2. a bunch.
goâ, goâi, goâi, s. A bunch, cluster.
goju, s. A tassel.
goâ, see .
goâdi, s. A button.
goâde, s. A cluster, tassel, topknot. a fringe with tassels. a kind of flower resembling the marigold. an ornament put in the hair of females.
gontu, s. Knowledge, understanding, acquaintance.

to become acquainted. to know. to find out, ascertain. I do not know.
gojjaranna, see .
goji, s. Boiled juice or pulp of any fruit, mixed with coconuut, salt, chillies etc, seasoned, and eaten with boiled rice to make it savoury.
goje, see .
gottana, see .
goþi, s. A kind of play.
goþu, s. The kernel of a nut, as coconuut, almond, castor oil seed etc.
 godavë, s. Interference, connection, intercourse, concern with.
godu, adj. Barren, sterile. barrenness, sterility.
godusaryu, s. A kind of pepper-water made of tamarind, chillies etc.
gode, s. A Pariah. pl. the name of a sub-division of Pariahs.
gonasu, see .
gottu, see .
gottë, s. Sweepings, rubbish.
goda godagoda, see goda goda.
goduni (godu), v. a. To pick or devour, as a fowl.
goddë, s. Lisping, stammering. —&o gobbled, a lisper, stammerer.
gonè, s. A bunch of fruits, as plaintains, coconuts.
goppu, see goppu.
goppè, see goppè.
gobbara, s. Manure, sweepings. —&o to manure.
gobbaṭa, s. Diversion, amusement.
gobbavuni, c. v. (of gobba) To make one play.
gobbu, s. A play, dance, game. —&o a play-ground.
gobbuni (gobbu), v. a. To play. —&o to trifle with, mock.
gobbuli, s. A bubble.
gobbe, see gobbe.
gorantë, goratë, see gorantë.
goraku, see goraku.
gorastaligë, see gorastaligë.
gorajana, see gorajana.
gorkè, s. Snoring.
gortë, s. The final preparation of a field for sowing.
golambude, gollumbude, gollumunde, s. The angular leaved physic-nut, *Fatropha curcas*.
golle, s. A man of the cowherd or milkman caste.
golakka, see golakka.
gö, s. A cow. —&o, a block of stone set up by the roadside for cattle to rub themselves against. —&o a gift of cattle. —&o a spout or fountain, made like a cow’s head. —&o the sacrifice of a cow.
göoku, s. A cashew fruit. —&o the cashew tree, *Anacardium occidentale*.

gökur, gökuru, s. Rocking, as a child does on its legs and hands. 2. a lullaby used when so rocking. adj. Large, great; cf. göntu.
göntu, adj. Dried. —&o a cocoanut the kernel of which has dried within. —&o an unripe dried betel-nut. —&o to get dried.
gondalapüjë, gondlupüjë, s. A special worship of Durga in fulfilment of a vow, performed by decorating her image indoors and by dancing in the outer court, with music and lights.
göndu, s. Gum; the gum arabic of *Acacia arabica*. —&o to gum.
gompa

adj. Large, great. — see gopu.  
See a large cocoa nut shell.

gompé, s. A toad, paddock. — see gompa.

gōkarna, s. lit. A cow’s ear. 2. a celebrated place of pilgrimage in North Canara.

gōku, see gokarna.

gōkula, s. Cattle. 2. a station of cowherds. 3. the place of Krushna’s early life; also gōkula. 4. the birthday of Krushna. 5. the station of Krushna’s frolics when at Gokula.

gōkara, gōkāra, s. Perception, conception, penetration. 2. an object or organ of sense. — see to be visible; to comprehend, understand.

gōji, s. Interference. 2. intercourse. 3. confusion.  — see to forget.  — see have nothing to do with him.

gōtu, s. Embroidery; lace. — see to put on a lace border etc. adj. see gōkara.

gōda, s. A horse; bet. — see gōda.

gōdāmukhe, gūdāmṛuga, s. A dunce, fool; simpleton.

gōdi, adj. Erect, straight, direct. — see to go straight.

gādiyavuni, c. v. (of gādiyuni) To join, knit together. 2. to prepare, get ready.

gādiyuni (gūdi), c. v. To join, connect.

gōde, s. A wall. — see to raise a wall.

gōna, s. A he-buffalo; see gōdu.

gōni, s. A sackcloth, gunny bag. 2. a malignant kind of small-pox. — see to fall a victim to malignant small-pox, abus.

gōne, s. A he-buffalo. 2. fig. a stupid fellow.

gōtra, s. A family, tribe, lineage. 7. see gōtra a destitute man.

gōdāvari, s. A river so called. 2. the name of a woman.

gōdi, gōdhi, s. Wheat. — see a kind of mango.

gōdikke, s. An unmarried Pariah. 2. a nickname.

gōduqi, s. A quilted bed sheet.

gōpale, s. A herdsman. 2. Krushna. 3. a beggar. 4. the name of a man.

gōpi, s. A herdswoman. 2. yellow ochre; also gōpati, — see.

gōpu, s. A thin girdle.
gopu

210

gopuni (v. n. To hold fast a tree with hands or with a rope. 2. to join.
gopura, s. A tower.
göpe, s. A chief of herds-
men.
gopya, adj. Secret, hidden, preserved. —& to make secret.
gobi, s. A cabbage.
göma, s. A peevish woman.
gomanta, gömēdhika, s. A gem of a yellowish or tawny colour, topaz, onyx.
gorantë, göratë, s. The prickly amaranth, Barleria prionitis.
goratu, see gorna.
gorajina, see gora.
gorabalë, s. A large hand-net. [net.
goralë, s. A small hand-net.
gorangë, see gorajina.
gori, s. A grave. 2. a burial ground.
goruni (v. a. To dig from, out, or up, as coals etc. 2. to gather, collect, pile up. 3. to catch fish by a hand-net. 4. to level a ploughed field with a plank.
gore, see gore.
gorelu, see gore.
gorëyuni (v. a. To drive together.

gorjana, s. Gall of cattle, Calculus cysticus.
görte, see gorte.
görle, see gorte.
görsavuni, v. a. To threaten.
göl, adj. Round. —& to make round.
golandāsu, s. A gun-
ner.
golambudē, see golu.
goli, see goli.
golikotte, s. The great great grand-father.
golimara, see golu.
golu, s. Grief, lamenta-
tion. —& to be affected with the evils of another's grief.
goluṅgila, s. A plain ring, a guard ring.
gölē, see golu.
govatē, see govinda.
govardhana, s. The name of a mountain.
govinde, see govinda.
govan, govalige, ga-
vale, gōvalige, gōvale, s. A herdsman; cf. govan, govali.
govinde, s. A name of Vishnu. 2. the name of a man.
govu, see gov.
govè, s. Goa.
gōsvāri, gōsvari, ga-
svāre, s. An abstract, sum-
mary; also gosvari.
goshti, s. Conversation, discourse.

gosu, adv. Leeward. 2. seaward. - to shift the sail in order to direct the vessel seaward.

gosumpayi, gosamipè, s. The flower of the wild champaka tree, Plumeria acuminata.

gosayi, s. A sect of Sivites. 2. a religious mendicant.

gohatya, s. Killing of gola, s. A globe.

golake, s. An illegitimate son of a widow.

golakara, adj. Globular, spherical.

golata, see gouluge. 2. a marble. 2. a ball, bullet. - gun fire.

goladamara, s. The large banyan tree, Ficus Indica.

golipadpe, s. A kind of potherb, Nyctanthes tristis.

golu, see gouluge.

golè, s. Hollowness. adj. Hollow, void within. - a hollow tree.

goudi, s. A female slave, maid servant.

goudu, s. Swelling. - the body to be puffed up.

goundè, see goundi.

gouji, s. A noise, tumult, uproar. 2. alarm agitation. 3. magnificence, grandeur. - to make noise; to threaten. - to shout; to be magnificent.

gouda, s. The district of Gour. 2. see goudi.

goudi, see gouda. [ful.

goudu, adj. Peevish, fretful.

goudubaingali, s. A trick, artifice, stratagem. 2. a trickster, cheat.

goudè, s. The headman of a village, etc. 2. a man of a caste of farmers.

gounadikè, s. Greatness.

gounè, see goudè.

goutama, goutama, s. A name of Sakya Muni, Buddha; cf. gouta-me.

goudegè, s. The seat of a demon.

gouri, s. A name of Pārvati. 2. the name of a woman. - balsamine.

gouripashana, s. A tawny coloured mineral poison.

goule, adj. Tender, unripe, sapless, as a sugarcane.

gousanigè, s. A bag, case, cover.

goulugoulu, s. Chewing or eating voraciously, as betel leaves etc.
Digestion. — to be digested.

A kind of lizard. — the chirp of a lizard; considered ominous.

A treatise on the omens presaged by the chirps etc. of a lizard.

A milkman.

2. see.

see.

see.

see.

see.

see.

A book, work, composition.

gratalige, grasitolige, see.

A planet. 2. an evil spirit. an astrological diagram or table. conjunction of planets. — the motion of the planets; their influence on the human destiny; fate, luck. — the mansions of the planets. — the nine planets as enumerated by Hindus; viz., the sun, the moon, Mars, Jupiter, Venus, Saturn, the ascending node, the descending node. — convulsion of children.

Reception, acceptance. 2. comprehension. 3. an eclipse. the occasion of an eclipse.

Rickets, a wasting disease.

Understanding, comprehension.

, grahupuni, a wasting disease.

the occasion of an eclipse.

Rickets, a wasting disease.

Understanding, comprehension.

To understand, comprehend, perceive. 2. to consider, ponder.

Habit, practice. 2. appetite, longing, eager desire.

Amouthfulof food. 2. food, subsistence.

great, see. A book, work, composition.
gha, the seventeenth letter of the alphabet.
ghanta, see ghantì.
ghanti, see kha.
ghante, s. An hour. 2. a clock; see kha.
ghandi, see kha.
ghamû, see kha.
ghata, s. A large earthen water-jar. 2. the body.
ghatakkanè, see kara.
ghatanè, s. Contact. 2. assemblage, bringing together.
ghatasarpe, s. A large snake.
ghatta, s. A ghat, defile, pass.
ghattane, see kara.
ghätti, see kha.
ghadavane, s. Joining, uniting. 2. invention, manufacture, coining. 3. fabrication, concoction.
ghadi, see kha.
ghanaghana, s. The sound of a ringing bell.
ghanana, s. Respectability, honour, dignity. 2. hardness. 3. solidity, substance. adj. Heavy. 2. noble, great. greatness, nobility, glory. the cube root.

GH
ghama, s. Fragrance, odour.
gharimû, gharmi, see kha.
ghaligè, see kha.
ghatû, see kha.
ghata, ghàtaka, ghàtaga, s. Murder, slaughter, killing. 2. treachery, fraud. suicide. destroying life, murder; suicide. treachery, breach of trust. a murderer; an executioner; a cheat.
ghàti, s. A matter becoming serious. what was meant for a joke, has become serious.
ghada, s. Depth.
ghàbarì, see kha.
ghàyà, s. A wound.
ghàra, see kha.
ghäsi, s. Fatigue, trouble, toil. 2. conclusion, exhaustion, termination, death. to be troubled, fatigued; to die; to conclude, finish.
ghåli, s. Air, wind, breeze.
ghôda, s. A horse.
ghôra, adj. Frightful, horrible, dreadful.
The eighteenth letter of the alphabet. No words begin with this letter.

The nineteenth letter of the alphabet.

The eighteenth letter of the alphabet. Guimbard, Jew's-harp.

The eighteenth letter of the alphabet. No words begin with this letter.

The nineteenth letter of the alphabet.

The eighteenth letter of the alphabet. Guimbard, Jew's-harp.

The eighteenth letter of the alphabet. No words begin with this letter.

The eighteenth letter of the alphabet. Guimbard, Jew's-harp.

The eighteenth letter of the alphabet. No words begin with this letter.

The eighteenth letter of the alphabet. Guimbard, Jew's-harp.
candra

The moon-flower, *Ipomoea grandiflora.*

A blue light, a kind of firework.

A serpent with a crescent-like stripe on its head.

A red kind of plantain tree.

A kind of ornament for females.

The moon's orb. 2. an idol's whirling car.

A kind of fish.

A female's ear-ornament in the form of a half-moon.

The lunar race.

A kind of fish.

The name of a city. 2. the name of a woman.

Moonlight. 2. the covering of a letter written on a palm leaf. 3. palm leaves rolled and tied up.

The moon.

Red. 2. handsome, well.

A wolf.

The red jasmine.

A kind of creeper.

A kind of game with cowries. — a board with two rows of seven holes for arranging the cowries.

to play at such a game.

The flower of *Michelia champaka*; bet. əo əo.

see əo.

A small water-pot; cf. əo əo. 2. a barge, fishing boat.

see əo əo.

A shoe. 2. a bad smell.

A cunning female.

A sledge hammer. 2. skin, leather. 3. a scourge, whip.

A shoemaker, chuckler; cf. əo əo.

Dampness, moisture. 2. a kind of water-plant.

A blossom without setting fruit. adj. Thin.

see əo əo.

see əo əo.

see əo əo.
čakki, s. An ornament worn by female children.
čakki, see čakki.
čakkuli, s. A cake made of rice flour, salt etc., and fried in oil; also  čakkulimara, s. The Manilla tamarind tree, Inga-dulcis.
čakku, see čakku.
čakku, see čakku.
čakacakku, adj. Slow. adv. Shortly, suddenly.
čakamuki, see čakamuki.
čakumuki, see čakamuki.
s. The steel with which fire is struck. —čaka a flint stone. —čaka to strike fire with a flint and steel.
cakkula, see čakkula.
cakkula, see čakkula.
cakkula, adj. Hollow, without kernel. 2. stunted, short, lean. 3. flat. —čakula a hollow cocoanut. —čakula a flat head. —čakula a low seat. —čakula a flat nose; also  čakula.
cakka, adv. Quickly, at once. —čakka to sit at once, without observing where.
cakkanda, s. Plausibleness, speciousness. adj. Plausible, specious. —čakka a plausible man. —čakka a plausible speech, flattery. —čakka to say what is plausible, to flatter.
cakkata, adj. Low.
cakkappa, adv. Down, below.
cakkamu, see čakkamu.
čakkamukki, see čakkamukki.
čakkarē, s. Sugar.
čakki, s. An ornament worn by female children.
čaku, see čaku.
cakkubandi, s. Boundary-stones. 2. jurisdiction.
cakka, see čakka.
cakka, see čakka.
cakka, see čakka.
cakka, adv. Quickly, at once. —čakka to sit at once, without observing where.
cakkanda, s. Plausibleness, speciousness. adj. Plausible, specious. —čakka a plausible man. —čakka a plausible speech, flattery. —čakka to say what is plausible, to flatter.
cakkata, adj. Low.
cakkappa, adv. Down, below.
cakkamu, see čakkamu.
čakkamukki, see čakkamukki.
čakkarē, s. Sugar.
čakki, s. An ornament worn by female children.
čaku, see čaku.
cakkubandi, s. Boundary-stones. 2. jurisdiction.


**cadi**

adv. Harshly, rudely.  

**cata**, s. Energy, vigour.  

the germ of a disease, the remaining symptoms of a disease.  

- to eradicate a disease.  

- to lose energy, be tired, weary.

**cataka**, s. A summary method of offering to the manes of departed ancestors.

**catakka**, s. A slapping or cracking sound; cf. catu.

**cataca**, **catapa**, s. Noise produced, as in slapping or cracking a whip.

**catini**, s. Grain or fruit pounded, made into a thick paste with chillies, salt, etc. and eaten as a condiment with curry; chatney.

**catipiti**, adv. For nothing, uselessly.

**catila**, s. A cracking sound.

**catu**, End, dissolution, termination, death.  

2. exhaustion, consumption, ruin, demolition, extinction.  

- to exhaust, spend away, tire.

**cattu**, s. A litter, sort of a palanquin.  

2. a bier.  

3. a window frame.

**cattane**, adv. Suddenly; cf. cattane.

**catti**, s. A broad-mouthed spitoon.  

2. a chamber pot.

**cattini**, see catti.

**cattu**, s. A country pony.  

2. see catu.

**cattê**, adj. Flat, level, without inclination.  

- a flat stone.

**catêgare**, s. A native who assumes European dress.

**catni, catni**, see cattu.

**cadu, cadu**, adv. Quickly, speedily.

- to mount a ladder quickly.

**cađuta, cađata, see cadu.**

**cađati**, s. Dissimilation.

2. see cadu.

**cadâcađi**, see cadu, cađàcađi.

2. see cadu, cađàcađi.

**cadayisuni** (cadâyisuni), v. a. To increase, raise or bid higher, as price.  

2. to beat, strike, flog.  

- to put in stocks.  

- to swallow liquor.  

- to smoke excessively.

**cadavu**, s. An ascent, uphill.  

2. increase, enhancement.  

3. a kind of country shoes.  

- to raise, enhance, as the price; cf. cadu, cađavu.

**cadâvu, cadavu**, v. a. To ascend, climb.

**cadâsunî, see cadâsunî.**

**cadi**, s. A notch, indentation.

2. a whip, stripe.
to make a notch.  

- to whip.  

a joining bench, groove-plane, jointer.

cadu, s. The belly.  2. a pleasing discourse.

cadugu, adj. Bad, depraved.

caduta, s. Persistence, obstinacy.  2. a bet or wager.  

- to speak persistently, to provoke.

cade, s. A kind of bag.

cadta, s. Daily or regular observance of rites or customs; cf. āśrama.  2. see āśram.  

- a diary.

cadpu, s. Leanness, thinness.

cana, see ānā.

canilū, see ānā.

catūrengi, see āśram.

caturū, num. Four.  

the four sides or boundaries of a land etc.  

[rous.

catura, adj. Clever, dexterous.

caturaṅga, s. Chess.

caturaṅgabala, s. An army consisting of infantry, cavalry, elephants and war chariots.

cature, see āśram.

caturthi, adj. Fourth.  

s. The fourth day of the lunar fortnight.  

- the dative case, gram.

caturdāsī, s. The four-teenth day of the lunar fortnight.

caturvarga, The four objects of pursuit: justice, wealth, pleasure, and heaven.

caturvarṇa, s. The four castes.

caturveda, s. The four Vēdas or ancient scriptures of the Hindus.

catushpāda, adj. Quadruped.

caturyū, ādara-yū, ādara-yū, ādara, s. Dispersion, dissipation, scattering.  

- to be dispersed, scattered.  

- to disperse, scatter.

cadaravuni, ādaraṇvuni, ādaraṇpunī, c. v. (of ādaraṇ)  

To disperse, scatter.

cadarunī (catu), v. n. To be scattered, dispersed; also ādaraṇ.  

ādi, s. Obstinacy, pertinacity.  

- to be obstinate.

- revenge, retaliation.

cadaru, ādura, see ādaraṇ, ādaraṇa.

cadure, see ādaraṇa.

cade, s. Severe fighting.  2. destruction of life.

canāni, s. Great harm.  

2. quarrel, riot.  3. desolation, waste, ruin.

cani, see zō.  

[see zō.

canilū, s. A squirrel.  2.
canna, see 219.

capaéapa, s. A noise made with the mouth, as a pig in eating.

capate, see 219.

caparásy, see 219.

CAPAL, capala, capala, adj. Waving, moving. 2. fickle, unsteady. 3. swift, quick. -क्षियः, -क्षियः fickleness; quick perception. -क्षिताः a man of quick perception or apprehension. -क्षितः fickleness. 2. a woman with quick and moving eyes. 2. Laxmi, the goddess of wealth.

[Omit.

capayisuni, see 219.

capavu, see 219.

capdi, see 219.

cappa, adv. Fast, firmly. 2. suddenly. -क्षोः to stick fast. -क्षोः to fix firmly.

cappa, see 219.

cappanga, s. The sappan tree, Caesalpinia sappan.

cappaty, adj. Tasteless, insipid. 2. bad, worthless.

cappate, s. A worthless person. -क्षतम् see 219.

cappatte, s. Cooling.

cappadæi, s. Coaxing, flattering. 2. fabrication, invention.

cappadi, see 219.

cappanna, adj. Fifty-six. -क्षियः the fifty-six countries enumerated by the Hindu writers.

caparuy, s. A kind of dried fish.

caparu, adj. Low, cast down. -क्षित्र् an ornament of a devil-dancer. -क्षित्र्व to be low.

cappara, s. A shed, pandal. -क्षिताः a cot with posts and curtains. -क्षिताः to put up a temporary shed.

cappari, s. A kind of dried fish.

capsa, adj. Low, cast down. -क्षित्र् a cot with posts and curtains. -क्षित्र् to put up a temporary shed.

cappari, s. A kind of dried fish.

cappati, s. Clapping the hands.

cappalipuni (क्षः), v. a. To smack the lips.

cappalu, s. A shoe, sandal.

cappali, s. Clapping the hands.

cappavu, see 219.

cappasuni, see 219.

cappari, s. To smack the lips.

cappi, s. A stamp, seal, mark.

cappudi, s. Concealing. 2. legerdemain, jugglery; also -क्षित्र्. 3. the play of 'hide and seek'.

capp, adj. Tasteless, insipid, unsavoury. 3. cool, vapid. 4. trifling, worthless. -क्षित्र् quite worthless.

caprasy, s. A kind of drill cloth.
caban, cabukuma, see caba.
cabuk, s. A whip. -cari a Casuarina tree.
camukany, see cama.
camugare, s. A shoemaker, chuckler. -car to a chuckler's awl; also cama.
camuda, see cama.
camatige, s. A sledge hammer.
camada, s. The skin, leather.
camatkara, s. Cleverness, dexterity, artifice. 2. astonishment, surprise. 3. wit, eloquence. 4. anything curious, ingenious or extraordinary; also cama.
camattige, s. The flower of Pyrethrum indicum.
camarimruga, s. The yak, or bos-grunniens.
camany, see cama.
camipuni, see cama.
camea, s. A spoon, ladle.
caya, see cama.
cayi, see cama.
cayila, see cama.
carumbu, see cama.
cara, adj. Moveable, locomotive. -cari, moveable or personal property, chattels.
caraku, s. Merchandise, cargo. 2. goods, articles; bet. caba.
caraku, s. Machinery. -cara to set a machine in motion.
cara, s. A noise made in spurting or throwing water from a pump. 2. see cama.
caro an even accumulation of water in a field. -cari to prattle.
carat, s. What is coarse; leavings or stalks.
cara, s. The foot. 2. a foot in poetry. -cara, see cama.
carane, s. Pasturage, grazing.
caracara, adj. Moveable and immovable. -cara of animate or inanimate things; the creation, world.
carasti, see under cara.
carig, s. A cooking utensil of copper or brass. 2. see cama.
carig, see cama.
carita, caritra, caritro, s. A history, story, narrative. 2. conduct, behaviour.
caripu, s. An offering presented to an idol and then distributed among the people present.
caripuni (s), v. a. To quake, tremble, shudder, shiver; cf. cara.
caripuni (s), v. n. To move; wander.
An oblation of rice and other ingredients to the gods or demons. 2. a small fish.

A small fish.

Straightly, directly. —सँगूङ्गे to splash off, as mud.

to dispute, reason, argue.

Small shots. 2. the head; bet. अः.

Dispute, wrangling.

Vomiting.

Watery.

Cold, chilling, shivering, as in ague. adj. Cold, chilly; also झा. —क्रोङ्गे the cold season. —लिङ्गे see झा झा. —चौङ्गे cold wind. —सँगूङ्गे to warm. —क्रोङ्गे to be warming oneself. —सँगूङ्गे to catch cold; to be afraid. —सँगूङ्गे to be relieved of cold; fear to depart.

To shake, move.

A kind of small coin. —क्रोङ्गे to make pass or current.

Cold, chilliness, shivering, as in ague. adj. Cold, chilly; also झा. —क्रोङ्गे the cold season. —लिङ्गे see झा झा. —चौङ्गे cold wind. —सँगूङ्गे to warm. —क्रोङ्गे to be warming oneself. —सँगूङ्गे to catch cold; to be afraid. —सँगूङ्गे to be relieved of cold; fear to depart.

To shake, move.

A kind of small coin. —क्रोङ्गे to make pass or current.

A noise of a fall with force.

A noise in wading through water, as children make while playing.

Motion, movement. adj. Wandering, roaming.

A small fish.

Alarm, consternation, agitation. 2. exhaustion, weariness; cf. सङ्गे.

Agitating water.

Currency, genuineness, as of a coin. —लिङ्गे drawing a bill of exchange. —सङ्गे a current coin. —क्रोङ्गे to make pass or current.
callaŋäyi, s. The Sepistan plum, *Cordia myxa*.
callaŋtê, s. A kind of crab.
calla, calla, calana, callana, s. Short breeches, reaching only to the middle of the thighs. 2. a mat of straw rope. 3. a covering for a horse.
callaŋpinî (calpingi), v. n. To get weak. 2. to become useless. 3. to fail, lose; cf. čalî.
callaŋpilli, s. Confusion, disorder. 2. dispersion, scattering.
calî, s. A chip. 2. a reed. 3. a potsherd. 4. a kind of grass.
caluni (calangi), v. n. To spill, shed; to disperse.
calle, s. A weak or timid man. 2. the name of a man.
callepille, s. Youngsters. Where shall I take these little ones?
cavâdige, see cavâti.
cavanê, s. An instrument for drawing wire, pincers, tweezers. To draw wire through it.
cavara, s. A fly-brush. 2. see čalakû.
cavala, s. Half a rupee. 2. the ceremony of tonsure of a child. Interest at 12½ per cent.
cala

223
cala

A double cone-shaped ear-ornament worn by females.

ca, see ča.

cali, see ča.

callu, see ča.

calla, see ča.

Callamara, s. The monkey-fruit tree.

cala, s. The tea plant, *Thea viridis.* 2. lemon grass, *Andropogon schoenanthus.* 3. infusion or decoction of the leaves of tea or any medicinal plant. —ča the tea leaves. —ča to prepare tea.

cántu, see ča.

cánte, adj. Lame, crippled. —ča a lame leg.

cándále, see ča.

cánunyuni (cați), v. a. To fling or dart a spear.

campádunyuni (cați), v. a. To withdraw, get out.

campu, s. A knot, as of an angling tackle.

cambunyuni (cați), v. n. To flee, escape, run away. 2. to close, shut, shrivel, as a flower. —ča to lift with a lever.

cáku, s. Chalk.

cakáttu, s. A kind of bracelet made of coral and gold beads. 2. a packet of tea. —ča, čakáttu a bead of such a bracelet.
A lever. 2. see फड़. 3. see सुङ्गः.
A kind of window-shutter.
The cock, as of a gun. 2. a piece of a cloth or web, containing several garments etc. 3. a shop; bet. वात. —जस्ता a thin metal plate. अनुकर्णजस्तान् a piece of cloth containing several towels or handkerchiefs.
A mat; bet. वात. 2. see फड़. —जस्ता a kind of window-shutter.
A fly-brush of the hair of yak or bos grunniens.
Gold.
A goddess so called, a form of Durgi. 2. the name of a female demon.
A kind of pepper-water; also जस्ता.
A kind of pepper-water; also जस्ता.
A kind of pepper-water; also जस्ता.
A female's cloth with interwoven flowers.
A female's cloth with interwoven flowers.
A kind of pepper-water; also जस्ता.
A kind of pepper-water; also जस्ता.
Dexterity, cleverness. —जस्ता a dexterous man.
Nature. 2. habit. 3. conduct. 4. scorn, mockery, scoffing. —जस्ता to mock.
A pair of spectacles.
Weak or near sighted. s. A pair of spectacles.
Of daily occurrence, practical. s. A routine of business.
An open hall, or veranda in front of a house.
2. a public place where business is transacted. 3. a lodging place for travellers. 4. a demon shrine.

cava, see сидь.

calipuni, see सजन.

चिङ्गारा, s. Ornament, decoration, embellishment; beauty; bet. चूड़िया.

चिङ्गिरी, s. A kind of fish.

चिङ्गलिक, s. A large kind of ape.

चिंटक्रंते, s. A man overwhelmed with sorrow or anxiety.

चिंटामणि, s. A fabulous gem which gratifies its possessor’s wishes. चिंटामणि a book on omens. चिंटामणि an incantation supposed to gratify one’s desires. चिंटामणि a kind of pill. चिंटामणि a talisman.

चिंते, s. Thought, reflection, consideration. 2. distress, grief, sorrow. 3. anxiety, care, uneasiness. चिंते to be anxious or sorrowful. चिंते to reflect; to care.

चिंदी, s. A rag.

चिंदी, adj. Spotted. चिंदी a spotted turban of black or red colour.

चिंना, s. Gold.

चिन्नाली, s. An immodest or incontinent woman.
evil eyes. — to be affected by evil eyes.

226

evil eyes. — to be affected by evil eyes.

Wires, wires, wires, citakara, cititi, citka, s. A snap of the fingers.

2. A pinch, as of snuff. — to snap fingers.

Wires, citi, see citi.

Wires, citi, s. The throbbing pain of a boil, when suppurating or forming. 2. A cracking or crackling noise.

Wires, citi, s. A small spot or speck. adj. Spotted, speckled.

Wires, citi, s. The foundation or platform of a house. 2. the register of a land. 3. a rough, daily account. — the registered number of a land.

Wires, citi, adj. Small, little.


Wires, citi, s. A funeral pile. — the wood for burning it.

Wires, citi, s. The ashes of a funeral pile. — Siva, smeared with the ashes of burnt bodies.

Wires, citi, see citi.

Wires, citakara, s. The whirling noise of a war-car. 2. the notes of superior birds.

Wires, citi, s. A blot or erasure.

2. A rough copy, draft.

2. to blot, erase.

Wires, citi, s. Will, desire, wish, inclination, disposition, pleasure. — correctness of disposition, purity of heart.

2. as one pleases.

Wires, citta, see citta.

Wires, citturli, s. An orange.

Wires, citya, see citta.

Wires, citra, s. A picture, painting, carving. — a painter. — a painted picture; appearances. — a curiosity, rarity, wonder. — to work wonders; to make much of a thing; to mystify.

Wires, citrakuta, s. A mountain so called, to which Rama retired in exile.

Wires, citrabhana, s. Fire. 2. the sun. 3. the sixteenth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty.

Wires, citramula, s. The lead-wort. — rose-coloured lead-wort, Plumbago rosea. — the Ceylon lead-wort, Plumbago zeylanica.

Wires, citranakshatra, cire, s. The fourteenth lunar mansion.

Wires, citrapurnami, s. The full moon of the first lunar month, which is observed as a holiday.

Wires, citlipulii, s. A kind of orange.

Wires, cidra, see citta.

Wires, cinimitti, adj. Trifling. — trifling work.

Wires, cinivare, cinivarde, s. A money-changer,
jeweller.  see  cinna.

cinia, see  cinna.
cipitu, see  cinna.
cipulu, cipulukotte, cipulotte, s.  The poisonous seed of the drug Cocculus suberosus.
cippale, see  cinna.  2. a clamp used for torture.
cippi, s.  A cocoanut shell.  2. an oyster shell.  3. a pearl;  also  cippage.
cippige, s.  A tailor.
cippu, s.  A crust, scurf, scale.
cippu, s.  White spots on the body;  also  cippage.
cimati, cimiti, s.  Tongs, tweezers, pincers.
cimicimi, adj.  Faint.  —kisti  a faint light.
cimukuni (kumukuni), v. a.
To press, throng, throb.  2. to pinch.
cimuimimu, adj.  Nervous, weak.  2. throbbing, painful.  —kati  pain caused by a slight wound; a nervous pain; throbbing.

cira, s.  A long time.  adj. Lasting, durable, firm.  —kati  a long time, always, ever.  —kati, karetta  long lived; a crow; a younger member of a family.
ciravu, see  cirava.

ciraku, s.  A lamp.
ciriciri, s.  Gabble, babble.  2. drizzle.  3. a certain game played by boys, tip-cat.  —kati  a drizzling rain.  —kati  to babble.
cirka, see  cirka.
cirke, see  cirka.
cirtepili, s.  A leopard.
cirpalé, see  cirpalé.
cirve, adj.  Tender, green.
cilumbi, s.  The fire bowl of a hooka.

cilukyu, cilky, s.  Lifting, raising; a push.  2. the catch or bolt of a window.  —kati  a wooden pin used in playing at tip-cat.
cilimbë, cilimbi, s.  A small tank;  2. see  cilimbë.

cilily, see  cilily.

ciluvana, s.  The odd money, over a round sum.  adj.  Little, small, trifling, mean, low.
cile, s.  A fishing rod.
cilkuni (kily), v. a.  To lift up.  2. to flay.
cilu, s.  A small round piece, a piece for playing at draughts.  2. see  cilu.
cillarë, s.  Small money, change, trifle.  adj.  Little, trifling.  —kati  a petty workshop.  —kati  trifling or contingent expenses.  —kati  little
work. —worked a man of inferior mind, a simpleton. —worked mean understanding.

**cilia, cilla, cillé, see cilla.**

**cilia, cillé, s.** A leaf stitched or folded in the form of a spoon or funnel. 2. a kind of cucumber. —scattered, dispersed; cf. चिली. —किला to stitch a leaf into the form of a spoon.

**cillum, s.** The screech of an eagle.

**cilléli, s.** A sharp stick to dart a fish with.

**cilvāna, see cilvāna.**

**cill, cillē, intj.** Fie!

**cilkari, cilkiri, s.** The stalk of a coconut leaf. 2. thin splitters of bamboo used for stitching leaves etc. together; also किला, किलिक. —किला a kind of cake.

**cilćin, s.** The chirping of birds. —किला, —किला a spongy cake; cf. सिल्वान. सिल्वानार्म संस्कारण किला the cilćin cake has many (lit. 300) eyes or holes.

**cilćin (किल्सिन), v. n.** To chirp. 2. to be scorched, burnt.

**cilćuni, see cilćuni.**

**cilćuni (किल्सिन), v. n.** To burn. 2. to roast as a fruit.

**cimp, cimpi, cimpu, s.** A bolt, bar, latch. 2. a kind of sail.

**cilkađe, s.** A kind of fish.

**cilkara, adj.** Not pungent; sweetish.

**cilkari, see cilkari.**

**cilṭu, citti, s.** A note, short letter. 2. a bill, bond. 3. a ticket, label, stamp. 4. chintz, coloured cloth. —किल्सिन एक a shop-bill. —किल्सिन a postage stamp. —किल्सिन a transfer deed, a mortgage of title-deed. —किल्सिन a bill of exchange. —किल्सिन to paste a stamp. —किल्सिन to write a note.

**cina, s.** The empire of China; also किलसिन Chinese paper. —किलसिन a Chinese. —किलसिन a kind of medicine. —किलसिन a kind of pepper.

**cil, adj.** Chinese. —किलसिन a telescope. —किलसिन alum. —किलसिन a blue light. —किलसिन a kind of music, used especially among Muhammedans. —किलसिन white sugar.

**cilkođe, s.** A music band of Māḷās.

**cilpi, cipu, see cilpi.**

**cipu, s.** A wedge, wooden peg. 2. a comb or cluster of plantains. 3. see cilçin. 4. see cilkari.

**cilmari, s.** A loathsome woman

**cira, s.** Lead. 2. bark, rind. 3. a cloth made of bark.
23
cirravu, s. A bag, purse, pocket.
cirrikē, s. Carved or chiselled workmanship. -əd 1e an artist. -ənu əs to carve, chisel.
cirlio, s. Responding to a call in a game. [əji].
cilu, s. A split, splinter; bet.
cileru, s. Forced converts to Mohammedanism.
ēl ēu, see ēla.
ēlēnu ēunka, see əunka.
ēlēnarna ēungāni, s. A tobacco-pipe. 2. see ēngāni.
ēlēnunā ēungudi, s. A trifling sum, odds, small coins, change. 2. anything of little value. -e ə a petty trade. -e ə a trifling debt.
ēlēnē ēungē, s. A kind of rice. 2. awn.
ēlēnoro ēumēum, see əumēum.
ēlēnna ēunma, see əunma.
ēlēnu ēunnei, s. A kind of cloth. 2. scab, scurf. 3. shabbiness.
ēlēnora ēumbana, s. Kissing.
ēlēnora ēumma, see əumma.
ēlēnuorono ēunyicunyī, s. The hissing noise of a heated metal dipped into water.
ēlēnuorunā ēukucuku, s. Chirping of birds.
ēlēnuorunā, əlēnuorunā, ēukāni, ēukkāni, s. The rudder, helm of a ship.
ēlēnuoruno ēugude, s. A smart man; also əugude.
cun, see cenni.

cuti, cutu, s. Escaping from the grasp in wrestling. 2. aim; device. 3. perception. 4. cessation from work, leisure.

cüté, see ceng-ani.

cúda, s. The lock of hair left on the head at the time of tonsure. the ceremony of tonsure.

cúda, cúdaga, s. A kind of gold bracelet.

cüdámani, s. A jewel worn in a crest or diadem.

cudi, s. The coil of a rope.

1. a bundle, as of fagots, betel leaves etc.; also cun.

cu-du, s. Heat, warmth. 2. zeal. adj. Hot, warm.

cu-de, see cuti.

cuni, s. The front, van. 2. strength. adj. Former. adv. Before.

cunga, see cence.

curi, s. A knife, small sword.

curu, s. A piece, bit, small fragment. to pulverise, cut into small pieces or bits. to break to pieces.

curna, s. Powder, dust, any pulvèriised substance, medicinal powder. 2. see cun.

culi, see cun.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>231</th>
<th>20*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>cædi</strong></th>
<th><strong>céile</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>cædi</strong>, <em>s.</em> One of the fifty-six countries of the Hindu writers.</td>
<td><strong>cædi</strong>, <em>s.</em> <strong>cédi,</strong> <em>s.</em> A splinter, chip, slice, paring. 2. disappointment, failure. <em>adj.</em> see <strong>cænu.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cæpe</strong></td>
<td><em>&amp;?</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cépangelu,</strong> <em>adj.</em> Curved, inclined; <em>cf.</em> <strong>cæn®n®lu.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cépu</strong></td>
<td>see <strong>cæve.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cælakađe</strong></td>
<td><em>s.</em> The Indian turnsole, <em>Tiaridium Indicum.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cæle</strong></td>
<td>see <strong>cæve.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cælon</strong></td>
<td><strong>cælor</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>see <strong>cænu:</strong></em></td>
<td><em>a kind of sport.</em>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>céshète</strong></td>
<td><em>s.</em> A grimace, trick, gesture. 2. jest, mockery, joke. <em>cæ</em>—ridiculous grimaces. <em>cæ</em> one who makes grimaces, a jester, mocker, wag; a humorist. <em>cæ</em> to make gestures, to mock; to joke.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>céshête</strong></td>
<td>see <strong>cænev.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cætvayi</strong></td>
<td><em>s.</em> Dyed cotton.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cæve</strong></td>
<td>see <strong>cæv®n®.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cæv</strong></td>
<td>see <strong>cæv®n®.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cækaré</strong></td>
<td>see <strong>cæv®n®.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**cæt®, cæt®, cæt®, see <strong>cæv®n®.</strong></td>
<td>**cæt®, cæt®, cæt®, see <strong>cæv®n®.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cædi</strong></td>
<td>see <strong>cæv®n®.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cænu</strong></td>
<td><em>s.</em> An awl, chisel. <em>adj.</em> Even, smooth. <em>cæ</em> to chisel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cætana</strong></td>
<td>see <strong>cæv®n®.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cædana, cædané</strong></td>
<td>see <strong>cæv®n®.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>cæle</strong></td>
<td><em>s.</em> A pair of large cymbals.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. Copper powder.
2. Verdigris.
3. See combattalu, brazen pot and plate.
4. Pure, genuine.
5. Neat, well ripened.
7. Sapless, unfruitful or old tree.
8. The headman of Pariahs.
9. The headman's cap, hat.
10. A cap, hat, as cowdung etc.
1. A curiosity. 2. surprise.
adj. Curious, wonderful.
— to wonder, to be surprised;
bet. Curious.

s. A kind of pitching or calking a boat.
— to calk a boat with a mixture of tallow (lip) and chalk.

s. A kind of pitching or calking a boat.
— to calk a boat with a mixture of tallow (lip) and chalk.

s. A square. 2. the linga box. adj. Square. — a square stool. — a square piece of cloth. — quadrate.

s. A door-frame.

adj. Quadrangular. s. A quadrangle.

s. An earring set with four pearls. — a female's garment with small square patterns.

s. An earring set with four pearls. — a female's garment with small square patterns.

s. A railed veranda, pial. 2. a watch-house. — a guardsman.

s. A kind of earring; cf. 

s. A kind of earring; cf.

s. A kind of earring; cf. 

s. A square shield.

s. A one-stringed guitar formed by a small barrel, open at one end and covered with a skin at the other. 2. a peculiar kind of neck-ornament. 3. a kind
of ear-ring. —a man playing upon such a guitar.

To sing a lullaby.

coutati, see couta.

coupa, s. A quadruped.

2. a kind of verse.

coura, s. Shaving; bet.

chatala, s. The noise of a slap or lash. —to beat or strike heavily.

chata, s. The twentieth letter of the alphabet.

chanda, see chanta.

chatachata, see chanta.

chatala, s. The noise of a slap or lash. —to beat or strike heavily.

chapava, see secretion.

chappaka, s. Backwards, on the back. —to fall backwards.

chappanna, num. Fifty-six. —fifty-six countries enumerated by Hindu writers.

chappyisuni (crauk), v. a. To conceal, secrete.

2. to deceive, defraud.
pose. —चल, —चलन to be obstinate; to persevere.
कलका chalakü, see चला.
कलका chalchalā, s. Glitter; brandish.
चला chali, see चला.
चाला chādi, see चाला.
चला chāti, s. The breast, bosom.
2. courage, bravery. —चाला a brave man; a bold trader or practitioner.
चाड़ा chādara, s. A silk garment, a shawl.
चानसु, चानसी chānasu, chānasi, s. Being peculiar or singular in what one does; nicety, fastidiousness. 2. accuracy, precision.
चपिसुं chapisuni (चपिसुं), v. a.
To stamp, seal. 2. to print.
चापु chāpu, see चापु.
च्छापु, छापु chāpu, chāpē, s. A printing press. 2. a shop.
चायि, चाये chāyi, chāye, s. Shadow, shade. 2. colour, tint, dye. धाल—black colour.
हिंडी chindi, see हिंडी.
चिन्ना chinna, adj. Cut, divided.
चेड़ी chēdi broken, fractured, as a limb.
चिद्रा chidra, s. A hole, vacuity, perforation. 2. flaw, defect. 3. disaster, trouble. 4. sorcery, witchcraft. —चिद्रा a sorcerer, wizard; a defective man. —चतुष्को to assume an air; to bewitch, enchant. दराने—domestic quarrel or dispute.
चिती, चिती chī, chīchī, intj. Fie! —चिती fie, fie, it is bad. —चिती fie, you rogue!
चुध्रा chudra, adj. Small, little.
2. low, mean. s. Smallness; baseness. 2. sorcery, witchcraft; bet. चुड़ा.
चुध्रे chudre, s. A base man. 2. a sorcerer.
चेड़ा chēda, s. Loss, ruin.
चेड़ा, चेडनेचेडा, चेदने chēda, chēdanē, s. Cutting, dividing. —चेडने to cut, divide; to circumcise. दो—a part, fragment; circumcision.
चेडिपुर चेडिपुर chēdipuni (चेडिपुर), v. a. To cut, divide. 2. to circumcise.
Ja, The twenty-first letter of the alphabet.

Jam, s. Rust. — to become rusty.

Jāṅkū, see Ṣāṅkō.

Jāṅkānē, Jāṅkānē, Jāṅkānē, Jāṅkānē, see संकानेः.

Jāṅga, s. Being across, transverseness. 2. a ceiling of boards etc. over a fireplace.

Jāṅgama, adj. Locomotive, moveable. 2. of or belonging to a Lingait priest. — the residence of a Lingait priest. — a debt, which is urgently demanded. — a moveable thing.

Jāṅgamē, s. A Lingait.

Jāṅgamemara, see जंगमेरा.

Jāṅga-lū, Jāṅga-rū, Jāṅga-lū, s. A wooden platform placed on boats. — the rafts of a ferry boat to carry large or heavy things. — a green colour, the subacetate of lead.

Jāṅgāyi, see जंगायी.

Jāṅgi, s. Force, compulsion, oppression, — to force; to plunder, pillage; to rebel.

Jāṅge, Jāṅge, Jāṅge, s. The calf of the leg. 2. an old man. — the calf of the leg to be disjointed.

Jāṅgli, s. A forest, jungle, waste land. adj. Wild. — the forest department.

Jāṅnāyi, see संनायी.

Jāṅjara, Jāṅjari, s. A bail for a prisoner.

Jāṅjara, adj. Serial, ordi- nal. — serial numbers.

Jāṅjāta, s. Trouble, annoyance, grief.

Jāṅjāra, see संजारा.

Jāṅjāli, s. A wall-piece or long swivel gun. 2. flattering, fawning.

Jāṅjāle, s. A talkative man; a boaster.

Jāṃjum, s. A sound, utterance. — he does not say a word.

Jāṇḍu, see जंड.

Jāṇḍè, s. Delay. 2. a tassel on the tail of a tiger in a masquerade. 3. an ensign, standard, flag. — to hinder, stop.

Jāṇṇu-jānnu, see संजनी.

Jānta, s. Ivory, the tusk of an elephant. 2. see जंत.

Jāntaga, s. A halter-bandage.

Jāntaryu, s. A kind of ointment.

Jānti, s. A rafter, a piece of timber crossing a rafter.
Jantu, s. A creature, animal.
2. a worm.
Jantê, see aggable.
Jantra, see arrogance.
Jantri, s. A calender. 2. a table of interest.
Jantej, see arrow.
Jantra, see calendar.
Jantri, s. A calendar.
2. a table of interest.
[Indra.
Jannó, see arrow.
Jannil, see arrow.
Janne, s. A burnt offering.
Janpamara, jampemara, see basket.
Janpetala, s. A mode of beating time in music
Jamba, see as.
Jambaru, jambara, jambâra, s. An affair, business. —hâ to finish a business. [Indra.
Jambukhânyû, see basket.
Jambudvîpa, s. India.
Jambúnirolû, jambuníroli, s. The rose-apple, Syzigium jambolanum. 2. Jambosa malaccensis.
Jambumû, s. An offensive smell.
Jambuli, s. A kind of basket made of date leaves.
Jambha, s. Pomp, ostentation, display. 2. foppery; also arrogance. [Indra.
Jambhû, s. A name of Jambha.
Jamma, see as.
Jammagâra, s. Headmanship among Pariahs. 2. idle talk.
Jammanet, s. A demon priest. 2. a headman of Pariahs.
Jakam, see as.
Jakani, see as.
Jakku, jakka, jakkadi, adj. Worthy. 2. youthful. 3. see as. —hâ a youthful man. —kâ the ruddy goose. —kâ to undersell.
Jakkini, s. A married woman who dies in her husband’s lifetime, and causes demoniac possession.
Jakku, see as.
Jakkuli, see as.
Jakké, s. Vanity, foppishness. —kâ a fop. —kâ a coquette. —kâ strut, affectation of dignity in walking. —kâ to boast.
Jakkelyû, s. The lap; cf. Jakeli. —kâ to tarry, linger.
Jakri, s. Plenty.
Jakhamû, s. A wound. —kâ to be wounded, bruised.
Jaga, see as.
Jaga, jagatya, jagattu, jagatya, s. The world, universe.
Jagannatha, s. A celebrated place of pilgrimage.
Jagannathë, s. The lord of the universe. 2. a name of Vishnu.
jaga, jaga, see जगास.
jagali, s. An open veranda.
jagala, jagalāta, s. Quarrel, fight, dispute. जो ए a vixen, shrew.
jaguḍe, s. An old man.
jaguḷu, जगुलु, see अज.
jage, s. A sigh, groan, ejaculation; cf. अज. to be unable to breathe, to breathe hard. अज जो to groan, sigh.
jaggi, s. A kind of small fish. 2. delay, postponement.
-j जो to delay. जो ए a sluggard, lazy fellow; also अज.
jagāvuni, see अज अज.
jaggē, s. Stooping, bending. 2. see अज. 3. see under अज.
jaļjuni (अज), v. a. To bruise, squash, crush, pound.
jaṭupatū, adv. Smartly, promptly, speedily.
jata, see अज.
jaṭāṭā, जाटाटा, jaṭāpati, s. Strife. 2. hurry, confusion.
jaṭamāṃsi, s. The Indian spikenard, Nardostachys jatamansi.
jaṭile, s. A hermit, ascetic, devotee.
jaṭē, see अज.
jaṭka, adj. Soon; cf. अज.
jaṭti, s. Awaist-band, belt. 2. a wrestler, boxer. अज a boxer's combat. अज a brave
man; the tutelar god of wrestlers. अज ए a pair of earrings.
jaṭhara, s. The belly, stomach. 2. womb. adj. Firm, hard. अज अज digestive power, digestion.
jaḍu, s. Origin, root. अज अज the ultimate source.
jaḍa, s. Fatigue, weariness. 2. dullness. adj. Sick. 2. dull, stupid. 3. inanimate.
4. cold. अज अज cold weather. अज अज sluggish disposition. अज अज full of dullness. अज अज a very stupid man. अज अज to stretch oneself.
jaḍayisuni, see अज अज.
jaḍi, see अज. 2. see अज.
jaḍita, jaḍta, s. Ramming, stuffing. अज अज.
jaḍiti, see अज अज.
jaḍipini, jaḍipuni, jaḍiyuni (अज, अज अज), v. a. To ram, stuff, 2. to load, as firearms. 2. to drive cattle. 3. to rain incessantly. अज अज अज to drive in, fix.
jaḍu, s. Apathy. 2. fright, shyness.
jaḍe, s. Matted or clotted hair. 2. plaited hair. 3. the hood of a serpent. अज अज a kind of cactus. अज अज small, circular, ornamented, gold plates attached in succession
on or along with a woman’s plaited hair. —संस्कृत orna-
mented tassels suspended at the end of a woman’s plaited hair. —संस्कृत to fasten braided or matted hair. —संस्कृत in clots, braids.

संस्कृत जादेपुनि, see जादेता.
संस्कृत जाद्का, adv. At once.
संस्कृत जाद्दु, s. Callosity, hardness, as of the skin of the hand, etc. from much use; also संस्कृत adj. see जाद्य.
संस्कृत जाद्दी, s. Land subject to be overflowed by salt water; bet.
संस्कृत जाद्दी, see जाद्दी.
संस्कृत जाद्दी, s. A kind of plantain tree.
संस्कृत जानाकारे, s. A progenitor, father.
संस्कृत जाना, s. Man, individually or collectively; people, population, community. —संस्कृत persons, both old and young, mankind. संस्कृत जाना is it the people or festival that attracts most?

संस्कृत जानकारे जनाजाना, s. A kind of plantain tree.
संस्कृत जानाके, s. A progenitor, father.
संस्कृत जाना, s. Every one. —संस्कृत be talked of by every one.
संस्कृत जानाजनिता, adj. Rumoured abroad, generally known.
संस्कृत जाना, s. Birth; cf. जाना.
—संस्कृत birth and death.
संस्कृत जानानी, s. A mother.
संस्कृत जानाराजाना, s. Popular, pleasing to people in general.
संस्कृत जानांगा, s. A nation, body of people; generation.
संस्कृत जानापवादा, s. Public censure. 2. disgrace, infamy.
संस्कृत जानिपुनि (संस्कृत), v. n. To arise; to be born.
संस्कृत जानिलु, see जानिलु.
संस्कृत जाणिवारा, s. The brahmi-
nical thread. —संस्कृत to put on the brahminical thread.
संस्कृत जान्मा, s. Birth, nativity, state of existence. —संस्कृत, —संस्कृत inherent sin. —संस्कृत a horoscope.
janmāntara, s. Another birth. 2. regeneration. 3. transmigration.
janmipuni (जन्मपुनि), v. a. To beget.
japa, s. Repeating prayers, incantations or the names of the gods, as an act of adoration. —religious devotions.
—a rosary. —to pray, to repeat prayers etc.

japāsana, see जपासनः.

japipuni, japisuni, (जपिपुणि, जपिसुः), v. a. To repeat prayers etc., as an act of adoration.
japūdāvni, c. v. (of जपु) To cause to let down, to lower.

japudduni, v. a. (जपुदुः) To let down, lower.
japti, s. Confiscation, sequestration. 2. attachment, law. — to attach, confiscate.

jappangely, s. Goods etc. remaining after selection.
jappu, s. Selection, choosing; cf. जप्युः.
jappuni (जप्युः), v. a. To open. 2. to descend, come down, alight. 3. to select, choose; cf. जप्युः जप्युः — to open the door. जप्युः — to descend, dismount.
jappelu, s. A descent, slope. 2. ebb.

jabarujasti, jabarudasti, jabarup-
dasti, s. Violence, force, urgency; also जबरुजस्ती. — to force; to dun, set on.
jabarumeyi, s. A stout body. adj. Stout.
jabābu, see जबाभु.
jabulu, adj. Slack.
jabti, see जब्ति.
jabbi, jabbu, s. An old woman, a hag.
jabbu, s. Delay. adj. Hollow, empty within, not solid. 2. old, infirm.
jabbe, s. An old man.
jamukāṇu, jamakāṇu, jamakāṇu, s. A carpet. 2. a blanket.
jamūnirōlu, see जमूनिरूळः.
jamānu, s. A kettle.
jamabandi, jamābandi, s. Settlement of the assessments. — to settle assessments.
jamalukotte, s. Croton seed.
jamārī, जमारी, jamākārī, jamākārī, s. The receipts and disbursements,
jamāyisuni (जमायिसुः), v. a. To collect.
jamipuni (जमीपुणि), v. a. To utter incantations, in order to gain the favour of an evil spirit or demon, or to charm it away.
Jama, s. The soil, ground, land. — a land-holder, zemindar.

Jamuku, s. Rashness, inconsiderateness. 2. pride, haughtiness; cf. कँट, कँटी. To brandish. 2. to smack. 3. to frighten, threaten.

Jame, s. A collection, gathering, assemblage. 2. assessment. 3. receipts. 4. cognizance. 5. lurking. 6. overhearing. — जमेव, see अनेकाकरणः. — जमेव to lurk, spy; to overhear; to estimate. — जमेव to collect, gather, assemble.

Jamedare, s. A native military officer.

Jamepuni (अंजीा), v. a. To assemble, collect. 2. to reckon, estimate; to meditate; also जमेवकरणः.

Jameri, s. The hair about the body. — जेव a hairy man.

Janniruli, see अनेकाकरणः.

Jammanye, see अनेकाकरणः.

Jammu, see अंजीा.

Jaya, s. Conquest, victory, success, triumph. — हिंदू hail! — जया the sound or shout of victory. — जया a war-drum. — जेव to conquer, succeed, gain.

Jayanti, s. The public rejoicing on the birthday of a god. — जया the festivity of Rāma’s advent.

Jayamini, see अंजीा.

Jayavante, जयावंति, s. A conqueror, victor.

Jayavijayeru, s. The door-keepers of Vishnu’s heaven.

Jayājaya, s. Victory and defeat.

Jayinādigē, see अंजीा.

Jayine, see अंजीा.

Jayipuni, जयिपुरी, जयिपुरण, jayisuni, see अंजीा.

Jayilu, see अंजीा.

Jara, s. Fever. — हिंदू a hectic fever. — जेव a fever from morbid heat in the body. — जेवया bilious fever. — जेवकुण्डा small-pox. — जेवया rheumatic fever. — जेवकुण्डा typhus fever. — जेव जेव-fever with ague. — जेव to be attacked with fever. — जेव जेव fever to abate or leave.

Jara, s. Old age, decrepitude. 2. hardness.

Jarakandē, s. Enlargement of the spleen, ague-cake.

Jaraka, see अंजीा.

Jajarājara, see अंजीा.

Jaraḍu, adj. Vain, unsubstantial.

Jaratū, जरातुरु, जरातुरी, see अंजीा.

Jaranē, see अंजीा.
jarabu, jarabu, see जराबु.

Jalabar, s. Tall and stout, well-proportioned.

Jarabara, s. Old age and death; death in old age.

Jarasandhe, s. A king of Magadha.

Jarai, s. A precipice, slope.

1. gold or silver thread or lace.
2. cuttings.
3. grit, granule.
4. sand.

Jarapuni (सा), v. a. To insult, jeer, despise. 2. to shake, make tremble; cf. जरी.

Jarivuni (सा), v. n. To fall or slip down. 2. to wear away. 3. to shiver, tremble.

Jaruru, s. Necessity, occasion, urgency. 2. want.


Jarupuni, see जरपु.

2. see जरपु.

Jare, see जरे.

Jarepuni, see जरपु.

Jarra, adv. Suddenly, quickly.

Jarka, see जरका.

Jartupuni, see जरपु.

Jarpuni, see जरपु.

2. see जरपु.

Jarb, s. Oppression, undue authority, overbearing conduct.

Jalujalu, adv. Brightly.

Jala, s. Water.

1. sporting in water.

2. a water-pump.

Jalak, s. Glitter, gleam.

Jalakuni, v. To cause to shine.

Jalakuni, c. v. (of जलकु) To shine.

Jalagare, s. A man searching for gold in sweepings, etc.

Jaladare, s. An aquatic animal.

Jalacara, jalacara, jalatara, jalatara, s. Gold or silver thread, or lace.

Jaladu, see जलदु.

Jaldare, see जलदार.

Jalapravaha, s. An inundation or stream of water.
Jala, s. The deluge; a flood.
Jalamatta, s. A level; a mason's level.
Jalamalakü, s. A complete set of ornaments.
Jalalibilali, Jalalibulali, s. A masquerade at the Moharam.
Jalalibulani, see Jaliyu-
Jaldi, adv. Quickly, speedily, soon.
Jalma, see Jald- 2 honour.
Jalma, see Jalma, s. 2 honour.
Jalmatta, see Jalamatta, s. A level; a mason's level.
Jalimyuni, Jaliyu-
Jalliyuni, Jalimyuni, Jalmi-
Jalliyuni, Jalimyuni, Jal-
To be born, come into existence.
Jalla, s. A boatman's pole.
Jalli, s. A chaplet of flowers.
2. anything dangling or hanging loosely. 3. boast, bragging. 4. broken stones. -Clothes loosely worn.
Jalla, s. A boatman's pole.
Jalla, s. A chaplet of flowers.
2. anything dangling or hanging loosely. 3. boast, bragging. 4. broken stones. 
Jalliyuni (Jall), v. n. To boast, brag.
Jalla, s. A boatman's pole.
Jalla, s. A boatman's pole.
Jalla, s. Prattling, chattering.
Javanye, s. A youth, young man.
Javantana, Javantana, Javandige, Javandige, s. Manhood, manliness, courage, hardiness.
Javandi, Javandi, Javandi, s. A young woman.
Javana, see Javan.
Javali, see Javale.
Javale, see Javali.
Javadi, s. Civet. a civet cat.
Javanu, Javane, s. 2. a servant, porter.
Javabu, Javabu, s. An answer, reply. a responsible man.
Java- budarige, Javabudarige, s. Responsibility, accountability, liability. a responsible man.
Java- budarige, Javabudarige, s. Responsibility, accountability, liability. a responsible man.
Java- godhi, s. Barley.
Javvane, s. Youth, virility, maturity; bet. 2 to fade, get old.
Javvane, s. Youth, virility, maturity; bet. 2 to fade, get old.
Jalaka, see Jalak.
Jalabala, s. A noise made by agitating water; bubbling, as of boiling water.
janga

jangati, see जंगति।
jangali, see जंगली।
jántana, see जंतना under जंग।
jämparù, see जंपरु।
jamba (abbr. of जंग मं)।

What will you do? what are you doing?

jambavante, s. The king of bears. 2. a fat old man; fem. जंबवावते a fat old woman.
jambave, s. A bear. 2. a strong, bold man. 3. a hairy man.
jambilgè, जंमिल्गे, jammugè, s. A flower twig of the wild jack. 2. a piece of coir rope used for igniting a gun, etc.
jambe (abbr. of जंगम)।

What is he doing?
jambelyù, adj. Large. —जंबेलु a large breast.
jākina, s. Regard of person. 2. partiality. 3. respect, consideration. 4. kindness, compassion; bel. जाकिने।
jāktê, see जाकिने।
jakti, see जाकिने।
jāgyu, s. A place, dwelling, station. 2. space, room. 3. land, ground.
jāgantê, s. A circular gong.
jāgara, jāgaranè, s. Waking, watchfulness.

-जंग the eleventh day of the first half of the lunar month Kartika, which is observed by the Hindus as a day of fasting and wakefulness. —जंगे to be awake. —जंगू to keep awake.
jāginapatê, s. A kind of garment worn by females.
jāgirù, s. A rent-free land, a freehold; cf. जागीर।
jāge, see जागे।
jāgratê, s. Caution, carefulness, vigilence. 2. diligence, assiduity. —जाग्रत to be careful, cautious.
jāju, jāji, s. A ship.
jāji, s. The great flowered jasmine, Jasminum grandi-florum. —सिं rea chalk. —जाजिं red jasmine flower.
jājikāyi, s. The nutmeg. —जाजिके the nutmeg-tree Myristica moschata.
jājipatrê, s. Mace.
jādu, s. A broom, bisom.
jādù, see जादु।
jādumalli, s. A scavenger. 2. a scavenger. 3. a servant in charge of a travellers' bungalow.
jādanè, s. Purging, looseness of bowels. 2. sweeping-
3. see जादने।
jādadaye, see जादादे।
jādapuri, s. A spider.
jadipuni, v. a. To shake off. 2. to sweep, clear.

jadimale, see jadipuni.

jade, jadye, s. A weaver. 2. a spider.

jadipuni, s. Carelessness, negligence. 2. sickness, disease. 3. heaviness. 4. folly, stupidity.

jana, s. Skill, wisdom; cf. janaki.

jani, jâne, s. A wise man.

jâtu, see jana. 2. see jânu.

jâta, adj. Born, produced. — jânu the ceremonies performed on the birth of a child.

jâtaka, s. A horoscope. — jânu a horoscope cast up without sufficient data. — jânu a horoscope prognosticating one's death.

jâti, s. Kind, sort, class, tribe, caste. 2. birth. 3. social position, status. adj. Pure, unadulterated; superior, high-bred. — jânu the rules regulating a caste. — jânu ceremonies peculiar to a caste. — jânu a horse of a superior breed. — jânu, — jânu the mutual jealousy of castes. — jânu, — jânu, — jânu, — jânu the usage and custom of a caste. — jânu, — jânu an outcaste. — jânu teakwood. — jânu a man of low caste. — jânu to lose caste. — jânu to excommunicate. — jânu to admit into a caste. — jânu order of castes; according to castes.

jâti, jâti, jâti, jâti, jâti, jâti, jâti, jâti, marâ, see jâti.

jâtipatri, see jâtipati.

jâtiphala, see jâtipatra.

jâträ, s. The annual festival of a temple; cf. jâtrâ. — jâtra the people attending a festival, pilgrims.

jâdu, jâdu, jâdu, s. Sorcery, conjuration. — jânu to conjure.

jâdi, see jâdi.

jâna, see jânu. 2. see jânu.

jâna, s. Sita, daughter of Janaka.

jâni, see jânu.

jânipuni, jânuni, see jâti.

jâné, see jâni.

jâpâvuni, c. v. (of jâpâ)

To put down, as a load; to unload, lighten.

jâpâka, see jâpâka.

jâpini, jâpuni, jâpuni, c. v. To be unloaded, lightened.
Japu, s. A kind, sort, form. different sorts.

Japelu, s. Putting down, as a load. unloading.

A stone pillar for placing a load temporarily. a halting place.

Japya, s. Delay, loitering. adj. Slow, backward, lingering, loitering.

Jamuge, s. Delay, loitering.

Jama, s. A watch or a period of three hours.

A cock crowing at three in the morning; cf.

Jamadani, s. A knapsack; cf.

Jamini, s. Bail, security. a surety, security.

Jamugé, see Jamugè.

Jame, s. A cunning or artful man.

Jayikai, s. The nutmeg.

Jayinai, s. A greyhound.

Jayipatri, s. Mace.

Jayye, see Jayye.

Jara, Jaratva, s. Adultery, incontinence.

Jarga, see Jarga.

Jaranjely, s. Slipperiness, glibness, smoothness.

Jarrandaye, s. The name of a demon.

Jarakjata, adj. Illegitimate.

Jaravuni, c. v. (of Jaragû) To let slip. to strip off, as clothes, etc.; to bark, peel, flay. to lop off, as the branches of a tree. to steal. to remove the thatching of a roof. to turn the cheek-bone by a slap. to leave the door ajar. to throw earth, as into a pit, etc. or fill it with earth.

Jari, s. Enforcement, execution. to put into operation; to enforce, execute.

Jarigè, s. The Mysore gamboge tree, Garcinia pictoria. its fruit. an ugly face.

Jaranaye, s. An unsteady man, a backslider.

Jaruni (Jar), v. n. To slide, slip down; to move further. to be slippery or smooth. to tumble, fall down. to be dislocated, as a limb. to shrink, hesitate; to backslide. to flee, run away. to stretch, as the lobe of the ear etc.

Jarupadi, see Jarupadi.

Jare, s. An adulterer, whoremonger.

Jarele, s. A runaway.
an unsteady man. 3. a back-slider. 4. a coward.

*Jarge*, *jargè*, see *jarge*.

*Jardè*, *jartè*, *jardè*, see *jardè*. The sign Scorpio, the eighth Tulu month.

*Järpađi*, s. Running away, decampment, retreat. 1. to run away, decamp; to sink, escape.

*Jālū*, s. A thrashing floor. 2. a courtyard.

*Jāla*, s. A net. 2. the lattice of a window. 3. magic, conjuration, illusion. 4. pride. 

*Jala*—producing, by magic art, supernatural appearances. *Jali-*—bringing into existence, by sorcery, anything required.

*Jālarū*, s. A fringe, network. 2. the borders of a garment, etc.

*Jālā*, see *jala*.

*Jalāndra*, s. Any wood work with bored holes. 2. an ornament worked into small perforations or holes.

*Jāli*, see *jali*.

*Jālikāṭṭa*, s. Black stripes on the throat of a cobra.

*Jalipuni*, see *jalipuni*.

*Jalimara*, s. The tree *Ocymum gratissimum*.

*Jālē*, s. Heat. 2. burning sensation. 3. pity, compassion, sorrow; cf. *jalē*.

*Jāva*, see *zava*.

*Jāvakallī*, s. A block of stone by the road-side to rest a load upon, a porter's rest.

*Jāvakudūrē*, s. A grasshopper.

*Jāvādi*, s. A kind of verse. 2. see *javeda*.

*Jāvalanāyi*, s. A wolf-dog.

*Jāvāvuni*, see *javeda*.

*Jāvīgē*, *javūgē*, see *javeda*.

*Jāvūni* (z), see *javeda*.

*Jāvelyu*, see *javeda*.

*Jāsti*, s. Increase, addition. 2. injustice, violence. 1. to take by force. 2. to speak in a violent tone, to abuse. 3. to force, compel; to increase, promote; to raise, as rent etc.

*Jāhirū*, s. Representation, showing, informing. adj. Obvious, plain, clear. 2. to become known; to be clear —*jāhirū* to explain, inform.

*Jālu*, see *jali*.

*Jākshana*, see *jakeda*.

*Jīnkē*, s. An antelope.

*Jingiri*, see *jingiri*.

*Jinjā*, see *jinjā*.

*Jinjūvuni*, see *joveda*.

*Jīnjīgē*, see *joveda*.

*Jinjūni*, see *joveda*. 
jinda, s. Treasure, treasury, wealth.
jindagāni, jindigāni, s. Property, estate. moveable property.
jindigē, s. Property, estate. immovable property.

jinden, jinna, jinne, jinnēsvare, s. The name of a personage peculiar to the Jaina sect, who is ranked by them as superior to the gods of other sects. 2. a teacher. 3. a saint.
jimbuni, see jinna.
jimbui, jimbuli, jimbli, see jinde.
jimma, adv. Suddenly.

jihe, see jinku.
jikiru, s. Care, anxiety. 2. interference.
jiga, see jinku.

jigajiga, jigijigi, s. The jingling noise of dancing.
jigāryu, see jinnasa.
jijūasa, s. Asking, inquiring. 2. search, investigation.
jittu, see jinnasa.
jittu, see jinusu.
jittu, s. A lump, unshapen mass.
jidē, see jindigē.

jiddu, jiddā, jidda, s. Rancidity, mustiness. adj. Rancid, musty. 2. see jiddi. rancid oil.
jiddi, adj. Back, postern. 3. A small, raised platform. a back door; a small gate.

jiddē, s. A kind of mortar. 2. see jiddi. a wooden mortar for pounding rice.

jita, adj. Conquered, subdued, overcome. learning a lesson by heart. a disposition under discipline; a firm mind.

jitendriye, s. One who has subdued his passions. 2. an ascetic. 3. a sage.

Jittekalli, see under.

jiddu, s. Enmity, hatred.
jiddājiddu, s. Mutual hatred.

jibulu, s. A thing, article, goods, provisions.
jinusa, jinashu, s. A kind of boys' game, similar to hopscotch.
jibalu, jibulu, s. Boiled, tender areca nuts.

Jibalu, Jibalu, jibulu, s. Boiled, tender areca nuts.

Jibba, see jibalu.

Jirāśāle, see jirē.

jirē, adj. Little, small. light red.
**jilumbi**, see jilimb.  
**jilijili**, s. Splashing.  
**jilibi, jilöbi, jilbi**, s. A kind of sweetmeat; also jilöli, jilöly.  
**jilupu, jilupu**, s. Locks of hair left above the ear as an ornament.  
**jilme**, see jilum.  
**jilla, jillă, jillă, s. A district, collectorate.  
**jillatigobbu, jillatigobbu**, s. A kind of game; cf. jilb.  
**jillya, jillya**, s. A curl. —**jilli** to dress the hair in curls; cf. jilly.  
**jilhë, jilhë, s. The tongue.**  
**ji, ji, adj. Small, little, short. —**jii** a short legged fowl. —**jii** a dwarf. —**jii** a lapdog; a small kind of dog.  
**jiky, jiky**, s. Creaking, as sandals, shoes, etc. when walking in them. —**jik** creaking sandals.  
**jitigë, jítigë**, s. A torch, flambeau. —**jiti** a torch-bearer.  
**jitu, jitu**, s. Advantage, gain.  
**jitu, jitu, jini, jini, s. A saddle. —**jini** to saddle.  
**jinysu, jinysu**, see jinys.  
**jinu, jina, adj.** Niggardly, parsi- 
monious, stingy. —**jin** parsimony, stinginess.  
**jine, ji, s. A miser, niggard.  
**jipuni, jipuni**, see jipuni.  

**jiru, jiru, see jiru.**  
**jiradari, jiradari**, s. The seed *Cuminum Cyeninum*.  
**jirasale, jirasale, s. A superior kind of rice, a fine table rice.  
**jirigë, jirigë**, see jirigë.  
**jiru, ji, jiru, s. A hero, brave man.  
**jirevalu, jirevalu**, s. A wasted palm-leaf. 2. a worn out ear-ornament,  
**jirgë, jirgë**, see jirgë.  
**jirna, jirna, s. Digestion. adj.** Digested. 2. tattered, old, worn out; cf. jirna. —**jirna** the power of digestion. —**jirna** to be digested; to be worn out, reduced. —**jirna** to digest.  
**jirnadhara, jirnadhara, s. Repara- 
tion, renovation.**  
**jirdari, jirdari**, see jirdari.  
**jirna, jirna, see jirna.**  
**jirsa, jirsa**, see jirsa.  
**jiva, jiva, s. Life, existence. 2. vitality, strength. 3. a living creature. —**jiva**, —**jivö** languor, prostration. —**jiva** dear, fond. —**jivö** full of life; fresh. —**jivö**
lifeless.  - to fainting.  - at the risk of life.  - to be quickened, animated.  - to take away life, to kill.  - to commit suicide; to bother oneself.  - to be quickened, animated; to spring, sprout.  - to swoon, faint; to be alarmed.  - to die, expire.  - to die; to endeavour, aspire after.  - to revive, renovate.  - to be envious.  - vital powers.  - to help at the risk of one's life.

jivante, s. A living man.

jivakāle, jivakalē, jivākālē, s. Animation, vitality.  - to animate, i.e. to animate a man, as a sentient being.

jivakante, s. A husband.

jivakāla, s. The lifetime, existence.

jivaghāta, jivaghātaga, s. Danger to life. 2. murder. 3. treachery. a murderer; a betrayer, treacherous man.

jivajantu, s. A living creature, animal.

jivadāna, s. Gift of life.

jivadāsē, s. Care for life.

jivana, s. Subsistence, livelihood. 2. life, existence. 3. means of sustenance.  - to deprive one's means of livelihood.  - to live; to earn one's livelihood; to follow a trade.

jivānāthe, s. A husband. 2. Yama.

jivamāna, s. Duration of life, lifetime.

jivarāsi, s. The animal kingdom, living creatures.

jivasaṅkāda, s. Fatigue, weariness. 2. languor, exhaustion.  - to be fatigued, exhausted.

jivavāna, s. A vital part.

jivātma, s. The sentient soul, spirit. 2. life; cf. ātma man, as a sentient being.

jivādi, s. Living creatures, animal kingdom.

jivākṣara, s. A vowel.

jivi, s. A living creature. 2. a worm, an insect.

jivita, adj. Living, alive, existent.

jivisuni (सविसुनि), v. n. To live, exist, subsist.

jivu, see जिवः.

jumjum, see जुम्जुम.

jumbuni (जुम्बू), v. n. To suck, sip, lick.

jumbuli, jumbu-li, see जुम्बूली.
jumma, s. A sudden stunning or smarting sensation.

jummë, s. Custody, charge.

juñyi, s. A boiling or bubbling noise.

jukäsuni (जुकसणी), v. n. To nod, be drowsy, sleepy.

jukuti, see जुकु.

jukku, s. A measure of seven sticks in a game.

juga, s. A pair. 2. twins. 3. see जुग.

jugaryu, jugari, s. Gaming, gambling. —केरी a gamester, gambler. —केरा to gamble.

juṭtu, s. A tuft of hair of the head, cue. —धुतु, —धसि अर्द्धे to tie the hair into a knot.

juddë, see जुड़.

jubba, s. A short jacket.

jubbu, s. A spheroid, globule.

jumjum, s. Numbness, sleeping of the limb. 2. a throbbing pain. 3. horripilation. —केरी a limb to be benumbed; to be horrified; to feel pain, as when a boil suppurates.

jumādi, s. A demon so called.

jumula, see जुम्ला.

jumma, see जुम्मा.

jummë, see जुम्मे.

jumla, s. Total, whole.

jurūgumi (जुरूगुमी), v. n. To hesitate, be reluctant.

jurumānë, see जुरुमण.

julābu, s. Purging, looseness of bowels. 2. a purgative. —केरा to purge. —केरा to administer a purgative. —तूँ to take a purgative. —केरा to suffer from looseness of bowels.

jumā — vomiting and diarrhoea, cholera.

julipë, julupu, see जुलीपु.

julumy, julmu, s. Oppression, tyranny, injustice; also जुलमण, जुलमण्. —जुलमण tyrannical procedure, violent measures.

julamānë, julmānë, jumānë, julumānë, julumānë, jumānë, s. A fine, penalty. —केरा to fine.

juvādi, see जूवा.

juvāli, s. A kind of reed.

julyulu, s. The noise of falling water.

jújí, júju, s. Gaming, a wager, as with cocoanuts. —केरा to gamble. —केरा a gambler. —केरा a fighting cock.

jútë, jūtu, s. A lie, falsehood.

jūdipugere, s. A kind
of tobacco imported from the Ghauts.

juti, s. Shoes.

julu, s. The cover of a saddle, horse-cloth.

juli, s. A funnel, pipe, spout. — a distilling pot with a pipe. — a pot with a spout.

jembilu, jembuli, see jebu. [less.

jembè, adj. Insipid, tasteless.

jekuni, see jekkeli.

jekkelu, see jekku.

jegè, see jë.

jeggy, see jegge.

jegge, see jegge.

jetti, see jetti.

jedi, s. A speck in the eye; bet. je.

jehipuni, see jeh.

jedè, see jedè.

jeppuni, jeppuni (jeppi), see jepu. v. n. To lie down. 2. to sleep, rest; also jë.

jeppè, s. The last cowrie put in an empty hole of a playing board at the end of one's turn.

jemè, see jemè.

jemu, see jemu.

jeru, see jë.

jeshta, see jeshta.

jeshtamadhu, see jeshtamadhu.

jeshte, see jeshte.

jeitta, jeitye, see jeita.

jeinadige, Abstinence from meat and liquor.

jeine, s. A Jain.

jeipana, adj. Invulnerable.

jeipuni, jeisuni (jeipu), v. a. To conquer, win, be successful.

jeimini, s. A sage so called.

jeilu, s. A jail, prison.
jonz, jonke, jonkely, s. A bunch, cluster.
jonpadi, jonpudi, s. A shed, hut.
jompadi, jompudi, s. A shed, hut.

jonn, jonn, jonn, s. A shed, house; hut.
jompadi, see jonpadi.

jompudi, s. A shed, hut.

joggu, see jonn.

joggura, adj. Overripe.

joggura, adj. Overripe.

jolle, s. Spittle; s. Spittle.

jompudi, see jonpudi.

joku, s. Ostentation, display; vanity, foppery.

jokumu, s. Danger, risk. adj. Dangerous.

jokulu, s. Children; cf. jottu. childishness.

joke, s. Care, heed, caution; safety. — to take care.

joga, s. Abstraction of mind; see jogu. — to be in ecstasy. — to be seized with demoniac frenzy.

jogamma, s. A female devotee.

jogatte, s. Sitting cross-legged. — to sit on cross-legs.

jogi, s. A religious mendicant. 2. the name of a caste. 3. the name of a man; also jogi.

jogiparndu, s. A kind of fruit.

jogipurse, s. The name of a demon. [flower.

jogipu, s. A kind of Thesapulimara, s. The portia tree, Thesapulimara; also jokumu.

jogu, s. A water-fall, cataract. [vessel.

joguni, s. A drinking vessel, jogula, joguli, s. A lullaby.

jolapaduni (—), v. a. To sing a lullaby; to lull.

jolapuni, jolapuni, jolapuni, jolapuni, v. n. To lull to sleep.

jollu, intj. expressive of blessing, Be happy, etc. It terminates every song of certain lullabies.

joli, s. A plait.

jodane, s. Joining, uniting, union, collecting. — to join; to get ready, prepare. [v. o.

jodapini, see under jodavuni.

jodapini, see under jodavuni, c. v. (of jodapini) To make join, unite.

jodi, see jogu.

jodig, see jodane.

jodipuni (—), v. a. To join, pair, unite.

jodipuni (—), v. n. To be joined, united.

jodu, s. A pair, yoke, match, couple. 2. a pair of sandals. adj. Equal, like.

— two and two. — two and two.
to join, couple, pair. - to join, pair, unite.
2. to assist, countenance, patronise. a pair of gloves.
a pair of slippers. a pair of stockings.

Jodne, see Jodne.

Jotaduni (Jotaduni), v. n. To wave, move, oscillate.
Joti, see Joti.
Jotikolu, s. A long walking stick.
Jotisha, Jotisha, Jotisa, see Jotishye.

Jotishye, see Jotiski.

Jotra, see Jotra.

Jonacci, s. A wicked person; a lewd fellow.

Jopadi, see Jopadi.

Jopane, Jopasana, Jopana, s. Care, circumspection. adj. Cautious, careful. to take care of; to keep carefully.

Jomalesara, s. A kind of gold necklace.

Jöyi, see Jöyi.

Jöyise, s. An astrologer.

Jöra, see Jöra.

Jöru, Jörvai, Jörvari, s. Force, pressure, violence. 2. impotency. 3. power, strength. 4. severity, harshness; also to become impotent; to become powerful, to be affected with liquor, tobacco, etc.; to be harsh. to be hard. to force, compel.

Jola, see Jola.

Jolangi, see Jolangi.

Jolata, s. Oscillation, hanging.

Joli, Joli, Joligu, s. A small bag for receiving alms. 2. a piece of cloth suspended by a woman down her shoulders to carry about her baby in it.

Jolu, adj. Soft, moist. 2. pendent, flapping. to become powerful, to become harsh,
to become hard.

Jolata, Jolige, Joli, Jolige, s. A small bag for receiving alms. 2. a piece of cloth suspended by a woman down her shoulders to carry about her baby in it.

Jolura, Jorvari, Jorvai, s. Force, pressure, violence. 2. impotency. 3. power, strength. 4. severity, harshness; also to become impotent; to become powerful, to be affected with liquor, tobacco, etc.; to be harsh. to be hard. to force, compel.

Jolu, adj. Soft, moist. 2. pendent, flapping. to become powerful, to become harsh, to be hard.

Jolu, adj. Soft, moist. 2. pendent, flapping. to become powerful, to become harsh, to be hard.

Jolura, Jorvari, Jorvai, s. Force, pressure, violence. 2. impotency. 3. power, strength. 4. severity, harshness; also to become impotent; to become powerful, to be affected with liquor, tobacco, etc.; to be harsh. to be hard. to force, compel.

Jolu, adj. Soft, moist. 2. pendent, flapping. to become powerful, to become harsh, to be hard.

Jolura, Jorvari, Jorvai, s. Force, pressure, violence. 2. impotency. 3. power, strength. 4. severity, harshness; also to become impotent; to become powerful, to be affected with liquor, tobacco, etc.; to be harsh. to be hard. to force, compel.
jyeshthā, s. The third lunar month. adj. Best, excellent. 2. elder-born; cf. jyeshthe.
jyeshthāmadhu, s. Liquorice root.
jyeshthe, s. The eighteenth lunar mansion. 2. an elder sister. 3. the goddess of poverty (अजन्मक्ष), misfortune.
jyeshthā, s. The eldest son or brother.
jyōti, s. Light, lustre. 2. a star. —अस्त्र astrology.
jyōtisha, s. The science of astronomy; astrology.
jyōtīshye, s. An astronomer, astrologer.
jvara, see च.
jvalāmukhi, s. A volcano.
jvalē, s. Flame. 2. heat, warmth. 3. inflammation.

JH

jhā, The twenty-second letter of the alphabet.
jhāṅkāra, see अहंकार.
jhamjham, see ज्ञान.
jhampetāla, see अज.
jhakayisuni (आजक inequalities), v. n. To bluster, tyrannise.
jhagajhaga, s. Brilliance.—संशयो to shine brilliantly.
jhagala, see ज्ञ.
jhaggane, adv. Quickly, hastily.—संलोक to flash, as lightning.
jhatāpati, see जाट.
jhaditi, jhaḍti, s. Examination, as of accounts. 2. search, rummage.
The buz
ing or humming of bees.

The twenty-third letter of the alphabet.

Crushing, bruising into a jelly or mass. — to be crushed into a mass. — to crush into a mass.

Quickly, swiftly; coarsely.

Lean, thin, stunted, faded.

The twenty-fourth letter of the alphabet.

The twang of a bow-string.

A noise made in sounding a brass vessel, etc., with the knuckles. 2. the striking of a clock.
 prendre, prendre, tacketu, taktu, see taktu.

prendre, see prenne.

prendre tagaru, s. A ram.

prendre tappa, adv. Flatly. —v. to drop down flatly. —v. to fall flatly.

prendre tappalu, s. The post. 2. a relay of bearers, bullocks, etc.; also the post-office. —v. to be punished with transportation.

prendre taryu, see tare.

prendre tara, see tare.

prendre, prendre tautu, tautu, tautu, see tautu.

prendre tali, s. A lie, deceit.

prendre talipun (talis), v. a. To deceive, cheat; cf. talagou.

prendre tiku, s. The sound of a stringed, musical instrument, as a guitar, etc.; also tapite.

prendre tautu, tautu, s. Tinkling.

prendre tiku, s. The sound, as of a pendulum. —v. to tick.

prendre, prendre tikani, tikani, see tikani.

prendre tikki, s. Hitting one marble with another in a game of marbles. —v. to hit a marble.

prendre tikke, see tikke.

prendre titibha, s. A lapwing.

prendre tippane, s. A commentary; an explanatory note.

prendre tibbi, see tibbi.

prendre tilli, s. The spleen, milt; liver.

prendre, prendre tiku, tiku, s. Meaning, interpretation, glossary. —v. to translate, interpret, explain.


### TIKU

* Tiku, s. A small precious object; a small bell; cf. ठी. A gold necklace.

* Tiki, s. A stitch; also ठी. to stitch.

* Tivi, see तीव.

* Tikku, तुक्कु, tukku, tukku, adv. Rapidly, quickly. -ठी to dart, flit, fly.

### THANA

* Thana, s. The loins, hip. -ठी, -ठीम to hop, leap on one leg.

* Toppi, s. A cap, hat, or helmet. 2. fraud, cheating. 3. failure, defeat. -ठी to fail. -ठी a hat to put on. -ठी to cheat.

* Tollu, see ठोल्य.

* Toku, ठोकु, toku, s. Cash, ready money. 2. total, aggregate; also ठोकतो, ठोके. -ठी money in cash. -ठी ठोके total rupees.

---

### TH


2. Thaka, s. A mint.

3. Thakayisuni (ठकायिसूनी), v. a. To deceive, cheat. 2. to gain time by false representations.


5. Thakku, ठहक्कू, thakku, s. Dissimulation, deceit, pretence, hypocrisy, fraud. -ठी chicanery; hoaxing. -ठी to lie; to pretend. -ठी to cheat, deceive, defraud.

6. Thakke, s. A cheat, dissemlbler.

7. Thagaru, see ठगर.
tharu, adv. At one stroke; completely, fully.
thavu, s. A place, abode, lodging. also अन्यथा।
thikanu, thikani, s. Resort, residence, station. 2. means, room, opportunity.
thlku, thlku, s. Proper, fit. 2. exact, complete. 3. true. ... a sumptuous meal.
thlpu, thlvi, s. Ostentation, display. 2. condition, state. 3. gait, figure, mien.
thlku, thlku, s. The twang of a bow. 2. haughtiness, pride.
thenkara, thenkara, s. The twang of a bow. 2. haughtiness, pride.
danga, s. A large, double drum. 2. means, room, opportunity.
danka, dankani, s. A large, double drum. रत्ननेत्र a drummer.
dankara, s. The sound of a double drum.
danke, s. A large, double drum. रत्ननेत्र a drummer.
danguni, see दंगुणि
daṅge, see दंगें.
daṅgra, s. Proclamation by beating of a gong etc. रत्ननेत्र to proclaim in such a manner.
daṇḍanu, s. The sound of a large drum or gong.
damba, see दंभां.
dambara, s. Pomp, grandeur.
dambare, see दंभां.
dambha, s. Ostentation, display. रत्ननेत्र to boast, brag.
dambhācāra, đambhāṭa, s. Ostentation, empty show.
dakka, s. A large kind of double drum, shaped...
like an hour-glass. — a drummer. *adv.* see  

- **dana**  

- **dubdu**

- **dālayite**, s. A belted peon.

- **dāvalu**, **dāvali**, s. A peon’s belt. — to put on a belt.

- **dāvalu**, see 

- **dambike, ḍambhi**, s. A pedant, one given to affectation. 2. a hypocrite.

- **dāku**, s. Vaccination. — to vaccinate.

- **dāmdum**, see 

- **dālu**, s. A shield.

- **dāleini**, see 

- **dāli**, s. An army.

- **dińki**, s. A gymnastic feat.

- **diındidi**, s. The knolling of a bell.

- **diındima, didima**, s. A small drum.

- **dib, dib dib.** s. The noise of a violent blow.

- **dibbu**, s. A push with the leg.

- **dilu**, adj. Loose, not tight. 2. free, unrestrained; also  

- **duk**, see 

- **duggu**, s. Uneasiness.

- **dubayisuni** (dubayisuni), v. a. To drown 2. to cause loss. 3. to deceive, cheat.

- **dubdub**, s. The sound of a small drum.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dubba, see दुब्बा.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>दुब्बा, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The sound of a large drum. 2. see दुब्बू.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दुब्बा, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The noise of breaking wind downward.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दुब्बा, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू, दुब्बू</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dennana, see देंनान.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>देंनाना, देंनाना, देंनाना, देंनाना, देंनाना, देंनाना, देंनाना, देंनाना</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dhere, s. A tent. —सरेङ, —सरेङ to pitch a tent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>देरे, देरे, देरे, देरे, देरे, देरे, देरे, देरे</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deimanyu, s. Diamond in cards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दीमान्, दीमान्, दीमान्, दीमान्, दीमान्, दीमान्, दीमान्, दीमान्</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dukyu, Dukyu, Dukyu, Dukyu, Dukyu, Dukyu, Dukyu, Dukyu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crookedness. adj. Crooked, curved. 2. perverse, cross. —सबले to limp, hobble.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोङ्कु, दोङ्कु, दोङ्कु, दोङ्कु, दोङ्कु, दोङ्कु, दोङ्कु, दोङ्कु</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daanka, see दांका.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दांका, दांका, दांका, दांका, दांका, दांका, दांका, दांका</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doukelu, Doukelu, Doukelu, Doukelu, Doukelu, Doukelu, Doukelu, Doukelu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crookedness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दूकेल्य, दूकेल्य, दूकेल्य, दूकेल्य, दूकेल्य, दूकेल्य, दूकेल्य, दूकेल्य</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donne, s. A cudgel, club.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोन्ने, दोन्ने, दोन्ने, दोन्ने, दोन्ने, दोन्ने, दोन्ने, दोन्ने</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donne, s. A cudgel, club.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोन्ने, दोन्ने, दोन्ने, दोन्ने, दोन्ने, दोन्ने, दोन्ने, दोन्ने</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dombe, Dombe, Dombe, Dombe, Dombe, Dombe, Dombe, Dombe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adj. Stout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोम्बे, दोम्बे, दोम्बे, दोम्बे, दोम्बे, दोम्बे, दोम्बे, दोम्बे</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domberu, Domberu, Domberu, Domberu, Domberu, Domberu, Domberu, Domberu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See दोंबे.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोंबे, दोंबे, दोंबे, दोंबे, दोंबे, दोंबे, दोंबे, दोंबे</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dombelu, Dombelu, Dombelu, Dombelu, Dombelu, Dombelu, Dombelu, Dombelu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See दोंबे.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोंबेलु, दोंबेलु, दोंबेलु, दोंबेलु, दोंबेलु, दोंबेलु, दोंबेलु, दोंबेलु</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dombi, Dombi, Dombi, Dombi, Dombi, Dombi, Dombi, Dombi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See दोंबे.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोंबी, दोंबी, दोंबी, दोंबी, दोंबी, दोंबी, दोंबी, दोंबी</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dole, Dole, Dole, Dole, Dole, Dole, Dole, Dole</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See दोंले.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोले, दोले, दोले, दोले, दोले, दोले, दोले, दोले</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See दोलू.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See दोलू.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See दोलू.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu, Dolu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See दोलू.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू, दोलू</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doli, Doli, Doli, Doli, Doli, Doli, Doli, Doli</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See दोली.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोली, दोली, दोली, दोली, दोली, दोली, दोली, दोली</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doli, Doli, Doli, Doli, Doli, Doli, Doli, Doli</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See दोली.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोली, दोली, दोली, दोली, दोली, दोली, दोली, दोली</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dolai, Dolai, Dolai, Dolai, Dolai, Dolai, Dolai, Dolai</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See दोलई.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दोलई, दोलई, दोलई, दोलई, दोलई, दोलई, दोलई, दोलई</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>धारा, धारा, धारा, धारा, धारा, धारा, धारा, धारा</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dhanka, see दांका.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>दांका, दांका, दांका, दांका, दांका, दांका, दांका, दांका</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dhokku, s. Injury, defect. 2. fear, alarm.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The twenty-eighth letter of the alphabet.

The twenty-ninth letter of the alphabet.

in the preceding evening, stale food.

Annoyance, trouble, difficulty.

Deception, imposition, pretense.

A bag, purse.

Evening, sunset, night.

Rice boiled
**tandu**

- **tandutundu**, see **tandu**
- **tandula**, s. Rice in raw state.
- **tandu**, s. A silver anklet.

**tandula**

- The captain of a native vessel; a boatman, tindal.

**tandelu**

- A man of art.
- One versed in mystical formulas, rites, etc. for the worship of the deities.

**tandinu**, **tanditu**, **tandale**, **tandale**

- A man of art.
- One versed in mystical formulas, rites, etc. for the worship of the deities.

**tandana**

- An unmeaning sound, used in humming a tune.
- red sandal; cf. **tandu**
- adj. Small.
- 2. deteriorated, reduced, worn out this ornament is worn out.

**tandelu**, **tandele**, **tandele**

- A Sentry; a guard.

**tandana**, **tannana**, **tannu-**

- An unmeaning sound, used in humming a tune.
- red sandal; to this ornament is worn out.

**tandana**

- An unmeaning sound, used in humming a tune.
- red sandal; to this ornament is worn out.

**tandu**

- see **tandu**.

**tandupudi**, **tandupudi**, **tandupudi**

- A cudgel, club; also — the handle of a plough.

**tandoji**, **tandoji**

- The handle of a plough.

**tannana**, **tannana**

- see **tandu**.

**tannavu**, **pron.**

- One's own; his own.

**tannate**, **tannate**, **tannate**

- For oneself, himself, itself.
- adv. Of one's own accord, by itself.
- to walk for oneself, i.e. to act as one likes.

**tannaye**, **s.**

- One's own man; a dependant; a friend, favourite.

**tannimaniga**

- The name of a female demon.

**tannu**, **adv.**

- Near, by, close.
- A bystander.
- to stand by one.
- to vex.
- to come together.

**tannena**, **adj.**

- Cool.

**tannepinne**, **s.**

- The old and young.
- 2. box and dice.
264
tarně

tannědè, see řeänderē.
tamppadè, s. Two slips of a bamboo placed close to each other, and tied together.
tamped, s. Coolness, cold.
adj. Cool, cold. —v to become cool; to appease, pacified.
—to cool; to appease, pacify.
tambakū, s. The prince’s metal, an alloy of certain metals, pinchbeck. 2. tobacco
2. tambaša, tambašī, A tambourine, war-drum. 2. boast, bragging. 3. see řeänderē.
—to brag.
tambaša, s. A large drum.
tambara, s. Coriander. 2. see řeänderē.
tambara, s. A small, round, metal vessel.
tambila, s. An ordinary offering to demons, etc. — see under řeänderē. an offering to serpents.
a grand offering to demons.
—to give such offerings.
tambu, s. A tent. —v to pitch a tent; to remain, stay; to delay. —v to halt, stop in a march.
tamburi, tambari, s. A five-stringed guitar. 2. a soldier’s drum.
tambuli, s. A kind of chatni or sauce, prepared of cocoanut milk, condiments etc. with or without greens, and eaten with rice.
tambulu, s. Tamil.
tambēru, s. A kind of reckoning in the game of yekkadi (eśē).
tambēruni, see řeänderē.
tamboli, see řeänderē.
tambari, see řeänderē.
tammanā, s. Hospitality, entertainment; dinner.
—a grand dinner. —v to give a dinner to a pregnant woman.
—to give a dinner to a wedding party.
tammanipuni, tammanyuni, tammanipuni (ešē), v. a. To entertain a guest, to give a dinner.
tammalē, s. A maternal uncle. 2. a father-in-law.
a kind of tare growing among corns etc. —v to give a kind of tare found in gram.
tammugi, see řeänderē.
tammena, see řeänderē.
tammepuni, see řeänderē.
tammyari, see řeänderē.
tamme, see tammeiy, s. An affectionate form of addressing a younger brother.

tammeluni, see tammeiy, s. A kind of tammeluni (tammeiy), v. n.

To shrivel.

takattu, s. A throne.

takataka, takapaka, s. Agility in dancing, etc. 2. bubbling in boiling. adv. Nimbly, briskly.

takka, adj. Fit, suitable, proper, deserving, worthy.

fitness. a proper word. a good opportunity, favourable season. suitably, properly, deservedly.

takanda, see takandu.

takatu, takka, adj. As much as is suitable; adequate, sufficient.

takkadi, s. Large scales.

one who cheats in weighing; a rogue.

takkana, takkana, s. A small spoon. 2. a small kind of mat; also takkana.

adj. Little. one who holds a spoon where (anything) drops, i.e. one who takes advantage of another's weakness, a stingy man.

takkeyimungei, s. The upper arm and forearm.

takkelagu, takkelogu, see under takkalagu.

takkona, see takkan.

takraru, s. Interference, hinderance. 2. dispute, quarrel.

takru, s. Objection, protest. a counter petition. to object, protest, quarrel.

taksiru, s. An offence, crime, fault.

tagadu, s. A thin metal plate. pure gold. a gold leaf.

tagaru, see tagaru.

tagaruni (tagaru), v. n. To draw near.

tagayu, tagayu, tagayu, tagayu tagavu, tagadi, tagade, tagavu, s. Dunning for payment. 2. peremptory demand.

tagume, see tagume.

tagule s. A bug.

tagë, s. A female's elder brother.

tagori, s. The potter's wheel.

taggu, s. Low ground, a dale, valley, descent, declivity. adj. Low, depressed.
lowliness, humility.

taguvuni, c. v. (of tagu,
1) To lower, humble. 2. to diminish, lessen. 3. to level down.

tagguni (अक्षरा), v. n. To be humble, modest. 2. to incline, lean.

taggale, s. A lowly or humble man; also इ. अक्षरा।
tagmalu, s. A female slave, maid-servant.
tagme, s. A male slave, man-servant.

tajaṅku, s. The plant *Cassia tora*.
tajapu, s. Notching, indentation. adj.Indented, notched. —मन्त्र to cut into a row of teeth.
tajapuni (अक्षरा), v. a. To chop, cut in pieces.
tajibijji, s. Endeavour, effort, exertion. 2. cogitation, reflection. —मन्त्र to endeavour, try; to reflect; to get out of a scrape by unlawful means.
tatuga, s. A ladle.
tata, s. A shore, bank.
tataku, s. A drop.
tatakka, see अक्षरा।
tatapata, s. A slapping sound. 2. loquacity.
tatappa, adv. Heavily, with a jerk. 2. suddenly. —मन्त्र to fall heavily or suddenly.
tatane, see अक्षरा।

taṭṭā, taṭṭā, taṭṭāli, taṭṭāla, taṭṭali, see अक्षरा।

taṭṭāvu, s. A lake, pond.
taṭṭila, s. A snapping noise.
taṭṭu, s. A country pony, a pack-horse. also —अक्षरा।
2. the forearm; also त्यु।
adj. Serious, critical. —कुँ मुँ much delay. —कुँ मुँ a serious illness. नमानियें the stalk of screw pine.

taṭṭuvasu, see अक्षरा।
tatā, taṭṭa, see अक्षरा।
tatā, see अक्षरा।
taṭṭā, s. Hindrance, obstacle.

taṭṭane, adv. Speedily, quickly. 2. suddenly, unexpectedly, without premeditation. —कुँ मुँ, —कुँ मुँ to go quickly or suddenly. —कुँ मुँ to say instantly or without premeditation.

tatappā, see अक्षरा।
tatāvuni, c.v. (of अक्षरा।) To cause to hit, strike.

taṭṭāsi, taṭṭāsyu, see अक्षरा।

taṭṭi, s. A screen or blind made of split bamboos, cadjan palm leaves. etc. 2. a honeycomb. अक्षरा। a mat made of split canes. अक्षरा। a small, low kind of wooden trough. —कुँ मुँ a wicker strainer, sieve. —कुँ मुँ the wooden lid and the strainer of a
culinary vessel. — to put up a screen or blind as protection from rain.

A vessel for distilling liquor. 2. culinary utensils. 3. household stuff.

tätti, see τέττι.

tattātu, s. A flat kind of trough for serving boiled rice.

tattuni, see τέττι.

tattumuttu, s. Strait, dilemma; cf. τέττι.

ttē, adj. Empty, void within. — good and bad things.

ttōtunini v. refl. To carry on the haunch, as natives do a child.

tavāsū, s. Unevenness, inequality, variation, as in weighing.

tādupe, see τέττι.

tāduπonunī, v. refl. (of τέττι) To quarrel or dispute mutually.

tādu, see τέττι.

tādu, s. Wool, fur. 2. skin with soft hair.

tāduκ, s. Intoxication.

tādupu, see τέττι.

tādamāta, s. Fumbling.

tādamē, s. A kind of stile or narrow entrance to a garden.

tādayi, s. A small earthen cup or plate.

tādava, see τέττι.

tādavu, s. Delay, hindrance, impediment. 2. a slowcoach or dilatory person. — to get late, to be delayed. — to delay, linger.

tādi, s. An inferior kind of saddle. — to join imperceptibly.

tādi, s. Hindrance, obstacle. 2. charm for serpents. — , to stop the motion of a serpent by incantations; to obstruct, hinder. — to remove the charm, to break a spell. — to hinder, impede; to charm.

tādeppavuni, c. v. (of τέττι) To hinder, impede, obstruct.

tādeppu, s. Stoppage, resistance. 2. anything put up to stop a passage.

tādeyi, see τέττι.

tādeyunī, τάδευνι, τάδευνι (τεύνι), v. n. To halt, stop, tarry. 2. to bear, endure,
I can bear it no more.

*tadēv*, s. A halt, stopping, tarrying. 2. impediment, hindrance.

*tadēvōṇuni*, v. refl. (of *tadēv*) To bear, suffer; to be patient.

*tadpu*, s. A foreign cloth. -a kind of loom.

*tadpuni*, see *tadpu*.

*tadpē*, s. A sieve for cleansing grain, etc. -lit. a large turban. -lit. a sieve and a brom: a bad omen; a cruel woman.

*tadya, taddya*, s. A step, stair. -the middle step. -the lower step, threshold. -the lintel of a door.

*tanasu*, s. Wetness, dampness. adj. Wet. -wet ground.

*tanipuni* (past), v. a. To cool, pacify, soothe, comfort.

*taniyuni* (past), v. n. To become cool, calm.

*tanilu*, see *tanilu*.

*tanu*, s. Coolness, cold. 2. quenching, appeasement. - to cool; appease, as hunger, etc.

*tatkshana*, adv. Instantly.

*tataṅga*, s. Obstacle, hindrance, complication, entanglement.

*tateilasa*, s. A joyous dance.

*tatkāla*, adj. The time then or now. - for the present, for the time being.

*tatta*, s. A shuffle, artifice; 2. jesting, joking. adv. Shufflingly. 2. jestingly. - to speak shufflingly or jestingly.

*tattāra*, see *tatta*.

*tatti* (past part. of *tattā*), adj. Missed, beyond reach, failed. -what is past; a lost opportunity; a mistake.

*tatra*, s. An umbrella.

*tatva*, s. Essential nature, real nature of the soul. 2. the Supreme Being. 3. truth, reality, substance. 4. mind, intellect. 5. identity. - instruction in the real nature of the Supreme and human spirit; cf. *yatvā*.

*tatvādi*, s. Mystical theology.

*tatvāra*, s. Destitution.

*tatvārtha*, s. The essential purpose.

*tadanantara*, adv. Afterwards, subsequently.

*tadigina*, s. Beating time in dancing to music. 2. intrigue, plot. 3. upsetting, fall. - to dance; to be overturned. - to intrigue.
The third day of the lunar fortnight.

Retch, puke, to be qualmish.

An eruption or swelling, erysipelas.

To retch, puke, to be qualmish.

An affix to form abstract nouns; e.g. good, goodness.

To retch, puke, to be qualmish.

An affix to form abstract nouns; e.g. good, goodness.

To retch, puke, to be qualmish.

Examination, investigation, inquiry.

Prayer, devotion, religious austerities.

A devotee, ascetic. Power of devotion.

Difference, discrepancy. 2. cheating, deceit. 3. prevarication, equivocation, evasion.

To burn, be inflamed, hot.

An ascetic.

The practice of religious austerities.

The practice of religious austerities.

Heated, inflamed, boiling, burnt. 2. affected with pain or grief. Heated body. Mind affected with grief.

Sap; cf. तस्वी, तस्वम.

Scrambling for coconuts thrown into a crowd of people. To gamble with coconuts.

To hide, conceal, as one's fault.

To escape, evade.
tappaliyuni, see tappali.

tappavuni, c. v. (of tappa) To cause to err, evade. 2. to extricate, disentangle, deliver.
tappu, s. A fault, mistake, error. 2. an offence, crime. to err; to commit a crime.

tappu, s. A leaf, foliage. 2. vegetables, greens.
tappuduni (tapu), v. a, To beat the bush in hunting.
tapputippu, see tabu.
tappuni (tapu), v. n. To mistake, err, sin. 2. to miss, escape, slip. 3. to fail in an engagement or promise; also I made a mistake; I missed. it slipped from me, or I have lost.
tapperige, see tabu.
tappoliyuni (tapu), v. n. To be covered with foliage as a tree, to grow to leaf.
tapšilu, s. An analysis, detail, the particulars of an account. [a tray.
tabaku, s. A salver or plate, tabakuni (tabu), v. a. To desire, wish, covet. v. n. To be allured, enticed, tempted.
tabatu, s. Unsavouriness, acerbity. to be unsavoury.

tabaluni (tabu), v. n. To be unpalatable to the taste; to remain as after-taste.
tabate, s. A kind of fish.
tabate, s. The name of a creeper. the fruit of it, (eaten by children).
tabali, see tabu.
tabi, s. Flavour, taste; also adj. Savoury, delicious.
tabite, see tabu.
tabipuni (tabu), v. a. To appease, as the appetite. 2. to smack. 3. see tabu.
tabimê, s. A follower.
tabuku, see tabu.
tabukuda-mara, see tabu.
tabudippu, see tabu.
taburi, s. A pot. [ant.
taburu, s. A kind of red

tabuli, see tabu.
tabule, see tabu.
tabepuni (tabu), v. n. To long, eagerly desire.
taberuni (tabu), v. a. To threaten.
tabela, s. A stable.
tabta, see tabu.
tabdilu, s. Change, alteration, variation.
tabbibbu, s. Distraction, confusion. 2. variation, difference. adj. Irregular.
tabbilu, see tabu. 2. see tabu.
tabbi, see §r.  

tabbila, see §s.  

tabbili, see §s.  

tabbuni (§b), v. a To feel, grope.  

tablbridhi, see §s.  

tabbili, s. An orphan.  

adj. Low, vulgar. 2. weak, infirm. 3. cowardly, timid.  

tama, s. Darkness. 2. mental darkness, ignorance. 3. worldly delusion.  

otama, s. Darkness. 2. mental darkness, ignorance. 3. worldly delusion.  

tamake, s. Leisure, respite, opportunity. 2. delay, procrastination. —tāre to delay, put off, postpone.  

tamatè, s. A tambour. 2. a little drum.  

tamaniyuni, see §s.  

Tin.  

tamari, tamare, see §s.  

tamayuni, see §s.  

Tam.  

tamary, tamara, s. Tin.  

Tam.  

taman, s. A show, fun, sport, amusement. —tāre a pantomime, one fond of show or amusements; a wag. —tasaik to crack jokes. —tasaik to make fun.  

Nam.  

tamiru, s. A gimlet. 2. see §s.  

tamu, tamul, tamulu, s. Tamil.  

Tamusaku, s. A bond.  

Tamulis, tamepuni (§r), v. a. To pour, spill. 2. to cast into a mould.  

Tamelun, tamepel, s. Effusion, issue.  

Tamelyuni, see §s.  

Tameryu, s. One who gives a bride away in marriage; a guardian.  

Tameryuni (§r), v. n. To extricate, disentangle, save.  

Tameryuni, see §s.  

Tamelyuni, tamelyuni, tamelyuni, v. n. To overflow, run over or out. 2. to menstruate.  

Tamagu, s. The quality of darkness; ignorance; passionate or angry disposition; cf. §r.  

Tayapuni, see §s.  

Tayaruy, s. Preparation, readiness. adj. Ready. —tāre to become ready. —tāraik to keep ready. —tasaik to prepare, make ready.  

Tayi, see §s.  

Tayila, see §s.  

Tayili, see §s.  

tara, s. Kind, sort, class, grade. 2. manner, mode. 3. a line, row, range. —tāri variety; variegation; gradation, order, method. —tāri a good match.


**tara** 272  

tara, tare, tariiku, tarangu, sec tarantuni, see तरुणी.  
	
ter, tarakory, see तराकरी.  
		tarakari, see तराकरी, तराकरी, s. Vegetables in general.  
		
tarakonuni (प्रत्यय), v. refl. To receive, accept. 2. to hear, listen, mind.  
	
taradu, see तरादू.  
	
taraua, see तराअ, s. Fording, crossing, passing over.  
	
taratamya, see तरातम्या.  
		
taratra, see तरात्रा.  
		
tarapu, s. A side, party. 2. care, custody. adv. Towards.  
	
tarapuni (प्रत्यय), v. a. To rivet, fasten firmly. v. n. To be riveted, fixed.  
	
taraboli, see तराबोली.  
			tarabety, tara- beti, s. Training, education. to train, instruct.  
	
taravali, see तरावली.  
				tarasus, see तरासु.  
			
tarale, s. Slander, calumny. 2. backbiting, tale-bearing. तरालेना a mischievous backbiter. तरालेना a slanderer, talebearer. तरालेना to slander, backbite.  
			
taranta, see तरांता.  
	
tarātara, s. Variety in goods. 2. distinction of rank, etc.; cf. तांतरा.  
	
tarāturi, s. Haste, speed.

**tarā** 273  

tarā, tarāl, tarāl, s. Kind, species; variety, diversity. adj. Various, diverse.  
	
taripuni (प्रत्यय), v. a. To lop off, as the superfluous branches of a tree; to clear, as a jungle.  
	
tariyuni (प्रत्यय), v. n. To stay, stop, tarry, delay.  
	
taru, s. A small kind of fish; any little fish. तरु तरु a swamp with such fishes. तरु a small kind of sardine.  
	
tarumbu, s. A bunch of betelnuts.  
	
taruni, s. A girl, young woman. 2. a wife.  
								[man.  
	
taruva, s. A youth, young man.  
								[woman.  
							
tarē, s. The head, top. 2. the hair of the head. 3. generation. तरी तरी from generation to generation. तरी तरी upside down, topsyturvy, headlong. तरी poll-tax. तरी a head-load. तरी head-ornaments. तरी headache. तरी to behead, decapitate; to injure, ruin. तरी to leave the head bare. तरी lit. to offer the head; to undertake, engage in; to submit; to take the risk. तरी to be giddy, confused; to be tipsy; to become proud. तरी to impute, attribute.
tare

lit. the head to shake; to be improved in one's circumstances; to gain power.
to bow the head; to humiliate; to be modest, polite.
the head to be bowed down; to be ashamed; to be humiliated.
to comb the hair.
to bow the head; to humiliate; to be modest, polite.
the head to ache.
I have no head; I have a severe headache.

taretra, s. A turban, head-dress.

tareniryu, s. Spring or fountain on the top of a hill, irrigating the land below.
amniotic fluid or fruitwater.
the amnios to burst.

tarepuni (सी), v. a. To grind, rub. to try, assay metal.

tarebil, s. Exorbitant price, overcharge. the price fetched by the first sale of goods.

taremande, s. The skull.
to quarrel; to break one's head over a business.

taremuri, s. Determination, resolution. to say definitely, decisively; to make known one's resolution.

tareyuni (सी), v. n. To be rubbed off; to abrade; wear away, to become thin, wasted.

tarelyu, adj. Worn out.
a blunt or worn out billhook.

tarevuni, see तरेओर.

taroli, s. A kind of creeper; also तेरी. 2. the tree Rhynchoglossum obliqu., the leaves of which are used for cleansing the head in bathing. a larger species of the same. 3. a milky plant, Ericyne.

tarolu, s. A kind of tree the leaves of which are used by toddy-drawers to rub the horn of palm trees. a white species of the same.

tarotara, see तरोतारा.

tarra, see तारा.

tarka, s. Dispute, discussion, reasoning. logic. a disputant, sophist.
the science of logic. to dispute, discuss, argue.

tarkatti, tarkatté, s. The curved knife of a toddy-drawer.

tarkonuni (सी), v. a. To hold up in one's arms, as a sick person; cf. तरकोनृणि.

tarkolu, s. A key. 2. a midwife. 3. assisting a woman in labour.

targa, s. Leanness, thinness. 2. a lean man.

targayi, see तरग०;

targo, s. Translation. —तराम् to translate, interpret.

tarđu, s. The testicles.

tarpana, s. Satisfaction.

2. a religious rite, presenting water to the manes of the deceased or to the gods.

—तरानम् to present such water; to satisfy, please.

tarpāvuni, tarpuṇuni, c. v. (of तरपवनि) To cause to bring, send for. 2. to get, obtain.

tarpuni (तरपु), v. a. To rivet, fix firmly. 2. to depress, humble. v. n. To be riveted.

2. to be depressed.

tarmena, see तर्मेना.

tarva, see तरवा.

[tarms.

tarvelu, s. Holding up in तार्वेले, see तरवेले.

tala, see ताल & तालेया.

talambu, s. The sun-hemp, Crotalaria juncea.

talakē, s. A slip or lath of a bamboo. —तालकेई the bone between the wrist and elbow.

talagullē, see तालगुल्ले.

talapuni (तलपु), v. n. To arrive, reach; cf. तत्पु.

talasu, तालसु तालसु, s. A large tank.

talasuni, see तलासुनि under तलासु.

talāntara, talāntra, s. A generation; an age; cf. तलांतर.

talāvu, s. A large tank.

talāsū, s. Inquiry, search.

2. procuring, providing —तालसू to search; to procure.

talipu, s. Sprinkling. 2. see तलीपु.

talipuni (तलिपु), v. a. To sprinkle.

talu, adj. Thrashed, beaten. —तलु thrashed straw.

talukupādika, s. A topaz.

talē, s. A rop, for climbing palm trees. —ताले the hand-rope, —ताला the foot rope, —तालात the whole apparatus of a toddy drawer.

talembu, s. A pillow.

talenirū, see तलेनिरु.

talepaṭṭa, s. A head-ornament of a devil-dancer.

talepu, s. Interruption, stoppage.

talepuni (तालेपु), v. a. To interrupt, hinder, stop, detain, delay.

talemani, s. A head ornament worn by a devil-dancer. —तालेमणि a tasselled headband of a demon-priest.
talemara, s. The frame of a thrashing stool.
talkatti, see タラッ.
talku, s. An ambush.
talkuni, see タラッ。
talpuni (タール), v. a. To drop. 2. to knock, shake off, as fruit from a tree. 3. to thrash, as paddy. タラッ a thrashing ox.
talmena, s. Refreshment, revival, relief. adj. Cool, cold, refreshing, bracing. タラッ a cool breeze.
tallana, adj. Wavering, vexed.
talli, s. A kind of cucumber pickle.
talku, s. A kind of cucumber pickle.
talluni (タール), v. a. To penetrate, push in, press through. 2. to hide, conceal.
talle, see タラッ.
tallपी, see タラッ。
talpine, v. a. To be proud, arrogant.
tallपी, see タラッ。
talpilla, see タラッ。
talp, s. A kind of fruit tree. タラッ its fruit.
tavu, see タル。
tavuकु, s. Agitation.
tavukuda-mara, s. A kind of fruit tree. タラッ its fruit.
tavu, see タル。
tavu, see タル。
tavunari (タルー), v. a. To cut away any leaves or brushwood, to clear a bush.
tasari, see タラッ。
tasib, see タラッ。
tasku, taskara, s. A trick, wile, pretext. 2. a mistake, error.
taskar, s. Theft, robbery; also タラッ。
taskar, s. A thief, robber.
tastu, tastu, s. A kind of fruit, a basin, broad mouthed vessel.
tastikyu, tastigu, tastikyu, tastige, s. A government allowance for a temple.
taspi, tasbi, s. The rosary of Mohammedans.
taha, tahā, s. Consent, agreement. 2. a contract; also タラッ。
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラッ.
tahasilu, タラｯ
talatala, s. Glitter, lustre.

talapatā, talapatātu, s. Ruin; cf. talapala adj. Vacant, empty, deserted, waste. —तालापत तालाप to devastate, desert.

talapala, see talatala.

talabala, talamala, s. Alarm, agitation. 2. exhaustion, weariness.

talavare, s. A village watchman.

talāntara, see talatala.

talāra, s. A sore in the toes.

talipuni, see talatala.

taliru, s. A sprout, bud, shoot. —तालिरु to a tender leaf.

talu, see talatala.

talepuni, see talatala.

talpuni, see talatala.

talmena, see talatala.

talli, s. Slander, calumny, defamation. 2. intercourse, interference, association. 3. see talāntara adj. Slanderous. 2. anonymous. —ताली an anonymous petition.

talluni, see talatala.

talē, s. A heap. 2. plunder. —तालेन् to a tender leaf.

taukana, s. Fosterage, fostering. —ताउकन् a foster father. —ताउकन्न a foster mother. —ताउकन्न a foster child.

taukavuni, c. v. (of tante) To cause to nurse. 2. to cause to give (said by Parihas).

tankuni (तांकुं), v. a. To take care of, nourish, bring up, foster, nurse, feed; shelter. 2. to give (said by Parihas).

tangū, s. A support, prop.

—तांगूर्, तांगूत to prop, support, provide with support.

—तांगूत supporting by holding up in arms.

tanguni (तांगुनी), v. a. To assist, help. 2. to prop, support, sustain.

tangolipuni (तांगोलिपुनि), v. a. To support.

tannuni, see tanguni.

tanēa, see tanguni.

tanēavuni, see tanguni.

tanēuni, see tanguni.

tantumōntu, adj. Crooked, bent. 2. vain, useless. s. Debris, fragments.

tantāvuni, c. v. (of tantum) To make touch, to bring into collision or contact. 2. to set one person against another.

tantuni (तांतुं) v. n. To touch, hit, come into collision or contact with. 2. to quarrel, fight.

tante, adj. Lean, thin, slender. —तांते lean slender
legs. — a cripple, a decrepit person. — a slender horn.

tänder, see tanda.

tánta, s. A glutton.

tántir, see tantar.

tánta, táltà, támáta, támáta, see tantan.

tánta, see tantan.

tánta, táltà, támáta, támáta, see tantan.

tántan, taltung, s. A metallic dish or tray.

tántu, támáta, s. Betel leaf and areca nut. — a chewing betel.

tántu, támpra, s. Copper. adj. Copper-coloured. — a copper-pot. — a copper plate. — a calx or oxide of copper.

tántuka, taktamara, s. The tree Morinda citrifolia.

tántu, taktika, s. True report, correct information.

tántu, tántu, tántu, takti, tákudi, tákudi, s. An order, command, injunction. — to order, direct.

tántuka, taktamara, s. The tree Morinda citrifolia.

tántu, taktika, s. True report, correct information.

tántu, tántu, tántu, takti, tákudi, tákudi, s. An order, command, injunction. — to order, direct.

tántuka, taktamara, s. The tree Morinda citrifolia.

tántu, taktika, s. True report, correct information.

tántu, tántu, tántu, takti, tákudi, tákudi, s. An order, command, injunction. — to order, direct.

tántuka, taktamara, s. The tree Morinda citrifolia.

tántu, taktika, s. True report, correct information.

tántu, tántu, tántu, takti, tákudi, tákudi, s. An order, command, injunction. — to order, direct.

tántuka, taktamara, s. The tree Morinda citrifolia.

tántu, taktika, s. True report, correct information.

tántu, tántu, tántu, takti, tákudi, tákudi, s. An order, command, injunction. — to order, direct.

hit. — to set one against another.

tántu, táguni (adj), v. a. To touch, hit, come in collision or contact with. v. n. To be impressed, sensible. — he was impressed by what was said.

tántu, táluni (adj), v. n. To come in collision.

tántu, tajâ, adj. Fresh, new; genuine. 2. fair, correct. — a fair copy. — a genuine article.

tántu, tajipù, adj. Marvellous.

tántu, tātaṅka, s. An ear-ornament.

tántu, tātaki, s. A female giant. 2. a quarrelsome woman.

tántu, tati, s. Clapping the hands; applause. — to clap the hands; to applaud.

tántu, tātê, s. A kind of fish.

tántu, tādanè, s. Beating, whipping.

tántu, tàdî, see tàda.

tántu, tàdu, s. Goring; also tàdî.

tántu, tàduni (adj), v. a. To gore with the horns; to butt.

tántu, tàdelu, s. The act of goring or butting.

tántu, tàna, s. A place; cf. tätâ.

tántu, tànu, s. A lampstand.

tántu, tàtu, tàtyi, tàtyi, s. Caraway seed, Curum carui; cf. tatâ.
**tati, s.** A kind of ornament; also অর্নমন্ত্র. 2. see তৃতীয়.

**taturi, s.** Eloquence, ability, cleverness; cf. তত্ত্ব ৯ই ૥. 2. love, affection; cf. অর্নমন্ত্র.

**tate, s.** A grand-father. 2. Brahma.

তত্ত্ব, তত্ত্বতত্ত্ব তত্ত্বতত্ত্বী, s. Sentiment, opinion, notion. 2. love, affection. 3. purport, meaning. 4. object, intent, design, purpose. — তত্ত্বে to tell one's opinion. — তত্ত্বে to care, favour.

তত্ত্বতত্ত্ব তত্ত্বতত্ত্বী, s. Slight, disrespect, contempt.

**tädi, see তৃতীয়.**

**tänu, s.** A web of piec-**

**tänu, pron.** Self, one's self. 2. see তৃতীয়.

**tänke, see তৃতীয়.**

**tapa, s.** Heat, burning. 2. fever, inflammation. 3. anguish, distress.

তত্ত্ব, তত্ত্বতত্ত্ব তত্ত্বতত্ত্বী, s. Grief, distress, trial, trouble.

**täpi, s.** A trowel.

তত্ত্বতত্ত্ব তত্ত্বতত্ত্বী, v. a. To burn. 2. see তৃতীয়.

**täpu, s.** A watchman's stand in a field. 2. an ambush.

**täbulu, s.** A tinsel, brass leaf. 2. the cuts, as of a precious stone.

**täbūtu, s.** The cage made of paper and tinsel by Mussalmans at the Moharam. 2. see তৃতীয়.

**täba, s.** Control. 2. charge, care. — তাতাব মেষ he is in your charge.

**tämakai, see তামনি.**

**tämari, see তামানি.**

**tämaya, see তামানি.**

**tamaré, s.** The lotus flower, *Nymphaea pubescens*; also অনুষ্ঠানি. — the seed of a lotus. — তাম the stalk of a lotus.

**tämazorōga, s.** A wasting disease of children. 2. green sickness.

**tämasa, s.** Laziness, indolence. 2. delay, procrastination. 3. anger, passion. — তমসু a sluggard; a passionate man.

**tämisra, s.** Great darkness. — তমিসু the dark half of the lunar month.

**tämè, see তামা.**

**tämeryu, see তামা.**

**tämra, see তামা.**

**täyi, s.** Mother.

**täyegade, s.** A rogue, cheat, scoundrel, obsc.

**täyibérü, s.** The principal root of a tree, taproot.

**täry, s.** A rivulet. 2. tar.

**tära, s.** A star. 2. two pie. 3. crossing, passing over.

**täraṇa, s.** The eighteenth year of the Hindu cycle. 2.
the act of crossing. 3. persecution. 4. a raft, float.

तारतम्य, s. Rank, state, condition. 2. distinction, discrimination.

तारायि, s. A coconuts. 
-एँ तथा -एँ आयि the shell of a coconuts. यूँ - a large coconuts. यूँ - a small hard coconuts. यूँ - a coconuts of the (Laccadive) isles. आँ , see तारतम्य. -सेहाँ to play with coconuts by knocking one against the other, the person who breaks the coconuts of the other gains it.

तारावनी, c. v. (of तारा) To drive in. 2. to immerse.

तारः, s. The palmyra, Borassus flabelliformis. -आँ the bulb of a fragrant grass, Cyperus rotundus. -सा palmyra toddy. -ऊँ a kind of sparrow, building its pendent nest on a palm tree. -ऊँ a kind of grass, Cyperus hexastachyus. -आँ the fruit of the palmyra tree. -ढ़ा jaggory made from palm juice. -ऊँ a poisonous snake. -ऊँ आँ the midrib of a palm-leaf.

तारिनी, s. A goddess peculiar to the Jains.

तारिका, तारिका, तारिक, s. A date, day of the month.

तारिपु, s. Praise, commendation. 2. novelty, rarity. -ैँ to commend, praise.

तारुँया, s. Youth, manhood.

तारुँ (नं), v. n. To sink in, plunge. तस्सू feet to sink, as in mire.

तारुँमय, s. Confusion, disorder. -सेहाँ to become confused.

तार, s. The cocoanut palm, Cocos nuciferā. यूँ - a short cocoanut palm. यूँ, यूँ a species from the (Laccadive) isles, bearing small cocoanuts. यूँ - a species, bearing large cocoanuts. -ऊँ आँ the stalk or midrib of a cocoanut leaf.

तारोः, see तारः.

तारका, s. Substantiation, proof, demonstration. 2. apparition. -सेहाँ, -आँ to substantiate.

तारकेप, s. A sophist, disputant.

तारकोः, see तारकेप.

तार्मय, see तारतम्य.

ताला, s. The metallic lid of a cooking utensil. 2. see तळा.

तालांगादी, s. The wooden peg by which a water-lift is fastened to the stem.

तालव्या, s. A palatal letter; gram.

तालांके, s. A name of Balarama.
tali, s. The marriage badge, worn by a female. 2. a metal tumbler or small pot. 3. a kind of grass. —<tali> to tie the marriage badge to the neck. —<tali> a kind of climbing shrub.

taliye, see <tali>.
talimu, s. Gymnastics, athletic exercise. —<talim> to practise gymnastics.

talu, s. The throat. 2. the palate.
taluku, s. The division of a district.
taluni (v.), v. n. To fall off, drop down; cf. <tali>.
tale, see <tali>.
talpuni, see <tali>.
talyatundu, s. A special cloth worn only by weavers.
talyapattu, s. A cob-web.
talyapuri, s. A spider.
talye, s. A weaver. 2. a spider.
tavaji, s. A metallic tube for keeping an amulet, money, etc.
tavarè, see <tali>. 2. see <tali>.
tavu, s. A sheet of paper. 2. death; cf. <tali>. 3. place, room.
tasha, s. A kind of drum.
tasù, s. An hour.
tasayi, see <tali>.

tasaye, see <tali>.
tasildare, see <tali> under <tali>.
tase, see <tali>.
tasemi, see <tali>.
tah, see <tali>.
tala, s. A cymbal. 2. tune, beating time in music. —<tala> music and play. —<tala> to beat time.
tali, see <tali>. 2. see <tali>.
taluni (v.), v. n. To bear, endure, suffer, forbear, have patience.
talèle, see <tali>.
talmè, s. Patience, forbearance. 2. endurance.
tinki, see <tali>.
tiukiri, <tinker>, s. A very small piece or strip of anything. adj. Thin, fine, wiry.
tiukè, see <tali>.
tiukri, see <tali>.
tungapuri, s. A larva, moth.
tungabarè, see <tali>.
tungara, s. Ornament, decoration. 2. see <tali>.
tiugi, s. Poison. —<tugi> lit. to mix poison; to foment a quarrel. —<tugi> to poison; to taint.
tingode, s. The first day of a solar month, which is considered unlucky.
tingo

281

tikka

tingolu, s. The moon.
2. a month.  ראו April.  ימים May.  יוני June.  יולי July.  יוני August.  יוני or יוני September.  יוני or יוני October.  יוני November.  יוני December.  יוני January.  יוני February.  יוני March. —א a kind of large worm. —ג moon-light, moon-shine. —ג א יוני monthly pay or salary.

tinna, s. Repetition.

tindada, s. A rag.

tindruni (תינדרון), v.a. To eat all, guzzle; cf. תינדה תינדרון.

timbatu, adj. Worthless.

timbaṭṭe, s. A vagabond, worthless man.

timbare, see תימער.

timbulu, s. A thimble.

timbele, s. A glutton.

tirgudu, past part. (תירגדע) Having turned. adv. Again, once more. —ג to return, go back, go again. —ג to come again; to return from a walk. —ג to be upset, overturned; to rebel, revolt.

tirganē, s. A pivot, hinge, swivel. 2. a screw.

tirgamurīga, adv. topsy-turvy, pell-mell.

tirgāṭa, s. Excursion, walk, roaming. 2. turning, change.

tirgāvuni, c. v. (of תירדגע) To turn, whirl, make return. 2. to change, convert, gain over. —ג to break a promise; to deny. —ג to change the mind. —ג to gain over a witness.

tirgunaṇe, תירגוןعي, тиргунаиye, тиргуле, s. A rover, vagabond. 2. a backslider, unsteady man.

tirguni (תירגוני), v. n. To turn, revert, revolve, whirl, turn back. 2. to shift, as the wind. 3. to move, wander, travel about. —ג to be giddy; to become proud. —ג to go for a walk, take a walk; cf. תירגם.

tirṛtuni, see תיררוס.

tirmbi, s. A kind of fern; also תירברי.

tikāni, see תיקני.

tikku, s. Entanglement, intricacy, perplexity. 2. difficulty, distress, trouble. 3. see תיקו. —ג to get entangled. —ג to be entangled.

tikattu, s. A labyrinth, maze, intricacy.

tikatuni (תיקתוני), v. n. To be matted, as hair. 2. to be entangled; to be intricate.

tikkalē, adj. Short and thin.

tikkāvuni, c. v. (of תיקו) To ensnare, entangle. 2. to fix. 3. to button.
tikku

tikkuni (ಸೂಕ್), v. a. To rub, brush, polish. v. n. To be ensnared, caught. 2. to be seized, apprehended. c. dat. To find, get, obtain.

tikkoṭe, see tikku.

tigatē, s. A split, splinter, slip, piece. -nāḥ to split, divide, saw.

tigupuni, see tikku.

tiguruni, see tikku.

tiga, s. A beehive. 2. honey. -tī whitebees. -tī a honeycomb. -tī honey. -tī bees’ wax. -tī a small kind of bee.

tigadi, s. The Indian jalap, Ipomoea turpethum.

tigadibigadi, s. Confusion, tumult.

tigatē, tigatti, see tikku.

tiga, s. The breast, chest, heart. 2. courage. -kā a giant; a big, lazy fellow; a desparado. -kā māthe, -pā māthe, -mā the hollow of the breast; bravery. -mā pain in the chest. -mā anger, wrath. -mā to brave, encounter with courage; to be bold. -mā to give in charge; to hold responsible. -kā the heart to palpitate. -kā the heart to break; to labour hard. -kā to have charge. -kā to suffer from heart-burn.

tigitē, see tikku.

tigupuni, tigupuni (ಸೂಕ್, ಸೂಕ್), v. a. To split, slit, cut, saw, tear.

tiguruni, tiguruni, tiguluni (ಸೂಕ್, ಸೂಕ್), v. n. To sprout, shoot, germinate. 2. to split.

tigtē, see tikku.

titī, s. White spots on leaves; cf. titi.
	tittē, see tikku.
	tittēsi, s. Interference, intermeddling. 2. annoyance, trouble; also titēsi.
	tinē, s. A small open veranda.

titi, see tikku.

tittiri, s. Playing upon a pipe, etc. 2. a top. 3. a partridge. -kā to play at tops.

tittiribittiri, s. An unfair dealing.

tithi, s. A lunar day. 2. the annual ceremony performed to one’s deceased ancestors.

tidu, tidi, adj. Small.

tidunkara, s. Sitting on the feet. -kā to sit on the feet.

tidi, see tikku. 2. see titi.

tidipāṇe, adj. Dwarf-fish, short.
To get corrected, rectified, altered.

Correction, training, renovation. — an erect pillar. — settled hand-writing.

To correct, mend, reform, rectify, alter. — lit. to correct the hand; to acquire a good penmanship.

Correction, amendment, modification. 2. reformation. — to correct, amend, modify.

Junior. younger. — an aunt, i.e. mother’s younger sister, or younger uncle’s wife. — an uncle, i.e. father’s younger brother, or aunt’s husband.

A young man.

A cocoanut shell; beggary.

A cocoanut shell and a stick; beggary. — a small breast, resembling a cocoanut shell. — the lower half of a shell. — the upper half of a shell. — the skull.

A kind of borer.

A cocoanut shell and a stick; beggary.

A heap, pile. 2. a hill.

A hand-lamp, night-lamp.

A crack, split. see

A kind of borer. Hemming.

Treble distilled arrack.

The Pennywort, Hydrocotyle asiatica.

A whale.

To jostle, push; to try to escape from a crowd.
tirkei, s. A water jar, pitcher. 2. a handful.

tirkē, s. A split, splinter; also nē. X

tirkē, s. A kind of round chisel or gimlet.

}tirkātu, s. The slip-knot of a rope used for drawing water. 2. see kē. -ānē to fasten a band, peg, etc.

]tirkadē, s. The lower part of any thing.

}tirkaii, see kē.

}tirkāvuni, c. v. (of kē) To make lean, to weaken.


}garment.

tirkunṭu, s. An under-

}tirkuni (kē), v. n. To be lean, weak; also nē.

tirk, s. A split, splinter; also nē.

tirkei, s. A water jar, pitcher. 2. a handful. —nē
to join the hands for receiving anything.  a small pitcher.

तिरको, s. A lean or weak man.

तिरकोलु, see तिरको.

तिरकने, see तिरकने.

तिरकुनी, see तिरकुनी.

तिरने, see तिरने.

तिरव, adv. Down, beneath, below, under. adj. Lower, subordinate. —तिरव to fall down.

तिरतु, s. Lower side or level. —तिरतु a lower field.

तिरत्या, s. The threshold, lower step, under frame.

तिरने, s. The lower part of a slope; cf. तिर.


तिरतात्तु, see तिरतात्तु.

तिरदुनी (तिरप), v. n. To turn. 2. see तिर.

तिरपानत्रे, s. A place near Cochin; the former residence of the Cochin kings.

तिरपानी, s. A fund for the repairs of a temple.

तिरपात, see तिरपात.

तिरपती, see तिरपती.

तिरपती, s. Long pepper.

तिरपते, see तिरपते.

तिरपावुनी, c. v. (of तिरप तिरप) To get made, settled. 2. see तिरपावुनी. तिरपावुनः— to make gold ornaments.

तिरपु, s. A swivel. —तिरपु a head-ornament.

तिरपुनी (तिरपु), v. a. To twirl round.

तिरण्जी, s. The abdomen, bowels.

तिरे, s. A piece, chip; cf. तिर.

तिरमुरु, s. Exchange.

तिरण्डे, s. A kind of fish.

तिरारा, adj. Low. adv. Below, downward, under.

तिरी, s. The core, heart of a tree. —तिरी to come to age, to be full-grown.

तिरला, s. A full-grown, strong man.

तिर्वा, s. A kind of timber

तिरस, see तिर.

तिरँ, s. The bandage or crown of a stack of corn.

तिला, s. The spleen, milt. 2. see तिला.

तिला, s. The gingely oil seed, Sesamum indicum. —तिला the sesame flower. —तिला तिला sesamum seed and water, presented as an offering to the manes of the departed ancestors. —तिला gingely oil. —तिला तिला a gift of sesamum.

तिलका, s. A sectarian or ornamental mark on the forehead. 2. a freckle, mole.

तिलावुनी, see तिलावुनी.
tila

286

tira

tilana, see &tila. 2. see tira.
tilavu, see &es.
tilodaka, see under ti.
tilakuni, v. a.
To dissipate, disperse, scatter.
tilana, s. Humming a tune.
tivasu, tivasi, s.
A kind of carpet, a rug. 2. a cushion.
til, adj. Transparent, clear. 2. distilled; cf. &til, &til. —til clear, or filtered water.
tilvalike, tiluvaligé, s.
Understanding, intellect; knowledge, information.
tilapilla, see &tila.
tilé, see &es.
tinkiri, tinkeri, tinkri, s.
Preparing for the festival of the female demons &til. 2. see tila.
tinku, see &til.
tinkely, see &til.
tintuni, see &til.
tintata, see &til.
tintara, tinthara, s.
Dispersion, dissipation. 2. ruin, waste. —til to become dispersed; to be ruined. —tile to waste.
tintare, s. A destitute or miserable man.
tintavuni, c. v. (of &til) To cause to splash.
tintuni, v. n. To splash; also &til.
timpu, see &es.
timpuni, v. n. To snort, breathe heavily. 2. to snivel; cf. &til.
timpuli, see &til.
tipose, s. A sniveller; cf. &til.
tirantuini, see &til.
tiku, adj. Tasteful, savoury.
tikara, tikara, tikery, adj.
Sweetish; not pungent, not properly seasoned.
tikodé, s. A kind of fish.
tigè, see &es.
tiduni, v. a. To rub, press. 2. to irritate.
ti, tiny, tini, s.
Food, meal, diet. 2. a glutton.
tipalé, see &es.
tipe, s. Sweetness. adj. Sweet, fresh. —ti the liquorice. —ti sweet potato, Goa potato, Dioscorea aculeata.
timullu, s. A kind of touch-me-not, Casalpina mimosoides.
tiry, s. A nit. 2. the egg of a bug. 3. see &til. —tile a small louse. —tile, see &til. —tile — a crushed nit.
tira, adj. Entire, whole. adv. Wholly, entirely. 2. decidedly, positively.
tirandi, see under &es.
तिरते, से तिरप्रि.तिरजुन, से तिरप्रि.तिरी, से तिरप्रि.
तिरिके, स. Conclusion, end.
तिरिनाथ, से तिरप्रि.तिरिजुन, से तिरप्रि.तिरिजुन, व. (of तिरप्रि.) To finish, conclude, complete. 2. to settle, decide, determine. 3. to pay off, as a debt.
तिरिनाथ, अंद्र. As far as practicable, to the extent of one's ability.
तिरुनि (सृ), व.न. To be finished, settled. c. dat. To be able. असक (neg. part.) incapable, infeasible, unsettled; endless, inexhaustible. असक असक work beyond one's ability to perform. असक असक he is not well. असक असक he is not able to do it. असक असक is is done. असक असक असक to end, expire, die.
तिरुमाना, स. Conclusion, settlement, completion. adj. Complete, final. adv. Finally. -असक, -असक the lowest price. असक असक to settle, resolve, determine.
तिरुविके, से तिरप्रि.
तिरे, से तिरप्रि.
तिरेले, स. Termination, conclusion.
तिरगदे, स. Completion.
2. से तिरप्रि.
ति, तिरुति, तिर्थ, तिर्था, स. Pure water, sacred water in which an idol is bathed; a bathing place of pilgrimage. 2. a bathing place. -असक pilgrimage to a sacred river. -असक bathing in sacred water. -असक to administer sacred water, to give water to drink. -असक to spring forth, as water from a fountain.
तिरिनि, तिरिके, से तिरप्रि.
तिरस्वुनि, से तिरप्रि.
तिरपु, स. Settlement, adjustment, decision, decree. असक असक to be settled. असक असक to decide, adjudge.
तिरपुनि, से तिरप्रि.
तिरविके, स. Conclusion, settlement, adjustment.
तिरवे, स. Land assessment, tax.
तिरस्वुनि, से तिरप्रि.
तिसा, से तिरप्रि.
तिक्ष्णा, तिक्ष्ण, स. Haste, hurry. 2. heat, warmth, pungency. अंद्र. Sharp, quick; hot, warm, pungent.
तुंकुनि, से तिरप्रि.
तुंगा, स. The river Tuṅga. 2. height, loftiness. अंद्र. High, lofty. -असक the river formed by the junction of Tuṅga and Bhadra.
तुंगाये, स. A tall man.
tungayē, s. A kind of seed.
tungāyi, s. A fragrant kind of grass.
tungū, see tungę.
tuntā, adj. Mischievous, impudent, wicked.
tunti, tuntedi, s. A mischievous or impudent woman.
tunte, s. A wicked or impudent man.
tundu, s. A piece, slice, bit. ~a rag. ~a short cudgel. 3. pieces, fragments. ~ to patch, join pieces. ~ to fell a tree in blocks. ~ to cut into pieces.
tundē, s. The cover of leaves round the loins, as worn by Koragar women. ~ a black kind of the five-leaved chaste-tree.
tunna, see tunna.
tunnaei, s. The scurf or mealy crust of the body.
tumba, adj. Full, complete.
tumbavuni, c. v. (of tumbunu) To cause to fill, load, lade. 2. to accuse, impute, attribute.
tumbi, s. The blackbee. 2. see tumbo. ~, see tumbi.
tumbilu, s. Sneezing. ~ to sneeze.
tumbuni (tumbu), v. a. To bear, carry, as a load. 2. to fill. 3. to endure, suffer. v. n. To be filled, full. ~, ~ to suffer from a false accusation. ~ ~ to be guilty. ~ to carry a load. ~ to be in debt. ~ to carry an idol in procession, round its temple.
tumburu, see tumbo.
tumburu, tumbrure, s. A celestial chorister.
tumbē, s. The plant Phlo- mis indica.
tumbenekkilu, s. Wild vegetation. ~ wild vegetation to grow; to fall in ruins.
tumbo- nun, tummonyuni, refl. v. (of tumbo-) To bear or suffer for one's self, to be patient.
tumbbu, see tumbo.
tukadi, s. A piece, rag, fragment, bit. 2. the division of a district. 3. rank and file. ~ to divide, to put into files.
tukkutukku, s. Skipping; strutting. 2. arrogance, haughtiness. ~ to skip; to strut.
tukre, see tumbo.
tugadi, tugudi, see tugadi.
tuga, s. The skin, bark, rind. — తుగ, తుమాన్న, — తుంగి తుగి to skin, pare, peel.

tučča, adj. Small, little, mean. 2. void, empty, deserted. — తుచ్చా ఆశ్చర్యదాన, తుంగి ఆశ్చర్యదాన to contempt, scorn, viliness. — తుంగి తుంగి తుంగి తుంగి to despise, scorn.

tuččata, s. Biting. 2. dispute, quarrel. — తుచ్చాత తుంగి తుంగి తుంగి తుంగి తుంగి to dispute or abuse mutually.

tuččavuni, c. v. (of తుంగి తుంగి) To cause to bite, chase.

2. to join, unite.

tučči, see అం.

tučču (తుంగి), v. a. To bite. 2. to be joined, united.

tuččelyu, s. A vicious animal; a biting animal. adj. Vicious; biting.

tuji, see అం.

లేకుంటా, tuţi, tuṭṭi, s. Dearth, scarcity. adj. Dear, scarce, rare.

tuda, adj. Bored, scooped out; cf. తుదాడి. — తుడాడి తుడాడి a trough made of a palm stump.

tudaru, tudāru, s. A light; a lamp. — తుడారు ఎండ్ తుడారు ఎండ్ an iron hand-lamp. — తుడారు తుడారు తుడారు lamp oil. — తుడారు తుడారు తుడారు the lamp-light procession of an idol, etc. — తుడారు తుడారు తుడారు to light a lamp.

tudalē, see అం.

tudi, see అం.

tuḍupini, see అం.

tuḍe, s. The thigh, shank, side piece; cf. తుడు. — తుడు తుడు the hip. — తుడు తుడు a side plank. — తుడు తుడు a bubo, venereal ulcer; cf. తుడాడి తుడాడి.

tuḍepuni, see అం.

tuṇaṅgyu, see అం.

tuṇe, s. The gummy juice exuding from the stalk, etc. of certain fruits. 2. arrogance, pride. — తుడు తుడు to be arrogant.

tuti, s. A sort of drone corresponding a bagpipe. 2. see అం.

tuttāri, see అం.

tuttavuni, c. v. (of తుడు) To cause to dress, clothe.

tuttu, s. Dressing. — తుడు తుడు clothes, raiment. — తుడు తుడు dress, clothing, covering.

tutuni (తుడు), v. a. To dress, wear, clothe.

tutturi, s. A trumpet, horn, pipe. — తుడు తుడు a trumpeter, piper. — తుడు తుడు to blow a horn or trumpet.

tudi, s. Point, end, extremity, top. — తుడు తుడు the arm from the elbow. — తుడు తుడు completely; up to the top. — తుడు తుడు top and bottom. — తుడు తుడు aimless, purposeless. — తుడు తుడు to be sufficient, convenient. — తుడు తుడు to finish, complete. — తుడు తుడు the point of a sword.

tuduṅkara, see అం.
A river, stream.

The bank of a river.

The holly-leaved acanthus, *Dilivaria ilicifolia*.

The tree *Crataeva nirvala*.

A kind of grass or nettle. *Tragia involucrata*.

A gun, musket.

A stack, heap of corn or rice. A stack with a crown of twisted rope of straw and ears of paddy. The crown of a stack. A kind of yam, *Dioscorea atropurpurea*.

To sit in a coil, as a serpent.

A cyclone, storm. 2. calamity, misfortune. 3. a serious imputation.

Discovery, as of stolen property; detection, as of an offence.

Pressure, throng.

*tuphānū, s.* A cyclone, storm. 2. calamity, misfortune. 3. a serious imputation.

*tupākū, tupāki, s.* A gun, musket.

*tuppati, see তুপ্পতি.*

A stack, heap of corn or rice. A stack with a crown of twisted rope of straw and ears of paddy. The crown of a stack. A kind of yam, *Dioscorea atropurpurea*.

To sit in a coil, as a serpent.

A discovery, as of stolen property; detection, as of an offence.

*Pressure, throng.*

*tupākū, s.* A gun, musket.

*tuppati, see তুপ্পতি.*

*tupākū, s.* A kind of yam, *Dioscorea atropurpurea*.

The crown of a stack.

A stack with a crown of twisted rope of straw and ears of paddy. The crown of a stack.

*2.* To string, as beads. 2. to bore, perforate. To bore the ears; to wishper; to backbite.

To be stringed. 2. to be bored, perforated. To fall, as powder from decayed wood.

*adv.* Violently, strongly.

To pick flesh from a carcass, as a vulture, etc.; to vie as puppies when sucking, etc.

*2.* A prison, jail.

Chaff. To winnow.
Quick, hasty, swift. —turana, see тур. 

291. turuta, see тур.

тuru turuturu, adv. Swiftly, quickly.

turupu, s. Cavalry. 2. a trump or winning card.

turupuni, see тур. 

турвa, see тур. 

турвa, s. A balance. 2. similarity. 3. see тур.

turuvayi, turuvuni, turuvoni, v. To embrace, take in.

turudu, s. Fast, tightly.

turukamata, s. Mohammedanism.

turkali, s. Distention, puffing. 2. pride, insolence. 

тulа, s. The sign Libra. 2. the seventh solar month.

tulavuni, see тул.

tulасу, see тул.

тul', adj. Sweet, fresh. —аё" fresh water.

tulipuni, tuliyuni, v. a. To churn, make butter.

tulе, туle, see ту.

тulеба, s. Weighing one's self against gold, etc. 

тulуа, adj. Comparable, analogous, equal.

tullatulla, see тул.

tullи, see тул.

tulluni, see тул.
tulle, tullela, tullyala, see तूळी.
tulla, s. Overflowing, running over.
tuvvi, see तूळी.
tusku, adj. Useless, vain, unmeaning; also तूकाचा.
tulası, see तूळी.
tulapini, tulavuni (तूळपिनी), v. a. To row, paddle, steer; cf. तूळी.
tulamuni, see तूळी.
tulipuni, see तूळी.
tulasyuni, see तूळी.
tulasi, Jñ. To row, paddle, steer; cf. tulı, see तूळी.
tulavuni, तूळवुणी, Jñ. To row, paddle, steer; cf. तूळी.
tulukuni, see तूळी.
tulutaye, s. A native of the Tulu country.
tulupuni, see तूळी.
tuliva, s. Softness, as that of a variety in fruit, etc. adj. Soft, as a fruit, etc. तूळी.
atulipuni, see तूळी.
tulive, s. A Tulu man. तूळी an ox born and bred up in the Tulu country.
tulapuni, see तूळी.
tulpe, s. A shell, skin, rind.
tulya, see तूळी.
tuštu, tuštu, adıı In an outspoken manner, straightforwardly. 2. suddenly, hurriedly. तूळी to speak out or straightforwardly.
tulluni, see तूळी.
tulluni (तूळणी), v. n. To roll, turn. 2. to leap, jump.
tulunali, s. A marriage among Pariahs; also तूळी.
tu, s. Fire. adj. Fiery. 2. bright. 3. ardent. तूळ काला matches. तूळे सुधा the scar of a burn. तूळे a flint stone. तूळे धुं, तूळे धुं a spark. तूळे धुं, तूळे धुं a fire pit. तूळे a firebrand. तूळे burning coals. तूळे धारा flame. तूळे धुं smoke. तूळे a box of matches. तूळे a burn, scald, blister. तूळे the heat of fire. तूळे fire to burn. तूळे to blow fire. तूळे to poke fire. तूळे पुरुष fire to blaze. तूळे fire to burn fitfully. तूळे to quench or extinguish fire. तूळे fire to extinguish. तूळे धुं, तूळे to tread on fire; to smother. तूळे to set fire. तूळे to light, kindle a fire. तूळे fire to smoulder.
tünkana, s. Swinging. 2. dependence.
tünkaliyuni, see तूळी.
tünkı, see तूळी.
tünk, s. Swinging. 2. drowsiness. 3. reeling. 4. deliberation.
tünkuni, tünkāvuni, c. v. (of तंकाला) To cause to weigh. 2. to hang up.

tünkiri, see तंक. 2. see तंक. 2. s. Hanging. —तंक a hanging lamp.

तुकूनि (तंक), v. a. To weigh. 2. to hang suspend. 3. to swing, rock, as a cradle; cf. तंकाला।

तुकुला, s. A hanging lamp.

tुकुलियि, तुकुलियि, तुकुलियि, s. Annoyance, distraction. —तुकुलियि to annoy, distract.

तुकादि, s. Drowsiness, sleepiness. 2. see तुकला।

तुकादिपुणि (तंक), v. n. To be drowsy, sleepy.

तुकुम, तुकुम, तुकुम, see तुकला।

तुकांतू, s. A mixture of rubbish and earth, burnt and used as manure.

tुके, s. A torch, made of palm leaves, etc. 2. a fierce, quarrelsome woman; also तुके, तुके a mock-fight with torches. —तुके a quarrelsome woman.

तुकालूल, s. A soldering rod.

tुकी, सांख. 2. see तुक।

तुता, s. Appetite; desire.

तुता, प्राकृतिक, तुताः तुताणुया-
tuna, s. A stake, post. 
- a kind of yam, Dioscorea alata.
tupa, s. A sign.
tupāvuni, c. v. (of & & & ) To show, point out. 
2. to cause to winnow.
tupini (v), v. a. To see, look, observe. 
2. to try, test, examine. 
3. to visit. 
4. to seek; to consider, regard. 
5. to take care. 
[t]upu, s. Winnowing, as 
tupuni (v), v. a. To winnow, fan. 
2. to blame, abuse; see तुलित.
tūbè, s. A hole.
tūra, s. A contract, particularly for toddy. 
- and toddy supplied according to contract. 
- a toddy-drawer who has contracted to supply toddy. 
- to consign toddy according to contract.
tūri, s. An earthen water-pot; cf. तुळ. 
- a man with a dropsical belly.
tūrimullu, s. Ziziphus anomlia. 
- to instigate.
tūru, s. A crack, chap, fissure. 
- to crack, chap.
tūruri (v), v. n. To crack, as a vessel.
tūrului, s. A kind of rattan, Calamus rotang; cf. तुळी. 
- the root of the same. 
- a thicket of the same. 
- a walking stick made of the same.
tūrya, s. A musical instrument.
tūla, (imperat. 2nd pers. sing. of तुला) See! 
2. see तुळी.
tūlangi, see तुळानि.
tūlāvuni, see तुळावुणि.
tūli, see तुळी.
tūluni (v), v. n. To totter, reel; to nod, be drowsy.
tūlengi, see तुळेंगी.
tūla, s. Inspiration; enthusiasm, ecstasy.
tūlam, s. A kind of cotton.
tūlu, see तुळी.
trūṭu, s. An instant.
trūna, s. Grass, hay, straw. 
2. a bit. adj. Light or trifling, as a straw. 
- contemptible; short life.
trūpti, s. Satisfaction, gratification, contentment. 
- to be satisfied. 
- to satisfy. 
[desire.
trushā, s. Thirst. 
2. wish, 
tēṅkāyi, see तेंकायी.
tēṅkālū, s. A red kind of stone.
tēṅgya, s. The cocoanut tree. 
2. a swelling.
tēṅdu, see तेंडी.
tēṅde, see तेंडेक.
tendemuli, s. A species of thatch grass.

tendelū, s. A very young coconut just out of bud. — the face to shrivel.

tettu, adv. Now.

tennasu, see tendemuli.

tembate, tembarē, s. A small drum. — to drum.

tembi, s. The lower part of a coconut shell. 2. the back of the head.

tembiri, temberi, s. A burning sensation in the throat. 2. a raw taste, as of imperfectly seasoned food.

temberiyuni (tendemuli), v. n. To feel a burning sensation in the throat. 2. to taste raw, as imperfectly seasoned food.

tembuda, adv. Yet, still, up to this time.

tembē, see tendemuli.

temberē, see tendemuli.

tembélu, see tendemuli.

temma, s. A cough, cold. — the whooping cough. — cough with dyspnoea, bronchitis. — a catarrhal cough. — to cough, hawk.

tekku, see tendemuli.

tekkarē, s. A cucumber; *Cucumis sativa*.

tekkarmē, s. A kind of ornament; also see tendemuli. 2. see tendemuli.

tekkalē, see tendemuli.

tekkāvuni, c. v. (of tendemuli) To quench, put out, smother.

tekki, s. Teakwood, *Tectona grandis*. — the teak tree.

tekkuni (tendemuli), v. n. To be extinguished. 2. to be calm, be pacified. — anger to be pacified.

tekkere, see tendemuli.

tegulū, s. A sprout, bud.

teguluni (tendemuli), v. n. To sprout, shoot, bud.

teguni (tendemuli), v. a. To take. 2. to abuse, revile. — making a threatening noise.

tegeluni, see tendemuli.

tegelē, s. Abusing, reviling. — to abuse.

tettu, adj. Bad, wicked. 2. rotten, decayed; also tendemuli.

tettō, c. v. (of tendemuli) To cause to be damaged, corrupted or failed; also tendemuli.

tettōvuni, v. n. To rot, decay; be damaged. 2. to become corrupt. 3. to fail; also tendemuli.
tedi, see तेडी.

tedilu, s. Thunder, thunderbolt, thunderclap. —तेरकया a flash of lightening. —तेरकया to thunder. —तेरकया to be struck by lightening; to be thunderstruck.

tenasu, see तेनासु.

tetti, s. An egg.

tettuni (तेट), v. n. To throb or distend, as the kidneys from accumulation of urine.

tenu, see तेनु.

tenukayi, tenukayi, s. South. adj. Southern.

2. the Malabar province.

tenasu, s. Food, feeding.

teni, see तेनी.

tenker, irregular gerund of तेनाकरण.

tepa, s. A float, raft.

2. a shoal of fish. adj. Dense; cf. तेप्पे to make a float.

teparige, s. A cloth-like substance which wraps round the base of the coconut branches.

tepu, s. The fibrous covering of certain nuts.

2. see तेपु.

teppe, see तेप्पे.

tebatuni, see तेबातुणी.

tebatê, s. A kind of fish.

tebbu, s. A bow string.

tebbubbu, see तेब्बुब्बु.
tereduni (telu), v. n. To be confounded, confused. 2. to roll down.

terpuni (telu), v. a. To separate. telu. To make one sit in a cross line as an outcaste at dinner.

teduni (telu), v. n. To keep separate; to interdict, excommunicate.

terpe, s. Sod thrown up by ploughing; cf. terpe.

tervé, see térvé.

teluntuni, see téluntuné.

telavu, telavu, s. A young or half grown cock.

telavuni, telavuni, telavuni (telu, telu), v. n. To go aside, make way. 2. to avoid, shun.

telantyú, s. Coming beforehand.

teli, s. Gruel, rice water. 2. see tel.

teliké, s. A laugh, smile, laughter. 2. ridicule, derision. ansa— a gentle smile.

telipavuni, c. v. (of telu) To make laugh.

telipuni (telu), v. n. To laugh, smile. v. a. To deride.

teliyavuni, see teliyáné.

teliyuni, see teliyanké.

telu, see telu.

telugó, telugu, telugu, s. Telugu.

telugó, teluenge, s. A Telugu man.

teluñtuni, see teluñtuné.

telpu, s. Thinness. adj. Thin, lean. 2. few, little.

telpuni, see telpu.

tellavu, tellavu, s. A thin, flat kind of cake, made of rice flour, etc.

telluni (telu), v. a. To winnow, sift.

tellé, see tellé.

tellena, adj. Thinnish; cf. telu.

tevaly, s. Desire, wish. 2. attachment.

teluntuni (telu), v. n. To contract, shrivel. 2. to wither, grow thin.

teli, see tel.

teliyuni, see teliyáné.

tekkuni, see tekkó.

tekké, see tekké.

tékamurka, s. Cloying, palling, satiation.

teka, see tek.

téké, adj. Brimful, up to the brim only. — the about three quarter seer of rice. — to mete up only to the brim of a measure.

tégó, s. Belching.

teguni (telu), v. n. To belch.

téjá, téjassú, s. Lustre, light, splendour. 2. glory, fame.
**tepali**, s. A kind of trough or bucket used for watering trees, *etc.*

**tepu**, s. Rubbing, whetting, polishing, as a precious stone.

**temayi, teme**, see *temaya, teme*.

**temana**, *temana*, s. Loss in assaying metals, waste caused by rubbing or polishing metals.

**teru**, s. An idol-car. 2. the car-festival.

**teru**, s. Bark, rind, peel.

**teranta**, s. A centipede, millepede.

**terata**, s. A car festival.

**teru**, see *teru*.

**tere**, see *tere*.

**tereda-mara**, s. The
marking-nut tree, *Semecarpus Anacardium*.

**tergadé** s. Settlement; conclusion; acquittal. 2. passing, as an examination.

**tergée** s. Mire sticking to a plough.

**terbdidi** s. The street through which an idol-car is drawn; the car-street.

**telu**, see 驮.

**telavuni**, see 塞鴨.

**teluni** (telu), v. n. To float.

**tevu** s. A kind of yam, *Arum colocasia*; *Calladium esculentum*.

**telu** s. A scorpion. — the hook of a chain, to which a coin etc. is suspended. — a scorpion to sting.

**tei**, see 驮.

**teini**, s. Being in one's charge or care. 2. a peon attending on a superior officer; an orderly.

**teipini**, see 驮.

**teirané**, see 驮.

**teiruni**, see 明.

**teili**, s. A money bag, purse.

**teila, teile** s. Oil, ointment.

**teilasa**, see 書.

**teilli**, see 驮.

**toûké** s. Void, vacuum.

**tongé, tongely**, s. A cluster of blossoms; a bunch of fruits, etc.

**tondé**, see 驮. 2. see 驮.

**tondekalpu**, s. The northern frontier of the Tulu land. the Tulu country extends from Tondekalpu down to the ford of Kasargod.

**tondtini**, see 驮.

**tondappé**, s. A tadpole.

**tondaré**, s. Entanglement, confusion. 2. perplexity, annoyance, trouble, vexation. 3. misfortune, distress.

**tonduni** (tondo), v. a. To work hard, labour; cf. 驮.

**tondu**, 驮. A baking pan; a copper vessel for baking cakes by steam.


**tombiky**, see 世世.

**tommè**, s. The lobe of the ear.

**togari, togaré**, s. The pigeon-pea, *Cajanus*.
indicus. —split pigeon-pea.

togalu, see Τογαλ.
togari, see Τογαρ.
tojanku, see Τογανκ.
tojakè, tojakadè, s. Malice. — to talk maliciously; to give vent to malice.
tojji, s. Itching, scratching. 2. the scum of water, collected into bubbles.
totì, s. An old woman.
tote, s. An old man.
totì, s. A bucket, trough, tub.
totti, s. A cradle, cot. — a bat. — a large kind of butterfly. — to rock a cradle.
tottu, s. The stem or stalk of a leaf or fruit. 2. the nipple of a breast.
tottunì, tottonunì (Γοτυν, Γοτυνκ), v. a.
To embrace, hug, hold fast; cf. Τοτί.
totttà, s. A basket made of cocoanut leaves. 2. a honeycomb; cf. Γοτυν Τοτί Το τοιν a kind of crane. [trough.
totrayì, s. A wooden

totlalè, s. A child in the cradle; also Τοτλάλε. — a wife to return to her husband's house, with the new-born child.
totumbè, s. A cluster of flowers.
todakù, s. A clasp, hook.
todaku, s. Entanglement; obstacle, hinderance.
todaguni (οτόνου), v. n.
To begin, commence. 2. to undertake.
todagelyù, s. Beginning, commencement.
todamanè, s. Entertaining a son-in-law or a mother-in-law for the first time.
todaryù, todaru, s. Entanglement, obstacle.
todalè, s. The funeral dinner. 2. hardship, trouble.
— food earned with hardship.
todi, see Τοδι.
todì, s. Clothes, dress. 2. ornaments. 3. avidity, eagerness.
todu, toduvelu, s. Greediness. — Τοδοντι a greedy man.
todè, see Τοδε.
todepuni (οτόνου), v. a.
To anoint. 2. to paint. 3. to smear, rub.
todevà, s. A bubo.
todu, toduvè, s. A large bee. 2. a beehive, honeycomb. 3. a lump of musty flour. — to build a beehive; to become musty. — to extract honey from a beehive.
toddë, s. A large kind of bee. 2. its hive; cf. toddelu.

toddëlu, s. Greediness. 2. a large bee.

toddeli, see toddë.

todde, toddele, todtele, s. A greedy man.

todtini, s. A greedy woman.

tottu, s. A maid servant.

todale, s. A stammerer.

todale, s. Stammering. 2. indistinct pronunciation.

3. untruth. — to todder to stammer; to lisp; cf. todunkara.

todünkara, see todale.

todungeilu, s. Longing, eagerness.

todupu, s. A vain hope or desire.

toppalipuni, see toppi.

toppi, s. A cap, hat.

toppu, see toppi.

toyali, s. A washerwoman.

toyilu, see toyali.

toyipuni, see toyali.

toyila, see toyali.

toyili, see toyali.

Weed, see tody.

tora, see tole.

torangu, see tody.

torängu, see tole.

torakè, s. A large flat seafish, a skate, thornback.

—, — different species of thornback.

toragè, see tody.

toranà, see tole.

torapunì, v. a. To wash superficially. 2. to flatter.

3. to heal a disease by incantations, fumigation, etc.; also
torapunì, see torapunì.

torale, s. The mucus of the nose.

toripunì, see toripunì.

torely, s. Abandonment.

torevunì (to), v. a. To abandon, give up.

torkaliyuni, see tole.

torkuni (to), v. a. To play. 2. see tole.

torkelù, see torkuni.

torpu, s. A kick.

torpunì (to), v. a. To kick. 2. to tread.

tolumbè, see tole.

tolanì, see tole.

tolaguni (to), v. n.

To depart, move away; to leave, forsake, desert.

toladhari, s. A weigher.

tolike, s. The skin, bark, rind.

tolukuni, see tolukuni.

toluñkuni, see tolukuni.

tolumbè, s. A bunch, cluster.

toluvè, s. A hole. — to bore a hole.

tolë, s. The weight of a rupee. 2. a beam, log.

tolkelù, see tole.26
**tolpu**

 tolpu (టుపు), v. a. & n.

1. To prick. 2. To open, as a boil. 3. To split, as a tender cashew nut.

tolpu, s. Substance, property. — టుపు to dissipate.

tolpuni (టుపుని), v. a. To pluck out, as hair, feathers, etc.

tolací, see టుపాడి.

tolimbe, tolimbè, tolumbè, see టులింబె.

tolilu, s. Trade, business. 2. see టులిండు.

tol, s. A hole. adj. Empty.

tolunkuni, see టులనుండి.

tolê, see టులె.

tolkè, see టులకీ, టులకే.

tolluni, see టులుని.

tolle, see టులె.

toipuni (టుపుని), v. a. To strike, beat. 2. To wash, as clothes.

toimbu, adj. Large, tall. 2. Fat, stout.

toilu, s. Plenty, abundance.

tünkù, see టుంఖు.

tünkuni, see టుంఖుని.

tünkè, see టుంఖీ, టుంఖే.

tünkelyù, see టుంఖెలు.

tôngè, see టుంగె.

tombè, see టుంబె.

tormbu, see టురంబు.

toku, s. Danger, risk.

2. Collision.

tokulu, see టుకులు.

tökê, tökelù, s. A slope, declivity. adj. Secluded, retired.

tókolu, s. A kind of bait.

tókkâle, see టుకుకెలె.

tójävuni, c. v. (of టోచు) To show, point out.

tójuni (టోంచు), v. n. To appear, be seen. c. dat. To seem, think. టుంచించడం to disappear; vanish; to miss.

tota, s. A garden, orchard, plantation. —టోటా a gardener, planter. టోటా a coffee plantation. టోటా a coconut garden.

töti, s. A scavenger; a sweeper.

tötige, s. A class of Brahmins, working in plantations.

tötu, see టుంటం.

töda, s. Faintness exhaustion. 2. see టుంటం. —సమా టుడించడం to be exhausted.

tödaigelyù, adj. Scooped, burrowed.

tödamarayi, s. A trough scooped out of a single log of wood.

tödävuni, c. v. (of టుడు) To cause to dig, to have dug.
todu, s. A drain, sewer, gutter. 2. a brook, water-course, canal.

toduni (toduni), v. a. To dig, burrow, mine. toduni - to dig or sink a well.

tostuni, see tostu.

tona, see tosta.

totre, see totra.

topana, s. A drain or opening on the border of a garden to let out rain water; cf. tosala.

topi, see topi.

topu, s. A grove, clump of trees. 2. a cannon. 3. a red coloured cloth. adj. Red. -ih a female's garment of red colour.

topely, see tope.

topra, tobra, s. A gram-bag for horses.

toba, s. A fault, crime. -stb to be harassed, or defeated. -vak to plead guilty.

tobel, tobelu, adj. Big, large. -ah a pot-belly.

toma, see toma. 2. An iron crow. 2. an arrow. 3. a javelin.

tomara, s. An iron crow. 2. an arrow. 3. a javelin.

toya, s. Water.

toyipuni, see toyo.

tora, s. Stoutness, thickness. adj. Thick, stout, large.

torana, s. A festoon of leaves, flowers, etc. hung over a doorway or across the highway, a triumphal arch.

torikè, torigè, s. Appearance, show, exhibition.

toru, s. Leaking.

torun (toruni), v. n. To leak, ooze, run. 2. see tostat.

tolu, see tolu.

tolpuni, see tolop.

tóvále, s. A cultivator, gardener.

tovu, see továs.

tovë, s. Boiled pigeon-peas.

tósha, s. Joy, delight, pleasure.

toshekháné, tóskháné, s. A treasury.

tolu, see tolu.

tolu, s. The arm. 2. a wolf; also tovolù. -stb strength of arm. -dé an ornament worn on the arm. -akk to wave the arm.

tolangù, s. Shaking of the arm.

tolu, s. A beam.

töjë, see töjë.

toi-, see after tojë.

tou-, see tou-

toun (tounú), v. a.
To shake, wave.
The creeper *Asparagus sarmentosus*

Brown, ruddy colour.

A kind of wild fig tree.

A kind of snake.

A kind of wild fig tree.

A kind of wild fig tree.

To strip off, as the leaves of a tree etc., to remove.

Music.

Strong man.

Power, strength, ability.

A strong man.

A balance, pair of scales.

Protect (poetic).

A medicine composed of three ingredients.

Thought, word and deed.

Morning, noon and night. 2. past, present, and future tenses.

A triangle.

The three qualities, *i.e.*, truth, passion, and ignorance. *adj.* Threefold, treble.

A third part.

Third. — the instrumental case.

The sectarian mark worn on the forehead by Vaishnavaits.

Three kinds of fruits, *i.e.* sapota, jambu, and mulberry, used in medicine.

The three worlds, heaven, earth and hell.

A holy tree; also the musical instrument.

The Hindu triad, Brahma Vishnu, and Siva.

Three kinds of medicinal roots.

Triune.

The three genders, namely: masculine, feminine, and neuter.

The three human objects, namely: love, duty, and wealth.

A name of Vishnu.

Three kinds. *adj.* Threefold.

A kind of metre.

The trident of Siva.
The second or silver age of the world.

tretayuga, see त्रेतयुग.

treilokya, see त्रेलोक.

tvakkū, s. The skin; the rind, bark, as of fruits, trees, etc.

tvarita, s. Haste, speed, quickness.

TH

tha, The thirtieth letter of the alphabet.

thagūḍa, see ठगुड.

Thatāla, s. The sound of an unexpected slap.

thattu, see ठठ.

thattanē, see ठठणे.

thatti, see ठठी.

thattuga, see ठठुग.

thattetaraku, s. Household furniture.

thara, see ठर.

thala, see ठळ.

thalathala, see ठलाठाळ.

thantuni, see ठांतु.

thātu, s. Gaiety, mirth, festivity.

thātuni, see ठांतु.

thātā, see ठाठ.

thāduni, see ठाठ.

thāde, s. An ox that gores.

thānē, see ठाठ.

thāsa, s. Heat, burning.

1. inflammation, fever. 2. anguish, distress.

thōdi, see ठोळ.

D

da, The thirty-first letter of the alphabet.

dam, see ठम.

daṅkāvuni, c. v. (of daṅ)

To cause to kick, etc.

daṅkiyuni, see ठंकी.

daṅkuni (daṅk), v. a. To kick, or throw with the foot, as a ball. 2. to despise, treat with contempt. 3. to flaunt, strut. ठंकरे to speak defiantly.

rañgū to mock at fear. काकलोके not to be despised.

daṅkyuni (daṅk), v. n. To crow lustily, as a cock. 2. mucus to discharge from the nose; to suffer from catarrh.
daṇḍa, s. The arm.

daṅga, see daṇḍa.

daṅgāpini, see under daṇḍa.

daṅgāvuni, c. v. (of daṅ) To cause to bend, bow.

daṇḍa, daṇḍa, daṇḍa, ṣ. Bending, inclination. s. Bending, inclination.

daṇḍa, s. The stalk of certain grains and vegetables. 2. any pot-herb, as spinach, etc.

daṇḍavuni, c. v. (of daṅ) To cause to bend, bow.

daṇḍuni (ṇḍ), v. n. To bend, incline.

Daṇṭa, s. Rebellion, mutiny. —ṣaṃcāla, ṣaṃdāra to rebel.

daṇḍelya, adj. Bent, inclined. s. Bending, inclination.

daṇṭu, s. The stalk of certain grains and vegetables. 2. any pot-herb, as spinach, etc.

daṇṭavuni, c. v. (of daṅ) To cause to bend, bow.

daṇṭuni (ṇḍ), v. n. To stumble. v. a. To throw with the foot, as a ball. ṣaṃyoga ṣaṃyoga to stumble; to be offended.

daṇṭe, s. A walking staff, stick.

daṇḍa, s. A spring of water. 2. an army. —daṇḍa a sacred bathing place near Udāpi. —daṇḍa a soldier. —daṇḍa a general. —daṇḍa a spring of water. —daṇḍa to levy an army. —daṇḍa to go to war.

daṇḍu, s. The stalk, as of a plantain leaf. 2. an oar, paddle. —daṇḍa, —daṇḍa to row, paddle.

daṇḍa, s. A staff, stick; also polity; ethics. —daṇḍa to become worthless; to be wasted. —daṇḍa to pay fine or damages. —daṇḍa to waste.

daṇḍaka, s. A sort of metre. 2. the name of a forest mentioned in the Rāmāyaṇa.

daṇḍanē, s. Punishment, pain, torment. —daṇḍa—penance, mortification.

daṇḍasū, s. A blacksmith's tongs; a large pair of pincers.

daṇḍi, s. A mace-bearer. 2. an ascetic.

daṇḍigē, s. A kind of open palanquin. 2. a palanquin pole. 3. a sunbeam.

daṇḍipuni, daṇḍisuni (ṇḍ), v. a. To punish. 2. to mortify, as the body.

daṇḍiyāvuni, c. v. (of daṇḍa) To cause to stretch
dandi

out the hand, as by offering to give something, to offer; also दांदयुनी.

दांदयुनी (दांद), v. a.
To put forth, stretch the hand to receive anything; also दांदेका.

दांदें, s. Ornament worn on the arm. 2. a dam, mound, bank, bar. 3. the back of a pial. दांदेवा a log of wood placed across the brink of a well to stand upon.

दांदव, see दांदे.

दांदा, s. A tooth, tusk. 2. ivory.

दांदा, दांदा dantavalette, danti, s. An elephant.

दांदा, adj. Dental.

दांदा, s. A married couple. 2. a household. दांदा, see दांदा. -दांदा adoration or honour paid to a married couple.

दांदा, see दांदा. 2. see दांदा.

दांदा, see दांदा.

दांदा, s. Delight, pleasure. 2. love, good will. 3. acquiescence. 4. persuasion. दांदा, see दांदा.

दांदा, दांदा, दांदा, दांदा damba, dambati, see दांदा.

दांदा, s. Breath, hard breathing. दांदा gymnastics. दांदा to hold one's breath; to be silent. दांदा to hold one's breath. दांदा to die. दांदा to breathe; to sigh. दांदा to breathe in. दांदा breathe hard; to smoke.

दांदा, see दांदा.
daemon, s. A tusk, fang, large canine tooth.

daghā, daghā, s. A gadfly.

dakā, dakā, s. Trouble.

dakātī, s. Possession, control. 2. appropriation. 3. digestion. —त to be appropriated; to be digested.

dakāka, s. Weight. 2. Difficulty. —क to place a weight upon anything; to press; to condense.

dakāvuni, c. v. (of दग्नि) To cause to throw, expel. v. n. To place a weight upon anything.

dakāvunī, refl. v. (of दग्नि) To retain, digest anything eaten. 2. to misappropriate successfully. 3. to carry a load or burden. 4. to take charge of.

dakātī, see दग्नि.

dakākuni (दग्नि), v. a. To cast out, throw away, expel. 2. to reject; also दग्नि. v. n. see दग्नि. —क to be thrown away, lost. —क to shoot.

dakā, s. A quay, pier, embankment. 2. see दग्नि.
dacca, see दृष्टि.
dacchina, see दृष्टि.
dajjuni, see दृष्टि.

data, s. Thickness. 2. coarseness. 3. closeness. adj. Thick, stout, coarse. 2. close.
datisuni (दत्तिजी), v.a. To fix, make firm.
datti, s. A waist-band.
dattiyuni, datiyuni (दत्तिजी), v.a. To rub out, obliterate, wash off. v.n. To be dense, crowded.
dadu, see दृष्टि.

dadumbasu, daduku, adj. Coarse. a coarse cloth.
dadujaddu, s. Callosity. adj. Callous.
dada, s. A shore, bank.
dadakka, adv. Suddenly. अनुज्ञ to fall suddenly.
dadadada, s. The noise of fast walking or talking. अनुज्ञ to walk very fast. अनुज्ञ to speak or talk rapidly.
dadabada, dadabadi, s. Rapidity, hurry; cf. अनुज्ञ. 2. the noise of falling suddenly. अनुज्ञ hurry, haste: अनुज्ञ a bouncer, blusterer. अनुज्ञ to fall suddenly.
dadal, adj. Talkative, loquacious. अनुज्ञ loquacity.
dadal, see दृष्टि.
dadavante, s. A strong, powerful or influential man.

dadadadi, adj. Quick, active, smart. adv. In hot haste.
dadi, s. A speck in the eye. 2. anger, rage. 3. see दृष्टि. 4. see दृष्टि. अनुज्ञ to have a speck in the eye. अनुज्ञ to stamp the ground with the foot.
dadik, s. A kind of rash, blotch.
dadipuni, dadiyuni (दत्तिजी), v.a. To drive away. 2. see दृष्टि.
dadila, adv. Suddenly. अनुज्ञ to drop suddenly.
daqubadu, see दृष्टि.
dadé, s. An obstacle, hindrance. 2. a screen, blind. 3. a charm. 4. a scaffold, platform. 5. a roller, lever. 6. a weight equal to seven pounds. अनुज्ञ to charm a serpent; to hinder by witchcraft. अनुज्ञ to postpone; to come to terms. अनुज्ञ to lift upon a scaffold. अनु�्ञ to prolong.
dadu, s. Short stubble left in the ground. 2. worthless paddy. 3. callosity, hardness, as of the skin of the palm from manual work, etc. adj. Dull, stupid, idle; void. अनुज्ञ a blunt knife. अनुज्ञ stupidity, idleness. अनुज्ञ in- dolent syphilitic ulcers. अनुज्ञ a bad kind of rice.
a kind of wild screw-pine. an indolent sore to suppurate.

dadda, adv. Suddenly; cf. dadda, to fall suddenly.
daadala, s. The tree Careya arborea.
daadalkki, s. An inferior kind of rice.
daadhi, s. A stupid woman.
2. see adhi.
daadjiyuni, see adadul.
daadde, s. A stupid fellow.
2. a sow.
daadodi, s. The American aloe.
daadmena, s. Sluggishness, torpor. 2. indigestion.
daanal, s. The sound of a bell.
daani, see daani. 2. see dani.
daanike, s. Fatigue, weariness, exhaustion. to become weary, fatigued, tired.
daanipavuni, c. v. (of danipavuni) To fatigue, weary, satiate.
daaniya, adj. Heavy.
daaniyuni (a), v. n. To be fatigued, tired, exhausted. 2. satiated, satisfied; also a.
daanu, s. Fatigue, weariness, exhaustion.
dattu, s. The left side.
datta, adj. Left. the left hand.
their new accounts on the 1st day of Vikramāditya's era.

*dapti*, see *dapi*.

dappa, s. Thickness. *adj.* Thick, stout. *-dapti* a thick or coarse cloth.

dappu, s. Occasion, convenience, opportunity; making room or forming an open file in a gathering of people. 2. ploughing. 3. an umbrella stripped of its leafy covering.

dappuni (*d*), *v.a.* To plough.

daphana, see *daph*.

daphedare, s. A head peon.

dabakka, *adv.* Suddenly. 2. headlong. *-dapti* to fall suddenly. *-dabat*k to jump down suddenly.

dabadē, s. A capacious leatheren bottle.

dabadaba, s. Palpitation of the heart. *-dabat*k to palpitate.

dabana, see *dab*.

dabarē, s. A kind of brazen pot. 2. confusion, disorder.

dabardasti, see *dabs*.

*dabāyisuni*, *dabāsuni* (*dabāsuni*), *v.a.* To menace. 2. to force. 3. to chide, frighten. 4. to stop, detain. 5. to keep under, press down.

dabi, s. Sense. *-dab* to lose one's senses, become insensible.

dabili, see *dab*.

dabuti, see *dab*.

daburasu, see *dsru*.

daburi, s. Division of profit. 2. a writer. 3. see *dsru*.

dabtary, see *dsru*.

dabti, see *dsru*.

dabbadabbanē, see *dsru*.

dabbaṇa, s. A bodkin, a large packing needle.

dabbaradibbara, *adj.* Disorderly, confusedly. *-dsru* to put into confusion. *-dsru* to speak incoherently.

dabbi, see *dab*.

dabili, see *dab*.

dabbu, s. A crack, break. 2. see *dsru*.

dabudi, s. The wicker-work of a cart.

dabulī, see *dsru*.

dabbe, s. A splinter, slip of bamboo, etc. *adj.* Cracked, split.

dabbelu, s. A split, cleft, chink. *adj.* Cracked, split.

damayanti, s. The name of Naḷa's wife.

damānu, s. The large sail of a boat.

damāmi, s. The noise of a drum.

damāsu, s. A stamper, beater, large wooden block
with a handle, used to level the ground.

**dāma**

**damāsa**, s. Damask cloth.

**damukāvuni**, c. v. (of **dama**). To cause bluster, tumult, noise.

**damukuni**, v. n. To bluster, storm, swagger.

**dammaya**, see **maya**.

**daya**, s. Kindness, favour; compassion, pity, goodness. -**sūr to favour, condescend, obligate. -**sūr to honour with a visit; to give; to come; to sit down; to go.

**dayasuni** (sūr), v. n. To suit, be fit.


**dayānīdhi**, s. The treasure of kindness, God.

**dayāvante**, s. A kind or generous man.

**dayāsāgara**, s. The ocean of kindness, God.

**dayālū**, adj. Kind hearted, merciful, compassionate. -**sūr the merciful God.

**dāra**, s. Price, rate.

**dara**, s. Fear, terror. 2. a hole in the ground.

**darakāra**, s. Power, authority; right.

**darakāśu, darakāsya, darakāstu**, see **kāṣṭha**.

**daragū**, see **jang**.

**daraji**, see **jag**.
daru, s. A door. 2. see दूर.
darunī, see दूर.
daruduru, adj. Rough, coarse. —दूरे to speak evasively.
daruburu, s. Sipping.
darūṣāna, see दरुष्य.
darē, s. A fence, parapet, wall; cf. दूर. —दरु to fence, raise a wall.
[whole.
darobastu, adj. All, darkāryu, see दरकार.
darkāstu, darkāstu, s. A tender for the cultivation of land; an offer for liquor contract. —दरकार to bid for a farm, etc.
darna, see दर.
darṇa, s. A tomb supposed to work miracles.
darji, s. A tailor.
darjuni (दरजूँ), v. a. To mumble.
darpa, s. Pride, arrogance. —दर्पा a proud, arrogant man.
darpāna, s. A mirror, looking glass.
Darpu, s. Swelling, inflammation.

darpuni (दर्पूँ), v. a. To thrash, beat, strike, break. v. n. To swell, inflame. दर्पूँ to curse, anathematise.
darbāru, s. An audience. 2. an audience hall, a court. 3. grandeur, pomp, ostentation, show.
darbē, darbē, s. Sacrificial grass, Poa cynosuroides.
darma, see दर्म.
daryāpti, see दर्शन.
darsana, darsana, s. A vision, sight. 2. a visit, advent.
da, adj. Stout, strong, robust, thick.
dalavādyu, dalavādi, see दालवा.
dalādi, s. Depth. adj. Deep. —दलार deep water.
dalālu, dalāli, see दलाल.
da, s. A broker, agent. 2. agency, commission, brokerage.
dalliya, s. A foot-cloth.
daliyunī, v. a. To slap, beat. 2. to smear. दलील to smear a wall with mud; cf. दालील.
davade, s. The jaw, cheek.
davanī, davanē, s. A fixed term of payment. —दावे
one who pays by installments.

A written agreement fixing installments.

A long rope to which cattle are tied in rows.

An inkstand; also 

A kind of fragrant shrub.

The flapping selvedge of a garment. —

loose breeches.

Produce of the field; corn, grain in general.

A peon's belt.

Expedition; march, speed. 2. a gallop.

see 

A loose jacket, long coat.

see 

A passport, permit. 2. a summons.
2. likeness, similarity. 3. a signature. 4. fees, duty.

2. likeness, similarity. 3. a signature. 4. fees, duty.

2. likeness, similarity. 3. a signature. 4. fees, duty.

2. likeness, similarity. 3. a signature. 4. fees, duty.
What is not destitute; less uninhabited. fruitless senseless, imprudent. a man without means. during my absence.

Without, except, not being. without fear, fearlessly.

Whether. 2. I know not what. I doubt whether he will do or not. I doubt (or I cannot say) whether it will happen or not.

Married state.

entry in a book or register. to arrive; to be registered or put on record, as a petition, etc. to make an entry; to file, register; to produce.

Demonstration, proof, documentary evidence. to give proof.

A scar. 2. disgrace, infamy.
dane, intg. pron. What?
-what did you come for?
danendunda, conj. (lit. If you say what), namely, thus, as follows, because, for.
dåpu, see dare.
dåbanibally, see dare.
dåbalì, s. A kind of white blanket.
dåbu, s. A child's girdle, a silver belt.
dåbu đ, s. A joint-piece.
dåbè, s. A pigeon-loft. 2. bodily care.
dåmdumù, see dare.
dåmary, see dare. 2. see dare.
dåmasù, see dare.
dåmädi, see dare.
dåmäsiyi, s. Proportion, apportionment.
dåmisù, adj. Useless, worthless. 2. worn out.
dåmodare, s. A name of Krishna.
dåya, s. Heritage, inheritance. 2. a gift, present from relations.
dåyake, s. A giver, donor.
dåyana, s. Illusion.
dåyadì, s. A kinsman, relation, coparcener.
dåye, (- -e) see under dare.

daye, dáye, dáyegù, intg. pron. Why, for what purpose?
dáyegandunda, conj. (lit. Why, if you say) Wherefore, because.
dâru, see dare.
dâru, see dare.
dâru, s. A false accusation; slander.
dâre, see dare.
dâre, A personal affix denoting an office bearer, holder, etc.; as, dárepì, dárepoli, etc.; cf. dare.
dârepì, s. The fruit of Cucumis acutangula, a variety of dare.
dârepoli, s. The carambola fruit, Averrhoa carambola.
dâremâ, s. A seat occupied by bride and bride-groom during the marriage ceremony.
darekalli, s. A kind of striped milk-hedge, *Euphorbia antiquorum.*

darbê, see 318.
darbâdu, see 318.
dalacini, see 302.
dâlî, s. Anything; cf. 346. -जी, there is nothing.
dâlû, see 346.
dâlimba, dâlimbi, see 302.
dâtjji, see under 330.
dalâ, s. Anything; cf. era.

dalali, 302.
dalini, s. Cinnamon.
dâva, see 346, 302. 2. see 346.
davanibally, see 302.
dâvati, s. Grief, sorrow, distress, suffering. 2. weariness, fatigue.
dâvali, see 302.
dâvu, s. Glare, lustre, heat, warmth.
dâvî, s. A suit, claim; complaint. 2. enmity, spite. -कृ to claim; to complain.
dâsatva, s. Slavery, bondage, servitude.
dâsana, s. The shoe-flower plant, *Hibiscus rosa sinensis*; also 318.
dâsapanti, s. A kind of grass, used as a blister.
dâsaya, see 302.
dâsaye, dâsayye, s. A Vishnuite mendicant.
diriju
dirijuni (dirij), v. n. To be filled, full, replete. v. a. To fill. दीर्ज् — lit. to fill the belly; to earn one's livelihood; to be pleased.

diğelü, s. Fullness. 2. flood-tide.

diyu, s. The festival of illumination, when the idol of a temple is carried in procession. — दियुः to decorate; to prepare for an illumination.

diyu, adj. Strong, stout. 2. rash. — दियुः, see दिवस. — दियुः दोष a tyrant, bully.

diyu, s. The tender stalk inside a plantain tree.

diya, adj. Proud, mischievous, impudent; cf. दिज्या.

dīdiyati, s. Mischief, impudence. 2. stupidity.

diyu, see दिव.

diyu, s. A strong, stout man; a mischievous fellow. — दियुः a large coconuts tree.

dina, see मीन.

dīdi, see मीन.

dīdi, s. A hillock, eminence. — दीदी hill and dale, ups and downs.

dinna, see मीन.

dīdin, s. A hearth, fireplace.

dinna, see मीन. — दीन्ना in the front of a hearth.

dimma, s. The sound of a small finger-drum.

dimmané, adv. Quickly, suddenly.

dimma, see मीन.

dimma, s. A wedge; a stopple, plug.
dikko

A Pariah woman.

dikpalake, s. The guardian of one of the eight points of the compass.

digurū, s. Disregard, indifference. 2. resentment. adj. Adverse, contrary. — the guardian of one of the eight points of the compass.

diganta, s. The horizon.

digantara, s. A foreign country.

digambara, adj. Naked, uncovered. a nude man; a recluse, anchorite.

digilu, s. Fear, alarm. 2. cowardice.

diggaja, s. One of the fabulous elephants supporting the globe.

digambhara, s. A general charm to keep off all evils.

digbhrama, s. Unsteadiness.

digvartē, s. News from different directions.

digvijaya, s. Universal conquest.

dita, see दिता.

dittā, adj. Confident, bold.

ditti, see दित्ति [man.]

ditte, s. A bold, or clever

didumbu, adj. Corpulent.

didumberu, s. A big drum.

bull, an ox belonging to a Śiva temple. 2. Śiva's steed.

didūka, see दिदुका.

didūdiḍa, adv. Quickly.

didūmena, see दिदूमेना.

dida, see दिदा.

didīka, see दिदीका.

didumbaru, see दिदुम्बरु.

didka, adv. Immediately, quickly; suddenly.

didū, s. An elevated ground, a mound. 2. rancidity.

diddē, see दिडदे.

didmēna, see दिदमेना.

didamme, didappē, see दिदममे, दिदप्पे, under दिदम.

dinūṣu, s. Likeness. 2. kind, sort.

dinūṣāra, s. Different kinds or sorts, as of goods, etc.

dina, s. A day. — daily routine. — daily wages. — daily. — a diary, day-book, chronicle. — daily conduct. — daily. — the length of a day, a day in general; the times. — the present time. — to spend time, to live.

dinamprati, adv. Daily, every day.

dinasu, see दिनासु.
dinānadina, s. A certain day.
dinālā, adv. Daily.
dibbana, s. A bridal party, a marriage procession. — dib, dibā, dibār persons belonging to a marriage party.
dibrālū, see dīpasā. 
dimūḍāyi, see dīpasā.
dimākū, s. Haughtiness, arrogance, pride, disdain.
dimiti, s. A kind of stout, white cotton cloth, ribbed or figured; dimity.
dimidimi, s. Agility, dancing nimbly.
diyyā, dirra, adv. Suddenly, at once; cf. dīlū.
dīlū, s. The mind, heart.
dīva, divasa, see dīva.
dīvakare, s. The sun.
divānu, divāne, s.
The minister or secretary of a native state. 2. an idiot, fool.
divārātrē, s. Day and night. adv. By day and night. 
divārhāṇa, s. Ascension.
divāli, s. Bankruptcy. 2. see divāli. — dīlū to become insolvent. 
divi, s. Heaven, the sky.
diviti, see diviti.
dividivimara, s. The dividivi tree, Caesalpinia coriara.
divya, adj. Divine, celestial. 2. beautiful, agreeable, excellent, supernatural. — dīva divine disposition. — dīvā the Divine Being, God. — divā a rare gem. — divā quicksilver; also divāsā. — divāsā heaven. — divā an excellent substance; a holy being.
diśāntara, see diśāntara. 
diśātanē, see diśātanē. 
diśē, s. Direction, side, space, region; cf. dīlū, diśē. 
diśē, s. Fate, destiny, fortune.
diśē, see diśē. — divāsā glass beads put on the neck of an infant to ward off the effect of evil eyes. 
dīse, s. Fortune, luck. — dīse to be lucky. — dīse—good luck. — dīse—bad luck.
ditigē, see dītigē. 
dinysu, see dīnasū. 
dīna, adj. Poor, indigent, needy, 2. modest, humble, cringing.
dīna, s. A poor or weak man. 2. an humble man. 
dipa, s. A lamp; a light. — divā lighting lamps in a temple as an act of devotion. 
dipana, s. Hunger. 
dipā, dipāli, dipāvali, s. (lit. A row of lights), a
festival with nocturnal illuminations in honour of a god.

dipāvuni, c.v. (of dipā) To cause to place, keep, put, etc.
dipāvoṇuni, refl. v. (of dipāvuni) To keep, etc. for one's self. 2. to keep a concubine, etc.
dipikē, see dipti.
dipti, s. Light, lustre. 2. fire. 3. a lamp kept burning near an idol.
dipini ( حص), v.a. To place, keep, put, reserve, lay by.
diya, see dipti.
dire, see dipti.
dirgha, adj. Long. s. The long form of a vowel, the letter ।. -दिक्षात a long life. -दिः a prophet, seer. -दिः death. -दिः long suffering, patience.
dirsālē, s. A superior kind of rice.
divatī, see divi.
divalī, see diva.
divi, divu, s. An island. -दिक्षात the bread fruit, *Artocarpus incisa.*
dikshānta, s. The fulfilment of a vow or austerities.
dikshē, s. The initiatory ceremony of a sacrifice, etc. 2. a vow, resolve to accomplish anything. 3. under-
taking a service, austerities, etc. -दिः to take a vow; to undertake any pious work.
dūnkuni, see dūkā.
dūnci, s. Shag, nap, as of a cloth. -दिः to hem a garment. -दिः to become woolly or shaggy.
dūncely, adj. Shaggy, woolly, as a cloth.
dundu, adj. Round, globular. -दिः a kind of bracelet worn by females. -दिः a kind of round jasmine, *Jasminum sambac.*
dundē, see dundu.
dunna, s. Heaviness. adj. Heavy.
dundu, adj. Prodigal, wasteful. -दिः, -दिः prodigality, waste. -दिः a prodigal, squanderer.
dundubhi, s. The fiftysixth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. a kettle-drum.
dunna, see dunna.
dunnoici, s. A kind of earring.
dumpiyuni ( حص), v.n. To stumble.
dumbagyu, adv. In future, next year; cf. दुम्बता. [first. dumbatta, adv. First, at
dumināni, adv. The day before, previous day.
dumbu, s. Front. 2. past time. 3. futurity. adv. In
dumma

1. front. 2. early, beforehand. 3. at first, in the beginning. 4. formerly. 5. in future, hereafter; also ὰδῶν. — the first man, firstborn. — to go in advance. — before and behind, front and rear.

dunipuni (dun.), v. n. To struggle, strive. 2. to flutter, flap the wings in agitation, as a bird. 3. to bustle, be in a hurry.

dunipedu, adj. Struggling, striving, fluttering. 2. bustling.

dunipele, s. A bustler, busybody.

dunna, see डुप्पा.

duttu, see डुप्पा.

duppa, adv. Suddenly; quickly.

duppati, duppate, s. A laced or other cloth
loosely thrown over the body.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a vain or forlorn hope, unattainable desire.

2. a vain or forlorn hope, unattainable desire.

loosely thrown over the body.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a sheet, tablecloth.
durge, see दुर्गी.

दुर्गी, s. A sheet of paper.

दुर्गाजी, s. Wicked people.

दुर्मुख, s. A disreputable caste.

दुर्मुखी, see दुर्मुखी. 2. see दुर्मुखी.

दुर्मुखी, s. Misfortune, ill-luck.

दुर्मुखे, स. Bad conduct.

दुर्मुक्ति, s. A bad word.

दुर्मला, s. Weakness, impotency. adj. Weak, impotent; helpless.

दुर्मिनी, s. A telescope.

दुर्मित्र, स. lit. A bad seed. adj. Of bad family, of disreputable descent.

दुर्मित्री, s. A wicked mind; bad disposition. 2. folly, want of sense.

दुर्मित्री, see दुर्मित्री. 2. see दुर्मित्री.

दुर्मित्री, s. Bad advice.

दुर्मित्र, s. Scarcity, famine.

दुर्मति, s. The fifty-fifth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. an evil mind.

दुर्मनसा, s. A bad mind.

दुर्मनसा, s. An untimely death, death by accident.

दुर्मार्ग, s. Wickedness, vice.

दुर्मित्र, s. A bad friend.

दुर्मुख, s. An angry face.

दुर्मुखी, s. The thirteenth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

दुर्मुखेंद्रे, s. The elder of the Kuru princes.

दुर्मलेस्वात, adj. Difficult of attainment, scarce, rare.

दुर्मस्ते, s. Bad news.

दुर्मस्त, s. A stink, stench.

दुर्मस्त, s. A bad habit, evil practice.

दुर्मस्त, s. A useless expense, squandering, waste.

दुर्मस्त, s. Rockets; also दुर्मात्र. 2. see दुर्मात्र. —ग दुर्मात्र to fire rockets.

दुर्मस्त, s. A kind of necklace.

दुर्मस्त, s. An enemy, opponent. दुर्मस्त, enmity, hostility.

दुर्मस्त, s. A bad disposition or practice.

दुर्मस्त, s. An evil deed, crime, sin. दुर्मस्त, a wicked man.

दुर्मस्त, s. A great thief.

दुर्मस्त, s. An evil time. 2. famine, scarcity.

दुर्मस्त, s. Infamy, bad name.
dushta, adj. Bad, wicked, depraved. 2. low, vile. —का एक बुरा लोग। —का बुरा चिंतन। —का बुरा चिंतन, दुर्बलता। —का बुरा चिंतन; एक गुरु है।
dushta, s. A wicked or bad man.
dustara, adj. Difficult, trying, hard.
dustale, s. An unhappy man; a bad man.
dustu, s. A suit of clothes.
dusvabhava, s. An evil disposition, ill-nature.
dussanga, s. Bad company or intercourse; evil companions.
dusvabhava, s. An evil disposition, ill-nature.

dusvabhava, s. An evil disposition, ill-nature.
dustara, adj. Difficult, trying, hard.
dustale, s. An unhappy man; a bad man.
dustu, s. A suit of clothes.
dusvabhava, s. An evil disposition, ill-nature.
dussanga, s. Bad company or intercourse; evil companions.
dusvabhava, s. An evil disposition, ill-nature.
duru, v. a. To accuse, complain; to blame, reproach, censure.

durele, see durema.

durtatana, s. Craftiness.

durte, s. A deceiver.

durs, s. A deceiver.

dushake, s. A blasphemer.

dushane, s. Cursing.

dushipuni (siaiU), v. a. To blaspheme. 2. to blame, censure, reproach.

dusu, s. Fine powder; cf. dul.

dusuni (sio), n. To spill, sprinkle.

duselU, s. Powder, dust. adj. Powdered, dusty.

duli, see dul. 2. a dispicable person. 3. a high number. —duli. —duli unreliable.

dulu, see dul.

druky, s. The eye. 2. sight, seeing.

dru, s. Firmness, stability. 2. certainty. adj. Firm, stable. —dru firmness; truthfulness. —dru to affirm, declare; to fix, make certain.

drughana, s. Confirmation.

drushta, adj. Visible, apparent.

druhtanta, s. An example, illustration, evidence. —druhta to exemplify, illustrate.

drushi, s. Sight, seeing. 2. an eye.

deBU, s. A hiding place.

dengavuni, s. v. (of do) To cause to be hidden, concealed; hide, conceal.

denguni (sio), v. n. To be hidden, concealed, lie in ambush.

degele, s. One who hides, a refugee.

denji, s. A crab. —denji an abscess between the thumb and the forefinger. —denji, —denji, —denji, —denji, are some of the species of crab.

dejeli, s. A kind of umbrella made of palm leaves.

dentu, see dentu.

dennana, see dennana.

dembu, see dembu.

dembelu, see dembelu.

dekattuni (sio), v. a. To shuffle, or move in a slovenly manner, as a person in a tight dress or when the foot is entangled in anything.

dekatti, s. A kind of nut-cracker used for cutting the areca-nut into pieces.

dekkayi, s. The betrothal badge. —dekkayi to put the same on the person of a bride.
dekka

The space between the legs, when they are apart. adv. Between the legs.

dekkāji, s. A kind of bracelet.

dekkāne, adv. Tightly.

dekkāvuni, c. v. (of dekkā) To cause to wash.

dekki, s. Space, room, place.

dekkuni (dekkā), v. a. To wash (anything except clothes), lave, cleanse.

dekkulu, see dekkāne.

dekkuli, s. Irregular teeth, projecting teeth.

dekkē, see dekkā.

deppāvuni, c. v. (of dekkā) To cause to take.

deppu, see dekkā. 2. see dekkāne.

deppuni (dekkā), v. a. To take, receive; cf. kapā. To abolish, take away, put aside; to pull out; to remove, dismiss.

debbē, see dekkā.

deyya, see dekkā. 2. see dekkā. 3. see dekkāne.

deyiva, see dekkā.

derangayi, see dekkāne.

derpuni (dekkā), v. a. To lift, raise.

devva, s. A demon, evil spirit.

dēsē, desē, s. Condition, state. 2. fortune, luck.
dēseddu, postp. From, by, on account of, for.
dēki, s. Nicety. 2. management or foresight. adj. Nice, good.
dēgū, see dekkāne.
dēja, see dekkā.

dēbē, s. A quarrelsome woman.
dērāta, s. Driving.

dēruni (dekkā), v. a. To drive, drive away.

dēla, s. A small temple. 2. God. the idol's apartment in a temple. a man bereft of his child blasphemes against God.

delantottu, s. A Brahmin's house.

delandapuda, s. A temple pigeon.

dēva see deva. 2. the male organ.

dēvanda, adj. Pertaining to temples. a small kind of tiles.

dēvak, s. Krushṇa's mother.

dēvaka, s. Pertaining to temples. A man bereft of his child blasphemes against God.

dēvagana, s. The race of gods.

dēvadike, s. One of the caste of musicians.

dēvatārācanē, s. Worship of a god.
dēvā, s. A demi-god.
dēvātvā, s. Divinity; godhead.
dēvadatta, adj. Given by God.
dēvādāra, dēvādārya, dēvādāra, s. A cedar.
dēvādūta, s. An angel.
dēvādrōha, s. Apostacy, heresy.
dēvanāma, s. The name of God, deva.
dēvanindē, s. Blasphemy.
dēvapujē, s. Adoration of God, divine worship.
dēvapratishthē, s. The consecration of an idol.
dēvabārē, s. A superior kind of plantains.
dēvamandāra, s. A kind of flower.
dēvamārga, s. God’s ways. 2. pious behaviour.
dēvarānga, s. The centre of a temple.
dēvāraje, s. Indra.
dēvalōka, s. Heaven.
dēvalaya, see dēvalī.
dēvasa, s. Temple-lands or property.
dēvasamaraṅga, s. Presence; God’s presence.
dēvasamarpanē, s. Offering to God.
dēvasthāna, s. A temple.
dēvānga, s. A Lingāyat class of weavers. 2. an ape.
dēvādī, s. One of the weaver class.
dēvādhina, s. Death.
dēvārādhanē, s. Divine worship.
dēvalaya, s. A church; a temple.
dēvi, s. A goddess. 2. Pārvati. 3. a queen.
dēvī, dēvī, dēvī, dēvī, s. A Brahmin’s dress.
dēverē, s. God. 2. an honorific title, applied to persons of rank.
dēverī, s. A sacred work or undertaking.
dēvēndre, s. Indra.
dēsa, s. A country, land, territory, district, region. —a one who has left his country, an exile.
dēsahāshē, s. The language of a country.
dēsabhāshē, s. A foreigner; a traveller.
deśā, s. The custom of a country, local usage.

desatana, s. Travels; travelling.

desadhikāri, desadhhipati, s. A sovereign ruler.

desayi, s. A chief man among the Lingayats.

desavara, adj. Foreign, exotic. s. A present, gift, alms.

desya, see des.

deha, s. The body. Corporal punishment, penance, mortification.

dehi, adj. Having a body, corporeal.

dei, s. A plant, young tree.

deindi, s. The name of a tree. 2. A staff, stick.

deinde, see de.

deinya, see de.

deiva, s. A deity; God. 2. an evil spirit, a demon. 3. Destiny, fate. adj. Divine, celestial. -dei, -dey a divine act. -deiv, -deiy divine origin, God's will. -dei, ordained by God. -dei, -deiv fate, God's decree. -deiva, divine nature. -dei, God's help. 3. divine strength. -dei the face of God; divine grace.

deivadhina, adj. Subject to God's will. s. Fate, God's decree; death.

deivika, adj. Divine.

deisuni, see deis. 2. see deisuni.

douka, see douk.

douka, adj. Tall. to grow tall.

doukāvuni, c. v. (of doukā) To cause to tread, trample.

doukāsu, see douk.

douknuni (doukn), v. a. To tread, trample. -douk a Pariah woman to become pubescent, vlg.
donkē, donkē, donkē, donkēlyu, see donkē.
donkēlyu, s. What has been trodden. adj. Trodden, trampled.
donkēnguni, see donkē.
donkēntē, see donkē.
donkēndî, see donkē.
donkēndē, s. The throat. -রি (lit. to wet the throat) to drink, allay thirst.
donkēonna, s. Self-confidence. -র a man carrying a club; a self-confident man.
donkēnappē, s. A self-confident or conceited man.
donkēonnē, s. A cudgel, club, mace.
donkēndonappe, s. A companion.
donkēndî, s. A small torch made of a rag.
donkēndu, s. A couple, pair. 2. see donkē.
donkēndēpuri, see donkē under donkē.
donkēonnē, s. A cup made of plantain leaves, etc. -হনয় to make such a cup.
donkēndompa, s. A pandal, shed, temporary covering of matted palm leaves, etc.; cf. donkē. 2. a frame-work of bamboo, etc. erected for training a creeper. -়ের Cynamopsis psoraloides, a kind of bean. -হনয় the annual festival of a demon celebrated under a pandal. -র়া the succulent creeper purslane, Basella rubra; cf. donkē.
donkēnpiyuni (donkē), v. n. To stumble.
donkēndombi, s. A mob, rabble. 2. a riot, uproar. -র a rioter, turbulent man.
donkēndombu, s. Sunshine, heat of the sun. -র়া mirage. -হনয় the heat to decrease. -র়া to expose to the sun. -হনয় the sun to shine. -হনয় the sun to strike. হাতু- very hot. হাতু the morning sun. হাতু, the evening sun. -হনয় twilight.
donkēndombudi, see donkē.
donkēndombe, s. A tumbler, rope-dancer. -হণ tumbling, rope-dancing. হন a female tumbler.
donkēndombol, donkēndomboli, s. A chap, cleft in the surface of the earth.
donkēndommare, see donkē.
donkēndomsa, see donkē.
donkēndomkān, donkēndokkinkān, donkēndokkulu, donkēndokkulu, s. A mode of addressing high caste people by Pariahs.
donkē, dokkē, s. Breath; breathing. -হনয়, -হনয়, -হনয় -হনয় to revive. -হনয় to cease to breathe; to expire. -হনয়, -হনয় to palpitate.
dogga, s. Kneeling. lit. saluting on one’s knees; submission, yielding.
doggu, adj. Kneeling. to submit, yield.
doggalu, s. Kneeling.
doggu, adj. Kneeling. on one’s knees; submission, yielding.
_eroo ///. saluting; submission, yielding.
rieteo cracks to submit, yield.
dogguni (~^), n. To kneel.
doggoli padpe, J. A short kind of the vegetable Amaranthus oleraceus. 2. the purslane.
dojjalu, s. Uncleanliness; rubbish.
dojjuni (~^), v. n. To stammer; to hesitate.
dojje, s. A stammerer.
dotte, see donelu.
dodakü, adj. Perplexed, confused. 2. broken, damaged.
dode, s. A greedy man; cf. dodde. 2. see dodde. 3. see dodde. greediness.
doddà, adj. Great, large.
doddanne, s. An elder brother.
doddanti, s. Birthday.
doddanadaye, s. A powerful man.
doddappaye, doddaye, s. A father’s elder brother.
doddarè, s. A kind of rice.
doddalè, dodle, s. A wild orange, Atalantia Monophylla.

doddastige, s. Greatness, loftiness. 2. riches, power. 3. ostentation, pride.
doddû, see donelu. 2. see dodde.
dodde, see donelu.
donelù, s. A club.
donna, see donelu.
doddè, see dodde.
donelù, see donelu.
doppe, s. A kind of grass.
dobari, see donelu.
dobbi, see donelu. [ing.
dobbu, s. Pushing, shove.
dobbuni (~^), v. n. To push, shove, put off.
dorañku, see dorakavuni.
dorakuni, see dorakavuni.
dorángu, see dorakavuni.
dorandigé, dorandoligé, s. Self-praise, egotism, elation.
dorakavuni, c. v. (of dorakenu) To cause to obtain; to procure.
dorakuni (~^), v. n. & c. dat. To be got, obtained, procured, found.
dorake, see dorakë.
doragy, adj. Coarse, rough.
dorasty, see doragy.
dori, adj. Poured, as corn, etc.; cf. dori.
doripavuni, c. v. (of dorastu) To cause to flow down,
run out, or run over as corn, etc.

doripuni (doripuni), v. a.
To shoot out as corn, etc., from a sack or bundle.

doriyuni (doriyuni), v. n.
To flow down, run out, or run over as corn, etc., from a sack or bundle. 2. to fall, as rain, to shower. 3. to feel a limb heavy.

doré, see dore.

dorj, dorj, dorj, dorjily, s.
A kind of rafter.

dorèle, adj. Partially empty or loose, as a bundle of rice.

dorpun, dorpun, dorpun, dorpun, see doripuni.

dalaunku (dalaunku), v. a. To relax, loosen.

dollu, adj. Useless, unprofitable, vain. 2. empty, void. 3. see dollu.

doll, s. Saliva, spittle. —to cough hard.

dolaunku, dolauku, dolauku, dolauku, adj. Loose, lax. s. Looseness; also dolauk. —to tie loose; to slacken.

dolaukuni (dolaukuni), v. n. To be loose, lax; be bruised.

dole, see dol.

dolpun, dolpun, see dolpuni. 2. see dolpuni.
dōde, s. Thinness.
dōbi, s. A washerman.
dōra, see ṭōrutā.
dōrikā, see ṭōrutā.
dōranē, see ṭōrutā.
dōri, s. A rope.
dōrē, s. A kind of gold bracelet. 2. the thread used for fastening a knife to the legs of a cock in cock-fighting.
dōrekāyi, s. A ripe fruit.
dōrganda, see ṭōrutā.
dōlanē, dōlanē, dōlanē, dōlanē, s. A drum and bell, bell-drum.
dōlī, see ṭōlu.
dōlu, s. A drum. -a a pot-belly. -ga the hollow cylinder or hemisphere of a drum.
dōle, s. A man with a pot-belly.
dōsha, dōsha, dōsa, s. Fault, defect, blemish. 2. sin, offence, crime. 3. error, mistake. -ā a man of unblemished character.
dōsē, s. A cake of rice flour.
dōsti, s. Friendship, intimacy. 2. a friend.
dōlā, s. Desire. 2. the lin plant.
dōli, see ṭōlu.
dōlu, see ṭōlu.

dōlki, s. A small drum.
dōlisa, see ṭōlu.
dōlu, s. A gallop. 2. a quick motion. 3. arrogance. 4. speed, haste. 5. great haste.
dōdē, s. The jaw, cheek. -h to slap the cheek.
dōta, s. Loss, destruction. -h to destroy.
dōti, s. An ink-stand.
dōrangi, doulangi, doulangi, s. A long coat
dōlatu, doulatu, doulatu, s. Rule, government. 2. pomp, ostentation.
dōlu, see ṭōlu.
dōvē, adj. Toothless.
drāvida, see ṭōlu.
dravya, s. Wealth, property, substance. 2. elementary substance, namely: earth, water, fire, air, ether, time, space, soul, intellect.
dravyāśe, s. Love of gold, avarice.
drāvida, adj. Dravidian or Tamil. -ā properly the country from Madras to Cape Comorin. -ā a Brahmin, native of the South of the Vindya mountains. -ā one of the Dravidian languages.
drāksha, drākṣe, s. Grapes. -a a vineyard. -a the grape vine. -a wine.
droha, s. Treason, treachery, rebellion, revolt. द्रोह- apostasy. द्रोह- treason. द्रोह- an apostate, traitor, betrayer.

dvandva, s. A couple, pair. 2. strife, dispute. द्वंद्व- single combat. द्वंद्व- a form of grammatical combination of words.

dvara, s. A door. द्वार- a doorkeeper.

dväraka, s. The city where Kṛushṇa, reigned.

dvi, adj. Two
dviṣa, adj. Two

dvija, adj. Twice born. s. The oviparous class of animals, as birds, snakes, fish, etc., which are first born in the shell or egg and then produced from it.

dvijati, s. One of the twice born castes.

dviṣa, s. A Brahmin, whose investiture with the sacred thread is supposed to constitute a second birth.

dvitiya, adj. Second. द्वितीय- the accusative case.

dvipadē, s. A metrical composition in couplets.

dvipādi, s. A biped.

dvivaēana, s. The dual number, γram.

dvividha, adj. Twofold.

dvipa, s. An island.

dvēsha, s. Hatred, enmity. द्वेष- to hate, detest.

dveita, s. Dualism. द्वेता- a sect that regards God and matter as distinct. द्वेता- one of this sect.

DH

dhani, s. A proprietor, master, lord. 2. a wealthy man. 3. see धनी.

dhanike, s. A wealthy man.

dhanu, dhanussu, s. A bow. 2. the ninth solar month. द्वाष्ट्र- the sign Sagittarius. द्वाष्ट्र- an archer.

dhamudhumu, see धमुद्धमु.

dhara, see धरा.
dhara, s. An old coin equivalent to one Rupee.
dharana, see dhara.
dharaṇī, dhāraṇī, dharitri, dhāre, s. The earth. dharaṇī a king.
dharsuni, dhārisuni, dhāritoṇuni (dhāritoṇi), v. a. To wear, dress, put on, assume a form. 2. to retain in mind, hold. dharaṇī to become incarnate. dharaṇī to become pregnant. dharaṇī to be silent.
dharma, s. Justice. 2. charity, liberality. 3. duty, obligation. 4. usage, practice. 5. fitness, propriety. 6. virtue, merit. dharaṇī a wedding in which the bridegroom incurs no expense. dharaṇī a wedded wife. dharaṇī the oldest of the Pāṇḍu princes; Yama. dharaṇī a code of laws. dharaṇī to give alms. dharaṇī to do justice.
dhāmanu, s. A charitable man.
dharmārta, dharmārtha, adj. Gratuitous, charitable, free. dharmadharma, s. Right and wrong. dharmādhikārī, s. A dharmī, dharmīsṛṣṭhe, s. A charitable or liberal man.
dhavaḷa, adj. White, fair. —dhavaḷī white colour.
dhavlī, s. A white cow.
dhātu, dhātū, dhātu, s. The pulse. 2. any constituent part of the body, as flesh, blood, etc. 3. a primary or elementary substance, as earth, air, etc. 4. the property of a primary element, as odour, colour, etc. 5. a grammatical root. 6. a fossil or mineral. 7. the tenth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.
dharmadharma, s. Right and wrong. dharmadharma, s. Judge.
dhāraṇī, dhāraṇī, dhāraṇī, dhāraṇī, dhārādatta, adj. Given by pouring water on the hand. dhāraṇī to give by pouring water on the hand.
dhāraṇī, s. Price, charge. 2. holding, having, maintaining, wearing. 3. keeping the mind collected, breath suspended, and all natural wants restrained.
dhārādatta, adj. Given by pouring water on the hand. dhāraṇī to give by pouring water on the hand.
dhāraṇī, s. Sharpness, as of a knife, etc. 2. the stream of a jet of water poured. 3. a wedding ceremony.
to pour water etc. in a stream. —

**dhāva**, s. Thirst, desire, ardour, heat, hotness.

**dheirya**, s. Courage, bravery. 2. firmness, steadiness. — a courageous man, adventurer.

dammer tree *Valeria indica*; cf. *cassia*, — its resin. — to burn incense.

**dhāvati**, s. Thirst, desire, ardour, heat, hotness.

**dhāvu**, s. Heat, warmth. 2. purse-pride, pride of wealth. 3. being care-worn from excessive love of money.

**dhāvē**, see above.

**dhimati**, dhimate, s. A wise or intelligent man.


**dhire**, s. A hero.

**dhukku**, see above. 2. see above.

**dhuttu**, adj. Reproached, reviled. 2. abandoned, deserted.

**dhuni**, s. A river.

**dhupambutti**, *see above*.

**dhuparati**, dhuparti, dhupandi, s. A censer.

**dhupipuni** (*pars*), v. a. To offer incense, burn incense.

**dhūma**, s. Smoke. — a comet.

**dhumala**, *see above*.

**dhūmavati**, *see above*.

**dhūmra**, s. A sort of purple colour compounded of black and red. — tobacco.

**dhūmare**, s. The name of a demon.


**dhūsu**, *see above*.

**dhūselu**, *see above*.

**dhūlu**, s. Dust. — mildew; cf. *meh*.

**dhēnu**, s. A milch cow.

**dhēnukāri**, dhēnuke, s. A name of *Krūṣṇa*.

**dheirya**, s. Courage, bravery. 2. firmness, steadiness. — a courageous man, adventurer. — a
timid man, coward. —धोडे dhode, see धोडे dhode.
dhorandarigê, dhorandaligê, see धोरंदरिगे, धोरंदालिगे.
dhoré, s. A master, lord, king, ruler. 2. a European. —धोरे dhore, see धोरे dhore.
See also dhore, s.
A master, lord, king, ruler.
Manner, way, mode. 2. display. 3. prowess. 4. ability.

dhouta, adj. Washed, cleansed, white. —धूत dhouta, see धूत dhouta.
dhyâna, s. Meditation, reflection. —ध्यान to meditate.
dhyânipuni (ध्यानपुरी), s. n.
To meditate, reflect.
dhvaṁsa, s. Loss, destruction, extinction. —ध्वंस to destroy, desolate, annihilate.
dhvaţa, s. A flag, standard, banner.
dhvani, s. Sound, voice, noise, report.

na, The thirty-third letter of the alphabet.
nâku, (pron. dat. plur. of नाक) To us.
naâgy, s. A kind of fish. —नागे useless paddy.
nângâry, naâgalu, s. An anchor.
nâji, naâju, s. Poison. 2. puerperal convulsions. 3. impurity in the blood, scrofulous tendency. 4. the after-birth. 5. envy, jealousy. 6. see nanâ adj. Poisonous, impure, unwholesome. —नां Menispermum cocculus; any unwholesome fruit. —नां a man with a scrofulous constitution; a malicious man. —नान a poisonous tree. —नान a poisonous thorn. —नान a scrofulous disease. —नान anything tending to deteriorate the quality of blood. —नान to have puerperal convulsions.
Nâjunde, s. A name of Śiva.
nântu, nan-tastigê, nanâtu, nanâ, s. Kin, relationship.
nâdu, adj. Chronic, virulent, festering. 2. shrunken, shrivelled; also no. —नां
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sanskrit Word</th>
<th>English Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>नान्दा</td>
<td>nanda, s. The foster-father of Krishna; also नंदिके, नंदी देवी. -का to become shrivelled. का to become indurated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नान्दना</td>
<td>nandana, s. Delight, joy. 2. the twenty-sixth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. 3. Indra's garden; a pleasure garden; also नंदनसर.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नान्दने</td>
<td>nandane, s. A son.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नान्दरिके</td>
<td>nandarikē, s. A class of Brahmins.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नान्दाळा</td>
<td>nandala, s. A lamp-post in front of a temple.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नान्दादिपा</td>
<td>nandādīpa, s. A lamp always kept burning before an idol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नान्दी</td>
<td>nandi, s. A bull. 2. one of Śiva's principal attendants; also नंदीसर. 3. joy, pleasure. 4. the name of a man. 5. the name of a demon; the statue of a bull. औषधी a kind of white flower.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नान्दिनी</td>
<td>nandini, s. A daughter. 2. a celestial cow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नौभाये</td>
<td>nambaye, see नंभाये.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बरू</td>
<td>nambarū, s. A number. 2. a suit, case. 3. any criminal proceedings. 4. an imputation, charge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बरुप</td>
<td>nambarūpu, see नम्बरू.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बावुनि</td>
<td>nambāvuni, c. v. (of नंद) To make believe, inspire with confidence. 2. to hoax, deceive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बे</td>
<td>nambi, s. A Vaishnava priest; also नंबौंके, नंबौं देवी.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बिगे</td>
<td>nambigē, s. Fidelity, faithfulness, honesty, loyalty. 2. trust, confidence, belief, faith. नम्बौं a confidential or trustworthy man.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बौंधी</td>
<td>nambūḍi, see नंभाडी.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बौंदी</td>
<td>nambūndi, see नंभांदी.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बौंनु</td>
<td>nambūnu (नंत्र), v. a. To believe, trust, rely upon, place confidence or faith in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बौंरी</td>
<td>nambūri, s. A Brahmin of Malabar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बौंलीगे</td>
<td>nambūligē, see नंभालिगेज.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बौंमावु</td>
<td>nambūmavu, see नंभामावु.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बौंमिके</td>
<td>nambūmikē, see नंभामिके.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नम्बौंमुनि</td>
<td>nambūmuni, see नंभामुनि.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नाका</td>
<td>naka, s. The shell of a fish. cf. नाकारीयुनि. 2. see नंकाल. नाका a kind of perfume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नाकारीयुनि</td>
<td>naka anu, see नंकारीयुनि.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नाकालु</td>
<td>nakañu, s. A copy, transcript. नाकालु to copy, transcribe; to take a copy. नाकालु to make a rough copy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>नकाल</td>
<td>nakali, s. Ridicule, satire, caricature; imitation. adj. Spurious, counterfeit. नाकाल a buffoon, satirist.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
to ridicule, caricature; to imitate.

nakari, adj. Useless, worthless. adj. Inferior.

nakula, s. A mongoose. 2. the fourth of the five Pându princes.

nakera, s. A nail, claw. adj. Claw-like

nakéruni (နကురుంది), v. n. To neigh. 2. to titter, giggle.

nakkamuṭṭi, s. A sort of gambling.

nakkavuni, c. v. (of నక్కవింది) To cause to lick.

nakkuni (నక్కుండి), v. a. To lick, lap.

nakkuru, s. An earthworm. నక్కరు ఒక భిన్న శిథితం

nakkeruni, see నక్కరుండి.

nakkelu, see నక్కలు.

nakkele, s. A man who licks, especially the plate in which food had been served. 2. a greedy man.

nakkeldi, s. An abandoned woman. 2. the fem. of నక్కల్ది.

nakra, s. A crocodile.

nakrajittu, s. Vishnu's weapon. విష్ణు పరాస్థలం

nakramaddoli, s. A

nakru, see నక్రు.

nakli, see నక్లి.

nakha, s. A nail, talon, claw. 2. a fragrant substance resembling a nail.
naccatra, see nada.
nacce, see nada.
najaru, s. Sight, seeing.
2. estimate, value. 3. a present to a superior. — to keep in surveillance.

nata, see nada.
natanata, adv. Briskly, nimbly. 2. with a crackling noise. — to frisk, gambol.
natané, s. A dance, dancing. 2. sham respect or attentions.
natávu, see nada.
natuku, s. Cracking the fingers.
natú, natta, adj. Begging; beggarly. — sores about the underlip, believed to be curable only by partaking of food earned by begging.
natta, see nada.
natta, adj. Middle, central. 2. trifling. — midnight. — a trifling, bit. — midday.
nattá, natávu, s. A loan, lending. — to lend.
nattâvuni, c. v. (of nada) To cause to beg; to send for begging.

natá, s. Planting, transplanting. — a kind of tobacco grown in South-Canara.

nattunâye, nattele, s. A beggar; a beggarly man.
nattuni (nada), v. a. To beg, request, apply, pray.
nattogukorpini, see under nada.
nadupini, see nada.
nadaké, s. Walking. 2. pace, gait. — travelling on foot.
nadatara, see nada.
nadaté, s. Behaviour, conduct. 2. intercourse, familiarity. they have no intercourse with each other.
nadatouni, refl. v. (of nada) To behave, conduct one's self.
nadapâta, s. Walking, exercise. 2. behaviour, conduct.
nadapâvuni, nadapuduni, c. v. (of nada) To cause to walk. 2. to manage, direct, guide, lead.
nadapu, see nada.
nadapuni (nada), v. n. To walk, proceed, go on. 2. to behave.
nadamâda, s. Noise, crying.
nadari, s. The periodical feast of a temple.
nadare, s. A native hearth.
nadavari, see nadare.
nadavaliké, s. Intercourse, familiarity. 2. management, control.
nadavali, s. A grand festival occurring once in 12 years at Dharmasthala.

nadi, s. Behaviour, conduct, walk. see under nadare.
nadiké, nadigé, see nadare, 2. nadare.
nadiyuni (nadi), v. n. To be planted, or transplanted.
nadiru, see nadare.
nadillu, s. The middle room of a house.
nadiru, nadiruyu, nadirlyu, see nadare.
nadu, s. Centre, middle. 2. the waist, loins. adj. Central, middle. a a middle or cross wall. the courtyard before a house. the crown of the head. one who is in the middle; an intermediate son or brother. a middle piece. the middle arm. the midday-sun. the backbone. midnight. the middle row. to gird up the loins. to have pain in the loins. to hold by the waist.
nadumbulu, see nadare.

tremble, shake, shiver, quake, totter.
nauguroga, s. The palsy, tremor.
nautara, adj. Middling moderate.
naupuni, see nadare.
naupulu, s. The waist, loins.

nauvantadi, s. The residence of a priest.
nauvadi, s. Conduct. 2. a customary observance.
nauvane, adj. Central, middle. the intermediate brother.

nauvandi, s. The intermediate daughter or sister.

nauvé, see nadare.
nadé, s. Walk, step, gait. 2. conduct, behaviour. 3. a closet, side-room. 4. the lower space between the two verandas of a house or temple. a cloth spread on the road for a procession to pass over. conduct and speech, or word and deed.

nadantadi, see nadare.

napini (nadé), v. a. To plant.

nana, see nadare.
nanilu, nanilé, see nadare.

nane, adj. Wet, moist.
nattu, nattu, nattu, nattu, natu, nattu, nattu, nattu, nattu, nattu, s. A female's ornament for the nose.

nattinge, s. An owlet. 2. A man who is partially dumb.

nadyru, nadyru, nadyru, see nadyru.

nadi, s. A river.

nana, nana, nana, adv. Yet, still, once more, farther on. I shall no more do this. he has not yet come.

nanapini, see nanapini.

nanavarikale, see nanavarikale.

nanike, s. A brother-in-law.

nanepavuni, v. (of nanepa) To make wet, to moisten, soak.

nanepa, nanepa, nanepa, nanepa, nanepa, nanepa, nanepa, nanepa, nanepa, s. To be moist, wet, damp. lit. if the hand be wet, the throat also will be wet; if you work, you will eat.

naneri (nadi), s. Wet rice.

napasa, see napasa.

napusaka, adj. Neuter. the neuter gender. an eunuch.

napa, see nap.

nappada, see nappada.
name disuni, v. a. To mark; to mention, state, show.

nāma, s. Appearance, mark. To mention, stating, showing. -ā to appear, be mentioned. -ā na to mention, show.

nāmapunī, see nāma.

nāmeyunī (nāma), v. n. To wear away. 2. to become poor.

nāmelunī, see nāma.

nāmma, see nāma.

nāmra, adj. Humble, submissive, gentle. —s, —ś humility, submissiveness, gentleness.

nāya, s. Gentleness, meekness. 2. kindness. 3. fineness, polish, softness, delicacy. 4. a bait to catch alligators. 5. cheapness. 6. see nāma.

adj. Fine, soft, smooth, glossy. 2. gentle, meek. 3. kind. 4. cheap. —śaś. —śaś an amiable or gentle disposition. —śaś, —śaś an elegant expression or kind word.

nāyikambu, adj. Half cotton and half woollen. 2. see nāma. 3. see nāma.

nāyikail, s. The tree Wrightia tinctoria.

nāyike, see nāma. 2. see nāma.

nāyipili, see nāma.
	narunuru, s. see nāma.

adj. Bruised.

nāra, s. A vein, nerve, tendon.


nārānguni (nāra), v. n. To waver, hesitate, be reluctant.

nārandu, see nāra.

nārambu, s. A sinew, nerve, pulse. —śaś sinews to contract, to feel cramped.

nāraka, s. Hell, hades. 2. dirt, filth. —śaś the abyss of hell. —śaś the hell-fire. —śaś hell-torments.

nārakāntake, s. A name of Vishnu. [ma.

nārakādhipati, s. Ya- nāraki, adj. Hell-worthy. 2. dirty, filthy.

nārakunī (nāraḥ), v. a. To sigh, groan, moan, grumble.

nārakele, s. A grumbler.

nāragdunī (nāraga), v. a. To bruise, crush; to torment.

nāraguni, see nāraga.

nāraguri, s. A sheepish man, coward.

nāragoli, see nāraga.

nāratunī (nāraḥ), v. n. To grumble; cf. nāraka.
nara, see नर.
naré, s. Roughness, hoariness.
adj. Grey, hoary.
-नरेः, नवरे ग्री, ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री

-न्या ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री

3. a grey-haired man. नवरे ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री ग्री

4. to become grey.

nareङ्गि, see नारेंगि.
nareङ्गि (नारेंगि), v. a.
To hesitate; cf. नारेंगि.
nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man.

nareङ्गि nareङ्गेले, s. A white-spotted cow.
narte, s. A bivalved shell-fish, mollusk.
narnara, see narnarē.
narnurterly, adj. Half boiled.
narpu, s. Deserting, forsaking. 2. disgust, dislike.
narpuni (రుపుం), v. a. To desert, forsake. 2. see narpunē. v. n. To be disgusted.
narma, s. Sport, amusement, pleasure.
narmada, s. The river Nerbuda.
arluni (రాలుని), v. n. To rattle, as phlegm in the throat. 2. see arluniē.
narvante, s. A small univalved shell-fish, mollusk.
narvolu, see navela.
nalu, nala, adj. Good. 2. cheap.
nala, see nāla.
nalaguni (రాలసంగి), v. n. To grumble, murmur. 2. to fade, wither. 3. to be prostrated, reduced from sickness; cf. nalike.
nali, s. Dent, dimple, as of a metallic vessel. -నలు to remove the dimple of such a vessel. -నలవ to be indented.
nalike, s. Dancing, jumping. -నలు a dancer; one of the class of demon-dancers.
naligē, see nāla.
nalina, s. The lotus.

nalipuni (రుపుని), v. n. To dance, leap; to turn round. v. a. To let fall, as a vessel. 2. to indent, bruise.
naliyē, see nāla.
nale, see nāla.
nalenēi, see nalleēi.
nallē, nalē, nalpu, see nāla.
nalpuni, see nalē.
nalmē, s. Goodness, friendship.
nally, s. A kind of flea which infests poultry, cats, etc. 2. a sprain.
nalli, s. The bone of the leg below the knee, shinbone. 2. see nāla.
nallē, nalligē, nallē, nallyē, s. A weed, tare, Paspalum pilosum. 2. a hollow. -నలగ్య్యు to be dimpled, depressed.
navagraha, s. The nine planets, viz., the Sun, Moon, Mars, Mercury, Jupiter, Venus, Saturn, Rāhu (Caput draconis), and Kētu (Cauda draconis).
navadāra, navadvāra, s. lit. The nine doors. 2. the human body which has
nine inlets or outlets, as the nostrils, ears, mouth, etc.

नन्दनवीना, s. Nine kinds of corn, as अल्प paddy, गोभी wheat, रामी Bengal gram, गिलास dhall, ग्राम gram, गिला gingly seed, गोरी country beans, गोरी black gram, and गोरी green gram.

नन्दनवीना navanūtana, adj. Very beautiful, handsome; singular.

नन्दनवीना navapattu, s. Fungosity. 2. music accompanied with beating of drums. adj. Fungous, excrescent.

नन्दनवीना navama, num. Ninth.

नन्दनवीना navamāsa, s. Nine months, the period of pregnancy.

नन्दनवीना navami, s. The ninth lunar day of either fortnight.

नन्दनवीना navara, s. A kind of grain; cf. नारा.

नन्दनवीना navaratna, s. Nine kinds of precious stones or gems, viz., अय्यल pearl, गोभी ruby, गोभी diamond, गोभी cat's eye or beryl, गोभी onyx, गोभी topaz, गोभी sapphire, and गोभी emerald.

नन्दनवीना navarātri, s. A festival observed for the first nine days of the seventh lunar month in honour of the goddess Durga.

नन्दनवीना navare, s. A kind of rice.

वसारा, s. The salt Sal ammoniac.

नन्दनवीना navābe, s. A Nabob, governor.

नन्दनवीना navāyite, s. A Koṅkani speaking class of Mohammedan cloth-merchants.

नन्दनवीना navāryu, navārya-paṭṭi, s. Tape, band, fillet.

नन्दनवीना navilūpakki, s. A peacock; also नालूक.

नन्दनवीना navikarana, s. Renewal, renovation. नाविक to renew.

नन्दनवीना navīna, adj. New, fresh, excellent.

नन्दनवीना navunāta, s. Itching, irritation in the throat. नवनात to be renewed.

नन्दनवीना navumpuni, see नसपु.

नन्दनवीना nave, see नव.

नन्दनवीना naśipuni (नसं), v.a. To destroy, ruin. v.n. To perish, decay. 2. to work hard, exert one's self beyond one's strength.

नन्दनवीना naśibu, naśibu, s. Fate, destiny.

नन्दनवीना naśe, s. Snuff, medicinal snuff. नसी a snuff box.

नन्दनवीना nashta, s. Loss, damage, injury. adj. Lost, destroyed, damaged. नष्ट to be lost; c.dat. to lose.

नन्दनवीना nasṣku, see नस्कु.

नन्दनवीना, नन्दनवीना, नन्दनवीना nasapāni, nasarāṇi, nasrāṇi, s. A Naza-
nasi nasi, see नसी.

नसीयुनी (नसी), v. n. To submit, subdue.

नसियतु, s. Punishment.

नसुकु, see नसु.

नसुदी, s. The forehead.

नसे, adj. Soft, gentle. 2. moist, damp, humid. s. Moistness. 2. softness. —नसे a man in good circumstances.

नसकु, s. Twilight, dawn, early morning.

नस्क्यात्रा, see नस्क्यात्र.

नस्या, see नस्य.

नाला, s. The fiftieth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. see नाले. —नाले superior cooking.

नलकंभा, s. A pole planted in the middle of a stack of straw.

नली, see नली.

नली, नलिना, नलियुनी, s. A tube, pipe. 2. the barrel of a gun.

नलीना, see नलीन.

नलीपुनि, see नलीपुन.

नलियुनी, see नलियुनी.

नाला, s. A measure of grain, equal to one-sixteenth or one-twentieth of a seer.

नालिया, see नालिया.

नालोत, see नालोत.

नाले, s. A celebrated king, the husband of Damayanti.

नालमेना, see नालमेन.

नल्ये, see नल्ये.
Nambu, see Nagavandige.

Naka, s. Heaven, paradise, sky, atmosphere. 2. see Nagavallii. 3. a sacrifice to all the gods on the fifth day of a marriage.

Nakari, see Nagavanda.

Naku, s. A female calf.

Naga, s. A snake, serpent. 2. a class of demi-gods. 3. the image of a serpent. 4. a class of demi-goddesses. 5. the stone image of a serpent. 6. the young of a serpent. 7. an ear-ornament in the form of a serpent’s hood. 8. the hood of a serpent. 9. the infernal regions.

Nagga, see Naga.

Nagakushtha, s. A kind of leprosy.

Nagajidepu, s. A head ornament like the extended hood of a serpent.

Nagatali, s. The cactus Trichosanthes anguina.

Nagadanu, s. Stagnant water of yellowish color.

Naganagari, s. A kind of drum.

Nagapatta, s. A kind of serpent-worship.

Nagabana, Nagabana, Nagabana, s. A grove haunted by, or sacred to, serpents.

Nagabidi, s. A locality, affecting the health of those dwelling there, or the purity of any thing, as water, etc.

Nagabetta, s. A species of cane with black spots about the joints.

Nagamallige, s. The flower Justicia nasuta.

Nagarusuttu, s. A gold or silver thread.

Nagara, s. Dry ginger. 2. the cobra. 3. see Nagarika. 4. a feast on the fifth day of the fifth lunar month. 5. the Nagari or Sanskrit character. Nagarika the Bengal Nagari character. Nagarika the Peninsula Nagari character.

Nagarika, adj. Civilized, refined, cultured. 2. elegant. 3. prudent. 4. civilization; elegance; prudence. Nagarika a civilized, neat, or prudent man.

Nagavandige, s. A shelf.

Nagavalli, s. A very pungent species of betel leaf, piper betel.

Nagasampe, Nagasampei, s. The flower Mesua speciosa.

Nagasara, Nagasara, Nagasvara, s. A pipe answering to the drone of the bagpipe; a snake pipe with two holes.

Nage, s. A serpent. 2. the image of a serpent. 3. a spotted serpent. Nagarika, see Nagarika.
națeru, s. Native Roman Catholics, so called by Pariahs.
năgëndre, s. The chief of the serpents. 2. the name of a man.
năgolë, s. The concluding ceremony of a marriage among Brahmins.
națu, s. Dancing, a nautch.
națikë, națigê, s. Shame, modesty, blushing. 2. shameless, impudent. 3. to be ashamed, modest; to blush.
năcikedei, națigedei, s. The sensitive plant Mimosa pudica.
națuni (năț), v. n. To blush, be ashamed.
ațar, ațare, s. A sheriff.
ațj, s. A kind of dance.
națjku, adj. Delicate, fine, soft. 2. delicate workmanship.
ațre, see aț.
ața, s. A pole used for a hedge. 2. a pole used for supporting a plantain tree, or for training up a creeper.
ațaka, ațaga, s. A play, drama. 2. a theatrical performance. 3. an actor. 4. a theatre.
ațavuni, c. v. (of ața) To cause to affect or operate.
nați, s. Fixing, pitching, planting.
ațiraga, s. A prelude.
ațuni (năț), v. a. To affect, impress, move. 2. to operate, act upon, as a medicine. 3. will nothing move you? or will all the telling be lost upon you?
națe, see aț.
ațya, s. Dancing, acting.
ațu, s. A district, village.
ațvuni, c. v. (of ața) To cause to search.
ađi, s. The pulse. 2. a blood-vessel, artery, or vein. 3. vital air or breath. 4. an astrological term connected with natal stars. 5. the planetary conjunction consulted by astrologers when matrimonial alliances are to be formed. 6. examination of the pulse. 7. the pulse to cease. 8. to feel the pulse. 9. the pulse to beat.
ađige, s. One of the cultivating classes in the northern part of Canara, nadu, see năț.
ađuni (năț), v. a. To search, seek.
ađë, s. A cord, rope.
ațu, națu, năța, s. Nakedness, nudity. 2. the buttocks.
nānaparvesi, nānapraevi, see nāna-
parvesi, s. A species of
olive. —o3oo oil prepared
from its fruit.

nānā-, nānā-, nānā-, nānā-
A species of
olive. —oo oil prepared
from its fruit.

nānyā, s. Money, coin.

nāmē, s. Manipulation.

nāta, s. Smell, odour. 2.
stink, stench; also drawable
— she a base family.

nātapū, s. The plant
Lantana aculeata.

nātu, see nāy; cf. nāyē.

nāthe, s. A husband, master,
lord, protector.

nāda, s. A sound, report,
noise or note. —o3— thunder.
—o the roar of a lion; a
war cry.

nādānī, adj. Stupid,
thoughtless.

nādā, nādāri, nādhāri,
s. Poverty, pauperism. 2.
bankruptcy, insolvency. adj.
Indigent, poor. 2. bankrupt.

nāduni (नादुङी), v. n. To
smell, stink.

nādre, see nādē.

nānaparavarshi, s.
A pension, gratuity; superan-
nuation.

nānā, adj. Various, diverse,
different. —o different sorts.
—o diverse colours. —o various ways.

nānuni (नानुङी), v. n. To
shrink; cf. nā哂.

nānya, s. Likeness. 2. kind.

nāpasū, nāpāsu, nāpā, nāpē,
nāpesū, adj. Worthless, useless. 2.
powerless, helpless. 3. stingy,
miserly.

nāpīke, s. A barber.

nābhi, s. The navel. 2.
the holes in the leaves of a
palm book, to string them
together.

nāma, s. A name, appel-
llication. 2. a sectarian mark
on the forehead. —e the
ceremony of naming a child
after birth. —o a kind
of bangles. —t a noun.
—e invoking or repeating
the name of God. —e, —t
to fail, be defeated. —o
to put on the sectarian
mark; to cheat, deceive.

nāmadabāryu, s. Coun-
try sarsaparilla, Hemidesmus
Indicus.

nāmaradū, adj. Peevish.
2. impotent.

nāmarde, s. A eunuch,
impotent man. 2. a sneak,
coward.

nāmāṅkita, s. A name.
adj. Dedicated, as a work to
a person.

nāmusū, s. Disgrace.
2. shame.

nāmesa, s. Nothing, a
A guide, leader. 2. A chief, head, general. 3. An honorary title given to a Roman Catholic or a Konkani.

A mistress. A kind of tree. A very thin wire. 2. The hook of a native woman’s nose-ring. Thin, lean, emaciated. 2. Stingy, miserly. A rod with which the measure of a (कलसे) kalasê is struck.


A woman. A kind of orange. An instrument to make either gold or silver wire. 2. See नारे. lit. four towns; some countries or parts of the
world. one should travel abroad.

- the name of a demon. - the four points of the compass. - four hundred. - four corners, a square.

the four Vedas.

, s. A horse-shoe; cf. a farrier, shoe-smith; farriery. to shoe a horse, etc.

, s. The hands, legs, eyes, and ears.

, adj. Fourth.

, s. The tongue. speaking faintly, as a sick person. lit. double tongued; hoarseness; duplicity, equivocation. the uvula. to be able to speak. lit. to retract one's tongue, to break a promise. to falter, cease to speak, as a dying person; to pledge one's word; to speak fluently; to break a promise.

, s. The four seasons. adv. Four times.

, s. The throat, wind-pipe. a pipe, tube. the stalk of a lotus. see

, s. Disparagement, detraction, censure. dishonour, disgrace.

disparage, censure; to disgrace.

, s. A sewer, drain. a pipe.

, adv. Four times; also .

, s. Four corners.

, num. Forty.

, s. The bark, etc. of four kinds of milky trees used in medicine, namely:

, and

, s. A fourfold ploughing. see

, see

, s. Four persons.

, s. A man belonging to a tribe so called. 2. the claw of cattle, beasts or birds.

, see

, , s. A sailor.

, s. A ship, vessel.

, s. Four seers.

, s. Destruction, ruin, loss. 2. annihilation, death. a destroyer. God, the immortal. to be destroyed; to fall in ruins; to die. to destroy, ruin.

, s. Breakfast. 2. luncheon.
nasu, s. Snuff.
nasagra, s. The top of the nose. 2. see naságra.
nasika, s. The nose.
nasti, s. Denial, refusal.
nastika, adj. Infidel, heretical. — nastikya infidelity, atheism, heresy.
nästike, s. An atheist, infidel, heretic.
näju, see näju. 2. see näju.
äli, näla, näli, see näli.
nälikera, s. A cocoanut tree.
ninkuni, see ninkuni.
nigalyu, s. Broken rice, grit. very fine grit.
níngalij, níngalij, níngalij, nínguni (näpësë, nëkë), v. a. To swallow.
niąngolu, see niąngolu.
ninni, see ninni.
nindipun, nindipuni, nindisuni, ninduni (näpësë, nëkë), v. a. To abuse, reproach. 2. to blame, censure. 3. to mock, ridicule. 4. to blaspheme.
nindè, s. Abuse, blame, censure, reproach. 2. mockery, ridicule. 3. blasphemy. an abuser, censurer, scoffer, blasphemer.
ninna, ninnavu, see ninni.
ninni, s. An echo, reverberation. 2. mimicry. the sound of an echo. to mimic.
ninnèvuni (nëkë), v. n. To echo.
nimbè, see nimbè.
nika, s. A marriage among Mohammedans. to marry a Mohammedan woman.
nikulu, pron. (pl. of niku) You.
nikhila, nikhila, nikhila, adj. All, the whole, entire, complete.
nigadi, s. Instalment. 2. a fixed period or sum for payment, as the assessment on land. 3. fixing, settlement. government assessment. to resolve, determine.
nigampuni, see nigampuni.
nigacuni, nígacuni (nëkë), v. n. To stretch.
nigada, see nigada.
nigadi, nigadì, nigadë, see nigadi.
nigadi, see nigadi.
nigapun, see nigapun.
nigama, s. The Védas. 2. a fair.
nigayinënu, s. A cord or rope for fastening a buoy.
nigaru, see nigaru.
nigarigë, see nigarigë.
nigaruni, see nigaruni.
nigavyu, s. A buoy.
nigasu, s. Food, victuals.

disregard, disdain.
nigalu, s. Food, victuals.
nigarvi, adj. Unassuming, modest.
nigarvu, s. An unassuming, modest person.

nigavu, s. A buoy.
nigasu, s. Food, victuals.

nigalu, s. Food, victuals.
nigarvi, adj. Unassuming, modest.
nigarvu, s. A buoy.
nigasu, s. Food, victuals.

nigalu, s. Food, victuals.
nigarvi, adj. Unassuming, modest.
nigarvu, s. A buoy.
nigasu, s. Food, victuals.
nitte, see nidi. 2. see nitya.
nittelu, s. The hip, loins, waist. 2. the bosom.

niankuni (nitya), v. n. To incline; cf. nidanu.

nidi, adj. Straight, high, lofty. — nidi a lofty stone, an erect stone. — nidi (niti) rice not broken by pounding.

nimap, see nidi.

nidiyuni, nidi-pini (niti), v. a. To wash. — nidi- to wash the face.

nibu, adj. Long, tall, high.

nidumbarē, s. Barracks; also nitya.

nidad, s. Tallness, length. 2. see nitya.

niduppa, s. To incline; cf. nidanu.

nidiyuni, nidi-pini, nitya, s. A kind of small fish.

nidi, see nidi.

nina, s. Abundance, plenty. — nipa to prosper.

niddhi, s. To erect, set up, stay. 2. see nidad.


nityatva, s. Eternity.

nityātme, s. The eternal Spirit, God.

nityānanda, s. Everlasting happiness.

nityānitya, s. Eternal and temporal.

nitraṇa, s. Weakness, debility. adj. Weak, faint. — nitraṇa a weak man.

niduppa, see nidi.

nidupuduni, see nidad.

nidarśana, s. An example, illustration, evidence, instance.

nidad, s. Ascertaining the cause; the study of symptoms with a view to trace the remote or proximate causes, as of a disease. 2. a work on pathology. 3. a work on daily and occasional.

nidad, see nidi.

niddhi, s. Abundance, plenty. — nipa to prosper.

nidad, s. To erect, set up, stay. 2. see nidad.

nidad, s. Sleep, drowsiness. — nidad, — nidad to become drowsy. — ṇidad to sleep.
nidre, n. To sleep, be asleep; to go to bed.

defn. nidhāna, s. Caution, deliberation, calmness, quietness. 2. slowness, dilatoriness. adj. Cautious, deliberate. 2. calm, quiet. 3. slow, dilatory. —a a careful consideration, deliberate judgment. —s slow motion. —s carefully, quietly, slowly.

nidhānipuni (निधानिपुनी), v.a. To consider, examine carefully.

nidhāra, see निधार.

nidhi, s. Concealed or buried treasure. 2. a receptacle, place of accumulation. —a an opulent man.

nina, s. The serum of the flesh. 2. the marrow of the bones.

nina, pro. (gen. of निन) Thy. —a by or of thyself. —s thine.

ninè, s. A wick. 2. a very young fruit.

ninepu, see निनेपु.

ninośa (निनोशा), Thy care or charge.

nipātū, s. Ruin.

nipāta, s. Falling, coming down; alighting. adj. Irregularly formed, gram. सोऽ््ी interjection.

nipūna, adj. Clever, skillful, conversant. —a skill, proficiency in any art, etc.

nipūpe, s. A clever man.

niputre, s. A sonless man.

nibandhanē, s. Order, mandate. 2. appointment, engagement.

nibāsuni, nibhāsuni, nibhāyisuni, v.a. (निबासुणि, निभासुणि, निभायिसुणि), To bear, endure. 2. to manage, sustain.

nibbaṇa, see निब्बाण.

nibhāvanē, s. Endurance, toleration. 2. undertaking, sustaining.

nimāji, s. A Mussulman’s ritual or form of prayer.

nimita, nimitta, nimitya, s. Cause, reason. 2. object, motive, purpose. 3. consulting stars, an omen, or fate-book. postp. For, on account of. —a as result of soothsaying. —a an astrologer, soothsayer. —a to consult stars or a fate-book.

nimisha, s. The twinkling of an eye, a second, instant, minute.

nimuruni (निमूरुणि), v.n. To become straight.

niyatū, s. Restraining the natural appetites and passions; good morals or conduct.
niyata, adj. Checked, restrained, as the natural appetites and passions.

niyama, s. An agreement, contract, engagement. 2. a religious observance in general; voluntary penance. 3. a rule, law; cf. नियम.

niyukta, adj. Appointed, ordered. 2. attached to.

niyoga, s. An order, command. 2. authority, appointment. 3. occupation, engagement.

niyukta, adj. Appointed, ordered. 2. attached to.

niyoga, s. An order, command. 2. authority, appointment. 3. occupation, engagement.

niyukta, adj. Appointed, ordered. 2. attached to.

niyoga, s. An order, command. 2. authority, appointment. 3. occupation, engagement.

niyukta, adj. Appointed, ordered. 2. attached to.

niyoga, s. An order, command. 2. authority, appointment. 3. occupation, engagement.

niyukta, adj. Appointed, ordered. 2. attached to.

niyoga, s. An order, command. 2. authority, appointment. 3. occupation, engagement.

niyukta, adj. Appointed, ordered. 2. attached to.

niyoga, s. An order, command. 2. authority, appointment. 3. occupation, engagement.

niyukta, adj. Appointed, ordered. 2. attached to.

niyoga, s. An order, command. 2. authority, appointment. 3. occupation, engagement.
nirāmaya, adj. Well, hale, free from sickness.
nirāyāsa, adj. Easy, unfatiguing.
unarmed, defenceless.

nirāra, see nirā.
nirāvudha, adj. Unarmed, defenceless.
nirāsa, adj. Easy, unfatiguing.
nirayudha, adj. Unarmed, defenceless.
nirara, see uiravu, see &. nirase, s. Despair, despondency. 2. disappointment.

nirayusa, adj. Without refuge, asylum or support; helpless, destitute.
nirāsi, see nirā.
nirāhāra, s. Fasting.
nirākshēha, nirākshēpa, nirākshēpanē, adj. Unquestionable, unobjectionable.
niri, see &.
nirikshipuni (किशपुणि), v. a. To hope, desire, look for, expect.
nirikshē, s. Hope, expectation, waiting.
nirudyōgi, s. A man without employment, a lazy man.
niruddha, adj. Obstructed.
nirūpa, s. A letter, epistle, representation in writing.
nirē, s. Neighbourhood; also adj. Neighbouring, adjoining. -कर an bad neighbour. -कर a neighbour.
nirjana, adj. Lonely, uninhabited. —nirjana, —nirjana a deserted country.
nirjala, adj. Waterless.
nirjiva, adj. Lifeless, inanimate. 2. weak, helpless. 3. inactive, lazy. —nirjiva a dead body.
nirnaya, s. Resolution, determination. 2. certainty, positive conclusion. 3. settlement, final arrangement. —nirnaya to resolve, settle, fix.
nirnayisuni (निरनयिसुनी), v.a. To resolve, decide, settle.
nirta, see nirjana.
nirdaya, s. Unkindness.
nirdakshinya, s. Disregard, want of attention. 2. severity, strictness.
nirdosha, s. Blamelessness, innocence. 2. freedom from blemish. adj. Innocent, sinless. 2. unblemished.
nirdhara, s. Certainty, ascertainment. 2. determination, resolution.
irnama, s. Extirpation, eradication.
nirayi, s. An otter.
nirala, s. The sixth Tulu month between September and October.
irnali, s. A water-spout.
irnirelu, see nirnirelu.
irpaṭṭu, adj. Moist, wet. 2. diluted. —irpaṭṭu diluted milk.
nirbandha, nirbandhana, s. Violence, oppression, force, constraint. —irbandha to constrain, or oppress.
nirbuddhi, s. Foolishness.
nirbē, nirbhē, s. A kind of oblation given to a priest. —nirbhē to prepare.
nirbhaya, nirbhita, s. Fearlessness. adj. Fearless, undaunted.
nirmadē, adj. Uncovered.
nirmala, s. Purity, cleanliness. adj. Pure, transparent, pellucid, clear.
irnāga, s. Creation, manufacture, production, invention. —irnāga to create, produce, invent.
nirmita, adj. Made, invented. 2. fabricated. 3. artificial. —irnī to produce, invent.
irnisisuni (निर्मिसिसुनी), v.a. To create, produce. 2. to manufacture, invent. 3. to fabricate.
nirnunē, s. An apparatus for watering a field. adj. Blunt.
nirmuruṅgēla, s. An arrogant man.
irnula, s. Extirpation, eradication. —irnula to extirpate, eradicate.
nrmo

nirmo, s. Want of affection or love.
nirvana, s. Death, demise; final beatitude.
nirlajj, s. Impudence, shamelessness.
nirlépi, adj. Undefiled, untainted. 2. innocent, blameless.
nirvanćané, s. Sincerity, ingenuousness.
nirvahisuni (कुर्वप्रतिनि), v. a. To manage, transact, sustain, effect.
nirvaka, nirváha, s. Management, power or ability to perform, execute, sustain, etc.; also अनिष्प. — कुर्वप्रस्न without power to manage, etc.; unavoidably.
nirvána, s. Nakedness. 2. reunion of the soul with the deity, final beatitude.
nirváda, nirvi-váda, adj. Undisputed, unquestionable, unobjectionable.
nirvisha, s. An antidote for poison. 2. the plant Curcuma ferumbet.
nirvè, see निरवे.
nirvédha, s. Humility. 2. despair. 3. weariness. 4. see निर्वेदः.
nirsáni, see निरस्ति.
nila, see निला.
nilam, s. Ballast. 2. the bottom of a vessel.

nilku

nilaúkára, s. Disfigurement. 2. ruin.
nilakara, see निलका.
nilakárù, s. Stretching. हर्जु to stretch out the forelegs, to scrape along the ground.
nilagadé, s. Settlement, adjustment, conclusion, determination. 2. cessation, intermission.
nilavu, nilávu, see निलवु. 2. see निलवु.
nilikè, nilikè, adj. Full, replete.
ilipuni, see निलपु.
niluvaṅgi, s. A long coat.
nilè, s. The bottom, as of a well, etc.; depth, profundity. 2. a secret, mystery. adj. Firm, fast, abiding. 2. quiet, still, calm. — कुर्वमु to be firm, steadfast. — कुर्वमु to be quiet.
nilenci, see निलेन्ची.
niléppu, s. State. 2. posture, station.
nilevu, s. Balance, arrears. 2. standing, residence.
nilevuni (कुर्व), v. n. To be steadfast.
nilkávuni, c. v. (of कुर्व) To cause to peep. 2. to cause to reach.
ilkuni (कुर्व), v. n. To peep, look slily, get a glimpse of. 2. to reach.
nihke, see nilke.
nilgade, see nilke.
nilpu, s. A pause, stop, interruption. 2. stay, duration.
nilpu'duni, c. v. (of nilpu) To put a stop, cause to stop, make stand.
nilpu'n (nil), v. n. To stay. 2. to cease; to become quiet.
nillavuni, see nillavuni.
nivartané, s. Cessation. 2. remission, forgiveness.
nivardi, niváji, nivádi, see nivardi.
nivárané, s. A remedy. 2. averting. 3. deliverance. 4. prevention.
nivása, s. A habitation, dwelling. [tant.
nivási, s. A citizen, inhabitant.
niváli, s. Taking away the effects of evil eyes.
niválipuni, niválisuni (nivát, niváli), c. a. To take away the effects of evil eyes.
nivrutti, s. Cessation. 2. abandoning. 3. repose, rest.
nivedana, s. An offering. 2. an address. 3. informing.
nisa, s. Inebriation, intoxication. -nir' an inebriate man.
nisacare, s. A fiend, goblin. 2. a night-walker.
nišání, nišáne, s. A mark, sign. 2. a flag, standard, banner.
iši, see sī.
iši, adv. Together with, also.
išádi, s. A bill of acquittance.
išé, s. Night, midnight.
iškarsha, see niškarsha.
išéaya, s. Certainty, ascertainment, positive conclusion. 2. resolution, determination. -a present of betel, etc., at the settlement of a marriage. -certainty uncertain.
- to resolve, settle, determine; to ascertain. - to prove.
išcala, s. Firmness stability. adj. Firm, steady, fixed.
išcénté, s. Ease, freedom from care or anxiety.
išéta, adj. Determined, settled.
ištíka, see nisá.
išabda, adj. Noiseless, still, quiet.
išhiddha, adj. Prohibited, forbidden.
išédha, s. Negation, prohibition. 2. the negative mood, gram.
iškapata, s. Sincerity. adj. Frank, sincere.
iškaruna, adj. Pitiless, cruel, harsh.
nishka, nishkarsha, nishkarshë, s. Determination, settlement. 2. certainty.
nishkalanákyu, nishkalanuchi, adj. Irreproachable, spotless, unblemished.
nishkarsha, nishkarshë, s. Determination, settlement. 2. certainty.

nishkalaúkyu, nishkalanuchi, adj. Irreproachable, spotless, unblemished.

nishprayojana, s. Uselessness. adj. Useless, vain, bootless.

nishphala, adj. Fruitless, vain.

nisargà, s. The natural condition.

nisani, see nisargà.
nistaripuni (niripuni), v. a. To endure, bear, sustain. 2. to cross or pass over.

nistûka, adj. Critical, serious, as the turn of a disease.

nissaíga, s. Separation. 2. seclusion, retirement. 3. indifference.

nissaígi, s. A man who mortifies himself to the world, a recluse.

nissantâna, adj. Childless, issueless, heirless. -o to die childless; to be ruined, annihilated.

nissandëha, nissamûsha, s. Confidence. adj. Undoubted.

nissára, s. Worthlessness. adj. Sapless, pithless, dry; worthless. -aman unfertile, barren land.

nissuni, see nisuni.
nikshaya, see níshkalaúkyu.
nikshëpa, s. Hidden or buried treasure. 2. a deposit.
nindaúta, s. Swimming. 2. floating.
nindâvu, nindâvu, c. v. (of nindà) To set afloat. 2. to cause to swim.
ninduni (ninduni), v. n. To swim. 2. to float.
nikaliyuni (nikaliyuni), v. a. To peep.
nikávuni, c. v. (of nikuni) To grin. -a to show the teeth, as dogs, monkeys.
nikuni (nikuni), v. n. To appear, as the projecting teeth.
niguni, see nigaí.
nica, adj. Mean, low, base, vile, abject. -ama low caste. -ma, -ma meanness, baseness, vulgarity. -ama a mean man. -a a mean, vulgar expression.

nícataídanë, s. A kind of beating.
nídu, nídu, v. n. To go through, pierce. 2. to extend; of nídu.
nice, s. A mean fellow. 2. a demon so called.
níta, adj. Long, extended, high, upright. 2. straight.
direct. छौ—lengthwise and crosswise, zigzag; confounding.

निर्वृङ्गमानि, adv. Straightly. 2. lengthwise.

निर्निर्जीव, c. v. (of निर्जीव) To cause to stretch, lengthen, etc.; also निर्जीवति.

निज, adv. Straightly.

2. lengthwise.

निर्निर्जीवति, c. v. To cause to stretch, lengthen, etc.

निति, s. Morality; righteousness, justice, equity. -निति, -नितिकांद्र, -नितिकांद्र, -नितिकांद्री, -नितिकांद्री a just man. -नितिकांद्र, -नितिकांद्र, -नितिकांद्री a just word, moral saying. -निर्नितिकांद्र, -निर्नितिकांद्र, -निर्नितिकांद्री moral teaching. -नितिकांद्र the way of righteousness, upright conduct. -नितिकांद्र, -नितिकांद्र, -नितिकांद्री moral philosophy, ethics. -नितिकांद्र, -नितिकांद्र, -नितिकांद्री essence of morality; a treatise on ethics. -नितिकांद्र immoral.

नितिनिर्जीव, sec नितिनिर्जीव. [निति.

नितिनिर्जीव, sec नितिनिर्जीव under निर्जीव, s. Water. -निर्जीव a water jar. -निर्जीव a whale. -निर्जीव a water bubble. -निर्जीव furrows between a row of plants, etc., for watering them. -निर्जीव a water snake. -निर्जीव a sea-gull, shag. -निर्जीव a water-fowl. -निर्जीव a kind of cake. -निर्जीव a species of yam. -निर्जीव a falling stream of water. -निर्जीव a water-carrier. -निर्जीव poison in water, miasma. -निर्जीव an otter. -निर्जीव, -निर्जीव perspiration; fatigue. -निर्जीव a drop of water. -निर्जीव, निर्जीव fixed hire for watering rice fields. निर्जीव a mode of watering rice fields. निर्जीव salt water. निर्जीव fresh water. निर्जीव tears. निर्जीव नर्तक to weep, shed tears. निर्जीव sea water. निर्जीव yellow water. निर्जीव cold water. निर्जीव brackish water. निर्जीव, निर्जीव sweet water. निर्जीव, निर्जीव clear or filtered water. निर्जीव rain water falling down from a roof. निर्जीव muddy water. निर्जीव hot water. निर्जीव putrid water. निर्जीव sweat; urine. निर्जीव, निर्जीव, निर्जीव to leak, ooze. निर्जीव to melt, dissolve. निर्जीव to water a rice field. निर्जीव to turn the course of water on a land. निर्जीव, निर्जीव water to boil. निर्जीव water. निर्जीव water to be very hot. निर्जीव to squirt, spirt. निर्जीव water to run down. निर्जीव to sprinkle water. निर्जीव water to become clear. निर्जीव to water. निर्जीव lit. to lay water; c. dat. to involve one in difficulties; to ruin. निर्जीव water to flow. निर्जीव water
to wring out. to dry up. to irrigate or water, as a field. to draw water from a well or tank. to pour water. [ringe.

nirandè, s. A small swamp. nirakoambè, s. The damp or swampy ground.
niraguillé, s. A bubble. niraja, s. A lotus. niratë, niratë, niràdi, s. A water plant, *Pistia stratiotes*; also *sso*.
nirasuël, s. A whirlpool.
nirale, s. Butter-milk diluted with water.
nirata, s. Bathing for sport. 2. see *râdha*.
niruppadû, s. Green fruits pickled in salt-water.
nirlulli, s. Onions.
nirkunta, see *shâdô*.
nirkuntu, s. Waterproof cloth. 2. a small piece of cloth put on in mourning.
nirkutta, s. Dropsy. a man suffering from dropsy.
nirmirelu, s. Water poured on a corpse, a funeral ceremony.
[thin.
nirpatu, adj. Watery, nirpâlu, see under *sca*.
nirmuttu s. An inferior kind of pearl.
nila, s. Blue colour. 2. the sapphire; also *sâyârdâ*.

nilakirante, s. The blue necked Shiva. 2. a peacock.
nilagiri, s. A blue mountain; the Nilagiris.
nilânjana, s. Blue vitriol. 2. a small lamp.
nili, s. The indigo plant. 2. blue colour. to mock at. to become blue.
nile, s. One of the monkey chiefs. 2. the planet Saturn. a dark or black fowl.
nunâga, see *sâcâ*.
nunâvuni, v. (of *sâcâ*) To get dried, cause to dry.
nunâgu, s. A species of mite, tick, which infests cattle.
nunâguni (nâlô), v. & n. To dry up, become dried; also *sâcâ*.
nunâgelu, s. Drying. adj. Dry, dried. a dry cloth. dry fish, salted fish. dry ground.
nukuduni, see *sâcâ*.
nukkuni (nô), v. a. To bruise; cf. *sâcâ*. v. n. To decay, rot.
nugudi, see *sâcâ*.
nuga, s. A yoke.
nugatë, see *sâcâ*.
nugapane, s. The joint-piece of a watering machine.
nugipuni (ế. ), v. a. To fill up, as a pit.
nugiyuni (ế ), v. n.
To be filled up.
nuguduni (ế. ), v. n.
To labour. 2. to become rich; cf. ńuńguduni.
nugutė, s. A dot over a letter, as in Persian. 2.
softness.
nugupuni (ế. ), v. a.
To throng, press. 2. to accumulate. 3. to loosen. 4.
to fill up; cf. ńuńgupuni.
nuguruni (ế. ), v. a.
To loosen, slacken, make loose.
nuggiyuni (ế. ), v. a.
To press. v. n. To be filled up.
nuggu, adj. Small, little; also ńuńggu.
nuggelu, s. Smallness.
nuggru, see ńuńggru.
ńuńggu, nucci, nučcu, see ńuńggu.
nuji, nujj, s. A contusion, bruise.
nudi, s. A word, speech, saying. ńuńg an oracle, as uttered by a demon-dancer.
ńuńg uńg — the counter-part of a deed or document. ńuńg conduct and speech.
nudipavuni, v. (of Žuo) To cause to speak, speak through another. 2. to play on a musical instrument.
ńuńgipini (ế. ), v. a. To speak, talk.
nudiyuni (ế ), v. n.
To pronounce, utter.
ńuńg nuppu, s. Boiled rice.
nuppun (ế. ), v. a. To twist.
nubbu, adj. Mouldy, musty. ńuńg musty split dholl.
nurigė, s. The drum-stick tree, Hyperanthera moringa.
nuritely, s. Bruising.
ńuńg nuriyuuni, v. (of Žuo) To cause to crush. 2. to press into a hole.
nuriyuuni (ế. ), v. a. To break, powder, granulate, pulverize.
nuryiuni (ế. ), v. n. To break, go to pieces. 2. to decay; also ńuńgrapii ńuńg a broken heart.
nurunte, see ńuńgru.
nuruńtu, see ńuńgru.
nuruńtuni, see ńuńgru.
nurumpė, s. A hole; cf. ńuńg uńg. ńoćuńg to make a hole.
nurumbu, s. Alluvium; wood-dust; iron-rust. [ńuńg uńg.
nurumbuni, see ńuńg uńg.
nurunuru, s. A cracking noise; cf. ńuńg uńg.
nurė, s. Foam, froth, scum. ńoćuńg a small kind of fish,
nure(to vomit froth).

nurekāyi, s. The soapnut, Sapindus marginatus.
nureka, adv. Suddenly.
nurkally, s. A kind of pebbles found in rice.
press on. 2. to elbow, push, make way.
nurguni (nūrgūṇī), v. n. To pass over. 2. to sprain. 3. to decay; also ṣnurkānāmvaṣē. nurkā, adv. Suddenly.
nurkallu, s. A kind of pebbles found in rice.
T&F>nurkuni (nūrnkūnī), "a. To press on. 2. to elbow, push, make way.

nurka, adv. Suddenly.
nurkallu, s. A kind of pebbles found in rice.
T&F>nurkuni (nūrnkūnī), "a. To press on. 2. to elbow, push, make way.

nurguni (nūrgūṇī), v. n. To pass over. 2. to sprain. 3. to decay; also ṣnurkānāmvaṣē. nurkā, adv. Suddenly.
nurkallu, s. A kind of pebbles found in rice.
T&F>nurkuni (nūrnkūnī), "a. To press on. 2. to elbow, push, make way.

null, n. A bit, fragment.
nullu, j. Thread, yarn.
nullu, j. A hundred.
nullodu, j. A spindle.
nuluni, p. To creep in, enter with difficulty.
nupuni, v. a. To spin, twist, string.
nupura, s. An ornament of the leg, foot-ring.
nuruni, v. n. To press on. 2. to elbow, push, make way.
nuruni (nūrnkūnī), "a. To press on. 2. to elbow, push, make way.
nurse, see 0845. nurpuni, nurpaduni, see 0845.
nurluni (nūrnkūnī), v. a. To wind up, fold, shrink.
nuli, s. A bit, fragment.
nuliyuni (nūrnkūnī), v. n. To be broken, shattered.
nusulu, see 0845.
nūngu, see 0845.
nūkatāka, s. Fighting.
nūkuni (nūrnkūnī), v. a. To thrust, push. 2. to reject.
nūṭāvuni (nūrnkūnī), v. a. To show.
nūtana, adj. Fresh, new, recent. s. Newness, freshness.
nūtra, adj. All. 2. a hundred.

nūdanē, num. adj. The hundredth.
nūdu, num. A hundred.
nūnatē, see 0845
nūpuni (nūpūṇī), v. a. To spin, twist, string.
nūpura, s. An ornament of the leg, foot-ring.
nūruri, nūrūnī, v. n. To creep in, enter with difficulty.
nūlu, s. Thread, yarn. fine thread. thin or short thread. to spool. to twist thread.
nūldu, s. A spindle.
nūpte, s. A king, sovereign. a royal throne.
nūtta, nūtya, s. A dance; dancing.
neṅe (-ṇ), postp. Till, until, as long as. till one comes. - till it is done.
neṅasteigē, s. Relationship.
neṅte, s. A relation.
nempu, see 0845.
neka, nekku, (contraction of a kapu) To or for this.
nekkē, nekkērē, nekkāru, s. The plant Melastoma malabathrica. a kind of grass.
nekki, s. Five leaved chaste tree, Vitex trifolia. Vitex
negundo. ०५५, कृ्ण- ०११- Clerodendrum inerme. -०३२ its leaves, used by Koragar women for clothing, and by some other castes for certain ceremonies.

nekki nekkilupadpe, s. A variety of Amaranthus.

negada, adv. Near.

negi, negadi, negade, s. Cold in the head, catarrh. -०३० to catch cold.

negattu, s. Overflowing, running over.

negapuni (रक), v. n. To overflow, run over. 2. to ooze. 3. to perspire.

negaru, s. Loitering, lingering, as a sick person. 2. a sea-animal, the vehicle of Varuṇa. 3. a whirlpool, eddy. -०३० to be caught in a current.

negarigê, s. Lingering.

negaruni (रक), v. n. To linger, loiter. 2. to procrastinate.

negavu, see ०५५.

negalu, s. An alligator, crocodile. 2. see ०५५.

negi, see ०५५. 2. see ०३६.

negipuni (रक), v. a. To leap, jump, spring up. 2. see ०३६. रक ०३६ to sew tight.

negiyuni (रक), v. n. To rise, come up.
A. Dysentery.

Clotted blood. — अंगिन, अंगी जल का नायपी, s. A smooth kind of grass, soft straw.


Do not remember. — नेटेमे, adj. Fine. — नेटु, s. A fine cloth.

A. A peacock.

A cloth used for cleaning an oilmill. — नेटिक, s. To weave, as a spider.

A. Abuse, bad language; nickname. — नेटिक, s. Abusive language.

A. The privities of the male sex.

A fold or gather in clothes, wrinkle, crease; also नेरा, s. An upright man. — नेतनीतु, to gather into folds. — नेतनीतु, to fold; to rumple.

To be full. — नेटिक, s. A fold or gather in clothes, wrinkle, crease; also नेरा, s. An upright man. — नेतनीतु, to gather into folds. — नेतनीतु, to fold; to rumple.

Clotted blood. — नेटिक, s. A stream of blood. — नेटलक्षण, s. Blood.


Do not remember. — नेटेमे, adj. Fine. — नेटु, s. A fine cloth.

A. A peacock.

A cloth used for cleaning an oilmill. — नेटिक, s. To weave, as a spider.

A. Abuse, bad language; nickname. — नेटिक, s. Abusive language.

A. The privities of the male sex.

A fold or gather in clothes, wrinkle, crease; also नेरा, s. An upright man. — नेतनीतु, to gather into folds. — नेतनीतु, to fold; to rumple.
nerē, see nē.

nerē, nērē, see nērē, nērē, see nērtē, adj. Straight. 2. true. adv. Straightly. 2. truly.

nertama, s. Straight ploughing.

nertruni, see sērē.

nerō, nērē, nērē, nērē, see nērē.

nerpāvuni, c. v. (of nērē) To cause to abuse.

nerpini (nēr), v. a. To abuse, revile. 2. to give nicknames. [reviler.

nerpele, s. An abuser, nērē, see nērē.

nerluni, see nērē.

nerve, see nērē.

neluṇṭuni, see sērēmēlē.

nēla, s. Earth, soil, floor, ground. 2. bottom. —ख the foundation of a building.

—क, see अङ्कः. —जज an earthquake; cf. अङ्कमः. —क a ground floor, cellar,

—क क bottomless. —ल ल to curse, imprecate. —स यस्मि to bury.

nelakaṇēi, s. The plant Naregamia alata.

nelakadālē, s. The ground-nut, Arachis hypogea.

nelakara, s. Fertility of land.

nelakalē, s. A mark on the ground. 2. see nērē.
nelli

nelli nelliṛtśye, s. A demon so called.
nellitśye ṇeva, s. Pretence, pretext, trick. —ṛṇa to make excuses; to pretend.

nere, s. Straightness. 2. justice, truth. 3. agreement. adj. Straight; just, true; even, like; thin, delicate.

nerengi, The name of a village. — see Srty, see 525322.

nerolu, neronlun, neronlu, s. The newel fruit, Syzygium jambolanum. the rose apple, Fambosa vulgaris.

nerde, adv. Early in the morning.

nerme, adj. Fine, thin, delicate.

nela, nelangu, s. A hanging rope. 2. a square piece of white cloth tied over a cradle, to divert or amuse the baby in it. — to hang a rope for drying clothes upon it; fig. to make frequent visits.

nela, see under nela. nelavuni, c. v. (of nela) To hang, suspend.

neli, see nel.

nelike, s. Hanging, swinging.

neluni (neli), v. n. To hang, be suspended; to swing, vibrate. 2. to hang on, stick.

nеле, see neli.

nelya, adj. Great, large, extensive. — see, see a long coat. — uncle, father's elder brother, husband of mother's elder sister. — aunt, wife of father's elder brother, mother's elder sister.

nèvaripuni (nèvas), v. a. To fondle, caress.

nèvala, s. A silver or gold girdle worn round the loins.

nèvuri, s. A kind of cake.

nesa, s. Asthma.

nèle, see néla.

nei, see nei.

neiküli, s. The tree Wrightia tinctoria. 2. see educators.

neidilé, s. The water-lily.

neipunya, s. Cleverness, skill.

neiya, adj. Soft. — the evening sun.

neivédyaya, s. Food presented to an idol, an oblation to a deity.

neisaraṇgū, see S0323 besark.

nonna, nonnage, adj. Soft, nice.

nokkuni (nokk), v. a. To stroll about.

nokké, s. Sweepings, rubbish. 2. the name of a woman. — all rubbish.

nokkele, s. A trifling or destitute man.

noga, see nusa.

nočča, see nulis. 2. see 30.
noccu, s. Rice cooked with ghee, cocoanut, etc. 2. see nocc. — a leaf used for various ceremonies.
nocci, adj. Minute. 2. light. 3. beneath notice, paltry.
nocciu, -nocce, adj. Minute. 2. light. 3. beneath notice, paltry.
noccu, -nocce, adj. Minute. 2. light. 3. beneath notice, paltry.
2. see t2j.

cocnut, s. A kind of water-snake.
noompu, s. Any meritorious act of devotion. 2. a festival, especially the one observed on the 14th day of the 6th lunar month in honor of Ananta.
nompu, s. Fasting among the Mohammedans; fast, penance. — to fast.
nora, norna, v. a. To ache, pain.

nosta, s. Sight, vision, view. 2. aim. — to aim; one who hits the mark. — fortune-telling; guess, surmise. — aiming. — to aim; to hit. — to watch, look after.

notice, s. Notice, intimation.

notu, s. A bill of exchange; a promissory note; a currency note.

nodadruni, nodavuni, v. a. To point at, show. 2. to rake up, stir.
nodilu, s. Saliva, spittle.
nopini, nopuni (noppa), v. a. To beat, strike, flog, knock. 2. see t2j.
nopunaye, nople, s. A beater, striker.
nopi, see 2j.
nopipini (noppa), v. n. To ache, pain.
noru, s. Freight, fare, hire. 2. see 2j. — fixed hire.
nore, s. A kind of water-plant. 2. a kind of tare.
— to root out the tares.
nore, s. A kind of crane.
noli, see 2j.
nolisara, s. A species of aloe, Aloe litoralis.
nolu, see 2j.
nol, adj. Very sour.
novu, s. Pain, ache. 2. distress.
nohi, s. A meritorious act or vow.
nou, adj. Naval.
nountu, s. Pinching.
noununi (noun), v. a. To pinch.
nountu, s. Squeezing, pinching, crushing. 2. chewing. — to masticate, ruminate. — to loosen slowly.
nountuni (noun), v. a. To chew.

nounpu, see noun.
noumpuni (noun), v. a. To chew. 2. to entangle.

nounka, s. A ship.
noukare, noukare, s. A servant. 2. a lascar.
nouji, s. A spear, lance.
nouťu see noun.
noutāngu, s. A weight equal to about three Rupees or one-eighth of a seer.
noutu, see noun.
noudi, s. Kubera's nine gems; also noun. — the imaginary gem on the head of a serpent.
noumi, see noun.
nouluni (noun), v. n. To itch, be irritated. 2. to be distressed. v. a. To covet, desire eagerly.

nounu, s. Longing, hope; cf. nounu.

nyândé, s. One-sixth of a seer.

nyādu, s. Pain, aching.

nyāya, s. Justice, equity, propriety, fitness. 2. law. 3. logic. 4. morality. 5. quarrel. adj. Right, just, proper, reasonable. — a logician; a lawyer; a quarrelsome man. — a judgment, decision, verdict. — logic; a work on law. — a court of justice, judgment seat. — a logician; a lawyer; a quarrelsome man. — to quarrel, fight, dispute.

nyādhipati, s. A judge, tribunal.

nyāvala, see noun.

nyāsa, s. Abandonment. 2. a deposit, pledge. 3. mental appropriation, accompanied with certain prayers and gesticulations.

nyūna, adj. Blamable. 2. less, deficient, defective.

nyūnatē, s. Defect, deficiency; omission.
pa, The thirty-fourth letter of the alphabet.

paṇkus, s. The hair about the privities.

paṇka, s. A fan, pankah.

2. mud, mire. 3. evil, sin.

paṇkajā, s. The lotus.

paṇkasū, s. Sprinkling.

paṇkila, adj. Muddy.

paṇkti, see to.

paṇkha, see to.

panga, see to.

pangada, adj. Distinct, apart. s. A division, part, portion. 2. a group.

paṇgadipuni (ব্যবহার), v. a. To straddle; to place apart.

paṇgidana, see to.

paṇgu, adj. Lame, cripple.

s. A cripple.

paṇgula, s. A horse of a silvery white colour. 2. a cripple.

paṇguli, adj. Soft, slippery. 2. see to. —paṇgul a soft word.

paṇca, s. A rice field. 2. a breed, sort, kind. —paṇca a good breed. 3. a small kind.

paṇca, adj. Five, consisting of five. —paṇca five, made of five; a pack of five, as of paper.

paṇcakajāyā, s. An aggregate of five articles: dhall, gingely seed, jaggory, coconuts and cardamoms, as an offering to Gaṇeśa.

paṇcakurvé, s. A wicker basket or box.

paṇcagajjeyi, see to.

paṇcagavya, s. Five articles derived from the cow: viz., milk, curds, ghee, urine, and dung, mixed together and drunk as a means of purification.

paṇcatantra, s. A popular book of fables in five chapters, containing stories illustrative of five qualities necessary to kings and great men.

paṇcatatva, see to.

paṇcani, s. A variegated colour.

paṇcanekkarē, paṇcanekri, s. A nettle creeper.

paṇcapakire, s. A pauper, vagabond.

paṇcapatre, s. The wormwood plant.

paṇcapandaveru, s. The five Pāṇdu princes.

paṇcapātaka, see to.
A small metal tumbler, cup.

Pancaapātri, s. The five vital airs in the body.

Pancaapāpī, see under Sūkṣmaāstakā.

Pancaaprāṇa, s. The five vital airs in the body.

Pancahabali, s. An offering to the five elements.

Pancaabhūta, s. The five elements: earth, air, fire, water, and ether.

Pancaama, adj. Fifth.

Panca mahāpātaka, s. The five most heinous sins: murdering a Brāhman, stealing gold, drinking spirits, seducing the wife of one's spiritual preceptor, and associating with a person who has committed such sins. One guilty of these sins.

Pancaamālū, s. The local market of a town.

Pancaami, s. The fifth day of a lunar fortnight.

Pancaamukhe, s. Śiva with five faces.

Pancaamūla, s. A medicine of five ingredients.

Pancaaraṅga, see Sūkṣmaāstakā.

Pancaaratna, s. A poem of five verses. 2. five principal gems: diamond, emerald, pearl, ruby, and sapphire.

Pancaariyery, see Kāñcana.

Pancaareṇgi, see Kāñcana.

Pancaalōha, s. The five chief metals: gold, silver, copper, iron, and lead; or copper, brass, tin, lead, and iron. 2. a metallic composition, bell-metal.

Pancaavarga, s. The five classes of letters in the alphabet from Ṛ to Ṣ.

Pancaavarna, s. Five colours: white, black, red, yellow, and green.

Pancaavilābačīrē, see Kāñcana.

Pancaavādyā, s. Five principal musical instruments: the lute, cymbals, drum, trumpet, and a kind of hautboy.

Pancaśaṅga, s. An almanac. 2. the foundation of a building.

Pancašāna, see Sūkṣmaāstakā.

Pancaśāma, s. The conscience.

Pancaśāmula, s. Dispersion, scattering. 2. waste, ruin.

Pancaśārāmya, s. The aggregate of five articles, used in bathing an idol: milk, curds, butter, honey, and water.

Pancaśāngi, see Sūkṣmaāstakā. 1. an assembly composed of five or more persons to settle a matter by arbitration.

panta, see *Bambusa stricta. a porcupine. a porpoise. the country pig.

pantā, s. A torch.

pantāli, see pantā. The name of a demon.

pantāje, s. A kind of towel

pantā, see pantā. see *Bambusa stricta.

pantākorpini, pantākorpini, see under pantākorpini.

pantā, s. Discernment, learning, wisdom, understanding.

pantā, s. A learned man.

pantā, s. A teacher. 3. a doctor, physician.

pantā, s. A musk-rat.

pantā, see pantā. see *Bambusa stricta.

pantā, see pantā. see under pantā. 2. see pantā.

pantā, see pantā.

pantā, s. A bunch of plantains.

pantā, s. A basket or wooden trough for drawing water.

pantā, s. A comb.

pantā, s. A trap.

panta, s. A purpose, vow,
resolution. 2. a bet or wager.

panti - a manly resolution.

pambu - to bet. - to lose a wager.

positively, purposely.

Panti, s. Grass. 2. a daub of slurry.
Pantirengi, see panti. Pantura, see pambu.
Panté, s. A line, row, range.

to sit in a line. - the succeeding line of guests at a meal.
Pantōji, s. A schoolmaster, teacher.
Pantyé, s. A small lamp.

- mud lamps used at an illumination (pāntysūr).
Pantha, see pambu.
Pandadē, s. Fructification, productiveness of a tree. adj. Dense.
Pandavuni, c. v. (of panto) To rock, swing, move, wave, shake, oscillate.
Pandi, adj. Reserved, cautious. - a reserved man.
Pandili, s. A kind of mouse; also pandi. cf. pambu.
Panduni (panti), v. n. To shake, be loose, wave, move, be agitated, oscillate, vibrate.
Pandrali, s. A very talkative man.
Pndhurālirāga, s. The name of a tune.

Panna, see panti.
Pannambara, pannambura, s. Ambergris. 2. affectation, ado. 3. mystery, mystification. - to make a mystery of anything.
Pannaga, s. A serpent.
Panni, s. Bragging, boasting. 2. egotism, self-conceit. 3. see pandu. - profession and practice, exhortation and example; advice, admonition. - he cares neither for exhortation nor for example.

Pannu, s. Rose water. - to sprinkle rose water.
Pannira, adj. Rose-scented. - rose-scented sandal wood.
Panné, see pambu.
Panné, s. The cheek. 2. tonsure at the forehead in the form of a comb. 3. see pandu. adj. Small. 2. worn-out. - a worn-out spade.

Pante, s. A Parasol. - the cheeks to fall in. - to become proud.
Pambade, s. A devil-dancer belonging to a low class of Śudrās.
Pambu, see pambu.


fraud, trick.  
To pluck out, scratch with nails.  

To trouble.  

A cashew.  

To trouble.  

To be ripe, mature.  

A long, narrow turban.  

[Ing.  

Seizure; fetch.  

Adv. Only, merely, simply.  

Adv. Quickly; much, excessively.  

to palpitate, as the heart; to pant; to leap, hop.  

Sap, juice.  

use, profit.  

lit. having learned everything, he swallowed a coral (bead); he is a jack of all trades and master of none.  

A kind of partridge.  

kinds of fish.  

a fortune-teller.  

lit. croup, bronchitis, peculiar to children.  

a hawk.
i paccu, see तारी.

 pakke, s. A rogue, rascal, cunning fellow. 2. a clever man.

 pakkè, s. The side; cf. तारी. 2. a banner. —सेल a rib.

 paktā, see तारी.

 pakva, adj. Mature, ripe, fit, suitable, proper; cooked. —पात्रि to ripen.

 pagūdi, see तारी.

 pagumalū, see तारी.

 paguru, s. Cleverness, skill. 2. trickery, cunning. 3. see तारी.

 pagadè, s. An ace, one in games, dice. —कनक्ति to play at dice.

 pagatè, s. Exchange, return; revenge. —क in exchange, instead of. —क तो like for like. [custom.

 pagadi, s. Tribute, tax, pagupuni (तारी), v. a. To change, exchange, substitute.

 pagaru, s. Time, turn. 2. making signs with the hand. 3. hire, rent, wages.

 pagara, s. Exchange. 2. trickery.

 pagarāta, s. Changing, exchanging.

 pagari, s. An arrow, dart.

 pagaruni (तारी), v. n. To be infected. 2. to shift, change place. —सेल to take the infection.

 pagarū, see तारी.

 pagalū, see तारी.

 pagala, pagala, see तारी.

 pagale, see तारी.

 pagi, s. A rent, splint, split.

 pagidi, see तारी.

 pagipuni (तारी), v. a. To rend, split.

 pagipelū, see तारी.

 pagiyuni (तारी), v. n. To split, rend; to crumble, fall in pieces; to give way.

 pagē, s. Hatred, enmity, malice, hostility. —क a foe, adversary. —क anti-pathy, spite. —क to entertain hatred. —क to hate. —का, —को to seek revenge.

 pagell, s. The day-time. —क a blue light.

 pagel, s. A kind of harmless snake.

 paggu, s. The first Tulu month; the sign Aries in the zodiac.

 pagtelu, s. A rent, slit.

 pacakka, s. Plash, splash. —क to fall with a splashing noise.

 pacana, s. Cooking. 2. digestion. —क to be digested. —क to dress food; to digest.

 paçapaca, s. Licking. 2. a clacking noise. adj. Little,
scanty. —s to lick, eat with a clacking noise.

pača, s. Punishment, castigation. 2. a fine, penalty. —s to fine; to reverence.

pačilé, s. A kind of oyster.

pačiti, s. Plight, predicament; trouble, distress. 2. disgrace.

pača, s. An emerald. adj. Green. 2. fresh. — broad daylight.

pačaṅgri, see ʒəj ʒə. pačandigė, see ʒəj ʒə. pačakarpūra, s. A superior kind of camphor.

pačatų, see ʒəj ʒə. pačadį, s. Minced vegetables, salad.

pačadė, s. A silk cloth worn by males; a shawl.

pačana, see ʒəj ʒə. pačanekkire, see ʒəj ʒə.

pačala, s. The buttocks.

pačarigė, see ʒəj ʒə. pačirių, pačirė, s. The pulp enclosing the seed of a jackfruit. ʒə — a small layer of it.

pačirengi, see ʒəj ʒə. pačila, s. A medicinal plant.

pačisy, s. A kind of game with dice or cowries.

pačė, s. Greenness, freshness. adj. Green; fresh; cf. ʒə. — ʒə green colour.

pačekoralų, s. A kind of fragrant flower.

pačerengi, s. A kind of nettle, Tragia involucrata.

pačeya, see ʒə. [mat. pažakų, s. A bag made of pažakai, see ʒəj ʒə. 2. see ʒəj ʒə.

paži, adj. Wet, damp. 2. full of sap. 3. green, fresh. ʒə green grass, tender shoot, sprout. ʒə quite raw, green. ʒə a tree or timber in a fresh state. ʒə a green whip-snake. ʒə a green leaf. ʒə to revive, as a faded plant. ʒə, ʒə to grow green, become stout.

pažirų, s. Grass.

pažirė, (abbrev. of ʒə ʒə) A green or fresh leaf.

pažiti, see ʒəj ʒə.

pažė, s. A mat. ʒə — a mat plaited with double leaves. ʒə — a mat plaited with single leaves. ʒə — a very small mat. ʒə a worn-out mat. ʒə — a fine mat. ʒə to be confined to bed from sickness; to be very sick.

pažemadipele, s. A large kind of bee.

paži, see ʒə.
pajje, see ܦ.

patu, adj. Sharp, skilful, clever, strong. ܦ a dodge.

pata, see ܦ.

patanga, see ܦ.

patakka, see ܦ.

patane, patane, s. Reading, perusal, recitation.

patala, see ܦ.

patalamu, s. A regiment, army, battalion. ܦ a soldier, sepoy.

patalkodu, see ܦ.

patalasuttu, s. A kind of drum.

pataki, s. A squib, cracker. ܦ to let off a cracker, to crack up; to tell fibs.

patakila, see ܦ.

patate, see ܦ.

patani, s. A class of Mohammedans. 2. see ܦ.

patanudaye, s. A fisherman.

patala, adv. Smartly, sharply. ܦ to strike sharply.

patalam, see ܦ.

patali, see ܦ.

patavu, see ܦ.

patali, s. A buffalo with wide-spread horns. 2. a palanquin bearer.

pati, s. A rafter. ܦ a palmyra rafter.

patiga, adj. Roguish, knavish. ܦ roguery, knavery; prodigality.

patinge, s. A rogue, rascal, knave, scoundrel. 2. a prodigal.

patikara, s. Alum.

patikere, patigere, s. Urine.

patilukayi, see ܦ.

patelu, patele, s. The headman of a village.

pattu, s. A nest. 2. abundance. ܦ lit. to thrust hand into a nest; to divulge a secret. ܦ abounding in thorns. ܦ to build a nest. ܦ a nest to be pulled down; to be dispersed; a secret to be divulged.

patta, s. A metal plate with astrological inscriptions, fastened on the forehead of a Brahman, to avert the consequences of having been born under an unlucky star. 2. crowning, anointing, installation, ordination. 3. a throne, office, rank. 4. title or appointment of office. 5. a deed of lease or gift, a grant. ܦ a royal seal. ܦ anointing a king, or priest, coronation, ordination. ܦ see ܦ. ܦ a
to reign, rule. —स्वभाव, सिद्ध कर्म to crown; to ordain.

पत्ता, adv. Suddenly. 2. see रोपण.

—ग्रंथ a vow suddenly made when in trouble. —केतन to break suddenly.

पत्ताण, पत्ताणा, पत्तांगा, Bragging, boasting. —कुत्ते, —किंतु to talk idly and falsely.

पत्तांग, s. A braggart.

पत्तांबरा, s. A robe of state.

पत्तल, s. A kind of neck-

काव्य पत्ताणा, see जेना.

पत्ताणा, s. A city, town.

पत्ताणेन, s. A royal elephant.

पत्ताणेवी, s. A queen.

पत्ता, पत्तने, see जेना.

पत्तांबंद्रा, s. Coronation.

पत्ताया, see जेना.

पत्तावली, s. A striped silk cloth.

पत्तावु, see जेना.

पत्तांगा, see जेना.

पत्तां, see जेना.

पत्तांगे, see जेना.

पत्तां, see जेना.

पत्ताणें, see जेना.

पत्ताणे, see जेना.

पत्तांये, see जेना.

पत्तांबिशेका, see under जेना.

पत्ताणेपत्ताणे, s. A royal tiger.

पत्ताणे, s. Ruin. —विश्राम to go to ruin.

पत्ताळा, see जेना.
patto, refl. v. (of रा) To share, divide, etc.

pattye, see रा. 2. see रा.

patha, see रा.

pattrul, द्रज्व पत्तलकायि, पत्तलकोडु, s. The snake-gourd, Trichosanthes anguina.

patha, s. A picture, drawing.
2. a boy’s kite. adv. Much.
—ती to fear much. —ती to let fly a kite.

padu, paduca, paduci, see रा.

padupe, see रा.

pada, adj. Not sufficiently sloping. 2. placing or laying.
—ती a flat roof. —ती to fall or lie at length.

pada, s. A boat.

padanga, see रा.

padambu, s. A rough canvas cloth.

padamboli, s. A liar.
2. see रा.

padaca, see रा.

padapada, see रा.

padapuni, see रा. 2. see रा. 3. see रा.

padapè, s. A whore; a whoremonger.

padaperadu, s. A kind of grass.

padaposu, adj. Superficial, shallow, not profound.
—ती a flatterer.

padappè, see रा.

padaya, adv. One upon another. —ती to fall one upon another.

padari, see रा under रा.

padaruni, v. n. To creep.

padavu, s. A vessel. 2. see रा.

padasu, see रा.

padasalè, s. A veranda, reception hall.

padayi, s. Trouble. 2. see रा.

padavu, s. An imputation, charge.

padi, s. A daily allowance of food, extra pay to servants when travelling. 2. alms in kind. 3. a small weight. 4. a thrashing frame; also रे रे. 5. a door or shutter made of slips of bamboos tied together. —सी rice for charity. —सी a building over a gateway, a porter’s lodge. —सें to be reduced. —सी, —सु to pay allowance to labourers, etc.; to distribute alms. —सी रे to thrash.

padikè, s. Wickedness, corruption, depravity; also रे. adj. Bad, corrupt.

padikenti, adj. Bad, wicked, corrupt.

padikondaye, s. The name of a demon.
padicā, padicā, see padicāre, padicārake, s. A peon, attendant.

padita, s. A stripe, streak.
2. a wale, mark of a whip, etc., as on a bullock.

padipuni (ษ), v. a. To learn. 2. to plunge. 3. to swell. 4. see padica. padica—to learn a lesson, exercise.

padibāṭlu, s. Straits, difficulty, trouble.

padīlu, s. Waste land. adj. Waste, barren, unfruitful, fallow. 2. fallen in ruins.

padū, adj. Pure. 2. see padully. —padū pure palm wine.

padumbu, see padubu.

padupu, see padupu.

d. A multitude, mob, rabble. 2. an army. —padū the general of an army. —padū a stray dog, abus.
—padū padū to raise an army. —padū padū an army to halt.

padengi, adj. Old. —padengi a very old she-buffalo.

padetale, s. The helix or border of the ear.

padenāli, s. Leanness. —padenāli to become lean, or weary.

padepavuni, c.v. (of padepa) To cause, occasion. 2. to inflict. —padepa— to inflict pain, cause sorrow. —padepa— to make glad.

d. To get, attain, acquire, obtain. 2. to possess, have. 3. to beget, bear, bring forth.

padeyuni, padeyuni, padeyuni (ษ), v. n. To suffer, feel, experience, enjoy. —padeyuni—to suffer grief. —padeyuni—to enjoy pleasure.

padkanatāye, see padkanatāye.

d. Settlement, arrangement. 2. determination, disposing. 3. clearance, consumption. —padang to be settled or disposed of. —padang to settle; to dispose.

padanē, adj. Sloping, flat.

paddayi, paddayi, s. The west.

padya, padya, padya, s. A spittoon, especially an earthen one.

padta, see padta.

padpu, s. A plain. 2. waste ground.

padpē, see padpē.

padposi, padpoli, see padposi.

padyle, s. An honorific title among the Jains.

pana, s. Senselessness.

panakē, s. Pairing together with a rope, as cattle.

panaja, s. A kind of grass.
The weight of a gold fanam.

A quarter rupee. 2. money in general. 3. wealth, riches in specie.

Dew, fog, mist, snow. 2. see झप. —झिल्ली to be moist. —झूठा dew to fall.

Praise. adj. Praiseworthy. —झूठा to praise, eulogise.

To give a shape. v.n. To drizzle. झब्बमी—to shape a vessel.

The forked stem of a water-lift; also झसी, झसी. 2. see झाँच. —झिल्ली to maintain.

A bird; a winged moth.

Harmony, fitness. 2. adherence. —झिल्ला to fit.

The name of a celebrated teacher of the Yoga philosophy.

Falling, liable to fall. [flag.

A standard, a large chest, coffer.

A husband, master, owner. 2. a match, equal. —झिल्ला faithfulness to a husband. —झेल्ला, —झेल्ला a virtuous wife. झेल्ला—husband and wife.

Similarity, equality; cf. झेल्ला. —झेल्ला equal to.

Fallen, overthrown, defeated. 3. wicked.

A sinner. 2. an outcast, a heretic.

To cause to say, let say, inform.

To say, tell, inform, narrate, relate, recite. 2. to teach, instruct. झब्बमी—to recite a verse, sing a song.
paten-gala, see सेतुका।
pate-मायु, see सेतुका।
patty, num. Ten. s. A nail, peg, pin, particularly used for a plough.
patta, adv. Quite, fully, entirely wholly, effectually; at all. अभावसक to be quite dry. सबसक to boil fully. यहाँ there is nothing at all.
patta-गला, पलेनु, जयः जयः patta-न्य, patta-न्य, patta-न्य, patta

Ten. of the Tulu month Bęṣya. 2. a feast celebrated at Dharmasthala.
pattanें, adj. Tenth.
pat-वले, patt-वा, patt-वा patt-व, pattanadya, pattanāji, s. The tenth day of the Tulu

month Bęṣya. 2. a feast celebrated at Dharmasthala.
patta, see सेतुका।
patta-वले, patt-वा, patt-वा, patt-वा, patt-वा, patt-वा, see सेतुका।
patta, see सेतुका।
patt-वले, patt-वा, patt-वा, patt-वा, patt-वा, patt-वा, s. Bribery; cf. सेतुका।
patt-वनी, c. v. (of सेतुका।) To cause to join, stick, attach, adhere, affix. 2. to cause to hold, seize, catch.
patt-सु, patt-सु, s. A kind of sweetmeat. 2. see सेतुका।
patti, s. A trace.
pattigें, see सेतुका।
pattuni (सेतुका।), v. a. To hold, catch. v. n. To adhere, stick, be joined, united. सेतुका।
to contract a habit. सेतुका। to turn mad.
patha, s. A path, road, way.
pathya, see patha.
padurya, s. A fold, layer, stratum. 2. a plait.
padurata, padurada, s. Flight, retreat. to run away, de-camp.
paduru, s. A fold, layer, stratum. 2. a plait.
paduradu, s. Twelve. 3. twelfth.
padurni, see padur.
pada, s. A foot, step. 2. a foot-mark. 3. a word; a con-nected sentence. 4. a verse, song. to sing a song.
pada, s. Abatement, subsi-dence; tranquillity. to abate, as storm or rain.
padanka, s. see padan. adj. see padan.
padanika, s. see padan. adj. see padan.
padanakara, adv. In a stooping posture. 2. see padan. to cower, crouch, stoop.
padannyaane, s. A lazy fellow.
padaiji, see padana.
padampuni (padan), v. n. To become wet.
padaka, s. An ornamental breast-plate. 2. meditation. 3. see padan. to set a breast-plate with precious stones.
padakaru, s. Breadth. a kind of concave umbrella made of leaves.
padakara, adj. Dense, thick. adv. Densely, thickly, closely. to fall thickly.
padanu, padanuni, padanuni (padan), v. n. To become soft. 2. to get wet; be chilly.
padana, padanappa, adv. Well, nicely. to smear well.
padaniyuni, see padana.
[padaniye, s. A wealthy padapadya, s. Singing; of. padana.
padappu, s. The temples. 2. see padana.
padaru, s. Ambiguity, vagueness. adj. Ambiguous, vague. an ambiguous statement; speaking vaguely.
padaraji, see padaraji.
padaravi, s. Wealth, property, possession. 2. rank, degree, grade. 3. road, path. 4. fortune, luck.
padavu, s. A plateau, table-land.
padaste, s. A moderate man.
padanga, s. A syllable.
padatige, see padatiga.
padana, see padana.
padati, padadi, s. A foot-soldier.
Homage paid by falling at one's feet.

A class of drummers, attached to the service of a temple.

A thing, article. 2. vegetable curry, sauce. 3. the meaning of a word or sentence.

A basket.

Ten, esp. used in comp.; as, -are sixteen. -fourteen. -eighteen. -seventeen. -fifteen. -nineteen. -thirteen.

The principal hall of a house. an out-house.

To sneak, crouch, hide, lurk. 2. to be afraid, perplexed, depressed.

Ornaments, jewels.

Custom, practice, habit, rule.

A particle, atom; a very small quantity. 2. a dot, clotted blood on the skin. nothing at all.

The common herb *Amaranthus oleraceus*. a red kind of the same. a white kind of the same.

A lotus, *Nelumbo speciosum*. 2. the Egyptian or Pythagorian bean. 3. coloured marks on the throat of a serpent or on the face and trunk of an elephant. the filament of a lotus. a name of Vishnu. a ruby. a weaver. the seed of a lotus.
padmini, s. One of the four classes of females.

padya, s. A verse, metre.

pana, panapāna, see padmi.

panambara, s. Ambergris. 2. boasting, making a mountain of a mole-hill.

to boast, make a great ado about trifles.

pani, s. Drizzling rain. 2. see pan. adj. Little, small.

few; cf. pany. — a small kind of frog. — a small umbrella.

a temporary shed. — to drizzle. — to abate, as a drizzle.

panipuni (pali), v. n. To drizzle, shower.

paniyāra, s. An offering to a god, etc., consisting of preparations of fruits and vegetables.

panuru, panoru, panorū, see panyāra.

panē, pane, panekutti, see panyāra.

panemāde, s. A demon so called.

panoli, see panyāra.

pankōri, s. A kind of fish.

panni, see panyāra.

pannē, see panyāra.

panpu, see panyāra.

panal, pappadā, pappala,

s. Pappadam, a very thin kind of cake made of pulse, salt, etc.

pappu, s. A carcass, carrion.

pabba, see panyāra.

paya, s. An ear of rice, etc. 2. gum, resin. 3. see panyāra.

an ear of rice to shoot.

payakelu, payacelu, payācelu, s. The time of shooting of the ears of corn.

payana, see panyāra.

payatāye, s. A thriving man.

payarandatāye, s. A demon so called.

payavuni, payāvuni (pali), v. n. To shoot, as an ear of corn.

payasu, s. Water 2. milk.

payi, s. An ear of corn; cf. panyāra.

paycilu, s. A bag made of palm-leaves.

payicilu, see paycilu.

payiṇānu, payiṇānu, s. A kind of silver anklet.

payināli, payinālayi, payināli, see payinānu.

payiṇųṣire, see payiṇųṣire.
payitōta, s. A young garden or plantation.

payilu, see payilu.

payilumānigē, see payilu.

payēcelyu, s. Subscription, contribution. 2. see payēcelyu.

payebeluyu, see payēcelyu.

payoli, see payoli.

payya, payyē, see payyana.

Gently, softly, quietly; cf. to conceal quietly.
— to put gently.

payyeru, s. A horse. 2. see payyeru.

payyoluyu, s. A horse. 2. riding, galloping.

para, adj. Distant, remote. 2. subsequent, after, following. 3. other, different. 4. more, exceeding. 5. before. — a strange place, foreign country.

para, adj. Old, worn out. — worn out clothes.

para, s. Regard, respect. — a careless man. — to have regard or respect. — to lose respect. — be careless, regardless. — to regard, give attention. have you no regard? do you not care?

paraṅkuni, see paraṅkuni.

paraṅgu, see paraṅgu.

paraṅgi, see paraṅgi.

paraṅguni (raṅg), v. n.
To become stale, musty; to decay; also paraṅguni.

paraṅgelu, s. Staleness, decay. adj. Stale, decayed, decrepit. a decrepit man.

paraṅcuni, see paraṅcuni.

paraṅcena, paraṅcelu, s. Prattling. 2. grumbling, murmuring.

paraṅcēle, s. A prattler, babbler. 2. a grumbler.

paraṅji, see paraṅji.

paraṅjyoti, s. The Supreme Being, Light of lights.

paraṅtu, s. A bull frog.

paraṅta, s. Murmuring, grumbling. — to grumble, talk nonsense.

paraṅtaḷu, paraṅtaḷigē, s. A kind of creeper.

paraṅtunī (raṅti), v. a.
To gripe, grasp, seize, lay hold of. 2. see paraṅtunī.

paraṅtē, s. An old buffalo.

paraṅtele, s. A prattler, grumbler.

paraṅda, s. Murmuring, grumbling.

paraṅduni, see paraṅduni.

paraṅhāma, s. Vishnu's paradise.
paramparë, s. Succession; race, lineage, descent. adj. Successive, proceeding from one to another, hereditary.

parambuni, see रंभू.
parakû, see रंक.
parakatû, see रंक.
parakâlè, parakâli, s. A long cloth.
parakaya, s. Another body. -ध्यु transmigration.
paraki, see रंक.
parakè, s. A vow made in trouble; beseeching. 2. see रंक. -ध्यु to vow, make a vow. -ध्यु, -ध्य्य to fulfil a vow. -ध्यु to do a work carelessly. ध्यु a vow to be fulfilled.
parakei, s. Depositing with another, as the stake of a wager. -ध्यु to deposit in this way.
paragantè, see रंगः.
paragati, s. Future destiny.
parajana, s. Strangers.
pairajàta, adj. Adopted, fostered by a stranger.
parajâti, s. A foreign tribe or caste.
paraji, see रंज.
paradhi, see रंध.
paraduni (रंड़), v. n. & a. To groove. 2. to spread.
parâdele, s. One who gropes about. 2. a lazy man, etc.
paratû, adj. Old, worn out. -ध्यु to become old.
paratantra, adj. Dependent, obedient, subservient.
parataruni, paraturuni (रंतरु, रंतरु), v. n. To spread, extend, diffuse.
2. to creep, as an ant, diffuse.
parati, see रं.
paradi, paradè, s. A curtain, blind, screen. -ध्य to put up a blind.
paradèvatè, s. A foreign deity.
paradèsa, s. A foreign country.
paradèsi, s. A foreigner. 2. a vagrant, vagabond.
paradesû, s. Paradise.
paranâri, s. Another’s wife.
paranindè, s. Abusing others.
paranirû, s. lit. Old water. 2. flowing water. 3. a perennial fountain. 4. water stored the preceding day.
parapanâca, see रंपण.
parapasha, s. Partiality.
ध्यु to show partiality, be biased.
parapara, s. The noise of rending cloth.
parapu, s. A sand bed. adj. flowing, running.
parapuni (para), v. n. To flow, as water. 2. to creep, crawl on hands and legs. 3. to spread, as a creeper.
parabari, s. Assignment. adv. Separately. 2. indirectly. 3. to speak indirectly. to avoid, as a place in a journey, and go another way. 2. to transfer, deliver over to another.
parabu, s. An old woman.
parabe, s. An old man.
parabrahma, s. The Supreme Being.
parama, adj. Best, most excellent. 2. principal, chief, supreme. a blessed condition, salvation. an excellent disposition. a supreme, religious guide. a very wicked man. superior understanding. heavenly bliss.
paramandala, s. Heaven, the sky.
paramata, s. A strange religion. 2. another's intention.
paramanna, paramāyana, s. Rice or wheat boiled in milk with sugar, etc.
paramatme, s. The Supreme Being.
paramānanda, s. Great happiness, heavenly bliss.
paramāpte, s. A best friend, intimate friend.
paramārtha, s. Chief object or intention. 2. truth, fact.
paramārthi, s. A truthfull, honest man.
paramārthe, s. God.
paramāsū, adj. Best, excellent.
paramāsi, s. Command, mandate, order; will, pleasure.
parame, s. A clever man. 2. a cunning, tricky fellow.
paramēśvare, s. The Supreme Lord. 2. a name of Śiva.
paramēśhti, s. The Creator. 2. a name of Brahma.
paraye, see ॥
parājya, s. A foreign territory.
paraloka, s. The next world, heaven.
parava, s. Concern, care, regard, respect; cf. ॥.
paravica, see ॥.
paravadāvē, s. Another's property or thing.
paravāsa, s. Subservience, dependence. 2. ecstasy. 3. absence of mind.
paravāsa, s. Residence in a foreign land, exile.
paravi, see para.

parave, s. A man belonging to a low class of devil-dancers.

paravesha, s. Personation. 2. see para.

parasu, s. A hatchet, an axe. 2. the philosopher's stone; also the sixth incarnation of Vishnu, who is said to have peopled the coast of Malabar.

parase, s. Pilgrims going to or assembled at any sacred place or festival of an idol.

parasu, s. Benediction.

parasadhaka, s. Means of obtaining heaven.

parase, s. The perforations of a small machine for making a kind of vermicelli (parasandhi). 2. see para.

parasnev, s. Serving another.

parasthala, s. A strange place, foreign country.

parastri, s. The wife of another.


parasva, s. Another's property.

parasvadhina, see para.

parahimsa, s. Persecution.

parahita, s. Kindness to strangers, benevolence.

paraloppa, adv. Wholly, totally, fully.

para, prof. implying Supremacy. 2. liberation. 3. invested order. 4. pride. 5. excess. 6. encounter. 7. overcoming. 8. going. 9. destroying.

paranmukha, s. An averted face.

paranna s. Living on others; food supplied by another.

parambare, s. Care, protection. 2. enquiry, investigation.

parambaripuni (para), v. a. To take care of, watch over, nurse. 2. to investigate, consider.

paraky, see para.

parake, intj. Attention! 2. calling attention while addressing a superior.

parakrama, s. Power, valour. 2. exertion. — a powerful man, hero.

parakhatu, see para.

parajaya, s. Conquest, defeat.

paramukha, see para.

parastpare, s. The Supreme Being, God.

paradhina, s. Possession by another, alienation. adj.
Dependant on, subject to another. — to alienate, as property.

para, see 395.

parāparavastu, see 395.

parabhava, s. The fortieth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. discomfiture. 3. destruction.

parābari, see 395.

parārtha, s. The property of another. 2. another meaning. adv. On account of another.

parāshraya, s. Taking refuge with another.

parī, s. A path, way. 2. an opening, gap; a vacant space. — a rabbit's path. — to repair, as a gap in a hedge. — to seek a way; to track the path. — to go one's way; to escape. — to plant again where the previous plants have perished; to repair a hedge. — to take care. —, a path to be out of repair.

parī, pref. implying Ubiquity. 2. part, portion. 3. abandonment. 4. end, term. 5. sickness, infirmity. 6. stress. 7. separateness, distribution. 8. encircling. 9. depreciation, exposure of faults. 10. respect. 11. rejection, turning off or away. 12. ornament. 13. diffusion. 14. sign. 15. sorrow. 16. cessation; impediment. 17. truth. 18. an exclamation of pleasure or satisfaction.

parīkṣigaddē, s. The Telinga potato, Arum campanulatum.

parīkuni, see 395.

parīngottē, see 395.

parikāle, see 395.

parikī, see 395.

parikē, see 395. 2. see 395.

parikhyāti, see 395.

parīga, s. An iron club.

paricchedane, s. Division, section, as of a book. 2. circumcision.
pariñama, pariñama, pariñama, see pariñama.
parityāga, s. Separation, abandonment.
paridhāvi, s. The forty-sixth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty.
parināma, see pariñama.
paripaksha, see pariñama.
paripari, adj. Diverse, various.
paripālanē, s. Protection, care, fostering.
paripuni (pari), v. a. To tear, rend.
paripūrna, adj. Complete, full.
paripūrti, s. Fulness, completion, satisfaction.
paribandha, s. Relationship. —तम a kinsman.
paribhramē, s. Turning round, flurry.
parimala, s. Fragrance, perfume. —र्म perfumery. —म fragrant water.
parimāna, s. Measure, amount, quantity.
parimalu, s. An honorific title amongst Bants.
parimita, adj. Measured, meted. s. Estimate, value.
parimuńci, s. Country chilli.
parimudi, s. Perishing.
pariya, adj. Plenty, exceeding, much.
pariyantara, adv. Till, until.
pariyātanē, s. Wandering, roaming; revolution. —त्रां to wander, roam; to revolve.
pariyāya, s. Order, arrangement, succession. 2. opportunity, occasion. 3. a grand festival once in two years at Udupi, celebrating the occasion of a Svāmi’s succession to the management of Krishna’s temple there.
pariyuni (pari), v. n. To run, flow. 2. to rend.
pariyolu, s. A kind of fish.
parivāra, s. Followers, retinue; army.
parisuddha, adj. Sacred, holy, pure. —सुद्धा, —सृज a holy man. —सृज to sanctify.
parisudhātme, s. The Holy Ghost, Holy Spirit.
parišē, see pariśē.
pariśodhanē, s. Examination, investigation. 2. temptation. —सूद्धने, सूद्धने to investigate; to tempt.
parisrama, s. Fatigue, difficulty, exhaustion. 2. practice, exercise.
parisāna, s. Death.
pariharipuni (pari), v. a. To forgive, absolve, pardon. 2. to clear, as a debt.
pari

pariha, s. Removal. 2. healing, relief. 3. absolution; pardon. —सृवस्यं to heal, relieve; to pardon, absolve; to propitiate, as an evil spirit, etc.

pariha, parihasa, parihasya, s. Jeer, mocking, raillery, sport. —सृवस्यं to jeer; to sport.

pariya, see pariha.

parikshë, s. Trial, experiment, investigation, examination, test, discrimination. —सृवस्यं an experimenter; examiner; a tempter. —सृवस्यं to examine, test, try.

paru, s. The teeth, as of a beast, saw, file, etc. —सृवस्यं a tooth-pick. —सृवस्यं to set teeth on edge. —सृवस्यं, सृवस्यं the teeth to fall out. —सृवस्यं to file the teeth of a saw. —सृवस्यं, सृवस्यं to gnash the teeth. —सृवस्यं to furnish a saw, etc., with teeth. —सृवस्यं to teeth.

parukatti, see pariha.

paruku, see pariha.

paruva, see pariha.

paruvelu, s. Food, meal, as of a Pariah. 2. see paruvelu.

paru, parusa, parusu, see pariha.

parë, s. A cataract or web on the eye. 2. see pariha.

parengi, s. A Frank or Portuguese. 2. an European. adj. European; foreign. —सृवस्यं ananas, pine-apple. —सृवस्यं Spanish pepper, Capsicum annuum. —सृवस्यं syphilis. जोगिता, झण्डा; लोक, यथा, यथा are some of the different kinds of venereal diseases.

parengele, s. A syphilitic man. 2. see parengi.

parencha, parencana, parencata, s. Prattle. 2. twaddle.

parencuni (परेन्चुं), v. n. To prate, prattle. 2. to find fault with, censure.

parencele, s. A prattler, tattler. 2. one given to fault-finding.

parenji, parej, pareji, s. A scaffold, temporary platform. —सृवस्यं to erect a scaffold.

parely, s. A grain of sand, grit, gravel; a bit of glass, etc. 2. a grain of corn, etc. —सृवस्यं a pebble. सृवस्यं a small shot. —सृवस्यं a washerman-barber of low class.

pareluni, see parevilu.

pareldennë, s. Castor oil.

parely, see parely.

parej, pareji, pareju, adj. Equal, corresponding with; cf. pariha.

paretë, s. Crawling on hands and feet.

pareše, see pariha.
paro, s. Dissimulation, hypocrisy.
2. skill, craft, scheme.
—to a hypocrite.
—to simulate, pretend; to play tricks.

paropakāra, s. Kindness to strangers, benevolence.

parrāye, s. A stranger, foreigner.
parky, parkaṭṭy, parkaṭe, parkaṭe, adj. Old, worn out, ragged.
parkā, parkaṭṭy, parkaṭe, adj. Grinding or gnashing of teeth.
—to grind or gnash teeth.
parkaḍi, parkaḍḍi, s. A tooth-pick.
parkattu, parkatte, s. A scythe, sickle.

parkavuni (z5), v. a.
To draw in, call in. 2. to confiscate. 3. c. v. of parti.
parki, parke, parki, parkisṛ, parkelly, adj. Destitute, wretched.

parkuni, see partī.
parkē, see partī.
parkē, s. Bedding. 2. sleep, rest. — the mat under a bed, etc.
parkṭe, parkottle, parkottu, see partī.

parkōḍeyuni (z5), v. a. To grin, gnash.
pargāṇē, see partī.

parcarya, parcita, see parciyā.
parji, see parti.
parṇa, see parr.
parti, s. Cotton, Gossypium indicum.
partē, s. Sharpness, edge.
adj. Sharp, quick, keen. — to whet, sharpen.
parti, partē, partely, s.
A rent, tear, as in clothes, etc. adj. Torn, tattered, old.
partele, s. A man in rags.
pardatti, see parṇa.
parsi, see parī.
pardē, s. A leaf. 2. a feather.
parsālē, s. A hut made of leaves, hermitage. 2. a booth. 3. a bower.
parnāma, s. Health, welfare. 2. prosperity. adj. Thriving, prosperous.
parpāṭa, s. Drinking.
parpāṭaka, s. The shrub Mullugo cerviana.
parpāvuni, c. v. (of or is) To cause to drink. 2. to have pulled out, cause to pluck or pull.
parpini (z5), v. a. To drink, sip. 2. to take food, as a Pariah.
parpu, see parr.
parpuni (z5), v. a. To
pluck, pull out, as roots, grass, etc.; cf. ಸರೆ.
ಪಪೆ parpele, s. A drunkard.
ಪ್ರೆ parba, s. A festival, feast, holiday.
ಪ್ರೆ parbavuni, c. v. (of ಎಣ್ಣ) To cause to spread, extend, diffuse.
ಪಪೆ parbu, see ಜೆತ.  
ಪಪೆ parbuni (ಪಪೊ), v. n. To spread, multiply, diffuse; to flow.
ಪಪೆ parma, see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ parma, see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ parmanu, s. A pole attached to a boat's sail.
ಪಪೆ parmasu, see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ parva, s. Akin, fear, reverence, respect, regard; cf. ಜೆತ.  
ಪಪೆ parva, s. A knot, joint of a cane.  
2. a name given to certain days in the lunar month, as the full and change of the moon.  
3. division of a year, as the equinox, solstice, etc.; cf. ಜೆತ.  
4. a section, division, chapter.  
5. stage or degree of ripeness in fruits. —ಸೆ a holy day.
ಪಪೆ parvanda, adj. Honorary. —ಸೆ a robe of honor.
ಪಪೆ parvata, s. A mountain, hill.
ಪಪೆ, ಪಪೊ parvelu, parveli, s. A feast or meal among Páriahs.  
2. see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ parse, see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ parleppu, see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ pala, see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ palavuni, adv. Early.  
2. see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ palaüru, see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ palambara, s. Fulness.  
2. see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ palambuni (ಪಪೊ), v. a. To be full.  
2. see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ palambu (ಪಪೊ), v. a. To lament.
ಪಪೆ palatuni (ಪಪೊ), v. n. To be altered, changed.
ಪಪೆ palapu, s. A boundary, limit.
ಪಪೆ palayi, s. A plank, board.  
—ಪಪೆ the Indian cod.
ಪಪೆ palaye, s. An elder brother.
ಪಪೆ palavu, see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ palana, see ಜೆತ.
ಪಪೆ palayana, s. Flight, retreat. —ಸೆ to retreat, decamp.
ಪಪೆ palayi, see ಜೆತ.
Palaye, see pala.

Palara, see pala.

Palaśa, s. The tree Butea frondosa.

Pali, s. An elder sister.

Pali, see pala. 2. see pala.

Palikē, s. A valley, declivity. 2. a pond, ditch.

Palita, see pala. 3. A valley, declivity. 2. a pond, ditch.

Palituni, see pala. 3. Effect, virtue, efficacy, as of a hand, medicine, etc. 2. durability, survivance.

Pali, s. Ripening, as of fruit. 2. see pala. adj. Half ripe.

Pale, see pala.

Palkuni (palaśa), v. n. To be very soft, as an overripe fruit. 2. to be pliant, flexible.

Palsedi, see palaśa.

Palgedi, s. A base, mean fellow.

Paldi, see pala.

Paliru, see palaśa.

Pallu, see palaśa.

Palla, s. A small enclosure of wicker work for keeping cooked food during an entertainment. 2. see pala.

Pallaṅga, s. A canopy over a couch or bedstead.

Pallaki, s. palaśa.

Pallata, adj. Overwhelmed. 2. altered. 3. misplaced. — to be altered. — to alter.

Pallana, s. Rags. 2. patchwork of a garment. — to wear patched garments.

Pallayi, s. An earthen dish.

Pallava, s. A sprout, shoot.

Pallā, s. A port. 2. see pala.

Palladuni (palaśa), v. n. To be unsteady.

Palli, s. A house lizard. 2. a fork. 3. a rake. — to grasp one's hands in a children's game.

Pallu, adj. Stupid, simple. 2. timid, spiritless, wanting boldness; cf. pall, 3. see pala. — mad or howling jackal. — a weak fellow; a stupid man.

Pallē, s. The spleen. 2. the large bean of Entada monastachya; also — the knee-cap. — a bundle of the said beans. — the creeper of Entada monastachia. — to play with Entada seeds.

Palleńki, s. A palankeen.

Pallekkinoga, s. Rickets.

Pavanu, s. A gold coin equal to twenty shillings.

Pavana, s. A sieve, strainer.

Pavana, pavamana, s. Air, wind.
pava, pavala, pavala, see pav.
pavitra, adj. Clean, pure, purified. s. Sacrificial (or kuša) grass, Poa. cynosurusides. 2. a ring of kuša grass put on the fourth finger by a Brahman while performing a ceremony.
pavuĉī, s. A bracelet of gold beads.
pavujī, s. The Dasara festival.
pavujigāre, s. A fop, dandiprat; a vain or proud man.
pavuji, see pas.
pavoli, see pas.
pasapaşa, see pas.
pashu, s. An animal in general. 2. a beast. 3. horned cattle.
pase, see pas.

pashā, pashā, pascātāpa, pascāttāpa, s. Contrition, repentance, remorse, sorrow. 2. pity, compassion. — to be penitent. — to repent.
pasumbê, pasambê, s. A sack or bag made of coir.
pasaṅgari, s. A kind of condiment.
pasantu, pasandu, adj. Comely, handsome, well, pleasing, nice.

pasantra, pasandra, s. Vicinity, neighbourhood, environ.
pasakka, see pas.
pasariyuni, see pas.
pasalu, s. The share of a fisherman.
pasali, see pas.
pasādi, see pas.
pasādu, s. Transpiring, becoming public.
pasāru, see pas.
pasāri, s. A druggist.
pasi, s. A boy. 2. a child.
pasīkara, s. Dampness, wetness. 2. yielding, softness.
pasigetti, pasigête, see pas.
pasu, see pas.
pasē, s. Moisture, wetness, dampness. 2. greasiness, oiliness. 3. essence, substance, strength. — dampness. — greeness of ghee. — the strength of tobacco.
paseruni (pas), v. n. & a. To extend, diffuse, spread.
pasku, s. Collection, fee. — to collect a fee.
paskaṭṭi, paskettī, s. Turf, sod, sward, removed from the earth for covering a wall, etc., with it.
paskāru, see pas.
paski, s. Punishing a boy
by making him to stand and sit alternately with both ears seized by his fingers cross-armed.

**paskutta**, s. Sickliness. a sickly man, invalid.

**paskedi**, see **pasku**.

**paspu**, adj. Clear. 2. wet; cf. **paspu**. 3. see **pasku**.

**passaru**, s. Clipping, cutting asunder. 2. killing, murdering.

**passuni**, see **passaru**.

**paskedi**, see **pasku**.

**paspu**, adj. Clear. 2. wet; cf. **paspu**. 3. see **pasku**.

**pasku**, s. Kind of musical instrument.

**paskvka**, see **pasku**.

**pañgi**, s. A portion, share. to divide; to mark.

**pañgala**, s. A portion, share. **pañgithana, pângidana, pângidâna**, s. Scorn, mockery, jeering, despising.
To despise, jeer, mock. To be despised, jeered, mocked.

Precious. To be despised, jeered, mocked.

Precious.

Sickness. 2. a share. 3. proportion.

see parallel.

Oblique, sloping.

A den, cave, cavern. 2. a cage.

to get weary.

A spool. [man.

A stiff, stunted

Stiffness; stuntedness.

see parallel.

Pale or yellowish white.

A large kind of areca nut.

A kind of areca nut.

A pigeon, dove.

The five Pāṇḍu princes.

A country in the south of India, comprehending part of the modern Tamil provinces.

a male's garment manufactured there.

Some, several,
a few. — some time.

**paka, s.** Maturity, the state of being boiled or ripened.

- to be fully ripe; to be properly prepared, as food, etc. — to cook, boil.

**paku,** see **paka.**

**pakuṭṭi,** s. A knife for cutting betel-nuts.

**pāgara,** s. An inclosure, fence; a rampart.

**pāgē,** s. A kind of tree.

**pāca,** s. The lungs of fish.

2. the skin of the leg.

**pāci,** s. A sponge. 2. see **pacē.**

**pācigē,** s. A kind of pill.

**pācilū,** s. A bivalve shell, *Mytilus.*

**pācē,** see **pacē.** 2. see **pacē.**

**pācēaye,** s. A pasha, sovereign, ruler. — royalty of a pasha.

**pāji,** s. A servant, menial.

- even a Ī or even a Ī may become a menial; misfortune may reduce a great man to obscurity.

**pājē,** s. Algae, lichen. — algae to grow.

**pājeyi,** s. The tree *Ficus congestorata*; also *Kāma.*

**pātu,** see **pātu.**

**pāta,** see **pātu.**

**pāṭala,** s. Pale red, rose colour. 2. the trumpet flower plant; also *pāṭal.* — the trumpet flower.

**pāṭali,** s. The manager or warden of a temple.

**pāṭi,** s. A gang of workmen, particularly working on roads. 2. road-work; also *pāṭa.* 3. a party, set of people.

**pātha,** s. A lesson, task.

2. reading. — a school.

- to commit to memory.

- to deliver a lesson.

- to learn or commit to memory, as a lesson; to practise, do frequently; to contract a habit.

**pādu,** s. Likeness, similarity, mode, form, order.

**pāḍa,** s. An oil vessel.

2. a liquid measure equal to about one mānd.

**pāḍaga,** s. An anklet.

**pāḍalū,** see **pāḍa.**

**pāḍāri,** adj. Destitute, poor. 2. extravagant, reckless, ruinous.

**pāḍavalli,** see **pāḍa.**

**pāḍavuni,** c. v. (of to cause to throw, place, put.

**pādi,** s. An under-wood, small forest; also *pāra.*
To throw, cast, fling; to discharge, as a missile weapon or fire-arm. 2. to place, put. 3. to put on, dress. 4. to pour. 5. to shoot. 6. to name. 7. to pour into a well. 8. to throw into a well. 9. to put into a box. 10. thrown, discharged; worn; poured. 11. lit. the task set and the food doled out; slavery which exacts the largest quantity of labour for the least pay. 12. lit. put for eating; anything serving as sauce or pepper-water.

The first lunar day of either fortnight.

The hand. - The hand. - A marriage.

A large water-pot.

A large earthen pot.

see under Sanskrit grammarian.

A celebrated Sanskrit grammarian.

A large earthen pot.

To wear, dress; to put on a mask.

To shoot. 5. to name. 6. to pour into a pot.

To throw into a well. 8. to throw into a well. 9. to put into a box. 10. thrown, discharged; worn; poured.

lit. the task set and the food doled out; slavery which exacts the largest quantity of labour for the least pay. 12. lit. put for eating; anything serving as sauce or pepper-water.

The first lunar day of either fortnight.

A word, speech, saying. 2. language. 3. a promise.
I have something to say.

To cause to speak. 2. to make reproach.

To speak, say, converse, talk. v. a. To reproach, scold, abuse.

A vessel in general; a plate, cup, jar. - a round kind of water-gourd.

To speak, say, converse, talk. v. a. To reproach, scold, abuse.

A vessel in general; a plate, cup, jar. - a round kind of water-gourd.

The pedestal of a column.

Quicksilver, mercury.

The tree Bignonia cheloneoides. 2. see adj.

The pedestal of a column.

A kind of brass vessel. - a vessel made of palmyra leaves. - to make a small basket of leaves.

A rock. - a flower growing on rocks.

Water for washing the feet.

An European clergyman. 2. a Christian missionary, minister.

A page.

Drinking. drinking spirituous liquors.

The cooling drink made from jaggory, pepper, and water mixed together, lemonade. - offering such a drink to a deity.

A drinking vessel, cup.

A lantern.

A kind of brass vessel. - a vessel made of palmyra leaves. - to make a small basket of leaves.

A rock. - a flower growing on rocks.

Sin, fault, transgression, iniquity, crime, guilt, wickedness, evil. 2. pity. adj. Vile, mischievous. 2. pitiable. - alas! what a sin! what a pity! - a wicked act. - a
depraved nature. —depraved, depraved, depravity; —depraved confession of sin. —depraved, depravity; —depraved pardon, atonement of sin, absolution from sin. —depraved distress occasioned by sin. —depraved vice and virtue. —depraved to commit evil; to incur guilt. —depraved to be hardened in sin. —depraved to sin.

**pāpate**. s. The parting of the hair on a female's forehead.

**pāpatu**, *see* अन्तः.

**pāpari**, s. Pauperism, destitution. 2. a pauper. adj. Insolvent. [pers.]

**pāpasu**, s. Shoes, slip.

**pāpavuni**, *see* अन्तः.

**pāparigē**, s. Insolvency.

**pāparigē**, s. Insolvency.

**pāpatme**, s. A sinner, criminal.

**pāpāvu**, adj. Bent.

**pāpāvu** (असं), v. a. To bow, bend. v. n. To be sufficient, enough.

**pāpasu**, *see* अन्तः.

**pāpi, pāpishte**, s. A sinner. 2. a destitute man.

**pāpu**, s. A small bridge; a stone or log of wood, etc., serving for a bridge.

**pāpu**, adj. Enough.

**pāpē, s. An image, statue, puppet, doll. adj. Bent, inclined. —pāpē a bent tree.

presentation of one's self as a thank-offering to a deity. —pāpottu, adj. Suffering innocently. —pāpottu an innocent sufferer.

**pāmaēgu**, s. A small wooden bridge.

**pāmaēca**, s. A kind of scab.


**pāya**, s. Foundation. 2. gain, profit; *cf.* जोत्तो. —pāya to look to one's own advantage. —pāya to dig a foundation. —pāya to lay a foundation. —pāya to gain.

**pāya**, s. Coming into existence, or being delivered of a child, as among Pariahs, etc. 2. *see* जोत्तो. —pāya, pāya to be born, delivered of a child.

**pāyasa**, s. A preparation consisting of rice, milk, and sugar. [कोट्स.

**pāyapini**, *see under*


para, s. A sail. 2. a mat.
3. *see* para.  -sense, -sense to take the sails in; to de-
camp, run away.  -sense, -sense to set sail.

payi, s. A sail.
2. a mat.
3. *see* para.

s.). To *make pass or cross over; to deliver from
a difficulty.

para, s. Guard, custody, keeping.  -sense, -sense to
guard.  -sense to guard, watch.  -sense, -sense to
place a guard.  -sense a sentry, guard.  -sense to put in a lockup.

para, s. Brooding, hatching, incubation.  -sense to brood, sit on eggs.  -sense to place the eggs
for brooding or incubation.  -sense to prepare to
sit on eggs after a fowl has finished laying them.

paramparë, paramparya, s. Continuous
order or succession.  2. tra-
dition.

paramarthika, adj.
1. One intent upon another world.
adj. Real, true, sincere.

parà, s. Running, a race.

parà, s. Reading
from a sacred book the lesson
for the day.

paràvuni, c. v. (of para) To cause to run; to drive.
of pāri, s. A milk pot. 2. water. 3. see ॥.

of pārigē, see ॥.

trees of paradise, Nyctanthes arbor tristis. 2. the tree yielding every wish.

of pāriṣa, see ॥.

of pāru, see ॥. 2. see ॥.

pāruni (डैरी), v. n. To run. 2. to fly. 3. to escape. to expire. see ॥.

[rain.

pārupāni, s. A drizzling

pārupatya, s. Management, superintendence. a manager, superintendent.

pāruļu, see ॥.

of pārè, s. The hip, haunch. 2. the shoulder. 3. the scolomber, a kind of fish; also ॥.

of pāreļu, see ॥.

of pāreŋi, s. An iron crowbar, used for digging. 2. a lever.

of pāreņi, see ॥.

of pārelu, s. A fugitive animal. 2. see ॥.

of pārele, s. A runner; a run-away, truant; a fugitive.

pāroļu, s. A young she-buffalo.

pārkanē, s. Paying into a government treasury the revenue collected by a village officer. 2. examination of coins, assaying.

of pārte, see ॥.

of pārtha, s. A name of Arjuna. ॥.

pārdana, see ॥.

pārpadiļu, adj. Empty.

pārvana, s. A particular funeral ceremony. 2. a cake used at a funeral ceremony.

pārvati, s. The wife of Śiva.

of pārši, s. A Parsee. 2. the Persian language. the kingdom of Persia.

pārśva, s. A side. 2. a part. ॥ the right side. ॥ the left side.

of pālu, s. A share, portion, part, division. ॥ a partner. on all sides; dispersion. to be divided. to give a part, portion or share. to apportion. to divide. is sometimes added to cardinal numbers for the purpose of forming multiplicatives; as, ॥-quadruple.

of pālaki, see ॥.

of pālake, s. A keeper, guardian; a protector, preserver. a doorkeeper, porter.

of the regents of the eight points of the compass.
palà, s. Cherishing, protecting, nourishing, nursing; see parasu.

pala, pálana, pálàs, pálàsè, see parasu.

påli, s. Invoking, addressing in prayer. 2. a vow. -rë to implore; to make a vow.

pålipuni, päliyuni, pälisuni (s.), v. a. To nourish, cherish, protect, keep. 2. to bestow, give, grant, distribute, vouchsafe.

pale, palembu, s.
The spatha of palm-blossoms or of an areca branch. 2. a cap made of areca spatha. 3. the sole of the foot. 4. the tree Alstonis scholaria. -rë- the stalk of a spatha. -rë to put on a cap; to be in servitude. -rë to hold a spatha; to beg. -rë the spatha of an areca branch to fall off. -rë- a kind of grass.

palevu, s. A large tortoise.

pälguña, see pälguña.

palya, s. A grant. 2. see parasu.

påvaté, s. A step or stair. -rë to erect steps.

påvatè, s. The bush Pavetta Indica.

påvaqè, s. A foot-cloth; cloth spread on the floor at a wedding for the bride and bridegroom to tread upon. 2. a girl's garment, skirt. 3. a cover. 4. the cloth put on the back of a buffalo. -rë- a petticoat.

påvanu, see parasu.

påvè, påràvè, påràvè, s. A quarter anna, three pie.

påvati, s. An acknowledgment. 2. payment. -rë a receipt.

påvana, s. Purification. 2. penance. adj. Pure, purified.

påvali, see parasu.

påvu, s. A quarter seer. 2. curing, as tobacco, etc.; see parasu. -rë to cure, as tobacco, etc.

påvupeisilu, s. A subscription given to a demon.

påvori, s. A leech. -rë- a larger kind of leech.

påvoli, s. A quarter rupee.

påsa, s. A fetter, chain, bond, tie. 2. a noose, snare.

påsi, s. Hanging by the neck. 2. algae. 3. a kind of glass beads. 4. bleeding of the nose or the gums. -rë gallows. -rë to hang.

påsu, s. A mattress.

påsupata, s. A Śivite sect. -rë a kind of
charmed weapon; Śiva’s trident.

**pāśva, see** तत्त्व.

**pāśhanda, s.** Heresy, imposture.

**pāśhandé, s.** A heretic, impostor. 2. a bigot, enthusiast.

**pāśhāna, s.** A stone in general. 2. arsenic. दोन्तः the plant *Friarhema pentantra*. दोन्तः white arsenic. दोन्तः दोन्तः are some of its varieties.

**pāśu, s.** The warp of a loom. 2. see तत्त्वं. दोन्तः a border. दोन्तः to prepare the warp. दोन्तः to fix the warp in a loom.

**pāśu, s.** Passing, as an examination or test. दोन्तः, दोन्तः to pass, as an examination.

**pāśuparikē, pāśupālikē, pāśuparikē, s.** A mattress, etc. 2. sound sleep. 3. cohabitation, conjugal harmony.

**pāśa, s.** Fasting; cf: तत्त्व. 2. the eleventh lunar day of either fortnight.

**pāśānta, s.** Neighbourhood, vicinity, suburbs.

**pāsādi, postp.** With, a sign of the social case; as, तत्त्वः तत्त्वः तत्त्वः go with him. दोन्तः a companion, associate. दोन्तः to accompany.

**pāśāna, see** तत्त्वः.
piñja (piñjari), adj. Dejected, spiritless. 2. timorous; timid.

piña, piñata, piñatañely, see Zosta.

piñá, s. A lump, heap, quantity. 2. a ball, globe. 3. a mouthful. 4. an oblation to the manes, as a ball or lump of rice mixed with milk, etc. 5. the foetus or embryo, in the early period of gestation. 6. the body.

piñânda, s. The body.

piñí, s. A bundle, parcel, burden. 2. what is squeezed or ground. 3. see Zosta. -o the harassing, dunning, teasing. -o a bundle of cloth. -e a bundle of betel leaves. -o to tie into a parcel or bundle.

piñu, see Zosta.

piñè, see Zosta.

piñda, see Zosta.

piñinavu, piñinaye, pindonuñi, see under Zosta.

pinni, see Zosta.

pinnè, s. A hole. 2. the eye of a needle, etc. -a the eye of a needle to break.

piñbili, see Zosta.

piñyañvu, adj. Small, little.

pikirû, see Zosta.

pikilâta, piklâta, s. Cheating; wheedling, dishonest dealing. -o to cheat, deal dishonestly.

piñ, pikka, adj. Fast, as colour.

pikkasu, s. A pickaxe.

pikdâni, see Zosta.

piçipici, adj. Miry, muddy. 2. oozing, trickling. -o oozing water.

piçèa, adj. Left. -e left hand.

piçè, s. Mammon; also -e. 2. the testicles of animals. 3. a nut, especially the cashew nut; also -e. -e a nursery field. -e to play with cashew nuts. -e to castrate.

piçè, adj. Left. -e left hand.

piçèali, see Zosta.

piçè, s. Mammon; also -e. 2. the testicles of animals. 3. a nut, especially the cashew nut; also -e. -e a nursery field. -e to play with cashew nuts. -e to castrate.

piçè, adj. Left. -e left hand.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Sanskrit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>pija</strong></td>
<td>413</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **pijākrē**, see रेत्र्य।
- **pijī**, s. A twist.
- **pijīṅkē**, see रेत्र्य।
- **pijīṅṭū**, s. Twisting, writhing.
- रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः To twist, writhe.
- रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः To be twisted, writhed. 2. to be distorted, deformed. रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः to make a wry face.
- **pijīṅṭele**, s. A man whose features are distorted, a deformed man.
- **pijīkē**, s. A kind of tree. 2. a twist.
- **pijīkrē**, see रेत्र्य।
- रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः An ant. रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः are some kinds of ants.
- रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः To twist, as a rope, yarn, etc.
- रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः A thin ear-ring.
- रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः The matrix of a screw.
- रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः To turn, return. 2. to abate, subside; as rain, fever, etc.
- रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः A great grandmother.
- रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः A great grandfather.
- रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः The corner end of a female’s cloth.
- रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः A chest or trunk of rattan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Sanskrit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>pijākrd</strong>, see रेत्र्य।</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pijī</strong>, s. A twist.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pijīṅkē</strong>, see रेत्र्य।</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pijīṅṭū</strong>, s. Twisting, writhing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः To twist, writhe.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः To be twisted, writhed. 2. to be distorted, deformed. रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः the face to be distorted; to make a wry face.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pijīṅṭele</strong>, s. A man whose features are distorted, a deformed man.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pijīkē</strong>, s. A kind of tree. 2. a twist.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pijīkrē</strong>, see रेत्र्य।</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः An ant. रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः are some kinds of ants.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः To twist, as a rope, yarn, etc.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः A thin ear-ring.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः The matrix of a screw.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः To turn, return. 2. to abate, subside; as rain, fever, etc.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः A great grandmother.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः A great grandfather.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः The corner end of a female’s cloth.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः रेत्र्यः A chest or trunk of rattan.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
the peculiar region or habitation of departed ancestors. — a cemetery. — like a father; a father's place.

pitàmbra, see 2. 2. like a father; a father's place.
Pitāmahe, Pitāmi, s. A paternal grandmother.
Pitāmahe, Pitāmi, s. A paternal grandfather. 2. Brahma, the great progenitor.

Pitulātu, see 2. 2. A water-vessel; cf. 2. see under 2.
Pitūri, s. A water-vessel; cf. 2. see under 2.
Pitulayi, adv. Out, outside, abroad. adj. Outer. — a covetous eye. — an outsider, stranger, outcaste, heathen. — a strange woman; a woman in menstruation. — to be in monthly course. — to go to stool.

Pitara, s. The tie-beam of a roof, a beam resting on the pillars of a veranda.

Pidaluni (pitā), v. n. To stumble, be sprained, introverted.

Pidadāvuni, c. v. (of) To cause to start, depart.
Pidaduni (pidā), v. n. To start, depart.

Pidara, see 2. 2. To know, understand, comprehend, ascertain, for one's self.

Pirāri, see 2. 2. To shift, change position. — a bilious construction or temperament. — to be bilious; to be irritated.

Pitūri, see 2. 2. A man of bilious or irritable temper; a crack-brained man.
Pitara, see 2. 2. Pitulātu, see 2. 2. Pitulayi, adv. Out, outside, abroad. adj. Outer.
piri, s. A cold affecting the nose. 2. a disease of the nasal membrane.

pini, adj. Little, small, slight, trifling. — very slight; as, — a very slight drizzle.

pinasi, s. A cold affecting the nose.

pinpini (ينا), v.a. To know, understand, comprehend. what is known; knowledge, acquaintance, information. a man who is informed; a learned or wise man, scholar. an ignorant man, a simpleton.

to know for one's self. (you) don't know, (you) don't understand.

pipali, s. Long pepper. Piper longum.

pippi, see गु. फे।

piyya, see गु. गु।

pira, adv. Behind, after, as to either situation, or time; cf. 1. 2. again, back.

support, help; as, — to support, help. an after-thought.

the hind part. abatement. front and rear. to abate, subside. to give back.

to backslide; to with-draw. to place behind, lay aside; to postpone, put off, defer. to throw or put behind; to defeat, vanquish. to go back, return. to come back. to lag behind; to fall back; to be defeated, vanquished; to be put off, deferred. to do again; to delay, dilate.

he will not shrink back; he can be relied on.

piraŋku, see व्य।

piraŋgi, s. A cannon. 2. see गु।

piraŋ, गु।

pira, see गु।

pira, see गु।

piranu, see गु।

pira, see गु।

pira, see गु।

pira, see गु।

pira, see गु।

pira, see गु।

pira, see गु।

pira, see गु।

pira, adv. Back; again.

piravu, adv. Behind, in the rear.

a kind of bracelet. to follow. to go back, retreat, return.

piri, s. A twist. 2. the spiral thread, as of a screw. 3. cure, healing. 4. abatement, removal. adj. Curing, healing. an antidote.
pi·ri·kātu, s. Cancellation, revocation, repealing, as an interdict, oath, etc.

pi·rīkē, s. Twisting; winding. 2. the state of being shaped like the spiral thread of a screw.

pi·riti·ni, s. A ceremony at Dharmasthala.

pi·ri·pā·vuni, c. v. (of หน น) To turn, twist.

pi·ri·pī·ni, see ดี.

pi·ri·pī·ri, adv. In a continuous drizzle. 2. pratingly, loquaciously. — ๔๐๕๐๕ to prattle, prate. — ๔๐๕๐๕ to rain, drizzle continuously.

pi·ri·pu, s. Abatement, removal; cessation. 2. antidote.

pi·ri·pūn, v. a. To twist, as a rope. 2. to cancel, repeal, revoke, as an interdict, oath, etc. 3. to counteract; to abate, remove.

pi·ri·ya, see ดี. 2. see ดี.

pi·ri·yā·di, see ดี.

pi·ri·yū·ni, v. n. To be sober, sane, or lucid, as after being drunk or insane. 2. to be cancelled, repealed, as an interdict or oath. ๔๐๕๐๕ ๔๐๕๐๕ ๔๐๕๐๕ indicates a changeable character.

pi·riti, see ดี.

pi·re·du·ni, see ดี. 2. see ดี.

pi·re·pu·ni, see ดี.

pi·re·ya·vuni, pi·re·yū·ni, pi·re·vuni (รู), v. n. To ache, gripe, as the belly or bowels.

pi·re·sū·ni (รู), v. a. To peel, scrape or pare off, as the outer coatings of certain nuts; to grate, as a nutmeg or coconuts.

pi·ru, see ดี.

pi·rī·ma·ra, see ดี.

pi·rī·ma·ri, see ดี.

pi·rī·yā·di, see ดี.

pi·la, see ดี.

pi·li, s. A tiger. — ๔๐๕๐๕ a big viper. — ๔๐๕๐๕ ๔๐๕๐๕ a large kind of wasp. — ๔๐๕๐๕ a spotted thornback. — ๔๐๕๐๕ a hyena.

pi·lim·bi, pi·lim·bē, s. A low ground. [fish.

pi·lik·uc·cē, s. A kind of

pi·lik·u·tu·ta, s. Swelling of the head.

pi·li·su, s. A span.

pi·li, s. Impurity from birth. 2. the menstrual. 3. humility. — ๔๐๕๐๕ to humiliate. — ๔๐๕๐๕ defilement, especially on account of birth or death in a family.

pi·la·nū·di, s. A demon so called.

pi·li, pi·li, piss, s. A silver ring worn on the toes. — ๔๐๕๐๕ the same ornament consisting of four silver rings
pilli, pillyavuni (*?$), 'To despise, scorn, slight.
pisaci, J. A demon, evil spirit.
pisune, ^. A talebearer, informer, spy, calumniator.
VSDS pisuru, ? Displeasure, anger.
self-conceit, arrogance.
--^N to humble.
to be angry, offended.
pisantu, s. Fretfulness, peevishness.
2. anger, displeasure.
to be fretful.
pisante, pisantele, s. A fretful or peevish man.
pisaple, s. A kind of broom.
pisary, see लोगी.
pisante, see लोगी.
piskari, s. A syringe.
piskavuni, c. v. (of लोगी) To take by force, extort. 2. to compel payment.
piskuni (रोगी), v. a. To squeeze, press. 2. to pay on compulsion, pay in ready cash.
pisnari, see लोगी.
pilapila, pilipili, adj. Sparkling, twinkling, glittering. स्विंग sparkling eyes.
pille, s. A child, baby.
pi, s. The ordure, excrements of human beings, dogs, pigs, etc.
pukanu, pikanu, s. The buttocks.
pikadruni, pikāvuni, c. v. (of लोगी To cause to slip, move or fly out. 2. to press out, as tamarind seeds or the testicles of animals. 3. to get on the sly.
pikuđuni, pikuni (को, कों), v. n. To escape, slip out.
pinkraṭu, see लोगी.
pinguluni, see लोगी जो.
pinčikāyi, see लोगी.
pinčilu, adj. Thin, slender. 2. bent or crooked. अंच thin or bandy legs.
pinčely, adj. Without a handle. अंच a knife without a handle.
pinjaru, see लोगी.
punjilu, see लोगी.
pintu, s. A twist; distortion.
pintangelu, pintelu, adj. Twisted, distorted.
pintavuni, c. v. (of लोगी To cause to twist or distort. अंच to make grimaces.
punyū, puni, adj. A miser, niggard.
—punyū the poon tree, Sterculia foetida, Ailanthus. —see सुनु.

punyū, punyū, pipa, pipāyi, s. A cask, tub.

punyū, sawalū, pipi, s. A kind of pipe.

punyū, sawalū, pipalā, s. A little child.

punyū, sawalū, pimāṇṇu, s. Miry earth.

punyū, sawalū, piyavu, s. A small chicken.

punyū, sawalū, piyyo, interj. An expression of ridicule, mockery, generally accompanied with clapping of hands.

punyū, sawalū, piyyuni, piruni (पियु, पियू), v. n. To ooze, percolate. 2. see सुदर्थ.

punyū, sawalū, pīrē, s. A potherb, Luffa acutangula. सूदर्थ—, सुदनै—, उद्द— are varieties of the same.

punyū, sawalū, pīrengi, see सुनु.

punyū, sawalū, pili, s. Pith, a kind of rush used as corks. 2. a peacock’s feather. adj. Dry, thin, light. —पिल the soft part of a bird’s tail. —पिल to die out. —पिल the star in a peacock’s feather. —पिल to be stunted, to grow lean.

punyū, sawalū, pisu, see सुनु.

punyū, sawalū, pisuni, see सुनु.

punyū, punyū, puṅku, puṅku, see सुनु.
puñcaru, see puñcaru.
puñgave, s. An excellent or pre-eminent man. —puñgave the chief of sages.
uñg, uñgu puñgi, puñgu, s. A sort of drone or bagpipe.
uñgu, s. The Indian beech, *Pongamia glabra.*
  2. see puñgu.
uñguni (uñg), v. a. To rock, toss, as a boat, etc.
puñg, puñge, puñgele, s. A fickle-minded man.
uñntu, adj. Tender, young.
uñca, s. A white-ant-hill.
  2. a snake’s hole.
  3. a kind of poison.
  —puñca a very good rice-field. —puñca the termite soil used for chemical processes. —puñca a kind of protuberance.
uñcalu, see puñcalu.
uñcala, s. A kind of fly-brush, held by a devil-dancer.
uñja, s. A heap, collection.  2. property consisting of ready money.
uñtavuni, c. v. (of puñt) To cause to wring, press or express.
uñtuni (uñt), v. a. To wring, as a wet garment.  2. to press or express, as juice from fruits, etc.
uñda, adj. Mischievous, quarrelsome, wicked. —puñ mischievousness.
puñdè, s. A kind of water-fowl.
puñdari, see under puñd.
uñdàta, puñdàtigè, s. Mischievousness, wickedness.
puñdi, s. The fist.
  2. a handful.
  3. the refuse of expressed cocoanut, etc., oil-cake.
  —puñdi spare rice.
  —puñdi the dung of an elephant. —puñdi see puñdà. —puñdi—fowl curry and rice balls boiled in steam, and served on particular occasions.
pudittu, see pudittu.
puditappu, s. The red sorrel, *Hibiscus sabdariffa.*
pudinàru, s. Jute.
pudibittu, s. lit. A handful of seed.
  2. a mode of sowing seed in the third rice crop (puñt).
pudiyuni, see pudiyuni.
pundu, s. A crowd, herd, flock; swarm.
pundugàrigè, pundutana, see pundu.
pundè, s. A bush, thicket.
  —puñdè. see pundu. —puñdè—a thicket of bamboos.
pundelu, see pundelu.
punnamè, s. The day of full moon.
punte, see puni.

pundi, adj. Sapless.

purúkaṭu, s. Storing, keeping. 2. see purúka.

purúku, see punté.

purúgaṭu, s. Fermentation. 2. decomposition, decay. adj. Fermented. 2. decomposed.

purúgavuni, c. v. (of purúgavuni) To cause or allow to ferment or decompose.

purúguni (purúgaṭu), v. n. To ferment, undergo fermentation. 2. to decompose, decay.

purúgelu, adj. Fermented. 2. decomposed, decayed, mouldy.

purúgele, s. A dirty man.

purúcuni (purúkaṭu), v. a. To squeeze, as a lemon, etc.

purúśe, s. A thorny bush; cf. purúśa. adj. Shaped like a bush. 2. distended, enlarged. to be shaped like a bush. to distend the belly to distend.

puñisa, s. Manhood, virility.

pukalāyisuni, see pukalāyuni.

pukāra, pukāri, s. Rumour, report. 2. alarm, noise. to raise an uproar.

pukusāte, adj. Vain, useless. 2. false, untrue. adv. For nothing, in vain; cf. pukulāyisuni.

pukuḷi, s. The anus.

pukku, see punté.

pukkaṭe, see punté.

pukkalēsāvuni, see pukkalēsāvuni.

pukkalēsāvuni, see pukkalēsāvuni.

pukku, s. Fear, timidity. adj. Timid. being easily overcome by fear; a frightened goose. cowardice.

pukke, pukkele, s. A timid man, coward, sneak.

puklāyisuni, see puklāyuni.

puklēsāvuni, c. v. To instigate, incite.

pugarigē, s. Praise, eulogium, flattery.

pugaruni, pugu-luni (puñiṇī. puṇiṇi), v. a. To praise, laud, eulogise, flatter.

puge, s. Smoke, vapour, fume. to wish for one's ruin. to be affected with smoke. a shelf in the kitchen. to expose to smoke; to fumigate.

pugepuni (puñiṇī), v. a. To expose to smoke; to fumigate.
puge yuni (v.), v. n.
To smoke, reek.
pugeré, s. Tobacco. 
are some kinds of tobacco.
pugé, pugélú, puggelly,
s. The shoulder. to give shoulder; to help, assist.
pučkku, s. The force, as of spitting. to spit out with force.
puččádi, s. The hind part.
puččë, s. Braiding or plaiting hair. 2. braided hair.
ornaments worn in the braids of hair. to plait, braid.
puččë, s. A cat. a wild cat. a male cat. a civet cat. a cat-fish. a kind of tree.
puččakuli, s. A tooth growing after the eightieth year.
puččeparndu, s. The fruit of Pavetta Indica.
pučta, s. A page of a book. 2. folding or doubling. 3. a pair. 4. the purifying or calcining of metals, etc., by fire. the hands joined, as in supplication, etc., both nostrils. or to subject gold to the process of purification.
pučta, adj. Small, little, diminutive. a small kind of earring.
pučtanu, s. A kind of grass.
pučtana, s. A thistle.
pučtvuni, c. v. (of ) To produce, originate, give birth to, cause to be born, cause to take place.
pučti, s. A small round basket. a wickered bottle.
pučtu, s. Cowries; also . 2. see . to play with cowries.
pučtvuni (v.), v. n. To be born, come into existence. 2. to arise, originate, spring up or from, be produced. to feel pity. to be sorry. a child to be born. a report to be afloat.
pučte, s. A fox, jackal.
pučla, s. A bubble, blister, pustule. a blister to rise.
puṭha, see .
puḍa, see .
puḍatelyu, s. A bruise, crack. adj. Bruised, broken, cracked.
puḍapuni (v.), v. a. To break, burst.
puḍayi, s. A basket.
pu'da, s. Border, edge, brink, margin, brim. 2. interval, space. 3. the border of a field. 4. the eye-lid. 5. the brink of a well. 6. the side of a wall. 7. to trim the borders, as of a field. 8. up to the brim.

dukun (s5ti?), v. a. To winnow, fan.

depuni (s5), v. a. To break, burst. 2. to ache, smart.

uduku, s. Slight, disparagement, depreciating. 2. insult, indignity.

dukuni (s5), v. n. To be afflicted, grieved.

duta, adj. Foolish.
puṇi, s. The border of a field.
puṇikāḷḷu, s. lit. A hand-stone (puṇikāḷḷu). 2. a small pestle for grinding turmeric, etc.
puṇikē, s. Tamarind. —puṇikē the tamarind tree.
puṇikottē, s. A tamarind seed.
puṇuṅgu, puṇuṅgu, puṇuṅg, s. Civet. —puṇuṅgu a civet cat.
puṇē, s. Security, bail. —puṇē a surety.
puṇepiṇi, puṇepunī, puṇevunī (puṇepunī), v. a. To persevere till one has avenged himself; to contest to the last, as a suit. 2. to compete, vie.
puṇevu, s. Resoluteness.
puṇya, s. Religious merit, virtue. 2. a good action. 3. purity, purification. adj. Virtuous, good, meritorious. 2. pure. —puṇya a virtuous deed; a meritorious act. —puṇya an auspicious occasion. —puṇya a sacred river. —puṇya a sacred day. —puṇya the fruit of one's merits. —puṇya heaven. —puṇya a virtuous man. —puṇya, —puṇya a sacred place of pilgrimage. —puṇya to perform holy or virtuous acts.
puṇyādi, puṇyādi, puṇyātmike, puṇyādigē, s. A virtuous man; a fortunate man.
puṇyādi, puṇyādigē, s. Goodness; well being; good fortune, prosperity.
puṇyāha, s. A lucky day. 2. purifying. —puṇyāha purifying a house, etc., after accouchement, etc.
puṇā, puṇā, puṇā putta, puttu, puttē, s. A darling. adj. Darling, beloved.
puṇō, puṇō puttalī, puttoli, s. A gold coin. —puṇō an image, puppet. —puṇō gold of 12 carats. —puṇō a string of such coins, worn by females.
puṭre, s. A son. —putre an adopted son. —putre having a family. —putre adoption of a son.
puḍa, s. A dove, pigeon.
puḍāṅgara, puḍakadālē, see puḍāṅgara.
puḍakē, see puḍakē. 2. see puḍakē.
puḍakei, s. A kind of game by making alternate motions and mutually clapping each other's hands. —puḍakei to play at such a game.
puḍabārē, s. A demon so called.
puḍaryu, s. A name, appellation, designation. 2. fame; celebrity, reputation. —puḍaryu to become known. —puḍaryu to utter a
person's name; to bring one's reputation into discredit. -ಸಾರಿ ತನ್ನ to name. -ಸುತ್ತರಿಸಿದೆ to be celebrated.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುದಿಪಿನಿ, see ಪುದಿನಿ ಅಡಿಕು under ಎಷ್ಟು.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುದಿನಾ, s. A kind of mint.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುದಿಕು, s. Boasting.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುಡಿಕು ಆದ್ವು ಸಣ್ಣವಾಗುವಿಕೆ at once. -ಸಾರಿ ಮೆಡಿಮೆ to pour suddenly, as a bag of rice. [paddy.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುದಿಮರ್, s. New

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುದಿ, s. A load, burden.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುದಿಪುನಿ, see ಪುದಿಪುನಿ.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುದೆಲ್ಯು, s. A bush, shrub.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುದದರ್, s. The harvest feast; a ceremony observed in partaking of new produce for the first time.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುದೆ, see ಪುದೆ.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಾಹ, adv. Again, once more.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಾರಪುಲಿ, see ಪುನಾರಪುಲಿ.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಾರತ್ತಾನಾ, s. Resurrection.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಾರಜಾನಮ,ಎ ಪುನಾರಜಾಲ್ಮ, s. Being born again; regeneration. 2. transmigration of the soul.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಾರವಾಸು, s. The seventh of the lunar mansions.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಾರವಿಕಾರಣೇ, s. Reconsideration, review.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಾರ್ವಿವಾಹ, s. Remarriage.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಾಲುಣಿ, see ಪುನಾಲುಣಿ.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಾಶ್ಚಾರಾಣೇ, s. Repetition of mystic formulas or incantations.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಾಸ್ತಹಾಪಾನೇ, s. Reformation.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಾಹ, see ಪುನಾಹ.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಿಕೆ, see ಪುನಿಕೆ.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನಾತಮ, adj. Free from sin, purified. -ಸಾರಿನಿಡಿಸಿದೆ to absolve, purify; to justify.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುನುಗು, see ಪುನುಗು.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುಪಪಲಾ, see ಪುಪಪಲಾ.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುಪ್ಪಿ, ಎ ಪುಪ್ಪಿ, s. Decay, rottenness.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುಯಿಂತೆಲು, s. The tenth Tulu month.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುರಾ, s. A city, town. 2. a house or any receptacle. -ಸಾರಿ a citizen.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುರ, see ಪುರ.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುರಾಂದಾರೆ, s. A name of Indra. ಪುರಾಂದಾರೆ a celebrated Canarese poet.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುರಕೆ, s. A bad smell.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುರಾತ್ಯು, s. A dowry.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುರಾಮಾರ್ಡಾನೆ, s. Rubbing of the body with an unguent.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುರಾಮೆ, see ಪುರಾಮೆ.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುರಾಮೆಯಿ, s. A mucous body.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುರಾಲಂ, see ಪುರಾಲಂ.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುರಾಸು, see ಪುರಾಸು.

ಪುದಿಸು ಪುರಾಸು ಪರೈಕಾರ, s. Reverence, honour.
purākrūta, see purushottama.

purana, s. A sacred and political work comprising the Hindu theology. adj. Old; ancient. –क्रम an old story. –गुड़ God. There are eighteen acknowledged Purānas, namely, चौहर्षित, नवकु, अमृतपुरा, तपस्य, धन्यर, तरंग, लक्ष, संप्रदाय, संस्कृत, नंद, पुराण, जयपुरा, गुड़, चौहर्षित, संस्कृत, लक्ष, नंद.

purāinke, s. One who reads or narrates sacred history.

puratana, adj. Ancient, old.

puri, see puruñe.

puri, s. A worm, mite, moth. 2. skin parasite. 3. twining, twisting, as threads. 4. coir yarn. –मुलberry leaves. –कृत to prepare a rope from cocoanut fibre. –कृत to suffer from ring-worm.

purunguni, see purushottama.

purigaṇṭu, s. Anything eaten or perforated by worms. adj. Worm-eaten. 2. envious, jealous. 3. obstinate, stubborn. –गुड़ an envious or obstinate fellow.

purījantra, s. Malice, envy. 2. mischief. 3. obsti-
nacy, self-will. –मुक्ति to talk maliciously.

puripu, s. The twist, as of a rope or cord. –कृत a bullock-driver's whip or rod with its handle twisted with rope.

puriyolu, s. An eel.

puru, s. A snail. adj. Small, tender. 2. snail-like. –कृत a tender fruit, bud. –कृत a suckling. –कृत to be very slippery; to glide like a snail.

purūkuni, see purushottama.

purūnguni, see purushottama.

purūgele, see purunguni. 2. a sickly person. 3. a reluctant worker. 4. a stingy man.

purundé, see purushottama.

puruku, see purushottama.

purukucāna, purukutsé, see purukucāna.

purubu, see purushottama.

purushatva, s. Manhood, manliness.

purushatna, s. A kind of medicinal plant, Iodionium suffruticosum.

purushārtha, s. Human desire, object of life. 2. benefit, use.

purushe, s. A man, male. 2. a husband.

purushottame, s. The best of mankind. 2. a
name of Vishnu. 3. the name of a man.

पुरसत्तु, see परत्त.

पुरे, s. A roof, ceiling. पुरे - the upper part of a roof; pl. चित्ता materials of a roof.

पुरेनु, पुरेनु, पुरेनु, see जोरण.

पुरेनु, पुरेनु, पुरेनु (अं), v. a. To roll, turn over. 2. to retract, recant. 3. to impute, attribute.

पूरेनु, पूरेनु, पूरे, नु (अं), v. n. To roll, turn. पूरे - to come out, as a young bird from the egg-shell.

पुरेनु, पुरेनु, पुरेनु, पुरेनु (अं), v. n. To complete, fulfil. 2. to afford. 3. to be satisfied. पूरे I cannot afford.

पुरोहित, s. A family-priest.

पुर, s. Remains, residue, saving. 2. frugality, economy.

पुर्कानु, s. Purulent

पुर्का, adj. Diminutive, small.

पुर्कावुनि, c. v. (of पुर्कावुनि) To bake in embers, half bake. 2. to save, lay up, rake, hoard. जगते to spare, save, reserve; to lay out frugally.

पुर्कासु, s. A very small thing.
pula

Horripilation, erection of the hair from ecstasy. 2. rejoicing, festivity. -Horripilation, erection of an idol in scented water on a festive occasion.

pulapăvuni, c. v. (of pula) To cause to float.

pulabu, pulamè, see pula.

pulavadi, pulavadi, pasturage, grazing-ground.

pulavuni (pulavadi), v. n. To float.

d. puli, s. Acidity. 2. a sour fruit. 3. tamarind. 4. leaven. 5. pride, arrogance. adj. Sour, acid. —puli, a tamarind seed.

pulipuni, pulipuni, pulipuni, pulipuni, pulipuni (pulipuni), v. n. To become sour; to be leavened.

pulippena, adj. Sour.

puliså, s. Police. 2. money, cash.

puleyi, s. A skin. —puleyi, a deer's skin.

pulevuni, pulevuni, pulevuni (pulevuni), v. n. To smart, feel sharp pain.

pulevu, s. A crack. 2. a patch. 3. a crook, bend, curve. —pulevu to remove the same.

pulka, see pulp.

pulkadi, s. A handful of grass given by a vendor to the purchaser of cattle in token of striking the bargain.

pulkotte, s. Tamarind seed.

pulpu, adj. Tepid, lukewarm; also pulpu, pulpu.

pulya, see pulp.

pulladi, s. A place overgrown with rushes.

pullayi, s. A kind of cap.

pullavuni, see pula.
pulli, s. A sheet of paper.

pulli, s. A kind of grass.

pullu, s. A rush. 2. a kind of grass. -see grūn

pullu, s. A sheet of paper.

2. see grūn.

pulli, s. The masculine gender, gram.

pushya, s. The tenth lunar month.

pushyarāga, s. The topaz, chrysolite.

pushyē, s. The eighth of the lunar mansions.

pushyisunis, pushyaisunis, (pushyisunis, pushyaisunis), v. a. To coax, cajole, persuade, fawn.

puskū, pusku, see pulleyi.

puskatu, puskatē, adj. Vain, useless, feigned. 2. empty. adv. In vain, for nothing.

pustaka, s. A book, volume.

pusti, s. Instigation, abetment, incitement. 2. help, support. 3. a portfolio for keeping loose papers in or for placing under a paper while writing on it. -see to instigate, back up.

pusṣu, pusṣu, s. The hissing sound of a flash in the pan, when the gun does not go off. 2. unsuccessful termination of an undertaking, coming to nothing, defeat.

pula, see pulli.

pulaka, see puli.

pulabbu, see puli.

puoli, see pulli. 2. see puoli.

puinnde, s. A hunter, forester, savage.
puli

puji,

s.

A sour kind of sauce.

The yellow wood-sorrel, *Oxalis corniculata*.

slipping out, anything soft or greasy.

As a sauce.

Acidity.

The yellow wood-sorrel, *Oxalis corniculata*.

puluku,

s.

Slipping out, anything soft or greasy.

pulipu,

s.

The acidity.

puliyaralu,

s.

The yellow wood-sorrel, *Oxalis corniculata*.

pulicaru,

s.

A sour kind of sauce.

pulikantu,

s.

slipping out, anything soft or greasy.

pulkotte,

s.

A grand-child.

A flower, blossom.

pulkante, see *pulikantu*.

pulle, s.

A cataract in the eye.

puluku,

s.

Slipping out, anything soft or greasy.

pulkante, see *pulikantu*.

A grand-child.

puluku,

s.

slipping out, anything soft or greasy.

pulkante, see *pulikantu*.

A grand-child.

pulkone, see *pulikantu*.

A flower, blossom.

pulunguni (pu), v.n. To shake.

pulle, s.

A cock.

A family-name among Bants.

A cock to crow.

puntuni, see *pulikantu*.

pundelu,

s.

A thicket, clump, as of bamboos. 2. matter from a sore.

punte,

adj. Light, very light, not heavy.

pumbu,

s.

The flower bud of a plantain.

pukaré,

s. An ornamental structure, as the stake of a bullock race. — to fix a post of such a structure; to ornament the ridge of a racing field.

puki,

s.

A fart.

pukuté,

adj. Empty, void.

pukuru, pukru,

adj. Tender, young, little.

sallow.

pukre,

s.

A sickly man.

puga,

s.

A betel-nut.

pučě,

s.

A betel-nut.

pujari,

s. A demon priest.

2. a Billavar or toddy-drawer.

pujarmé,

s. The office of a priest. a demon priest who is also the devil-dancer.

pujavuni, c.v. (of *pujarme*). To cause to smear or apply.

pujita,

adj. Worshipped, reverenced.

pujuni (pu), v. a. To smear, rub, daub, apply.

pujé,

s. Worship, adoration; prayer. principal worship in a temple.

To worship.
pujya, adj. Worshipful, adorable, venerable. 2. blank, void. s. A cipher.

puți, s. Membrum mutil

puĎu, see къ.

pūta, a. Of or belonging to a flower. 2. purified, cleansed. 3. see къ.

pūtani, s. A giantess killed by Krishnā. 

pūnīṇē, s. A very tender fruit.

pūniru, s. Flower and water placed in a demon shrine. - to place flower and water before a demon.

pūpunī (къ), v. n. To break wind, fart, vlg.

pūplele, s. One who farts frequently, vlg.

pūbrē, s. A kind of plantain.

pūmalē, pūmālikē, see under къ.

pūminy, s. A trout.

pūra, see къ. 2. къ; cf. къ.

pūrandā, adj. Vindicative. 2. implacable, unappeasable. Implantable hatred.

pūrattara, see къ.

pūrappara, adj. Clear or full understanding.

pūrā, see къ.

purita, adj. Filled, complete.

pūreisuni, see къ.

pūrūttara, see къ.

pūrṇa, adj. Full, filled, complete. 2. all, entire. 3. able, powerful. adv. Wholly, completely. Wholly; ability.

puṇamē, see къ.

pūrti, s. Fulness, completion. to complete, fulfil.

pūrva, adj. Former, prior, first, before, in front of. 2. east, eastern. s. Ancient times, days of old; the east.

puvt and future actions. Former time. Progenitors, ancestors. The first member of a compound word, sentence or verse, gram. in olden times.

purvapaksha, s. A proposition, assertion, the first part of an argument.

purvāpara, s. Past and future, former and latter. Past and future circumstances.

purvābhādā, s. The twenty-fifth lunar mansion.

purvāshādha, s. The twentieth lunar mansion.

purvāhna, s. The early part of the day, forenoon.
purvi, s. An ancestor, progenitor.

purvottara, s. Circumstances, particulars of a person or event.

pūvari, s. Rice used at the worship of a demon. —को to throw rice on a demon priest.

pūvē, s. The day preceding the full moon.

pūvolu, s. The navel. 2. a thin film between the pulp and seed of a jack fruit.

pūšara, s. A kind of garland.

pūšaṇa, pūshanē, see श।

pūsuni, see श।

pūlandaye, s. A demon so called.

pūl, s. A chip, small piece of anything. 2. a piece of betel nut. —का a vegetable curry. —का small pieces. —का pieces of a fruit. —का a piece of dry betel nut. —का a piece of fresh or preserved betel-nut. —का, —का to slice, chip, cut.

pruthivi, pruthivi, s. The earth.

pruṣṭha, s. The back. 2. the rear, last. 3. the back or hind part of anything.

peṅganne, see ग।

peṅgatana, s. Silliness, stupidity, foolishness.
pedaŋkè, s. Stumbling, tripping. 2. sprain. -endra to be sprained.

pedaŋgyu, adv. Behind the back. -ręp to pinion behind, as the hands.

pedaŋgara, pedaŋgayi, pedaŋgei, s. A water-pot placed outside a house for washing purpose.

pedambu, adv. Obliquely, not directly. -a to cut, shave, etc., obliquely.

pedakale, s. A demon so called.

pedamāle, see pensu.

peddoldi, see peradi.

pedpāvuni, c. v. (of 3) To assist a woman in child-birth, serve as a midwife.

pedpini, pedduni (3), v. a. To bear, bring forth, as a child.

pedmedi, s. A woman in child-bed, lying-in woman.

diy, pensu, s. The lungs.

diy, pensilyu, s. A slate or led pencil.

diy, peppu, peppè, s. Dumbfoundedness, speechlessness, as from amazement, etc. -a to stammer; to speak hesitatingly.

pebbe, s. A dolt.

peraŋgāyī, see pensu.

peraŋgyu, see pedaŋgyu.

peradè, s. A hen. - đu to cluck.

perata, s. A ceremony performed in behalf of females who have become pubescent. 2. see penšu.

perati, see penšu.

peradānē, peramanē, s. A grater, scraper. -a a kind of moss.

peradē, see peradi.

perastana, see pensu.

perārtē, see pensu.

perērādē, s. The ninth Tuḷu month.

peri, see pensu.

perikè, s. A bullock's load. 2. any burden. -a to load. -a, see pensu.

periy, adj. Large, great, high, superior. -a honey. -a a highway.

periyamme, s. A father's elder brother, or a mother's elder sister's husband.

periyappē, s. A mother's elder sister, or a father's elder brother's wife.

periyè, s. A heap, pile.

periyolu, s. An eel.

peristu, s. The contents of a book, library, etc. -a to write such contents.
perumari, see 353.
perequni (ষেণী), v. n. To roll, move, wallow. 2. to scrape, shave.
perepini (ষেপীনি), v. a. To grate, scrape. 2. to bore, perforate.
peremane, see 353.
perevuni (ষেুীনি), v. n. To be grated, scraped. 2. to be bored, perforated.
perke, perg-e, see 353.
perga, s. Winnings made in a game of ৩৫৩২৩. 2. profit, gain.
he had a good meal to-day.
pergadê, s. A chieftain, headman. 2. an honorary title.
pelgu, s. A bandicoot, large rat. -২৫৩৩ a kind of mushroom.
pergè, s. A kind of bag. 2. see ৩৫৩২৩.
peréi, s. Shying, starting suddenly. -২৫৩৩ to shy, as a horse, etc.
perruni (ষেরুনী), v. n. To shy, start aside suddenly. 2. to rise, increase.
perrjiva, s. Life, spirit.
perrjuni (ষেরুজীনী), v. n. To increase.
pernâma, see ৩৫৩২৩.
pernâlu, pernâlu, pernâlu, s. A festival on the conclusion of fasting among the Mussulmans.
perpu, s. Anything put into milk in order to curdle it. -২৫৩৩, see ৩৫৩২৩. -২৫৩৩, -২৫৩৩ to put in milk anything to curdle or turn it sour.
perpun (ষেপুন), v. n. To be curdled, as milk.
permari, s. A boa or large serpent. 2. sheaves of straw placed in the form of a ring to serve as a granary. -২৫৩৩ to make such a granary.
permê, s. Sluggishness, laziness. 2. haughtiness.
pery, s. A large bee. 2. see ৩৫৩২৩. -২৫৩৩ a beehive, honey-comb. -২৫৩৩ to become dense; to fall densely.
peryâdi, s. A highway, public road.
peryê, s. The toadstool, mushroom. 2. a rush.
pela, s. The jack, Artocarpus integrifolia. -২৫৩৩ the jackfruit. -২৫৩৩ the seed of the jackfruit. -২৫৩৩ the jack-tree, jack-wood. ৩৫৩৩, ৩৫৩৩, ৩৫৩৩ ৩৫৩৩ are varieties of jackfruit
pelambu, see ৩৫৩২৩.
peli, see ৩৫৩.
pelêgu, adj. Rude, mean.
pêni, s. Filth, dirt.
pênti, s. A good meal.
pêntê, s. The mercantile part of a town, bazaar, market.
pecāta, s. Effort, exertion. 2. affliction, distress, trouble.
pecaduni (peca), v.n.
To try, exert, strive. 2. to be in distress, trouble.
pecilu, see pese.
pacuni, see pese.
peta, petla, petile, s. A pop-gun. — to shoot a pop-gun.
pete, see pese.
pedē, s. A kind of thorn.
petu, petu, s. Parturition, child-bed. 2. fear.
petale, s. A greedy man.
petri, petrikallyu, s. A large stone.
pedē, s. A peon; also pedu.
penu, s. A louse. 2. a pen.
peta, a very large louse. peta — a small louse.
peta — a white-nit found on dirty clothes; see pese.
papē, see pese.
peme, see pese.
peyi, s. A demon.
pēru, s. Milk. 2. cocoanut-juice. 3. the milky juice of plants. — a milkman.
a milk-pail.
perangayi, s. The guava fruit, Psidium pomeferum.
peranē, see pese.
pērāta, s. Lading, freighting, shipping.

pērāvaďē, s. A kind of Phaseolus trilobus.
pēravuni, c.v. (of pērāvaďē) To lade, load, burden.
pērita, see pese.
pēruni (pe), v. a. To load, burden.
pērengelu, s. A kind of creeper.
pērepanē, see pese.
pēroṣasyu, s. The meal just preceding the celebration of a wedding.
pērga, see pese.
pērgē, see pese.
pērci, see pese.
pērcuni, see pese
permē, s. Fame, glory. 2. see pese.
pērvē, adj. Outside. — an outer court.
pēṣīgē, s. Disgust, loathing. 2. dirt, filth. — to be disgusted.
pēṣiyuni (pe), v. a. To loathe, be disgusted.
pēṣkhāru, pēshkāre, s. A subordinate revenue officer.
pēṣigē, see pese.
pei, s. A pie, one-twelfth of an anna.
peingu, s. Pegu.
peincelu, s. Ten pairs.
peindani, see pese.
peindale, peindle, s. A notch, nick.
peimba, s. Ten seers.
peimbale, s. A flatterer.
2. A potbelly. 3. A glutton.
peimbè, s. A bag.
peikó, postp. Of, out of.
2. concerning, respecting.
out of it. of or respecting these persons.
peikuni (रहूँ), v. n. To contract, shrivel.
peiköri, s. A kind of fowl; game fowl.
peikil, see रहूँ.
peijaru, s. Shoes, slippers.
peináli, s. Bragging, boasting.
2. hoaxing, deceiving.
peitini, s. A country so called.
2. a female's cloth made of silk and cotton.
peita, peitya, s. Biliiousness. adj. Biliious.
2. a man of irritable temper; a lunatic, fool.
peitr, see रहूँ.
peida, peidè, see रहूँ.
peidastu, s. Produce, crop.
2. to grow, produce.
3. to grow, raise a crop.
peina, see रहूँ.
peinalè, see रहूँ.
peinali, see रहूँ.
peiriniru, s. Turbid water of a river.
peipuni (रिरिं), r. a. To cut, reap; cf. रिंग.
peimāle, see रहूँ.
peimāsi, peimāsi, s. Measurement of land, survey.
peimudi, see under रेण.
peiyeru, peiya, s. A child.
2. a small cloud.
peiyānene, s. A kind of medicinal tree, Bignonia longisôlia.
peiyē, s. A child, boy; a Pariahs child. 2. a kind of fish.
peiru, s. Standing or growing corn. 2. goods or cattle imported from the ghaunts.
peil, see रहूँ.
peiluvanigē, s. Tumbling, rope-dancing, gymnastics.
peiluvane, s. A tumbler, acrobat, gymnast.
peilandi, s. Brag, boast.
2. to brag.
peivastu, peivaste, s. Endorsement of a letter, specifying the date of its receipt.
2. to endorse.
peisù, adj. Distant, remote.
intj. Get away, make way.
peisa, s. Four pie. 2. money.

peisalu, peisalė, peisulu, s. Settlement, adjustment. 2. decision, decree.

pońka, adj. Handsome;

pońkara, see jecesė

pońku, s. A kind of boil or sore; cf. Žočė

pońkurū, see Žočė

pońke, see Žočė

pońgadė, s. Proud flesh.

pońgarė, s. The Indian coral tree, Erythrina indica.

pońgaiy, s. A canoe.

pońgara, s. Borax. 2. see Žočė

pońgavuni, c. v. (of Žočė) To cause to rock or tumble, as a boat.

pońgu, see Žočė

pońgūni (Žočė), v. n.
To rock, reel, tumble, toss, as a boat.

pońgė, s. An unsteady

pońgely, s. Tumbling, rocking. 2. unsteadiness. Žočė a fickle man, doity.

pońiaŋu, see Žočė

onna, adj. Female.

feminine. 2. bridal. -atlę a bride's parental home. -atlę a bridal cartege. -atlę a female's conduct or disposition.

ponnambura, see ą

ponnu, s. A girl, female, maid. -atę the upper half of a coconuut. -atę the female sex. -atę a female child.

ponnė, see Žočė

ponnoligė, see Žočė

ponnąvnu, see Žočė

pońju, s. A purse or bundle of money.

ponțana, s. Favourableness, auspiciousness.

pondu, see Žočė

ponnai, s. A kind of medicine.

ponnaligė, s. A kind of jungle tree. -atę leaves of this tree used as medicine.

ponnankaŋę, s. A kind of vegetable, Alternanthera sessilis.

ponnu, s. Gold. 2. see Žočė

ponnė, s. The tree Rottlera tinctoria. ę - Boswellia thurifera; Calophyllum apetalum.

pombatte, s. A yellow cloth.

pombade, see Žočė

pombariuni (Žočė), v. n. To start, wince, shudder; to be startled, amazed, astounded.
poruk, adj. Slovenly, dirty, filthy.

porukavuni, c. v. (of poruk) To cause to roll. 2. see porukavuni.

porukuni (poruk), v. a. To roll, run over. 2. to make fun. 3. see porukavuni.

poruke, porukela, s. A dirty man.

porugavuni, c. v. (of porugu) To make stiff, harden.

poruguni (porugu), v. n. To become stiff or hard.

porunda, s. A Pariah woman.

porumbata, s. Strife, struggle. 2. wrestling. 3. wrangling.

porumbuni (porumb), v. a. To wrestle, strive.

porumbele, s. A wrangler, quarreling man.

pokaununi (pokaun), v. a. To learn by looking on others.

pokad, adv. Without cause, reason, or meaning. 2. for nothing. 3. gratis, gratuitously. 4. for pastime. 5. without success. adj. False, vain, mere, empty.

pokku, s. A game of throwing pebbles in the air and catching them as they fall down. — the pebbles used in this game. — to play at such a game.

pokke, s. A sore, ulcer; a blister, pustule. — the scar of a sore. — a vehicle or blister to form.

pokkele, see pokke.

pogat, see pogat.

pogaruni, pogaluni, see pogat.

pogiti, s. A shameless woman.

pogulu, s. Praise, eu-logium. 2. renown.

poge, see pog.

pogepuni, see pogep.

poggavuni, c. v. (of pog) To cause to enter, penetrate or interfere. 2. to pierce.

pogguni (pog), v. a. To enter, penetrate. 2. to interfere.

pogpavuni, see pogp.

pojakuni, see pojak.

pojakonuni, v. refl. To be griev'd. 2. to be distorted, as from pain. 3. to rub the face, as in grief or shame.

pojilu, s. A germ, sprout, bud. — rice made of germinated paddy. — a germinated cashew-nut.
poje, malt, grain steeped in water.
 pojeṅkāvuni, c. v. (of চন্দ্র) To strangulate. 2. to cause to knead.
 pojeṅkuni, pojekuni (পোজেঞ্কুনী), v. a. To knead. 2. to shampoo, rub. 3. to squeeze. 4. to strangle, to strangle.
 pojeṅkule, s. lit. A squeezer. 2. a sycophant, a man seeking to please.
 pojja, see পোজ্জ.
 poṭira, see পোটার.
 poṭtāngelū, s. Anything useless.
 poṭṭaḍyè, s. A kind of cake made without jaggory.
 poṭṭi, s. A dumb or taciturn woman. 2. a silly woman.
 poṭṭu, s. Husk, chaff. 2. a fruit or seed without kernel. 3. a blighted ear of corn, etc. 4. a crack, hurt. adj. Dumb. 2. empty, useless. 3. stupid. 4. injured. —ংংং an empty well. —ংংং vain bragging. —ংং a blighted paddy. —ংং a blind eye. —ংং a blind man.
 poṭṭuṅgatti, see পোট্তুঞ্জাতি, poṭṭuṭatte, poṭṭudaddu, s. Blighted corn.
 poṭṭe, s. A dumb man. 2. a demon so called.
 poṭṭe, s. The calf of the leg; also পোটে. 2. a tender ear of corn. 3. the hollow of a stalk or tree. 4. pregnancy, pl. 5. thickness, as that of a blade of a knife.
 poṭṭeṇoṇuni, v. refl. To struggle, strive. 2. to flutter, flap the wings, as a bird. 3. to bustle, be in a hurry.
 poḍaṭare, s. The side-bone of the skull.
 poḍavi, s. The earth; cf. পোঢু.
 poḍasū, s. The scales of poḍi, s. Powder, dust, crumbs. 2. flour. 3. snuff. —ংং gravel. —ংং a miser, abus. —ংং to sow in dry land. —ংং dust to rise up or be dispersed. —ংং to pulverize, powder.
podittavuni, see podi

podiyuni (పొదియుని), v. a. To powder, pulverize.

podumbe, s. A stupid, spiritless man.

podumbu, adj. Stupid, stolid. 2. cowardly. 3. sneakish. s. Cowardliness.

podukolu, see podu

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

potta, adj. Hot, burning.

pottari, s. A burnt coconut tree.

pottavuni, pottadruni, c. v. (of పట్ట) To light, kindle, burn. —పట్ట కటిండను — to light a lamp.

pottunis (పొడిస్), v. n. To burn.

potturuni, pottruni (పొడ్డరుని), v. a. To kindle, set fire. 2. to incite to a quarrel.

potteengri, s. Burnt trees.

pottelu, s. The testicles.

pottari, s. Scrotal eczema.

pottengri, s. A burnt tree.

pottelu, s. The testicles. —పొడిఐని The vulgar name for పొడిఐను. —పొడిఇక్ లూ తెలియడం — wild kind of yam.

podukolu, see podu

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukolu, see podu

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podukulu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.
podukolu, s. A small broom for broiling.

podupuni (పొడుపుని), v. a. To broil, parch. 2. To use a broiling pan.

podupelu, s. Parching. adj. Parched, broiled. 2. parched paddy.

podepavuni, c. v. (of పొడేపావుని) To cause to put on clothes, to dress.

podepu, s. Wearing apparel; also అమలు కోటలు.

podepuni (పొడేపుని), v. a. To put on clothes. 2. To brood, as a hen her chickens.

poddana, s. A distant relationship; also అమలు కోటలు.

poddikè, see పొడికే.

poddin, poddiyuni, podduni, (పొడడియుని), v. a. To roll, cover, wrap. 2. To encircle, wind, twine.

poddu, see పొడడు.

podde, s. A relative, kindred. 2. relations and friends.

poddolu, poddolu, poddolu, s. Broiled grain; cf. పొడలు.

podpavuni, c. v. (of పొడపావుని) To roast, broil, toast, parch.

podpuni, see పొడడు.

podbattu, see పొడబొత్తు.

podyuni, see పొడియుని.

poddyavuni, c. v. (of పొడడాయుని) To cause to roll, cover, encircle.

ponikè, ponkè, see పొనికే.

poppala, see పొప్పలా.

pippi, see పిప్పీ.

poyikanu, s. A veil or mask. adj. Short-sighted.

poyipini (పొయిపిని), v. a. To twist, as a rope. 2. to tap with a horn, as the tender blossoms of a coconut tree for toddy-drawing.

poyimarù, s. Violence, force. 2. extortion, pillage. 2. an anarchical province.

poyimusulu, see పొయిమిసులు.

poyilu, s. An abscess. 2. tapping. 2. to tap the tender blossoms of a palm-bud in toddy-drawing.

poyisalu, see పొయిసలు.

poyyamanè, see పొయ్యమానె.

poyyuni (పొయ్యుని), v. n. To sit cross-legged; bet. కోట, పొడిని. 2. see పొయిసలు.

poyyusulu, see పొయ్యుసులు.

poyyè, s. Sand. 2. coarse sand. 2. to be afflicted with small measles.

poranjulu, see పొరాన్జులు.

porantu, see పొరాంతు. 2. see పొయిమిసులు.
pora

porakaluni, see пора.
pora ana, see пора.
pora je, see пора.
pora lu, s. A fife, flute.
pora, s. A reeling.
pori, s. A harrow. 2. a spark. 3. see пора.
poral, s. Fishy smell.
pori, s. A harrow. 2. a spark.
porum, see пора.
porun, see пора.
poruvel, s. The under part of a fowl’s wings. 2. the side, flank.
poru, s. Inclination, leaning of the mind. 2. battle, combat.
poru, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore nuni, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore puni, see пора.
pore, s. Reeling.
pore, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore, see пора.
porkal, see пора.
porkal, s. A boil to form or suppurate.

porke, see пора.
porkele, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore, see пора.
portingolu, see пора.
port, s. Time, daylight; the sun. — пора the sun about to set. — пора the sun to set. — пора time to pass, to be late. — пора the sun to rise.
por, s. Beauty, comeliness. adj. Beautiful, handsome, fair, pleasant, fine.

pori, s. A harrow. 2. a spark. 3. see пора.
poral, s. Fishy smell.
pori, s. A harrow. 2. a spark.
porum, see пора.
porun, see пора.
poruvel, s. The under part of a fowl’s wings. 2. the side, flank.
poru, s. Inclination, leaning of the mind. 2. battle, combat.
poru, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore nuni, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore, s. Reeling.
pore, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore, see пора.
porkal, see пора.
porkal, s. A boil to form or suppurate.

porke, see пора.
porkele, see пора.
pore, see пора.
pore, see пора.
portingolu, see пора.
port, s. Time, daylight; the sun. — пора the sun about to set. — пора the sun to set. — пора time to pass, to be late. — пора the sun to rise.
por, s. Beauty, comeliness. adj. Beautiful, handsome, fair, pleasant, fine.
a handsome boy. a pleasant word. very beautiful.

porle, s. A handsome man.

porvè, s. A wild duck.

porvel, see porvelu.

polampuni (polam), v.a.
To clean, wash, rinse. 2. see polasu.

polabu, s. Acquaintance.
2. familiarity, friendship. 3. exercise, practice. 4. ability. 5. the outline or plan of a work.

polasy, adj. Dirty, unclean; cf. polas. s. see polasu.

poli, s. Interest in kind. 2. increase, abundance. a farmer to bring home a sheaf of the first crop, shouting (increase! multiply!) to lend rice before the harvest and receive it back with 25 per cent after the season. to shout while gathering corn in a barn. to increase.

polike, poligè, see poligè. 2. see polisu.

polipuni (polipuni), v.a. To break. 2. see polisu.

polimañé, s. A wooden instrument for levelling and smoothening the flooring of a building, etc.
polle, s. Slander, talebearing. — a slanderer, tale-bearer.
polve, see  
polsu, see  


posațe, see  
posătu, s. That which is new, fresh, etc. adv. Newly. — to observe the harvest feast.

posataye, posabe, s. A new man, novice.

posagamé, see  

posuruni, see  

poskè, see  

polankuni ( ), v. n.

To be in distress. 2. to have pity.

poli, see  

polînkè, polikè, s.

A present in cash to an actor. 2. bark, skin, peel, crust.

polipuni, see  

politu, see  

polla, pollu, see  

pônkara, adj. Dirty.

pônkuru, pônkrue, s. Slough, mire. adj. Miry. 2. dirty. — nasty people. — muddy water. — a dirty smell. — to be covered with mire.

pônkre, see  

pôkuri, see  

pôka, adj. Profligate, debaucherous. 2. mischievous, turbulent. 3. jocose, droll. — profligate, or debaucherous people.

pôkatana, pôkâtigè, s. Profligacy, debauchery. 2. mischief. 3. waggery, drollery.

pôkâla, s. Perdition, ruin.

pôkiri, s. Diminutive of . adj. see  

pôku, s. Means; end. 2. passing off.

pôkulû, see  

pôke, s. A profligate, debaucher. 2. a mischievous person. 3. see  4. a wag, wit; cf.  

pôktana, see  

pôtăpôti, pôti, s. Rivalry, emulation, competition.

pôti, pôtè, s. A woman with a beard.

pôtuni ( ), v. a. To embrace sexually, vlg.
podi, s. Fear, fright, terror. — to frighten, intimidate, threaten.

pödiyavuni, pödiyavuni, c. v. (of podi) To frighten, threaten, terrify.

pödiyuni (pödi), v. n. To fear, be afraid. — to be alarmed, frightened, terrified.

pöttra, s. Coincidence in measurement, agreement, likeness. adj. Right, correct, equal, uniform; cf. pöle.

pöpiní (pöpi), v. n. To go, go off or away. 2. to be lost, disappear. 3. to pass, depart, start. — a house to be ruined. — to pass time; to support one's self or his family. when going. when going and coming. let me take leave. not to go, so as not to be lost. where had you been? just when going. you cannot go. you must go.

pöra, pöre, s. A lad. pöri, s. A lass. 2. see pöle.

pörigê, s. Full or correct measurement of grain, etc. — to measure correctly, measurement to be correct. — to give a correct measure of grain, etc., as a seller to a purchaser.

poriyuni (pöri), v. a. To give a correct measure of grain, etc. 2. to tease, trouble, annoy. 3. to wrestle, quarrel. — to wrestle from insolence.

porotu, s. The side slips of a piece of timber.

pöyavuni, c. v. (of pödi) To cause to measure correctly, as grain.

pöli, s. Speaking irrelently. 2. plunder, extortion. adj. Irrelevant, impertinent. plundering, extortionate. — to plunder.

pöle, see pöli.

pölye, s. A small kind of basket.

pösha, pöshana, pöshane, s. Nourishment, maintenance, feeding.

pösa, s. Sunset, evening.

dîdî Evening time. — one who observes the custom of taking his supper before sunset, as a Jain. 2. see pöra.

pöra, s. Urine.

pöradâyê, s. A demon so called.

pöle, s. A cake of rice flour, etc., baked on a potsherd or iron plate.
polekāyi, s. Writing a large, crooked hand, as children do.

pou, see prati. 2. see prāti.

pouni, see prati. 3. see prāti.

pouji, pouji, see prati. 3. see prāti.

pounattu, pounattu, s. Doing things by halves.

pountri, s. A grand daughter.

pourusha, r. Heroism, manliness.

pyāde, see praiti.

pra, A Sans. prefix implying Progressive motion. 2. excess. 3. excellence.

prakaṭa, adj. Displayed, unfolded, revealed, manifest, public. —pra to proclaim, make public.

prakaṭanā, s. Revelation, manifestation.

prakaraṇa, s. A chapter, section. 2. an introduction, prologue, prelude.

prakāra, s. Manner, method, mode. adv. According to, conformably with.

prakāsa, s. Sunshine, lustre, light, splendour. 2. expansion, diffusion, manifestation. —pra to shine. —pra to have lustre. —prā light or splendour to appear. —prā light to fade away; light to shed forth.
ral, in order. 3. direction, designation. 4. belonging to. 5. exchange, return. s. A substitute; a copy. adj. Each, every. — एक्षेत्र every day. — एक्षेत्र each man. — एक्षेत्र to take a copy.

pratikāra, s. A remedy, antidote. 2. a return of offices either good or bad. — एक्षेत्र to revenge, retaliate.

pratikūla, s. Opposition, clashing, disagreement. adj. Adverse, contrary.

pratijñē, s. Promise, assent. 2. resolution, vow.

pratidhvani, s. An echo.

pratinidhi, s. A resemblance of a real figure, image, picture. 2. a representative, proxy. 3. a surety.

pratinēma, s. Daily religious observance.

pratipaksha, s. The opposite side or party.

pratiphala, s. Reward; return, requital.

pratibandha, s. Obstacle, impediment.

pratibandhanē, s. A demoniacal possession. 2. binding.

pratibimba, s. A reflection, resemblance or counterpart of a real form, as a picture, image, shadow.

pratimē, s. An image, idol, puppet.
pradarśana, s. Showing. 2. explaining.

pradakshana, pradakshane pradakshina, s. Reverential circum-
ambulation around an object of worship.

pradana, s. A gift, donation.

pradesa, s. A place in general. 2. a country, district.

pradosha, s. The first part of the night.

pradhana, adj. Principal, chief, superior. —eka a high priest.

pradhani, s. A prime minister.

prapāṇa, s. The world, universe. 2. illusion, delusion. 3. partiality. adj. Worldly, secular. —bhūto be partial. तत्त्वसम्बन्धमेते तत्त्वसम्बन्धमेते there is no distinction at a dinner table.

prapāta, s. A cliff, precipice. 2. a water-fall. 3. a bank, shore.

prabandha, s. An essay, literary composition, connected discourse.

prabala, adj. Strong, powerful. 2. abounding, prevailing. —adbhū to become powerful; to prevail; to spread widely.

prabhava, s. The first year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.
pramesrinotu, s. A promissory note.

pramēha, s. The venereal disease.

pramōda, s. Joy, gladness, happiness, delight.

pramōdūta, s. The fourth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

prayatna, s. Endeavour, effort. 2. act, action. —को to try, endeavour.

prayāga, s. Sacrifice, oblation. 2. the confluence of the Ganges and Yamuna at Allahabad.

prayāna, s. Journey, march. —को, —का a passenger, traveller. —नाब to travel, journey.

prayāsa, s. Labour, trouble, fatigue. 2. difficulty, embarrassment. 3. pain.

prayukta, adj. Endowed with, possessing, as an attribute. postpo. For, on account of.

prayōga, s. Consequence, result. 2. the operation or effect of magical or mysterious rites. 3. effort, exertion. 4. act, action. 5. use of a word. 6. the administration or prescription of medicine. —को to be in use, as a word. —को, —की to perform any magical rites, etc.; to administer, as medicine, poison, etc.; to use, make use of.

prayōjake, s. A clever man. —को a worthless man.

prayōjana, s. Cause. 2. motive. 3. result. 4. occupation, business. 5. profit, use, advantage. —की to be of use. —को of what use is it? —की useless, worthless.

pralaya, s. A general deluge, the world's destruction. — the deluge.

pralāpa, s. Sorrow, lamentation.

pravartake, s. An author. 2. an arbiter, judge.

pravartana, s. Action, business. 2. conduct, behaviour.

pravartisuni (सुभोष), v. n. To be going on, to be in a state of action. 2. to behave, conduct one's self.

pravardhanē, s. Increasing, thriving.

pravardhisuni (सुभोष), v. n. To increase, prosper, thrive.

pravāda, s. Report, rumour.

pravādanē, s. Prophecy, prediction. —को, —को to prophesy, foretell.

pravādi, s. A prophet.

pravāsa, see śraddha.

pravāha, s. A stream cur-
rent; the flowing or course of any thing.

**pravāla**, s. Coral. -क्षेत्र calcination of coral.

**pravīna**, adj. Skilful, clever. -क्षेत्र cleverness, skill.

**pravīna**, s. A skilful man, a clever man.

**pravrūtta**, s. Activity, occupation.

**pravruddha**, adj. Full grown, expanded, spread abroad, dispersed, increased, more.

**pravēsa**, s. Entrance. 2. arrival. 3. commencement, as of learning. -क्षेत्र to interfere. -क्षेत्र to enter; to commence.

**prāśānśa**, s. Praise, flattery. 2. subject, matter. -क्षेत्र to refer to a matter. -क्षेत्र to praise, flatter; to speak on a matter.

**prāśasta**, adj. Good, commendable, excellent, illustrious, famous. 2. convenient, commodious.

**prāsē**, s. A question, interrogation. 2. soothsaying. -क्षेत्र to consult stars on a matter or event; to make an astrological calculation. -क्षेत्र to ask, question.

**prāśnottara**, s. A dialogue, catechism.

**prāsānga**, s. A sermon, preaching. 2. a discourse, lecture. 3. a Hindu drama. श्रेणी a preacher. -क्षेत्र to preach, discourse.

**prasanna**, adj. Pleased, delighted, gracious, favourable, auspicious. -क्षेत्र to be pleased, favourable. -क्षेत्र to win over.

**pravada**, s. Bringing forth or bearing young. 2. birth, production. -क्षेत्र the travail of childbirth.

**prasāda**, s. Favour, kindness, propitiousness. 2. food, etc., offered to a deity or to a guru. श्रेणी God's favour; what is offered or consecrated to God. [rice.

**prasādana**, s. Cooked

**prasādhana**, s. Dress, decoration.

**prasiddha**, adj. Famous, celebrated, public, notorious. -क्षेत्र to become famous or notorious. -क्षेत्र to publish.

**prasiddhi**, s. Fame, notoriety, celebrity.

**prasūti**, s. Bringing forth as young. 2. birth.

**prasta**, s. Any auspicious ceremony. 2. marriage. श्रेणी consummation of a marriage.

**prastāpa**, s. Opportunity. 2. incidental reference to a person or thing. -क्षेत्र, क्षेत्र to speak on an affair; to seize an opportunity.
prastā, s. Commencement, introduction.

prahara, s. A watch, or the eighth part of an entire day and night. 2. a weapon. 3. a blow.

prahlade, s. A pious son of Hiranyakasipu.

prālaya, see pūrva.

prakshālanē, s. Washing, cleaning.

prānta, prantya, s. Edge, border, frontier, part, neighbourhood. adj. Near, adjacent.

prāku, adj. Before, prior, old, preceding. 2. past. -स् from past time. -विं an old account. -स् formerly.

prākruta, adj. Natural. 2. low, vulgar. s. A peculiar dialect of Sanskrit.

prāśina, adj. Former, prior, ancient, old.

prājña, adj. Clever, intelligent. -विन मनुष्य a clever man.

prāṇa, s. Life, vitality. 2. air inhaled, breath. -स्सम् an intimate friend. -त्रिं a murderer. -स्स conscription of an idol. -स्स dangerous illness. -स्स to die. -स्सस्स to be weary of life; to consume one's self. स्सस्स the five vital airs, or modes of inspiration and respiration.

prāṇi, s. A living being, an animal.

prātahkāla, prātaskāla, s. The dawn, morning.

prāpta, adj. Obtained, gained, received. 2. proficient, efficient. -स्स to be competent.

prāpti, s. Gain, profit. 2. acquiring, obtaining. 3. success, improvement. 4. power or faculty of acquiring. 5. luck, fate, fortune. -स् to happen; to be obtained. -स्स to be able or lucky.

prāmanika, adj. True, of great force, credit, or authority.

prāya, s. A state or condition of life, as age, youth, etc. -स् how old are you? -स्स middle age, prime of life. -स्स a young man. -स्स to be old; to come to age. There is a saying about the different stages of human life; namely:-स्सस्स childishness at ten (years), beauty at twenty, youth at thirty, manhood at forty, dotage at fifty, longing at sixty, a stick at seventy, cripple at eighty,
prostration at ninety, and departure at hundred.

prāya, prāyaścitta, s. Punishment. 2. expiation, penance, atonement. —विध to pay a fine. —शुद्ध to punish, fine; to atone, expiate.

prārambha, s. Commencement, beginning.

prārambhīsuni (सं), v. a. To begin, commence.

prāśana, s. Feeding, eating. —जा to eat; to drink.

prāsa, s. Alliteration, rhyme.

priya, adj. Dear, beloved, desired. 2. dear, high in price. 3. see सेषा. —सा a beloved companion.

priti, s. Love, affection, regard. 2. delight, pleasure. 3. the second of the twenty-seven astronomical yōgas.

—ज, —क एक an affectionate disposition. —क्षेत्रस्य to love. —क्षेत्रस्य to be affectionate.

prēta, s. A corpse. 2. a ghost, goblin.

prēma, s. Affection, kindness. 2. pleasure, sport, pastime, joy. —सा a friendly discussion.

prērake, s. An inciter, mover, instigator.

prērāṇe, prēraṇe, prērapeṇe, s. Sending, direction, passion or operation of the organs of sense. 2. incitement, instigation. 3. inspiration. —सा to inspire; to incite, induce.

prērita, adj. Sent, directed; inspired.

prōčana, prōkṣana, s. Sprinkling. —सा to sprinkle.

proudha, adj. Skilful, clever.

proudhe, s. A skilful or clever man.

plava, s. The thirty-fifth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

plavānga, s. The forty-first year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.
pha, The thirty-fifth letter of the alphabet.

phakire, s. A dervise, Mussulman mendicant. 2. a destitute man. 3. a solitary man.

phakanè, adv. Suddenly, unexpectedly.

phai, see pha.

phaliga, adj. Rude, ill-behaved, unsteady, dissipated. 2. dishonest. — dissipation; dishonesty.

phatinge, s. A rake, profligate. 2. a dishonest man.

phadièa, phadèa, s. Settlement, adjustment. 2. determination, decision. — to be settled; to be decided. — to settle; to determine.

phadposu, phadposi, s. Carelessness, perfunctoriness. 2. answering without thinking. 3. getting through a business by hook or by crook. adj. Superficial, careless; also phadposi. — a superficial man. — to say more than one knows; to speak at random.

phadai, s. Difficulty, great distress.

glu phani, s. A serpent, cobra. — a festive ceremony in the name of the serpent-god; also .

glu phane, see pha.

glu phatti, see pha.

phayisalyu, see pha.

pharaku, s. Discrimination, distinction. 2. recognition, identification; cf. . — to discriminate. — to recognise, identify; to inquire.

pharakhatu, adj. Free, unrestricted, well off.

pharari, s. Running away. — to abscond, desert.

pharani, s. A mandate, order.

phala, s. A fruit in general, the fruit of any plant. 2. result, produce, consequence. 3. prosperity, thriving. 4. gain, profit, advantage. — fruits. — to be fruitful. — to yield fruit. — to see the consequence of an act.

phalanè, pron. Such a one, such and such. — such a work.

phalara, s. A slight repast of fruits or sweets, collation. 2. any food except
rice. —को to take some light food.

**phali,** adj. Fruitful. 2. profitable. 3. prosperous, thriving. 4. effectual.

**phalita,** adj. 1. Fruitful. 2. profitable. 3. prosperous, thriving. 4. effectual.

**phalipuni,** adj. 1. Fruitful. 2. profitable. 3. prosperous, thriving. 4. effectual.

**phalita,** adj. Fruitful. 2. profitable. 3. prosperous, thriving. 4. effectual.

**phalipuni,** adj. 1. Fruitful. 2. profitable. 3. prosperous, thriving. 4. effectual.

**phaliguṇa,** s. The twelfth lunar month.

**phitūri,** s. Any secret, deceitful or underhand proceeding, intrigue, conspiracy. 2. instigation, incitement. —को to incite. —को to intrigue; to betray.

**phiraṅgi,** see रङ्ग.

**phiriyādi,** s. A complaint, an accusation in law.

**phisā,** s. Fees, remuneration.

**phurōktu,** s. Sale, particularly of stamps.

**phēilu,** s. A register, file.

**phēisalu,** see शाल.

**ba,** The thirty-sixth letter of the alphabet.

**bānki,** see बानी.

**bāṅkināyake,** s. A honorific title amongst Billavars.

**bāngo, bāṅga,** see बांग.  
**bāṅgale,** see बांग.  
**bāṅgata,** see बांग.  
**bāṅgha, bāṅga, bāṅha,** see बांग.

**bāṅgaru, bāṅgar, bāṅgara,** see बांग.

**bāṅgarakāyi,** s. The Indian acalypha, *Acalypha Indica.*
certain old chieftains. 2. a family name amongst the Bants and Billavars.

bāngra, bāngī, bāngri, see bāngla.

bānglā, s. A bangalow, residence of an European.

bānghi, bāngitappalu, s. Parcel or packet post.

bānna, see bānaka.

bānjanaṭāya, s. A demon so called.

bānčanē, see bānča.

bānčuni, see bānču.

bānjara, see bānča.

bānjara, adj. Sterile, barren. -bānča uncultivated land; waste land. -bānča to remain uncultivated.

bānjara, adv. Heartily, freely, largely. -bānča to have a hearty meal. -bānča to eat heartily. -bānča to serve food profusely.

bānji, s. The stomach. 2. the belly. 3. the womb. 4. the interior or inner part, as of a tree, etc. 5. the thinner portion of the shell of a coconut. 6. the mind, heart. bānča a corpulent or clumsy man. -bānča a long worm infecting the bowel. -bānča voracious, eager; patient, long suffering. -bānča there is nothing to eat. -bānča colic, gripes; fig. envy. -bānča want of food, starvation. -kṛṣa to be hungry; to be distressed.

bānča a big belly, potbelly. bānča pregnancy by illicit intercourse. bānča an early stage of pregnancy. -kṛṣa to be pregnant. -kṛṣa the belly to subside. -kṛṣa to fill the belly, to have a hearty meal, hunger to be appeased. -bānča to be aggrieved. -kṛṣa, -kṛṣa to become pregnant through illicit intercourse. -kṛṣa, -kṛṣa to cause pregnancy through illicit intercourse. -bānča to have looseness in the bowels, to purge.

bānja, bānjeni, bānjenavi, s. Pregnancy. 2. stools. adj. Pregnant. -bānča, mā to go to stool.

bānjina, bānjinaḍi, s. The belly of a beast or fish.

bānjinālu, s. A pregnant woman.

bānjibeire, s. A glutton.

bānjiruni (mānāna), v. a. The (distended) belly to subside.
barije, s. A barren woman. adj. Barren, sterile.

barijele, s. A glutton.

barijeltana, s. Gluttony.

barijottu, see 2o&t.

banju, s. Pride, vanity.

2. bragging, boasting.

bantu, J. Pride, vanity.

2. heroic, courageous.

3. glutinous.

bantu, see sooB.

2. a servant.

3. a demon so called.

bannagiyi, s. A half grown coconut.

bannatigè, s. A piece of wood driven through rafters to keep them fast. 2. carving, engraving.

bannasara, s. A coral necklace.

bannige, s. A painter.

bandu, s. Shutting, closing. 2. stoppage, suspension, ceasing. 3. prohibition, forbidding. -TextChanged to be shut; to cease, stop. -TextChanged, see 2o&t. 1. to shut, close; to secure; to prohibit; to cease.

banda, s. Dough. -TextChanged to knead flour to dough.

banda, see 2o&t.

bandaddye, s. 'Half baked or boiled cake.

bandada-mara, s. The wild mangosteen tree, Diospyros embroypteris.

bandagi, s. Slavery, servitude.

bandana, bandanè, see 2o&t. [plant.

bandanigè, s. A parasitic

bandaru, s. A port, harbour. -TextChanged to make a port, to anchor.
20o bandi, s. A kind of neck-ornament of gold.

20o bandi, s. Imprisonment, confinement. —temporary confinement. —a prison, jail, imprisonment, confinement.

20o bandikolu, s. A pair of cudgels used by a gymnast.

20o bandivane, s. A prisoner. 2. a criminal, culprit.

20o bandi, s. A pair of cudgels used by a gymnast.

20o bandivane, s. A prisoner. 2. a criminal, culprit.

20o bandi, see banduku, bandu, bande.

20o banduku, s. A gun.

20o bandelu, s. A residence, house.

20o bandobastu, s. Settlement, arrangement, management. 2. safety, security. —to settle; to secure.

20o bandhu, s. A kinsman, relation. —relations, in the aggregate. —love of relatives.

20o bannana, s. Trouble, calamity, affliction, torment. 2. see 20o. —a tormenter. —to be afflicted. —to be involved in troubles. —to afflict, torment, trouble.

20o bannatige, see 20o banna.

20o bannanigè, see 20o banna.

20o bannalu, s. A family name. 3. lineage.

20o banni, bannimara, bannemara, s. The tree Mimosa suma.

20o bampelü, see 20o bampelu.

20o bambayi, s. The thorny part of a palmyra branch.

20o bambu, s. Layers of the fibrous coverings of a plantain tree. 2. the bamboo.

20o bamburi, s. A small kind of oyster.

20o bambè, s. The core or inside stalk of a plantain tree. 2. flattery, false praise. 3. prattling. —the rind of a plantain. —to work for nothing or in vain.

20o bammara, s. Slander, backbiting. ——, ——, —, — to backbite.

20o bannamaniyuni, see 20o bannama.

20o baka, s. A crane. —a loud talking person. —a glutton.

20o bakabaka, adv. Voraciously, eagerly. —to swallow eagerly.

20o bakala, s. A gash, deep incision. —to be gashed.
malignant abscess on the back.

To straddle, stand astride.

The name of a giant.

The crackling noise of conflagration.  

while inwardly regards you with jealousy.

A needy man; an insolvent.

A stride.

To ask repeatedly.

A stride.

To devour.

A sheep, jungle sheep.

A large mouth; a glutton.

Barking.

clamouring, vociferation.

Raving, wandering in mind, talking irrationally.

delirium, insanity.

A man in trouble.
Seasoning.

To desire.

sorto bagu, see अना.

bagutale, see अना.

desire, sorto bagu, w*.

Corto^o> baguluni,

baguluni, see अना.

Bague, species.

2. means, resource, income.

To have property, stock, means, or substance.

to acquire wealth; to pay off; to do a favour; to commit mischief.

Rank, grade, class, adj. Diverse, various.

A variety of goods.

To think, suppose, guess, imagine.

to deceive, intend evil, play the traitor.

A bending man.

Flattery, praise.

2. backbiting, tale-bearing.

To cause to stoop, make bend, cower.

An iron hook pointed at its both ends.

To bend, bow, stoop.

A bending or crouching man.

To become lean, thin.

Protesting, deliverance, escape.

to escape. -सशा to seek protection.

-शुक to protect, save.

A fault, mistake.

2. as of an animal.

3. see अना.

-शो a calf of not more than a year.

To pay a fine.

The water-melon, Cucumis citrullus.

Tiredness, fatigue.

baecanâ, see अना.

baecâlê, baecâlê, see अना.

The betel leaf.

To cause to dry, fade, stunt.

To tire, fatigue.

The betel leaf.

A betel salver.

A venomous insect found on betel leaves.

A bundle of about one hundred betel leaves.

To chew betel leaves; to make peace.

or अना- अना, अना- अना, अना- अना, अना- अना, अना- अना.

are varieties of betel leaves.
dry up, evaporate. 3. to be weary, tired, fatigued. 5- the hands and legs to be tired. also— to falter in speaking; to be thirsty. also to get tired; to grow lean; to be dried up, as a well.

fatigue, weariness, tiredness. 2. leanness.

3. ebb; cf. . — to take rest, refresh one's self.

a thick man. 2. cleanliness, freedom from dirt, etc.

3. a plain, open ground; cf. . — to sweep, clean.

long, wish; be greedy.

beating; cf. . To beat, strike. 2. to eat heartily. 3. to do anything freely, without restraint.

A harlot, whore; prostitute. 2. an immodest or indecent woman.

Dried leaves etc., used as fuel. 2. beating

empty, mere, only.

vain, useless, false. — an empty hand. — an utter falsehood; an unfounded report, etc.

see .

Paddy, moistened, dried, broiled, and beaten into wafers in a mortar. a kind of grass. a kind of wreath made of similar wafers of gold.

Sweet-flag, Acorus calamus. a mixture of sweet-flag and butter. to apply the paste of sweet-flag to the tongue (of children to improve articulation).

A broom, besom. 2. cleanliness, freedom from dirt, etc.

3. a plain, open ground; cf. . — to sweep, clean.

To long, wish; be greedy.

beating; cf. . To beat, strike. 2. to eat heartily. 3. to do anything freely, without restraint.

A harlot, whore; prostitute. 2. an immodest or indecent woman.
poverty, indigence, leanness.  3. a poor man, pauper.

अददचतुरुनी बादानतारुनी, सी पद्मारुनी

बादकायी, स. The North, adj. North, northern.  दक्षिण the north point.

बादक्का, adj. Sudden, abrupt.

बादातना, s. A marriage, wedding among Pariahs; cf. आर.

अददचतरुनी, अददचपुनी बादातरुनी, बादपुनी, सी पद्मारुनी.

बादाबादा, s. The noise of a drum.  2. babbling garrulity.  बब्बिंग to babble.

बादावु, s. Hunger, appetite.  बुनिंग to be hungry.

अददचीने बादावे, बादसताना, सी अन्देर अर.

बादायिः, बादायिसुनी, बादासुनी (अददानी, अददापुनी), v. a. To augment, increase, enlarge.  v. n. To increase, thrive, prosper.

बादाला, see अर.

बादावु, see अर.

बादी, s. The fold of a garment.  adj. Folded.  दुई double, two-fold.

अददकल्ला, s. A stone slab on which a washerman washes his clothes.  2. an anvil.
badi, s. Carpentry. 2. a carpenter; also बडी. 2. बडी.

badi, s. A stick, cudgel. —स, —ी असे to beat, flog.

badi, v. a. To strike, beat, thrash.

बाडी, बाडी, स. इसका उदाहरण - स, —ी असे to beat, flog.

baddugu, adj. Blunt, edgeless. 2. dull, stupid, obtuse. s. Bluntness, dulness, stupidity. —जी a blunt knife. —को to become blunt. —जी to get dull or obtuse.

baddupuli, see बड्डपुली.

badda, see बड्डा.

baddi, s. Interest on money. अर्थात् principal and interest. —क अक्स compound interest. —कते to pay interest. —क to lend on interest.

बाडी, बाडी, स. इसका उदाहरण - स, —ी असे to beat, flog.

baddiyuni, see बड्डीयुनी.

बाडी, बाडी, स. इसका उदाहरण - स, —ी असे to beat, flog.

badyuni, see बड्डीयुनी.

banumpu, s. A kind of timber tree, Terminalia coriacea.

bana, see बाना. 2. see बाना.

banangayi, see बानांगायी. 2. a Lingait merchant. 2. a Lingait.

bañabè, adj. Light, not heavy. 2. weak, imbecile. s. A stack.

banalè, see बानाले.

banari, s. A tear, sob.

bani, s. Colour, hue; cf. बानी. 2. breed, kind. 3. wages.

banale, बानाले, स. इसका उदाहरण - स, —ी असे to beat, flog.

banale, बानाले, स. इसका उदाहरण - स, —ी असे to beat, flog.

bani, s. Colour, hue; cf. बानी. 2. breed, kind. 3. wages.

battu, s. A gander, duck. —जा— well boiled rice; a glutton. —को all kinds of metals.

batta, see बट्टा. 2. see बट्टा.

battada, स. इसका उदाहरण - स, —ी असे to beat, flog.

battale, adj. Naked, uncovered, without clothes. —जूकि nakedness.

battaligè s. A quiver.

battayi, s. An inferior kind of tobacco.

battasu, s. A kind of sweetemat.

batti, s. A wick, candle, match. 2. a cigar, cheroot. —जा a wax-candle.
batti, s. To make a cigar. — batti, to twist the wick of a lamp. — batti, to smoke a cigar.
batti kajja, s. The business on which one has come.
battiminya, s. A kind of fish; also बत्तीमिन्य. battuni, see बत्ती. batté, see बत्तें.
battelü, see बत्तेक. baduku, s. Living, livelihood. 2. estate, wealth, property. — बडूक्र to a comfortable living. — बडूक्र to be impoverished, reduced to poverty. — बडूक्र to acquire wealth.
badukavuni, c. v. (of बडूक्र) To cause to live, to save, protect. 2. to heal, cure.
badukuni (बडूक्री), Tolive. exist, subsist. 2. to survive, recover, be saved.
bada, see बाडा.
bada ngala, s. A large sore. 2. a carbuncle; cf. बडा वणु.
badamba, baddambatte, adj. Flabby, not strong.
badaname, see बडानामे. badanè, s. The brinjal plant, Solanum esculentum, or S. melongoná; cf. बडाने बनक्या. the love-apple.
babadaba, adj. Loosely, not tightly. — बाड़ाबा तो dress loosely.
badari, see बडारी.
badari, badarikè, see बडारी. badaritana, s. Dishonour, defamation.
badal, s. Exchange, compensation; cf. बादल. pro. Other, another. adj. Substituted, acting for another. adv. Instead of. — बाडलेन in lieu of, instead of. बाडलेन तात tit for tat, retaliation. — बाडलेन a contradiction. — बाडलेन, see बाडलेन.
badalamu, s. Disrepute, ignominy. 2. responsibility, risk. 3. a false accusation.
badalýisuni (बाडालयिसुनी, v. a. To change, alter. 2. to exchange, substitute, barter.
badali, s. A substitute; cf. बाडाली. adj. Acting. — बाडाली an acting appointment.
badamu, s. Almonds.
badalu, see बाडलु.
badi, s. A dowry.
bad, see बाडी.
badiyelu, s. A side-bone, rib.
badirè, adj. Deaf. बादिरेद दूरी. deafness.
badirengi, see badi.

badu, adj. Thin, watery; also see 

badukavuni, see badukuni.

badukuni, see badirengi.

badeńkuni (अधेन्कून), v. n.
To dangle, as a weak limb.

badugala, see badirengi.

badda, adj. True, certain.
2. bound.

badra, see 

badramushṭi, see 

badri, see 

baddha, adj. Tied, bound.
2. astringent.

badlamā, see 

bana, s. A grove, pleasure garden. — a thicket haunted by serpents.

banampu, see 

banalē, s. A kind of frying pan. adj. Thin. — a thin kind of cloth.

banātu, s. Woollen cloth, broad cloth.

banāyisuni (बानायिसूनी), v. a. To invent, forge, fabricate, as a false document, etc. 2. to prepare, as a dish.

banārī, s. Saliva or juice of fruits drivelling about the corners of the mouth, etc.

banāvānē, banāvani, s. Invention, forgery, fabrication. adj. Forged, fabricated, false, fictitious. — to forge, fabricate.

banāvu, s. Agreement, concord.

bani, see 

banekeri, see 

bappangāyi, bappāyi, s. The papaw fruit, Carica papaya.


bappu, s. Stupidity, senselessness. adj. Stupid, simple.

bappe, s. A simpleton, stupid man, glutton.

babbarimānjī, s. A kind of fish.

babbarīye, s. A demon so called. — its shrine.

babrāpuri, s. Disorder, confusion.

bamana, s. Backbiting.

bamanipuni (बामानिपूणी), v. n. To backbite.

baya, see 

bayambu, s. Chaff, shell. 2. a hollow, hole. adj. Hollow. — to become hollow.

bayakuni, bayasuni (बयाकूनी, बयासूनी), v. a. To long for, desire eagerly.

bayakē, s. Desire, especially the longing occasioned by pregnancy. — to en-
tertain sumptuously a pregnant woman. —a ceremony observed in the fourth or sixth month of pregnancy.

**baran**, see **ayi**.

**baran**, see **ayi**.

**baran**, see **ayi**.

**baran**, see **ayi**.

**baran**, see **ayi**.

**baran**, see **ayi**.

**baran**, see **ayi**.

Very low fields which are under water in the rainy season and yield only one crop.

**bayya**, s. Evening, eventide; also **ayi**.

**bayya**, s. Abusing.

**bayya**, s. A walk. —**ayi** to take a walk.

**bara**, s. Famine, scarcity. 2. coming. 3. weakness. —**ayi** to grow thin, scabby.

**bara**, s. Divorce, dissolution of marriage. —**ayi** to divorce a wife. [sloping.

**bara**, adj. Steep.

**bara**, s. Boundary, limit, shore.

**bara**, s. Scurf, leaness. —**ayi**. Scurfy, scabby. 2. scaly, as the skin. 3. lean, thin. —**ayi** to grow thin, scabby.

To grow dry, become lean or thin. 2. a sore to heal.

**bara**, s. Success, prosperity, thriving, blessing, fortune, luck.

**bara**, s. Inundation.

**bara**, adj. Useless, unprofitable, vain. 2. barren, childless. 3. (imperat. of **bara**) let (him, etc.) come; see **bara**. —**ayi** an old she-buffalo past milking.

**bara**, s. A china jar. 2. the trough of a water-lift.

**bara**, see **ayi**.

**bara**, see **ayi**.

**bara**, adj. Scarcely coming or occurring; rare, unusual.

**bara**, v. a. To curse. 2. see **bara**.

**bara**, adj. Full, plenty, ample, brimful.

**bara**, s. A noise, as of rain pouring on a palm-
leaf umbrella, or of parching paddy over a fire.

barabu, s. A boundary.

baramu, s. Respect, honour, reputation.

baravanigè, s. Composition, style.

baravasa, see barabu.

baravu, s. A small excavation in a well or tank for water to collect in. 2. see baravu. —_to make such an excavation.

baravuni, see barabu.

baraha, see baramu.

barûta, s. A kind of firework.

baranigè, s. Agreement, coincidence, as between any two measures of grain, etc. 2. fulness, completeness. 3. see barabari.

barâdi, s. Coming, haste.

barâbari, adj. Right, proper, just. s. Equality. 2. good order or arrangement.

baravu, s. Writing, manuscript. 2. learning. —to be able to read and write.

baravuni (word), v. n. To be benumbed. त्या— the foot or leg to sleep, to have numbness.

barasà, s. A carpenter's forked instrument.

bari, s. Side, border.

bari, see bari.

bari, s. Lineage, descent, family, race, tribe. —_—, —_—, —_— relations.

bariúka, s. A small kind of deer.

karika, barikè, adj. Hard (distinguished from soft), as the pulp of a fruit.

bariuka, s. A hard kind of mango.

barita, see barita.

bariparndu, adj. Almost ripe.

baripuni (word), v. a. To gash, cut, scratch. 2. to trim, as the border of a field.

bariminu, s. A kind of fish.

bariyuni (word), v. n. To encase a bottle, jar, etc., in a kind of net-work.

barita, adj. Full, complete.

baru, s. Boast, brag. adj. see bara.

baruvè, see baru. 2. see barè.

barè, s. A mud-wall round the premises. _— to erect such a wall.

barè, s. Branding the arm, etc., with a piece of red-hot copper in certain diseases.

—_—, — to brand in this way.

barè, see barè, barè.

baregàla, see under bare.

barejana, s. Low caste people. 2. talkativeness.
bare, s. A line, mark, scar. 2. a wale, stripe.

bareta, s. A line, mark, scar. 2. a wale, stripe. creases in the hand.

barepavuni, c. v. (of bare) To dictate, cause to write. a schoolmaster.

barephi, s. A kind of sweetmeat.

barepini (bare), v. a. To write, draw.

barepuni, c. v. (of bare) To cause to starve.

barepuni, see bare. barka, adj. The noise of rending a cloth.

barka, see barka. barkatu, s. Prosperity, thriving.

barkala, see barka. barkasu, adj. Bad, mean, base, vile; unpromising.

barkastu, s. Rising, breaking up, as an assembly.

barka, s. A title among the Bants. 2. see barka.

barkena, adj. Solid, fast; 2. see barka.

bargattu, adj. Reduced, weak.

bargattavuni, c. v. (of bargattu) To neglect, waste.

bargattuni (bargattu), v. n. To run waste, be ruined.

bargottu, s. Threatening, menacing. 2. frowning.

bargottuni (bargottu), v. n. To threaten, menace 2. to frown.

barcan, s. A comb.

barci, s. A spear.

bareuni (bare), v. a. To comb.

barchele, s. One who devours food in haste.

barjuni (bare), v. a. To strike, beat. 2. to reprove, rebuke. v. n. To be obstinate, stubborn. to refuse obstinately to do a thing.

barta, see barta. bari, see bari. bardashu, s. Consolation, comfort.

barpavuni, c. v. (of bare), To let come, cause to bring. - to give trouble, tease, vex.

barpini v. n. To come, arrive, arise. 2. to bring. 3. to happen, befall. c. dat. To acquire, get; to understand. 2. can. he will be wise. I understand Tulu. I can read and write.

barpuduni, see bardashu. barpuni, see bare. barpura, see barka.

barphi, s. A kind of sweetmeat.
barbaru, s. Noise, bustle. barmu, see Noise.
barmuṇḍe, s. A very poor widow. barluni, see Widow.
barvė, s. A kind of fish. barsa, s. Rain. to pour. to rain.
balutruṇi, see Coarse.
bala, s. Strength, power, might, force, influence. A kind of fish. Rain. to pour.
barvė, s. A kind of fish. barsa, s. Rain. to rain.
balmuni, see Weight.
bala, s. A coarse net-work of rope, in which pots and other vessels are suspended from the beams of a house. a noose to tighten the vessels so suspended.
balaṅkū, s. A day of fasting previous to Krūṣṇa's birthday. reduced.
balaṅjuni (balun), v. a. To roll up.
balaṅtuni (balun), v. a. To grope, search in darkness; to feel, stroke.
balambāyi, s. Wide mouth. 2. see Wide.
balakaṇa, see Noise.
balakāyisuni (balakā), v. a. To secure, protect. 2. to augment, increase.
balakē, see Noise.
balatū, s. The right side.
balata, adj. Right. the right hand. the right side.
baltkāra, s. Force, violence, constraint, exaction.
balapuni, see Weight.
balabāyi, s. The bamboo of a roof just above the entrance of a house. to hang upon it.
balabhadre, s. Krūṣṇa's elder brother.
balamuri, s. Turning to the right hand. a rare conch that winds to the right.
balayi, see Noise.
balārāme, s. Krūṣṇa's elder brother.
balavantigē, s. Force, violence, compulsion, pressure.
balavante, s. A strong, or powerful man.
balavatte, s. An unequal pair.
balavu, s. Potstone, glimmer, slate; also a slate pencil.
bala

balasy, adj. Loose, slack; phlegmatic. — to become loose.

balasuni (ὀφθαλμὸ), v. a. To serve food.

balahina, adj. Weak, impotent. — weakness. a weak man.

balandi, s. A female demon.

baladige, baladhye, see ἐπάθεια.

balkara, see ἐπογχά.

balapini (ὠπε), v. n. To gain strength; to recover health.

bala, balaik, s. Strength and weakness. 2. the strong and weak points of a case.

balabailme, s. Strength.

baliyi, s. A pestle used for pounding.

balayisuni (ὀφθαλμὸς), v. a. To transgress.

balara, s. The rounding of the edges of a table or other wood-work. 2. see ἐπάθεια.

balalu, adj. Useless. s. see ἐπάθεια. — a frame of bamboo sticks with torch-lights at their tops, carried in a procession.

balasu, adj. Loose, not tight.

balasa, s. The phlegmatic temperament.

balalë, see ἐπάθεια.

bali, s. An offering, oblation, sacrifice; a victim. — an offering. — to offer sacrifice, make an offering. — to go in procession.

bali, s. The name of a king; also ἀλάλης. — a Hindu feast in memory of Vishnu’s treading him down.

balike, s. Prowess, strength, hardness. 2. toughness. adj. Strong.

baligē, baligema-ra, s. A jungle tree used as strong timber.

balitaruni, see ἐπογχά.

balipam, s. A marble.

balipaburu s. The creeper Gloriosa superba.

baliyitha, s. An altar.

balipu, s. A rope fastened over a thatched roof to keep the thatch compact. — to fasten a rope in this way.

balipuni (ὥ), v. n. To decamp, scamper. v. a. To stick, adhere, hold fast.

baliye, s. A royal tiger, leopard. 2. prowess, strength. 3. see ἐπάθεια.

balime, s. Strength, might. 2. see ἐπάθεια.

baliyuni (ὥ), v. n. To stick fast, as a poultice, plaster, etc.
baliruni (_strength_), **v. n.** To develop, as the fetus, in the womb.

balishta, **adj.** Strong, firm, powerful. —**adv.** strong, powerful people.  

balya, **s.** A powerful man.

balu, **adj.** Very, large, great.  

2. severe, violent.  

balukade, **see balu.**

balumara, **s.** A kind of palm which does not yield toddy.

balumuthu, **s.** A kind of fish.

balamu, **s.** The rapiers of bamboos fastened cross-wise to the rafters of a roof.  

2. see balu.

baleukri, **see balu.**

balepu, **s.** Closing an opening or passage in hunting, by which a beast can escape.

balepunu (_strength_), **v. a.** To enclose, surround.  

2. to besiege.  

3. to hem.  

**v. n.** To be distressed, vexed.  

balenikku to ensnare.  

balekku to entangle one’s self or to get entangled.

balevodu, **s.** A kind of fish.  

2. the broken mouth of a vessel.

balendriye, balendre, **s.** A celebrated king of giants.

balkadi, balgadi, **adj.** Firm, strong.  

**s.** Strength, prowess.

balkatti, **s.** A large knife.

2. see balepuni.

balka, **see balu.**  

2. see balu.  

balg, **see balu.**

baleatu, **s.** A kind of fish.  

2. a coarse kind of bread offered to demons.

bald, baldemuthu, **s.** A kind of fish.

balmana, **s.** Preparation.  

2. decoration.  

**s.** A sumptuous dinner.  

**to** be ready for eating; to be decorated.

balm, **s.** Strength, prowess, might.  

2. soothsaying, augury.  

**to** consult an augurer.  

**to** augur.

balya, **s.** A turn to the right course.  

2. a doubtful sickness.

balyaye, **see under balya.**

balyaru, **s.** A shark.  

are different varieties of shark.
bally, s. A rope, cord.
balla, see bali. 2. see shala.
bāḷa, n. bāḷa, bāḷe, s. A baron or nobleman.
bāḷi, def. v. neg. Cannot. (posit. bāḷa)  cannot— I cannot. cannot see.
bāḷe, s. A thicket, bush. 2. see shala.
bāva, bavan, bavane, s. Birth, origin, existence.
bāvate, see shala.
bavana, s. Cooked rice.
bavaroga, see balaroga.
bavu, s. Barking. 2. see shala.
bavuruni, bavurottuni, see shala.
bavusa, see shala.
basa, s. Strength, the marrow or serum of the flesh. adv. At once. to become weak. to put at once or suddenly.
basakku, basalu, adv. Forcibly, violently. to draw violently.
basabasa, s. Gushing, flowing in a stream. to throw up much blood.
basaruru, s. A village near Kundapura. lit. the arbitration of Basruru; an indefinite or unsettled arrangement, pro.
basalē, s. The Malabar nightshade, Basella alba.

basava, basave, s. An ox; Śiva’s steed.
basālu, basalā, basalā, adv. At once. —sūkeśu, —sūkeśu to throw, pour or cast at once.
basi, s. A porcelain dish or plate.
basiyuni, see shala.
basuri, basuru, s. Pregnancy.
basula, s. A wale, stripe.
basē, see shala. 2. see shala.
basta, adv. At once; cf. shala. bastaḍe, s. An abode. 2. an inferior kind of fane.
basti, s. A Jain temple. 2. an abode, lodging. to people, colonize.
basma, see shala.

bassa, s. Overflowing.
bahaduru, bahādaru, s. A hero, warrior; a noble or high-minded man. 2. a title of honour; cf. shala. a gold pagoda.
bahala, adj. Abundant, much, many, numerous. adv. Abundantly. often, many times.
bahi, adj. Without. public, abroad, outside. to become public. outside.
bahishkara, s. Expulsion, ban, excommunication. to excommunicate.
bahu, adj. Much, numerous, many. 2. severe, violent. — much work. — many sorts or ways. — very nice. — polytheism.
bahudhanya, s. The twelfth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.
bahumana, s. A gift by a superior to an inferior. 2. reward, recompense. 3. honour. adj. Honourable, respectable.
bahumutra, s. Diabetes.
bahuvacana, s. The plural number.
bahu, adv. Probably, perhaps. 2. often, in many ways, for the most part.
bahula, s. The dark lunar fortnight.
bala, see adj. 2. see adj.
balanikè, see 2 adj.
balanivuni, c. v. (of ) To make grow, rear, bring up.
balapu, s. Growth, growing.
balapuni ( ), v. n. To grow, shoot up, be enlarged.
balarala, s. A kind of cornice, ornamenting the beam on a wall, window or door-sill.
balaralike, s. Tiredness, fatigue, exhaustion.
balavalî, see adj.
balasuni ( ), v. a. To serve out food. 2. to use, have in common use.
bali, see 20. 2. see 20.
balike, s. Familiarity, acquaintance, intimacy, common use. adj. Common, familiar, usual.
balkottu, see adj.
balivalî, see adj.
balumburu, s. A kind of creeper.
balukuni, see 2 adj.
baluvali, s. A wife's dower, bridal gift. 2. pursuing. — to give dowry.
baluvikè, see adj.
bale, s. A bracelet. 2. a hoop. 2. the edge or rim of a vessel. 3. the reepers or slips of bamboos used to
fasten the rafters of roof. द्वि—double reepers. एक— a single reeper. —स्वािे, see द्वि.

बालपुनि, see बालपुनि.
बालय, see बालय.
बाल, see बाल.
बाल, s. A seer, measure of capacity equal to about one seer or eighty tolas; in comp. द्वि, द्वि, द्वि, द्वि, द्वि, द्वि, द्वि, द्वि (द्वि), द्वि द्वि, द्वि, द्वि, द्वि are the modes of reckoning from one to ten seers.

बालये, s. A master.
बालले, see बालले.
बाली, s. A creeper, particularly the betel vine. —जज् to plant betel vine.
बाँकु, s. A poniard, dagger.
बांका, adj. Huge, gaudy. —जज् a gaudy turban.
बांकडे, s. Retching. —जज् to retch, be qualmish.
बांकि, बांके, s. A trumpet, horn. —जज् to blow a trumpet. —जज् a trumpeter.
बांकु, s. A bench.
बांक, बांक, बांक, बांक बांकु, बांकु, बांका, बांक, s. A call for prayer among Mussulmans. —जज् to cry out, call for prayer.

बंगावुनि, c. v. (of बंगावुनि) To cause to bow or stoop.
बंगुनि (बंगुः), v. n. To bow, stoop, lean on one side; cf. बंगुः.
बंडा, see बंडा.
बंधु, see बंधु.
बंदी, बंदीं बंदीं, बंदी, बंदी, see बंदी.
बंदु, s. An embankment, mound. 2. a boundary stone. —जज् to raise a mound.
बांधव, s. A relation, kinsman.
बांधक, see बांधक; cf. बांधक.
बंबेल, see बंबेल.
बंबेल, s. A crack, crevice, hole. 2. a large mouth. —जज् a wide ear.
बांकथारु, s. A walking stick, with a curved top.
बांकथार, see बांकथार.
बांकी, s. Balance, remainder, rest, surplus.
बांकमारु, बांकमारु बांकमारु, बांकमारु, s. A large open field in front of a house.
बांकधु, s. A door, gate. द्वि a large gate. द्वि a wicket, small gate. —जज् door-hinges. —जज् to open the door. —जज् to shut the door.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>baku</strong></th>
<th><strong>bada</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>baku, s. A Pariah husband.</td>
<td>baju, s. A musician.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bagu, s. A garden.</td>
<td>bajar, (corrup. of bajar)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>baga, see baga.</td>
<td>A bazaar, shop, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bagadige, bagi, s. A coparcener, shareholder.</td>
<td>— s. the counter of a native shop.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bagikallu, s. A resting place.</td>
<td>bajaraya, s. An eminent man.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>baugenara, bajaranisi bagayiti, bagayitu, s. A garden.</td>
<td>bajru, s. The arm. 2. side.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bagamu (baka), v. n. To bow, stoop, lean.</td>
<td>— s. an armlet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>badi, s. A wedge. 2. see baci.</td>
<td>— s. to get out of the way, make way, step aside.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>baci, s. A comb.</td>
<td>bajrayi, s. Thirst. 2. a drink.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>baci, v. a. To take a little from a heap.</td>
<td>— s. the head of a Pariah gang, who has the honor of taking round the pot of toddy at a drinking party.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>baciinya, see baci.</td>
<td>— s. to be thirsty. — s. to give to drink. — s. to drink.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>baciya, s. A clown, rustic, simpleton.</td>
<td>bajra, see bajra.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bociya (baci), v. a. To scoop or gather up. 2. to cut lengthwise. 3. to trim a palm leaf. 4. see bociya.</td>
<td>bajre, s. A rich merchant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bociya, adj. Curved in front. 2. oblique. adv. Obliquely. — s. a horn curved in front. — s. to chip.</td>
<td>bajana, s. Food, meat, provision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajana, s. Any vessel, as a pot, cup; a dish.</td>
<td>— s. to place food for a demon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajaran, bajaruru, bajaran, s. A bazaar, market place.</td>
<td>[elg.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>baji, s. An adze, a carpenter’s axe.</td>
<td>bagamara, s. The sirissa tree, Acacia speciosa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajarayi, s. A musician.</td>
<td>2. s. a drink.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajaraya, s. An eminent man.</td>
<td>- s. the counter of a native shop.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajaraya, s. An eminent man.</td>
<td>— about eight feet long; very long.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajru, s. The arm. 2. side.</td>
<td>bajrayi, s. Thirst. 2. a drink.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajra, see bajra.</td>
<td>— s. the head of a Pariah gang, who has the honor of taking round the pot of toddy at a drinking party.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajra, s. A rich merchant.</td>
<td>— s. to be thirsty. — s. to give to drink. — s. to drink.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajana, s. Any vessel, as a pot, cup; a dish.</td>
<td>bajana, s. Food, meat, provision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajarayi, s. An eminent man.</td>
<td>— s. to place food for a demon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajaraya, s. An eminent man.</td>
<td>[elg.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajarayi, s. An eminent man.</td>
<td>— about eight feet long; very long.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajaraya, s. An eminent man.</td>
<td>— s. a drink.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajra, see bajra.</td>
<td>— s. the head of a Pariah gang, who has the honor of taking round the pot of toddy at a drinking party.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajra, s. A rich merchant.</td>
<td>— s. to be thirsty. — s. to give to drink. — s. to drink.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajana, s. Food, meat, provision.</td>
<td>— s. to place food for a demon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajarayi, s. An eminent man.</td>
<td>[elg.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajaraya, s. An eminent man.</td>
<td>— about eight feet long; very long.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajra, see bajra.</td>
<td>— s. the head of a Pariah gang, who has the honor of taking round the pot of toddy at a drinking party.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bajra, s. A rich merchant.</td>
<td>— s. to be thirsty. — s. to give to drink. — s. to drink.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
badli

*s. Darkness. 2. blindness, dimness.

bānale, s. A dim sighted man.

bānasūre, s. A giant destroyed by Krūṣṇa. 2. an archer.

bāpi, s. A border, edge, as of a boat. 2. see बांस.

bāne, see बान.

bātyu, see बान. 2. see बान.

bāta, see बान.

bāti, s. Resemblance. 2. see बान.

bātumē, s. Spying.

bāda, s. Affliction, distress, torment.

bādaryu, see बादर. adj. Heroic; excellent. —स a small island near Uḍāpi.

bādarabettē, s. The nut of taliput palm.

bādarāyaṇe, s. Vyāsa, the compiler of the Vedas.

bādāmu, s. An almond, Terminalia catappa.

bādi, adj. Heavy. —त to become heavy.

bādu, s. A fence, file.

bāduru, see बादु.

bādē, s. A kind of drum, used by Pariahs.

bādbakkana, s. Making distinction in common affairs.

bāḍri, s. A kind of barley

bāḍli, see बाढ़ली.

cf. न. -सु to bribe. -सु to dry.

bāḍāyi, s. Rent, hire, freight. -क to let. -सु to fix rent, hire, or freight.

bāḍavuni, v. (of बना) To make dry or fade.

bādi, adj. Faded, withered.

bādigē, see बादी.

bādu, see बादु.

bādunī (बान), v. n. To fade, shrivel, wither, die; also बादु.

bāna, s. The sky, heaven, air. 2. an arrow. 3. a bow. 4. a rocket. 5. a water vessel. adj. Striped. —न, न a bitter kind of fruit. —त a swallow. —त a rainbow. —त a female's striped cloth. बाना a sky rocket. बाना a rocket, wheel-fire-work. —त to throw rockets, let off fire-work. —त to shoot an arrow. बाना बानातोलना lit. an earthen oil-pot in the sky, (riddle); a palm fruit. बाना बाना lit. a knife in the sky (riddle); a tamarind pod.

bānanti, s. A lying-in woman. —त puerperal disorder.

bānakaṇṇu, s. A side-glance, blinking. —त one who blinks.

bānalu, bāṇālu,
badha, s. Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badha, s. Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badha, s. Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (�ं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (अं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.

badhaka, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (�ं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.

badhala, s. A door.

badhipuni (अं), v. a. To afflict, distress, torment.

badhiyuni (�ं), v. n. To be affected, as by one's sin, etc.
3. speech, utterance. 4. an opening.  — see  
476  
bara
4. an opening.  — see  
etc.
3. to vociferate, talk loudly; to open the mouth.  — to guard one's mouth; to refrain from returning abuse.  
3. to be of age, as an animal when it has got its complete set of teeth; a sore, etc., to be perfectly heal.

— to be entangled in a plot, etc., to fall a prey to one's rage.  
1. to fix a price definitely; to pass word; to make a promise.  
2. to be able to speak.  
3. to make one speak out, cause to confess.  
4. to open the mouth; to speak out, disclose, reveal, confess; to cry, as in danger, etc.  
5. to cease to speak, as a dying man.  
6. the mouth to itch; to be quarrelsome.  
7. to make an opening; to bawl out; to scold, rebuke.  
8. to rinse, gargle.  
9. to shut the mouth, to hold the tongue.  
10. to deceive, defraud.

bāry, s. Paddy.  — see 
bāra
bāra, s. A thong, strap. 2. the upper leather work of sandals. 3. see  

— a large mouth.  — a hand and mouth.  — a large knife.  — an itchy mouthed man; a quarrelsome man.  — bitterness of the mouth; hatred.  — sweetness of the mouth; flattery.  — a loquacious man.  — spittle.  — dispute, quarrel.  — learning by heart.  — an oral communication, verbal message; a promise.  — a sore mouth, ulceration of the mouth.  — a clamorous man; an indiscreet man.  — talking loudly or haughtily.  — a cover, the lid of a vessel.  — a fetid breath.  — taste, appetite.  — mental arithmetic.  — savoury, palatable.  — to open the mouth, yawn, gape.  — the mouth to burn.  — to turn the mouth of a vessel.  — to overcome in argument; to silence; to prescribe diet.  — to muzzle; to observe regimen; restrain the appetite; to shut the mouth; to fasten the mouth of a bag, etc.  — to vociferate, talk loudly; to open the mouth.  — to guard one's mouth; to refrain from returning abuse.  
— to be of age, as an animal when it has got its complete set of teeth; a sore, etc., to be perfectly heal.

— to be entangled in a plot, etc., to fall a prey to one's rage.  
— to fix a price definitely; to pass word; to make a promise.  
— to be able to speak.  
— to make one speak out, cause to confess.  
— to open the mouth; to speak out, disclose, reveal, confess; to cry, as in danger, etc.  
— to cease to speak, as a dying man.  
— the mouth to itch; to be quarrelsome.  
— to make an opening; to bawl out; to scold, rebuke.  
— to rinse, gargle.  
— to shut the mouth, to hold the tongue.  
— to deceive, defraud.
bāra, s. Overgrowing, over-ripeness.
bālage, s. A title of Bants.
bāranē, bāranē, bāranē, s. Stripping the bark of a tree, or cutting it lengthwise. 2. a comb. 3. see बारक.
bādaradānē, s. The difference of weight in the two scales of a balance.
bārapini (बारपिनी), v. n. To be fruitful.
bārāvuni, c. v. (of बारन) To cause to chip.
bāri, s. Bamboo splits fastened lengthwise to the rafters of a roof from both sides.
bāri, see बारा.
bārisuni (बारीसुनी), v. a. To play on a musical instrument.
bāruni (बारुनी), v. a. To cut, chip, trim. 2. to comb the hair.
bārē, s. The plantain tree, Musa paradisica. — ह ब a plantain leaf. — ह द a young plantain tree. — ह स a bunch of plantains. — ह स a cluster or comb of plantains. — ह द ripe plantains. — ह द the pod containing plantain flowers. — ह द the round stalk inside a plantain tree.

bāla, adj. Young, tender. 2. childish. — ह a childish sport. — ह childhood. — ह instruction of youth. — ह a young bachelor.
bālake, s. A boy.
bālagraha, s. Convulsions, fits to which children are liable. [fish.
bāladenē, s. A kind of
bala, s. The new moon.
balanaksatra, s. A comet.
balasara, s. A female's earring.
balasavuni, (aroe^te), i\a. To despise; /". eyster^i^.
balaharade, y. A small variety of gall nut.
balavuni, c. v. (of aew$) To export. 2. to administer, rule.
baluni (a^), v. n. To run over, go out. 2. see basata.
bale, s. A child. 4^0 a new-born child.
baleminu, s. A kind of fish.
balke, s. A companion, comrade.
balji, s. A demon so called.
baldi, s. A bucket.
balya, s. Childhood, infancy; also —a\o, —a\o. adj. Young, tender.
bave, see epe.
bavatè, bavute, s. A banner, flag, ensign.
bavade, s. An earthen lid or covering of a vessel.
bavadepatti, s. The marginal rapier of a roof, pole-plate.
bavanè, see epe.
bavali, see epe.
bavu, s. Inequality of sur-face, unevenness, bend, curve, as of a plank, tree, etc. 2. see a\s.
bavuduni, v. a. (a\s) To turn up a rice-pot after the gruel has been strained off.
bave, see epe.
bave, s. The cream of milk: 2. the pulpy kernel of a tender cocoanut. 3. a film on the eye. —a\s fine earth floating on the water; cf. basata.
bavoli, s. A bat. 2. an ornament worn by women at the tip of the ear.
basti, adj. Plain, unstamped. —a\s a plain paper, in contrast to stamp-paper.
basinga, s. A nuptial crown.
basi, basè, bæsè, see basata.
basata, adj. Talkative, eloquent.
basarevuni (a\s), v. n. To talk in sleep.
basinga, see pasata.
bahulya, s. Abundance.
bahu, see basata.
balu, s. Thin slices of plantains fried in oil, called sovereigns.
bala, see epe.
balavuni, c. v. (of a\s) To make thrive, prosper.
balikè, s. Existence, subsistence. 2. prosperity, thriving.
to thrive, prosper. 2. to exist, subsist. 3. to last, endure.

4. to sow seed.

to be wild, furious, as a mad man.

a man with a harelip.

a request, petition.

A kinsman, relative. 2. a guest.

The disk of the sun or moon. 2. form, shape, figure. 3. a reflected or represented form, shadow. 4. see ఞోడి.

The limbi tree, *Averrhoa Bilimbi*.

The lip. — హుంది of a man with a harelip.

Raving. 2. self-conceit. adj. Delirious; vain; also మలుడి, మాక, మాకంది, మాటి, మండి, మండి. —బింబిను to rave, talk irrationally, as a mad man.

—బింబిను to be wild, furious, as a mad man.

A kind of cake.

A drop. 2. a dot, mark. 3. semen virile.

A small earthen pot.

Holding one's breath, as when making a strong effort, straining. 2. a sob.

To cause to hold breath, as when making a strong effort; to strain.

To hold one's breath. 2. to give little by little. ఎదురు విషాలు to happen with difficulty; to have a premature birth.

To give reluctantly, little by little.

Boldness, courage. 2. pride, haughtiness.

Talc, soap-stone.

A battlement.

Intoxication.

Raving.

Self-conceit, adj. Delirious; vain; also మలుడి, మాక, మాకంది, మాటి, మండి, మండి. —బింబిను to rave, talk irrationally, as a mad man.

—బింబిను to be wild, furious, as a mad man.

A kind of cake.

A drop. 2. a dot, mark. 3. semen virile.

Manual work, labour.
bikke, adj. Deficient. 2. rotten. A useless or rotten egg (prov.).
bikkele, s. A man who hesitates in speaking.
biknesi, s. A beggar. 2. a man of mean disposition. 3. a mischief-maker. 4. an obstinate man.
bikül, see bija.
bikupuni, see bija. bikurlu, adj. Late in the night.
biga, see bija. bigata, adj. Tight.
bigadu, s. Taking offence. 2. disagreement, difference, discord, disunion. adverse counsel or decision. to talk adversely.
bigaduni, bigaduni (adj., adv.), v.n. To be offended, take offence. 2. to change, alter, as one's opinion or sentiment. 3. to abandon, forsake, as a side or part. the mind was disturbed.
bigaru, see bija. bigalé, see bija.
bigi, s. Tightness, tension. adj. Tight, fast, rigid. 2. difficult, hard. 3. obstinate, stubborn. to tie fast; to rivet. to make fast or tight.

bigipavuni, c. v. (of bikklu) To cause to fasten.
bigipu, s. Fastening, tightening.
bigipuni (bigku), v.a. To tie, fasten, tighten. to hold fast.
bigiyuni (biku), v.n. To become fast or tight.
bigu, see bija.
biguta, s. Tightness, tension. adj. Tight, fast.
bicéa, adj. Drawn, unsheathed, as a weapon.
bicéa, see bija. bicanigé, see bija. bicata, s. Bursting, breaking or flying open.
bigéavuni, c. v. (of bicéa) To open, unfasten. 2. to split.
bicéukatti, s. A drawn sword.
bigéuni (bicé), v.n. To burst, fly open, become loosened; also bicelukatti.
bicelu, adj. Broken, split, cracked.
bicol, s. A coiled piece of palmyra leaf put in the ear.
bicerva, s. A double edged sword; cf. bicelu.
bichane, s. A bedding, mat, carpet. 2. the straw bed of a horse.
bija, see bija.
bija, see bidi.

bijanta, see bija.

bijakrē, see bijāya.

bijagrē, see bijāya.

bijaya, see bija.

bijala, s. A monstrous speech.

bijalu, see bija.

bijaldi, s. A midwife.

bijagri, s. The hinges on which the lid of a chest, etc., turns; also bijāya.

bijāku, s. A clacking sound.

bijākrē, see bija.

bijigē, see bija.

bijigrē, see bija.

bijipu, adj. Thin, watery.

bijibiji, adj. Greasy, gummy, sticky.

bijī, s. The matter of a sore, pus.

bijiluni, bijeluni, bijeluni (bijē, bijē), v. a. To bear, bring forth, as a child. v. n. To suppurate.

bija, see bija.

bijuni (bijē), v. n. To ooze; cf. bijalu.

bijē, s. A kind of Venetian blind made of split bamboo or cane.

bijanigē, see bija.

bijāyi, see bija.

bijēlyuni, see bija.

bijitti, see bija.

bijitē, s. The excrement of sheep, goats, rats, etc.

bidavu, s. A ruling instrument of carpenters.

bijāyisuni (bijēyē), v. a. To enclose, put in, fill.

bidāra, see bija.

bidāle, s. A cat.

bidē, bidē, bidē, bidigē, see bija.

bidita, see bija.

biditē, s. The chorus of a drum-beating to a vocal music. 2. intrigue. —vēiē to beat a drum; to put on a mask; to disguise.

bidugadē, see bija.

bidugu, s. A coquette.

bidugubajaru, see bija.

bidē, s. Shame, modesty.

bidē, see bija.

bittu, s. Seed. 2. the kernel of a nut. 3. the testicles. 4. progeny.

bittigē, s. Sowing.

bittuni (bijē), v. a. To sow seed.

bittē, see bija.

bidury, see bija.

idia, see bija.

idi, idi, bidi, bidiyē, see bija.

bidigē, s. The second day in a lunar fortnight.
bidu, v. n. To loosen by itself.
bidel, s. A particular sort of seed. 2. sort, kind, class.
- very management of cultivation.
bidolige, s. Letting out, out going.
bidukannu, s. A squint eye.
- man.
biddarse, s. A squint eyed
bidhāna, see adj.
binnaha, see adj.
bina bina binugubājāryu, s. Household furniture, baggage.
biya, s. A kind of tree.
biyām, see adj.
bira, s. A kiss. - to kiss.
birakē, see adj.
birome, birome bira mane, bira, s. A Brahman.
biravuni (biravuni), v. a. To mix, mingle, compound.
birasuni, see adj.
biriṇji, s. Slender pieces of firewood.
biribiri, s. The noise of rending cloth, etc.
birimara, s. A door bar.
biriyuni (biriyuni), v. n. To split, crack, burst; also adj.
biru, s. A bow. 2. a curved spring, as of a gun, etc., adj.
Violent, severe, strong, quick. - a tempest, whirlwind.

bila, s. A hole, cave.
bila, s. Tin; iron vessels plated with tin.
bilimbi, see పిలమీ ప్రతిమూడు.
bilavara, s. Glass, porcelain.
bilukulu, bilukulu, adj. Never, not at all, by no means. 2. universally, entirely.
bilè, s. Price, value, worth. — ఫాక్టు to cost. — ఫాక్టు to estimate, fix the price. — ఫాక్టు to buy, purchase.
bilpatre, v. 1. Anything made in a flat form, as a tablet or lozenge, a peon’s badge, etc. 2. a pane, panel. ఫాక్టు a lozenge of sandal paste. — ఫాక్టు a peon.
bilva, see పిలవా.
bishi, see పిలిసి.
bisatti, s. A knife.
bisaruni (బిసరుని), v. n. To slip, tumble.
bisalè, bisalè, s. An earthen vessel. ఫుంగి a small earthen vessel. ఫుంగి a large earthen vessel.
bisatyu, s. Regard, concern, care for. టిడ్టిడ్టిడ్టిడ్టిడ్టి what do I care for you?
bisaineni, s. The cord of a fishing net.
bisi, adj. Heat, warmth, esp. of the sun. 2. see పిలిసి.
bisu, see పిలిసి.
bisulu, s. Sunshine.
bilè, adj. White.
bikshè, see పిల్కూషీ.
bimpu, s. A tail.
biga, s. A lock. — ఫాక్టు a key. — ఫాక్టు a cross-lock. — ఫాక్టు to lock, bolt.
bigtana, s. Relationship by marriage.
bige, s. A relative by marriage.
bija, s. A seed; cf. పిలిసి. 2. origin, cause. 3. a cashew nut.
bijāta, s. Waving, swinging, fanning; brandishing.
bijāduni, bijāvuni, c. v. (of పిలిసి) To brandish, fan. 2. to wave, swing out, fling. — ఫాక్టు to wave the hand backwards and forwards in walking; also ఫాక్టు ఫాక్టు.
bijuni (పిలిసి), v. n. To swing, blow, as the wind. v. a. see పిలిసి.
bitura, s. The beat of a policeman. 2. see పిలిసి. 3. see పిలిసి.
biti, s. Blackwood. టిడ్డిడ్టిడ్టిడ్టిడ్టి — ebony, Dalbergia latifolia.
bidu, s. A gathering, assembly. 2. dross, alloy of iron. ఫుంగి — stallage.
bidi, s. A cigarette.

bādi, s. A herd of loaded cattle. 2. the pile of their burdens.

bīḍu, see bādi. 2. see bādi.

bīḍike, s. Shame, modesty. 2. agitation, nervousness, fear.

bīḍe, s. The Indian lute. 2. a harmonium.

bīḍe, adj. Tough, indissoluble, as overboiled jaggory.

bīṭu, s. Intoxication. adj. Intoxicated, drunk. intj. O drunkard! --vē to get drunk.

bīti, see bādi.

bīdī, s. A street, gate. --vē, see bādi.

bīnē, s. A grumbler. 2. see bādi.

bīpaḷu, bīpāḷi, s. A fisherman.

bīpu, s. Casting, throwing. 2. blowing of wind. '3. waving hands. --vē a casting net.

bīpunī (b.ē), v. a. To cast a net. 2. to throw, sling, as a stone. 3. to throw up earth. 4. to wave the hand. 5. to wash or cleanse rice. v. n.

To blow, as wind; cf. bīpāḷa.

bīpe, s. A king, ruler; a cruel man. [lady.

bībi, s. A Mohammedan

bīme, see bādi.

bīmu, s. A beam.

bīya, see bādi.
blsani, blsani, blsani, s. A fan.

blsatt, see blsati.

blsan, blsan, blsan, s. Fanning. 2. net-fishing. — a fisher. — to fan.

blsan (א), s. To fan. 2. to grind. 3. to wave, swing. 4. to cast. v. n. To blow, wave; cf. א.

bujipuni (א), s. To enjoy.

bunnu, see bujaj.

bukitu, s. A fragrant powder used as a perfumery.

bukut, הבק, הבק, הבק, הבק, הבק, הבק, הבק, הבק, הבק, s. Anything reduced to a very fine powder, as flour, etc.

bukku, s. A handful. 2. see יי.

bukkdu, see יי.

bukkute, see יי.

bukkuni (א), s. To pulverize, powder. v. n. see יי.

bukke, An affix showing the condition, disposition or habit of a person; as, a man subject to itch. a man who chews or smokes hemp leaves.

bukti, s. Sacred ashes; — a box containing sacred ashes.

bugu, see יי.

bugudi, s. A female’s ornament worn in the tip of the ear. — a small flower plant with yellow blossoms.

bugubugu, see יי.

buguri, see יי.

buguluni (א), s. To be grieved.

buja, see יי.

buja, see יי.

bujri, bujri, s. Dignity, honour.

bujuri, see יי.

butagi, adv. In cash, ready money. 2. in a round sum.

butti, s. A basket.

butti, s. Compulsory or unrequited labour. — to do task work, forced labour, perfunctory work. — to do task work; to do a thing perfunctorily.

buda, s. The bottom or stump of a tree. 2. origin, cause, foundation. — to ruin one (prov.).

budandé, adv. Without intermission, incessantly; cf. יי.

budakané, adv. Suddenly.

— to fall heavily. — to dive suddenly. — to rise suddenly.
budakka, see Buddakka.

budapatta, adj. Irregular. — bud intermittent fever.

budalé, s. Ease, freedom.

2. overgrowing.

budara, s. A temporary abode, lodging. — to take lodgings.

budibélé, see aootisSeeS.

budu, budukatty, see aDoriiXif.

budumba, adv. Hastily. — to throw down hastily.

budugade, s. Liberty, release, freedom. 2. intermission. — to be released. — to release.

bududaré, s. The remarriage of a widow or of a divorced person. 2. a remarried wife.

bududali, s. A rover. 2. a libertine.

budupavuni, c. v. (of budupini) To loosen, untie. 2. to release, emancipate, deliver.

budupini (budupini), v. a. To put forth, from or away from. 2. to leave, forsake, quit, give up. 3. to let go, leave alone. 4. to shoot, discharge. 5. to remit, dispense with, deduct, leave out. 6. to dismiss, send away. 7. to cease, desist, terminate. 8. to set to, set on, as men to work, dogs to fight, etc.; to appoint to a work. 9. to uncover, expose, make bare, as any part of the body. v. n. To become loose, dishevelled. — to open the eyes. — to be in a perplexity. — to gallop a horse. — to reduce the price of a thing. — to send a messenger. — to expire. — to make way, get out of the way. — to flower. — to gape, yawn; to confess, reveal. — to shoot a gun. Added to the gerund or suspensive tense of other verbs, it expresses the completion of the action, and answers to off, away, etc.; as, — to give away. — to take away; to collect or recover fully, as a debt, etc. — to drink off.

budubudu, adv. By drops. — to fall by drops.
buna, s. A peg.

bunupu, s. A straight branch. 

bunuppu, bunpu, s. Heel-tendon. 2. see bunupu.

bunpu, s. A straight branch. 

bunuppu, bunpu, s. A handle made of such a branch.

bunuppu, bunpu, y. Heel-tendon.

bunuppu, see bunuppu.

bunpu, see bunuppu. Y. Stale food. 

bunuppu, see bunuppu.

buttu, s. A skin bottle.

buttu, see bu.

butty, see buttu.

butty, see buttu. 

buddha, s. The planet Mercury. 

buddha, s. The influence of Mercury on one’s fortunes; 

buddha, s. The planet Mercury. 

budhante, see buddha.

budhante, see buddha. 

buddhi, s. Intellect, sense, 

buddhi, s. Intellect, sense, understanding. 2. knowledge, wisdom. 3. advice, admonition, reprimand. intj.

Sir, your honour. 

stupid, senseless. 

senselessness. 

wisdom, prudence, sense. 

a wise man. 

a stupid, senseless fellow. 

to learn wisdom, take counsel. 

to advise, admonish. 

to grow wise, learn prudence.

bunadi, s. A foundation. 

2. origin, cause. 

to dig a foundation. 

to build a foundation. 

to lay a foundation.

bunipu, see bunupu.

bunu, see bunupu.

bunu, see bunupu. 

bunu, see bunupu. 

bunu, see bunupu.

bunu, see bunupu. 

bunu, see bunupu.

bunu, s. A brush. 

burelyu, see burelyu.

burelyu, s. A brush.

burelyu, see burelyu.

burelyu, s. A brush.

burelyu, see burelyu.

burelyu, s. A brush.

burelyu, see burelyu.

burelyu, s. A brush.

burelyu, see burelyu.

burelyu, s. A brush.

burelyu, see burelyu.

burelyu, s. A brush.

burelyu, see burelyu.

burelyu, s. A brush.

burelyu, see burelyu.

burelyu, s. A brush.

burelyu, see burelyu.

burelyu, s. A brush.

burelyu, see burelyu.

burelyu, s. A brush.
burka

zoos?

bule

~oSe)F;3)

Confusion.

w

to be confused.

A stone-dam; bastion.

see burtavuni, see burdè.

burdè, s. Mud, mire.

burnāsuy, adj. Tasteless, insipid. 2. decayed, spoiled. 3. useless, worthless.

a worthless rice.

burnausuy, s. A kind of leveller.

burnausuy, s. A kind of leveller.

burna, see burma, burmu.

A gimlet.

bursu, see burdu.

bulakū, see bulākū.

bulakuni, see bulakuni.

bulara, adj. White, striped with black.

bulārè, bulārè, s. An ox striped white and black.

bulākū, s. A jewel, worn by females between their nostrils.

bulāvuni, c. v. (of as) To open wide, as the eyes.

bulipuni, see bulipuni.

bulpuni, v. n. To be open.

bulè, adj. Fermenting. 2. see bule.

bulekali, s. Sour toddy.

buleti, see buleti.

bulepini, see bulepini.

bulpakki, bulbulpakki, s. A kind of bird.

bulpunī, see bulpuni.

bulla vuni, c. v. (of as) To enlarge a sore, etc.

2. to make a crack.

bulluni (as), v. n. A sore or wound to enlarge.

2. to crack, slit.

buvana, see buvana.

busu, busubusu, bussu, s. Gasping, panting. 2. hissing. adj. Sullen. — to hiss. the face to look sullen.

bussu, s. Hissing; the noise of pouring water from a water-lift; also asu.

bulante, see bulante.

bulambu, see bulambu.

bulakū, s. Brightness, shining.

bulu, see bulu.

buluni, see buluni. 2. see buluni.

bulè, s. Standing, growing corn, a crop. — the reaping of a crop. — the present of a small quantity of new corn, etc., made by a tenant to his landlord during the harvest season. — the harvest time. to reap corn.
bulecelu, see bule. 
buleti, (fr. bulet) adj.
Full grown, ripe; cf. buli.
bulepavuni, bulepuduni, c.v. (of bule
To make grow, rear, raise, as a crop, etc.
bulepini, bulepuni, buleyuni, bulevuni (aw), v.n. To
grow, ripen, be ripe.
bule, see bule. 
bulekudu, bulkadu, s. Crying passionately; 
bawling. 2. clearness. adj.
Open, public.
bulekuduni (aw), v.n.
To cry, as from fear or being 
possessed of a demon.
bulp, s. A cry, lamentation. 2. the noise of any 
animal or bird. 3. clamour.
bulpuni (aw), v.n. To
cry aloud, shout, exclaim.
bulluni, see bulka.
buka, see bulka. 
bundu, see bule. 
buku, s. A book.
buchi, buchi, buchu, s. A 
cork, stopper.
buchi, buchi, buchu, buchu, s. Mould, mildew.
buñuri, buñurίbuñ, buñuri, buñuri, 
buñurίbuñu, see buñuri. 
buñurίbuñu, c.v. (of buñ 
To make pay or retrib-
ute, to avenge, revenge.
grand entertainment. — a gift of money to a large number of mendicants.— majority.

buri, see buri.

buri, s. A kind of sweetmeat.

buro, s. A creeper, climbing shrub. — the lower part of the ear. — vine.

bura, s. The tree Eriodendrum anfractuosum; also E. sanchi; cf. ero.

buro, see bural, buralo, see buralo, buralo, see buralo.

buro (auro), v. n. To fall. 2. to be caught in a snare. 3. to be overthrown, defeated. 4. to die. — to fall down, prostrate, salute. — to fall on the knees. — to fall on the knees. — to suit, agree; to consent.

burele, s. A weak-legged man.

buro (auro), v. a.

To spread evenly, as grain for drying, or earth to level the ground. 2. to level, flatten.

burtavuni, see aural.

burti, see aural.

burtavuni, see aural.

buri, see buri.

bulya, bulya (corrupted of tula), Betel leaves.

2. sandal paste offered to a demon and distributed to the people assembled.

bushana, see aural.

bulu, see aural.

brahaspati, s. The planet Jupiter. 2. the preceptor of the gods. 3. the name of a law-giver. — Thursday.

bengy, s. Malice, hatred, envy; revenge. 2. disparagement, detraction, censure. — to revenge.

beng, s. The red sandalwood Pterocarpus santalinus.

bengaruduni, see aural.

bengare, bengre, s. Bank, shore, margin. — a shore resorted to by smugglers.

bengali, s. The dregs, refuse, lees. adj. Drunk, intoxicated. 2. capricious, whimsical. — a drunkard, sot.

bengali, s. Boiled toddy.

bengiri, see aural.

benguni (auru), v. n. To repent, be sorry. 2. to feel pity, compassion, commiseration; also aural, aural.

bengodite, s. A kind of fish.
bejanta, see बेजात.
bejana, bejana, bejana, s. Curds, curdled milk.
bejana, bejana, bejana, s. Curds, curdled milk.
bejana, bejana, bejana, s. Curds, curdled milk.
bejana, bejana, bejana, s. Curds, curdled milk.

Pith, a light and spongy plant growing in water, Aeschynomene aspera. 2. thinness, leanness, lightness. adj. Thin, light; emaciated. —स्वन्ते to become lean, thin, light, emaciated.

bejë, s. The esculent okra Abelmoschus esculentus. —हब्सी Hibiscus abelmoschus. —स्वन्ते its fruit.

bejëkkë, s. The tree Lagerstæmia microcarpa.

bejoli, s. The bush Physalis indica.

bejolë, s. A hollow kind of gold ear-ornament.

bennë, s. Butter.

bentary, see बेंतारी. bentë, s. A class of Pariahs.

bentë, s. High water tide.

bentë, bentë, bentë, bentë, bentë, s. Hot water. 2. a tepid bath. 3. a bathroom; also स्वप्ने स्वंदी to bathe in hot water.

benni, bentë, s. Land under cultivation. 2. agriculture. —क्षेत्र, —क्षेत्र a cultivator, farmer. —स्वप्ने —स्वप्ने to cultivate; to rent a land for cultivation. —स्वप्ने न्याय to finish cultivation.
bejakire, bejakre, s. Dried leaves, used as fuel.
bejar, see Does.
betumin (be), v. a. To cut, circumcise.
betté, adj. Middling. a timid or weak man.
bedaŋyu, bedagyu, s. Surprise, wonder. 2. see Does.
bedaguni (bed), v. n. To wonder, be surprised. 2. to behave.
bedage, s. A charming man.
bedi, s. A gun. saltpetre. gunpowder. to fire a gun.
bedebé, s. The sound of a broken vessel.
benne, see Does.
bettyu, conj. However, but. 2. afterwards. what then? what news?
betta, s. A rattan, stick, cane. a rattan basket.
bettuni, bettonuni, see Does.
bedupu, bedupu, s. Erysipelas, an inflammatory eruption.
bedupu, s. A bamboo. a kind of grass.
bedanke, see Does.
bedary, bedarike, s. A start, fright, fear, alarm.
bedaruni (bed), v. n. To be alarmed.
bediyuni (bed), v. n. To be surprised.
bede, s. Surprise, astonishment, miracle. fear.
to be surprised, astonished.
benake, s. Ganesha. 2. the name of a man; also "Dakshinapura."
benni, see Does.
benpini (bed), v. a. To labour, work. 2. to cultivate.
to support one's self by labour.
beppu, s. Moderate heat, lukewarmness. 2. feverishness. adj. Lukewarm. 2. feverish. to heaten.
beppuni (bed), v. a. To stab.
beppe, see Does.
bebè, s. Inarticulateness, speaking in broken, indistinct accents.
bemaru, see Does.
beyipini, see Does.
beyipelyu, s. Boiling. adj. Boiled.
beranka, s. Cleft, chink.
beranān, beranān, beranān, beranān ni, berakanān, berakaṇ, s. Cracks on the sole of a foot.
berankallyu, s. The backbone.
berangaḍe, adv. Late, afterwards.
berangayi, adv. Finally.
berantu, berantu, berantyu, berantyu, see चरि, चरि. 2. see घर्जन.
beraka, see चरि.
berakè, s. A mixture, compound. —सुषुँ to mix.
beraguay, s. Wonder, amazement. —वधू to be amazed.
beraguni (रा२), v. n. To be amazed, astonished.
beraṇe, s. A Brahman.
beramè, see चरि, चरि.
beravuni, v. n. To be mixed, mingled.
berasu, s. An admixture.
berasuni (रा२), v. a. To mix, mingle.
beri, s. The back. —समाय the lap, a pouch formed on the back by the folds of a garment. —स् अऽ very loose bowels.
—सुषुँ the backbone.
—सुवाण hump-backed. —सुचें, see चरि. —संसाय to follow, pursue. —संसाय to turn back; to flee, run away; to backslide. —स्, —स् closely, at the heels, just behind. —स् आऽ to follow closely.
beriukally, s. The backbone.
berisaya, s. Support, aid, patronage, strength.
beru, s. A marten.
beresuni, see चरि.
bella, s. A kind of tree.

bellollu, s. A tender leaf of a palmyra. 2. see ᵗeğe. bevarṣi, see ṭaṭaṭaṭē.

besaru, see ḍaṭaṭē.

besarpu, besrapu, see ṭaṭaṭē.

besigē, s. Soldering gold or other metal. -ठ a soldered ornament. -ठ to solder.

besiyuni, beseyuni (ठ), v. n. To get hot. 2. fig. to be angry or haughty.

bessuni, see ṭaṭaṭē.

belakāra, s. Borax.

belagū, s. Brightness, splendour.

belagū, belagavuni, c. v. (of ṭaṭaṭē) To make shine; to polish.

belagū, belaguni (ठ), v. n. To shine, glitter.

be, prep. Without, dis-. -ठ disrespect, dishonour, etc.

bēkā, s. Heat, sultriness. -ठ to become sultry.

bēgārē, see ṭaṭaṭē.

bēna, s. The tree Plerocarpus tantalinus.

bēni, s. A bench.

bēntē, see ṭaṭaṭē.

bēntaru, s. Change of smell or taste. adj. Unsavoury. -ठ a bad smell, offensive smell of the body.

bēkī, bēki, bēkī, bēkīlu, bēkilē, bēhilē, s. The upper part of a roof. -ठ the loft of a bath-room, used as a granary. -ठ a bath-room with such a granary. -ठ seed stored in such a granary.

bēkhūbu, adj. Stupid, senseless. -ठ a stupid man.

bēga, adv. Speedily, quickly, soon. s. see ṭaṭaṭē.

bēgadhē, s. Tinsel, brass leaf or foil.

bēgari, s. Compulsory labour.

bēni, bēcu, bēcēn, see ṭaṭaṭē.

bēcilū, s. A kind of pumpkin.

bējā, adj. Improper, inconsistent, unsuitable, bad. -ठ an improper act.

bējāryu, s. Weariness, fatigue. 2. disgust, offence, vexation, annoyance.

bējūni, see ṭaṭaṭē.

bēti, see ṭaṭaṭē. 2. see ṭaṭaṭē.

bēdave, s. A fowler. 2. a poor man, beggar.

bēdi, s. Fetters, chains, hand-cuffs. -ठ to fetter.

bēduni (ठ), v. a. To beg, ask, beseech, entreat.

bēdē, s. The keystone of an arch. 2. abounding in thorns.
bêta, adj. Separate, different, distinct, other. -r to become separated. -s to separate; to change.
bêdu, s. Secret information. -c, -s a spy. -c to give secret information. -s to spy, pry. -c to know a secret.
bêda, bêdu, bêda, see bêta.
bêdabu, bêdahu, bêdabu, s. Disrespect, incivility, insult. -c to speak rudely, or insultingly.
bêdana, s. A kind of medicinal seed.
bêdi, see bêda.
bêdigê, see bêda.
bêduni, bêduni, bêduni (ê), v. a. To leaven dough with toddy. 2. to listen, give ear. c to apply a medicine.
bêdoligê, s. Cultivated land, fertile land.
bêdê, see bêda.
bêne, s. Ache, pain. s - headache. s - severe pain. s - the colic. -s to have labour pains.

bêpara, see bêpara, ânûna.
bêpavuni, c. v. (of bêpa) To boil, seethe, cook. 2. to cause to thatch, get thatched, as a roof.
bêpuni (ê), v. a. To boil; to be boiled, seethed, cooked.
bêpu, s. Lurking, spying. 2. a kind of angling.
bêpuni (ê), v. a. To lurk, watch, spy; to betray.
bêpuni (ê), v. a. To thatch the roof of a house, etc.
bêbandu, adj. Unsettled, without order. 2. negligent, careless.
bêyaburu, s. Disrespect, dishonor, insult.
bêyipini, see bêyuni.
bêyuni (ê), v. n. To boil, seethe, be cooked, baked.
bêryû, s. A root. 2. origin, cause. -s a root-stalk. - a kind of citron, used in medicine. -c to take root, be fixed. -s to aid, help; to incite, instigate.
bêra, see bêra.
bêravuni, c. v. (of bêra) To lift up the hand for striking. 2. to beck, make a sign with the hand. 3. to row a boat.
bêri, see bêra.
beruni (বেরুনি), v. n. To be waved, lifted up, as the hand. v. a. To lift up, as the hand. "to trim a light. "to throw or pile up earth. "to row a boat.

"berengetti, A large kind of lobster.

"beredamara, s. The croton tree. *Croton tiglium.*

"belpuri, see *ber.*

"belayudha, s. A lance, pike.

"beli, s. A hedge, fence. "a post or pole of a hedge.

"belé, s. Work, labour; cf. "to work.

"bévatriši, adj. Unclaimed, without a claimant. "unclaimed property.

"bêvu, s. The Neem or margosa tree; also *Butea.*

2. see *ber.*

"bêvuni, see *ber.*

"bêvuru, s. A foreign country.

"bêšub, s. "

"bêša, s. The second Tułu month. " the first rain. " hot weather.

bêšala, s. The hot season.

"bêšub, bêša, bêshya, bêsha, see *ber.*

"bêšub, adj. Good, proper, well; excellent, agreeable.

"bêsappu, see *bes.*

"bêsaryu, s. Fatigue, weariness, vexation, disgust. adj. Fatigued, weary. " to get tired, be weary. " to rest.

"bêsaya, s. Cultivation, agriculture, farming; bet. "

"bêsi, see *ber.*

"bêsigè, bêsyā, see *bes.*

"bésurpu, see *bes.*

"bêsoppu, s. The curry leaf *Bergera kawigii*; cf. *bes.*

"bêlè, s. Split pulse. 2. one-eighth of a rupee. 3. a liquid measure of about six seers.

"be, s. Straw. " a stack. 2. see *bes.* " to thrash.

"béiku, adj. Dull.

"beimbige, beimbu, s. A reindeer; a boar. 2. see *bes.*

"beiku, s. Delay, stay. adj. Soft, delicate. adv. (abbrev. of *besi*) In the evening.

"beikaddi, s. A female demon so called.

"beikattè, s. A sickle.

"beikally (বেইকালি), s. The stone or stones at the mouth of a well.
beike, see แวก.

beičeru, s. A Malabar physician.

beityu, s. Stay, sitting. 
—cause to sit.

beitadju, s. A flail, thrashing stick.

beitabarú, s. An inferior kind of paddy, obtained by beating straw.

beitari, s. A very inferior kind of rice.

beitalè, s. Vortex, top, summit.

beitandé, s. A beam put across the mouth of a well to stand upon when drawing water.

peon beidurli, see แวก.

beide, s. A toddy-drawer; fem. แวก.

beiderlu, beiderlu, s. The demons Köti and Čennaya, said to have been the sons of a Billavar father by a Brahman wife.

beidya, see แวก.

beina, beini, s. The bastard sago palm, Caryota urens.

beinali, s. A demon so called.

beipa, s. Obliquity, slope. 
adj. Oblique, sloping.

beipanè, s. A manger.

beipini, beipuni (แวก), v. a. To chip or pare obliquely. 2. to cut, reap. 3. see แวก. 4. see แวก.

beimarga, beimuga, beimu- 
gé, s. Shyness; shying.

beimruga, s. A lair.

beiyuni (แวก), v. n. To perch, roost.

beiyeli, s. Riding. 2. skipping, romping, as boys.

beiraanga, see แวก.

beirayè, beirayu, beirigè, s. An instrument for boring; cf. แวก.

beirave, see แวก.

beiragi, s. An ascetic, mendicant.

beirásu, s. An upper or over cloth, a bath-towel.

beiri, s. A kind of kite.

beire, s. A man belonging to a class of Pariahs.

beilu, s. A fertile kind of rice-field, situated in a low land which can be easily irrigated. adj. Public. — to become public.

beilakarè, beilarè, beilaru, beilare; s. A low land near the seashore.

beilmana, see แวก.
boňka, adj. Big, large. -also a large swelling; also a large cocoanut shell.
boňkaliyuni, see boňkaliyuni.
boňku, adj. Hollow, void, empty.
boňkuni (boňkuni), v. a.
To deny.
boňkeluni (boňkeluni), v. n. To swell.
boňgū, boňgū, s.
The inner part of the tender shoot of a cocoanut. 2. a distended navel. 3. a protuberance on any part of the body. 4. a large flower-bud.
boňgudē, see boňgudē.
boňguni (boňguni), v. n.
To be distended, protuberate; also boňguni.
bonda, s. A tender cocoanut. -also a red kind of the same.
bondala, see bondala.
bondi, see bondi.
bondū, s. Marrow. 2. the brain. 3. pith. -also to be stunned. -also to be emaciated, decayed, become thin.
bondoli, s. Physalis Indica.
bondolu, s. A kind of medicinal plant.
boňneyi, (corrup. of boňne) Butter.
bonnya, s. Ashes.
bontely, s. The seventh Tulu month; the sign Libra.
bondu, bondu, s. Weakness.
bonda, bondya, s. A tender branch of a palmyra.
bonde, bondena, s. A kind of sardine.
bompiri, see bompiri. adj. White.
bombadottē, (corrup. of bommottē) s. A tender cocoanut which has been emptied of its contents. -also to throw it out; to smash, as one's head, abus.
bombāyi, s. Bombay.
bombu, s. A large cocoanut shell. 2. see bombu.
bomburi, s. A small kind of oyster.
bombuli, s. A kind of fish, called "Bombay-duck."
bombuli, s. A mob.
bombè, s. A puppet, doll. 2. an image, idol. 3. a silver coin. -also a puppet show.
bommana, see bommana.
bommarutaye, s. A demon so called.
bommi, s. A stupid woman.
bommu, see bommu.
bomme, s. A simpleton.
bormba, bormba bormbatu, bormbu, see 32332332.
bokka, conj. And, but. adj. Subsequent. adv. Afterwards, then, even. — to again, again and again. — an after thought.
bokkana, s. A bag, pocket.
bokkasa, s. A large bag.
2. a kind of portmanteau.
3. treasure, treasury.
bokki, bokke, s.
An itch, pustule, pimple.
bokkele, s. A provoker.
bokkonji, pron., adj. Another.
bokkori, pron., adj. Another.
bogari, s. A spinning top.
2. see 323. adj. see 323323.
bogalata, see 323323.
bogari, s. A copper-smith.
bogori, s. The jujube tree, Ziziphus jujuba.
bogorima, s. A kind of fish.
boggi, s. A bitch.
boguli, bogguli, boggulli, s. The Indian squill, Scilla Indica.
bogre, s. A dog.
bojja, s. A funeral ceremony or feast, funeral obsequies.
boffa, s. A spot, mark.
2. a drop. — to put a mark on the forehead.
boftana, adv. Excessively, exceedingly. — to be very much exhausted.
boftavuni, c. v. (of 323323) To make beat, as a drum. 2. to cause to hammer, as metal. 3. to cause to knock, as a door.
boftikanda, see 323323.
boftu, s. see 323323. adj. High, lofty. 2. dry, as land. — a high land, dry field. such a rice-field irrigated by a reservoir situated on a hill. — a rice-field depending solely on rain water for its irrigation.
boftuni (3233), v. a. To beat, as a drum. 2. to hammer, as metal. 3. to knock, as a door.
boftele, s. A drummer.
bota, see 323.
bodi, s. Satiety, surfeit, loathing, disgust. 2. backwardness. 3. exhaustion, tiredness, fatigue.
bohipavuni, c. v. (of 323323) To satiate, cloy, surfeit. 2. to exhaust, tire.
bodiyuni (3233), v. n. To be satiated, cloyed, surfeited. 2. to be tired, done up.
bodu, see adj.
bodedi, s. A wife.
bodji, d. v. (neg. of bodu).
Must not, should not, do not.
bodde, s. A stout man.
  2. a simpleton.
bonya, see adj.
  bodumbatthu, adj.
  Stout, corpulent, unwieldy.
bodume, s. A corpulent man.
boduluni, bodoluni (bo- &f; bodu), v. n.
To soak, steep.
bonu, s. Encompassing, enclosure. —to en- compass.
bopparu, see adj.
boppu, bopp, see adj.
bopponi, s. A small kind of crab.
bobsta; s. A loud noise of quarrelling, weeping, or lamentation; a shout.
bobbuli, s. A bubble.
bobbursi, s. A cook.
bobbé, s. Crying, weeping; cf. bodu. —to cry out.
bommana, see adj.
borambu, s. A small kind of mat.
boripini (bo-), v. a. To milk.
boriyuni (bo-), v. n.

To yield milk. —To pillage, plunder, rob.
bolu, s. Brag, boast. —a braggart.
borukallu, borkallyu, see adj.
borkude, borgude, see adj.
boreu, see adj.
bordu, see adj.
bolu, adj. White, bright.
bolumbu, see adj.
bolankaruni, bolankuriyuni (bo-), v. n. To be intoxicated, fascinated; to be lustful, proud.
bolakun, see adj.
bolakuni (bo-), v. a.
To weld, solder.
bolkara, adj. Whitish.
bolkallyu, see adj.
bolkuđe, bolgude, s. A small umbrella, used in demon worship.
bolčayi, adj. Pale, wan.
bolči, adj. White. 2. see adj.
bolunci, see adj.
bolčelu, see adj.
boldu, see adj.
bolyari, s. A kind of rice.
bolli, s. see adj. adj. see
bolle, s. A white kind of lice, found on clothes.
bole, see bolu.
bolungare, adj. White.
bole, s. Mire, mud.
bole, s. Rice from paddy that has not been boiled; also bolungare.
bolombu, see bolu.
bole, s. Rice from paddy that has not been boiled; also bolungare.
bolaku, y. The fat of fish; fish-tar.
bolakaru, a. Partially nearly ripe.
bolakuni, see bolu. 2. ripening. 3. paleness.
bolajji, see bolu.
bolapu, s. A mode of catching fish with a net fringed with palm leaves.
bolay, s. lit. A white man. 2. an epithet used by Pariahs in addressing higher castes of people.
bolasuni, see bolu.
bolínjiru, s. A small, white kind of fish, called cara pao. 2. a kind of grass.
boliru, s. A kind of bush.
boliruni (एलू), v. n. To become white or clear.
bolisuni, see bolu.
bolu, see bolu. 2. see bolu.
bolumbu, s. Alburnum, sapwood.
boluppu, s. White salt.
bolubénè, s. Severe colic.
bolena, see bolu.
bolepuni, see bolu.
boleruni (एलू), v. n. To become pale, to fade.
bolkally, s. White stone, quartz. 2. marble, alabaster.
bolkiru, s. Clearing of the sky from clouds; a peep of the sun after shower. —करा to have sunshine after rainy weather.
bolsté, bolsté, bolgudé, see bolu.
boléavuni, c. v. (of boléavuni) To make shy.
boléi, s. Shyness, starting aside suddenly.
boléuni (एलू), v. n. To shy, start aside suddenly, as an animal.
boléelu, see bolu.
boljati, s. High-caste people. 2. white people.
boljì, s. The middle layer of fibre of a cocoanut branch.
boltu, adj. Sapless. —करा a sapless tree or wood.
boldu, s. Whiteness, brightness. 2. whites. adj. White, bright. —करा the
white leprosy. —富豪 to suffer from whites.

**bolpu**, s. Light. 2. a wick or candle. —富豪, —富豪 to kindle a light, etc.

**bolya**, adj. Light, white, clear. —富豪 butter.

**bolyambige**, j. Fresces, excrement.

**bolja**, s. Inundation, flood.

**bolya**, adj. Light, white, clear.

**bolya**, s. Inundation, flood.

**boja**, see **boja**.

**bojana**, see **bojana**.

**bojani**, s. A kind of leprosy.

**bolli**, j. A star. 2. silver. 3. three annas. 4. a gray ox. —富豪 silver thread or girdle.

**bolle**, s. A white cock. 2. a gray or white ox or buffalo. 3. a kind of medicinal plant, *Mussaenda frondosa*. 4. see **bolle**.

**bolleraduni**, see **bolleraduni**.

**bollerandi**, adj. White.

**bolleraniga**, s. A kind of bird.

**bolli**, see **bolli**.

**bolli**, s. A star. 2. silver. 3. three annas. 4. a gray ox. —富豪 silver thread or girdle.

**bolli**, see **bolli**.

**bollare**, j. White.

**bollaré**, adj. White.

**bollalu**, see **bollalu**. 2. a family-title.

**bollakary**, see **bollakary**.

**bollakary**, see **bollakary**.

**bollakkolu**, see **bollakkolu**.

**bollare**, s. Garlic.

**bollari**, adj. White.

**bollari**, s. A kind of bird.

**bollerakari**, see **bollerakari**.

**bolleraniga**, s. A kind of bird.

**bojana**, see **bojana**.

**bojana**, see **bojana**.

**bojani**, s. A kind of leprosy.
Why did you want to take handsel? For the sake of, on account of, purposely; obstinately, needful, required. Sufficient, ample; cf. handsel.

The dung of an ox or buffalo; also a barren hill. A bald head.

To shave, shear, strip off. To strip the branches of a tree.

The top of a hill. To assault or butt, as an ox or wild beast.

The side of a ship.

Sluggish, lazy.
borne, s. A sluggard, or vagabond.

boryuni, see

borlu, (pl. of boryuni). 2. see

bóla, see

bóli, bólè, see

bóvi, see

òvu, s. The tree Vatico bardifera. 邯— black kind of the same. 邸— a white kind of the same.

bóla, s. Myrrh. 2. a kind of medicine composed of ghee, jaggory, cocoanut milk, etc.

bolasuni, see 2. see

bóli, s. A widow whose head has been shorn.

bólisuni (bramanda), v. a.
To shave, shear, strip off; cf. manisuni.

bólù, adj. Bald, close shaven. 2. hornless, though of an age to have them.

bóuni (bramanda), v. n. To become bald. 2. see

bólè, s. The seeds of a jack fruit. 2. a bald head. ー the eyeball. ー large eyes. ー to remove the seeds of a jack fruit; to put out the eyes.

bólisuni (bramanda), v. a. To coax. 2. to strip; cf. manisuni.

bólkálumuní, s. A smooth species of pepper.

bounè, see

boudhe, see

bouru, s. The snarling of dogs and cats. 2. frowning, threatening.

bouruni, bourottuni (brottu, brotthu), v. n. To snarl, as a dog or cat. 2. to frown, threaten; cf.  갖고

boulane, s. Speaking loudly.

boulí, see

bousa, bousu, bousu, see

boula, see

byáburu, see

byára, s. Trade. ー to trade.

byári, s. A Mäpla, a Malayalam speaking Mahomedan.

byáribitty, s. The croton seed.

bramānda, see 习惯

bramè, see

brashta, see

brahma, s. The Divine Cause or essence of the world, the unknown God. 2. sacred knowledge. ー a religious student; a bachelor of the twice-born class. ー the vital part in the head.
brahma, s. A demon of the brahmanical class; also a demon of the Brahmana demon.

brahmasthāna, s. A shrine of the Brahmana demon.

brahmāṇḍa, s. The universe. adj. Very much, many, abundant, excessive, immense.

brāṇḍi, s. Brandy.

brāntu, brānti, see brāntu.

brāṇḍi, s. A Brahman woman.

brāṇe, s. A Brahman.

bh, bha, The thirty-seventh letter of the alphabet.

bhaṅga, s. Loss, injury. 2. affliction, trouble. 3. defeat, disgrace, degradation. भन्ति् to annoy, afflict. -भन्ति् to be disgraced, molested, troubled.

bhaṅgāta, s. Affliction upon affliction, extreme distress.

bhaṅgā, bhaṅgāru, bhaṅgāra, s. Gold.

bhaṅgi, s. Hemp, Cannabis sativa.

bhaṅgitappālu, see bhaṅna, see भन्ति्.

bhaṅjanē, s. Destruction. 2. breaking, splitting.

bhaṇḍu, s. Obscenity, rudeness.

bhaṇḍa, adj. Obscene, rude, filthy, impudent. -भन्दिः obsceneity.
bhagavati, s. A goddess.
2. Pārvati, etc.

bhagiratha, adj. Of or pertaining to Bhagiratha.
- an enterprising man.
- great exertions like those of Bhagiratha.

bhagirath, s. A king who is said to have, after great exertions brought the Ganges down from heaven.

bhagtalē, see अग्नि.

bhagna, adv. Broken, ruptured. 2. overcome, defeated.

bhajake, s. A devoted man.

bhajanē, s. Adoration, worship, homage. 2. a singing service.

bhajabhaja, see अग्नि.

bhajipuni, bhājisuni (जी), v. a. To adore, worship.

bhaṭe, s. A hero, valiant man.

bhaṭṭi, see अग्नि.

bhaṭṭe, s. A priest. 2. a soothsayer.

bhattē, bhatya, s. Extra allowance, batta; travelling allowance. - to pay extra allowance. - to pay the same in kind.

bhadra, s. Care, precaution. 2. safety, security. adj. Careful, attentive. 2. safe, secure.

bhadra, s. The aromatic grass-root, *Cyperus hexastachyus*, used in medicine.

bhadrāsana, s. A throne.

bhādrikē, see अग्नि.

bhaya, s. Fear, alarm, fright, timidity. - a fearless man. - full of fear, alarmed, terrified. - to be afraid.

bhayaṅkara, adj. Frightful, formidable, terrific.

bhara, s. Swiftness, speed.
- swiftness of walking.

bharana, see अग्नि.

bharani, s. The second lunar mansion. 2. see अग्नि.

bharata, see अग्नि.

bharate, s. A younger brother of Rāma. 2. a celebrated dramatist. 3. the son of Duṣyanta by Śakuntala. a standard work on dramaturgy.

bharapūrṇa, adj. Full; brimful; crowded.

bharavasa, s. Confidence, trust; assurance. - to assure. - to trust, confide in.

bharita, adj. Full, replete, completed.

bharkē, see अग्नि.

bharta, bharti, s. The high tide, flow.
bhāri, bhātrī bharti, bhartē, s. Fulness, completion. adj. Full, complete.
bhalle, s. A spear. [ing.
bhavanā, s. A house, dwelling.
bhava, s. Mundane existence. -sickness of worldly pleasures.
bhavishyātō, s. Future, about to be. -the future tense.
bhāsmā, s. Ashes. 2. calx. -to be burnt to ashes; to be digested, as food.
bhā, bhakṣa, bhakṣaṇa, s. Feeding, eating.
bhā, bhakṣa, bhakṣya, s. Dressed food. 2. a cake.
bhā, bhakṣhā, s. An eater. 2. a glutton. 3. a cannibal. 4. a meat-eater.
bhāṣā, bhāṣāṇa, bhāṣhipūni, bhāṣhitūni (bhā-, bhānte), v. a. To eat, devour.
bhānda, s. Any earthen vessel. 2. a bundle, load. 3. capital, principal.
bhāga, s. Portion, share, part. 2. side, part. -to divide, distribute.
bhāgavatā, s. One of the Purāṇas.
bhāgavate, s. A pious man. 2. the manager of a theatre.
bhāgākāra, s. Division, segment, bhāgātē, bhāgāyati, see bhāgānto. bhāgipūni, bhāgīsmā (bhā-, bhānte), v. a. To divide, distribute.
bhāgirāthī, s. The Ganges.
bhāgya, s. Riches, wealth. 2. felicity; fortune. 3. bliss. -a rich man; a blissful man. [arith.
bhājaka, s. The divisor, bhājana, see arith.
bhājya, s. The dividend, arith.
bhādrapadā, s. The sixth lunar month.
bhānu, s. The sun. -Sunday.
bhāmini, s. A virtuous woman.
bhāra, s. A weight, load, burden. 2. charge, onus. 3. oppression, heaviness, as in sickness. 4. importance, consequence. adj. Heavy. 2. responsible. 3. oppressive. 4. important. -government, administration.
bhārata, s. A great epic poem of the Hindus, treating of the adventures of the Pāṇḍus and Kuruś, etc.
bhārati, s. Sarasvati, goddess of speech.
bhāri, adj. Important, serious. 2. great, huge. s. see bhā. 3.-a great man.
bhāva, s. The eighth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. nature, condition of being,
bhava, s. Mental perception.

bhutā, s. Design, purpose, intention.

bhūvi, s. A well. 2. future.

bhavārtha, s. Design, purpose, intention.

bhavane, s. Mental perception.

bhavartha, s. Design, purport, intention.

bhavi, s. A well. 2. future.

bhavipuni, bhavisuni (bhave, bhāvani), v. a.

To think, imagine, intend.

bhāve, s. A brother-in-law.

bhāṣa, bhāṣē, bhāṣē, s. Speech, language. 2. reproof, reprimand. -eṣa to reprove. eṣa to be able to speak.

bhāṣāntara, s. A translation, interpretation. -eṣa to translate.

bhāṣānga, see bhāṣa.

bhūna, adj. Split, broken, mutilated. 2. divided, distinguished, other, different.

bhikāri, s. A beggar. 2. a pauper, vagabond.

bhikṣa, see bhikṣa.

bhikṣā, bhikṣāta, bhikṣātanē, s. Begging, asking. 2. wandering in quest of charity.

bhikṣē, s. Alms, charity. 2. begging. -eṣa a beggar. eṣa to beg alms.

bhikara, adj. Terrible, fearful, formidable, frightful.

bhīti, s. Fear.

bhime, s. The second of the Pāṇḍu princes.
bhūmi, s. The earth or world. 2. land, soil, ground. 3. a place, site. 4. landed property.
bhūvāna, see bhūmi.
bhūshana, s. Ornament, embellishment. 2. a trinket or jewel. 3. flattery, praise, honour.
bhūte, bhrutye, s. A hired servant. 2. a dependant or adherent.
bhēti, s. A visit, audience. — to give an audience. — to visit.
bhēdy, see bhū.
bhēda, s. Distinction, difference. 2. disunion, discord, strife. — to make distinctions.
bhēdi, s. Purging; a purgative.
bhēdisuni (bhēdisun), v. a. To separate, disunite, tear, pierce.
bhēri, s. A large drum; a kettledrum.
bheirave, s. Śiva. 2. an inferior manifestation of him.
bhōga, s. Enjoyment, pleasure.
bhōgi, s. A person brought up in luxury or enjoying it.
bhōgipuni (bhōgipun), v. a. To enjoy, especially any carnal or sensual pleasure.
bhōgya, s. Enjoyment, usufruct. 2. a crop.

bhṛante, s. An idiot, fool.
ma, The thirty-eighth letter of the alphabet.

manḍū, s. A wooden peg in a wall to support a roof, or a plank serving as a shelf.

manka, maṅka, maṅku, s. Dulness, stupidity. half mad, foppish.

maṅga, s. A monkey. adj. Apish, foolish, senseless. the pranks of a monkey.

maṅgatū, s. Coaxing, wheedling, cajolery.

maṅgalāvuni (maṅga-lāvuni), v. a. To coax, cajole, hoax, wheedle, deceive.

maṅgānē, maṅgaṇē, s. Affectation, coquetry, foppishness.

maṅgala, maṅgalā, s. Happiness, auspiciousness, good fortune. see maṅgali. adj. Happy, auspicious, fortunate, prosperous. an auspicious ceremony. deceit. a female’s marriage-badge worn round the neck. an auspicious ceremony to be concluded.

maṅgalarati, s. Waving a lamp before an idol, etc.

maṅgalāśṭaka, s. Sanskrit verses sung when waving lamps before a bridal pair.

maṅgali, s. A spotted cow. adj. Dapple, spotted.

maṅgalurū, s. lit. A prosperous town. the town of Mangalore.

maṅgale, s. The planet Mars. 2. a spotted ox or bull. adj. Spotted, dapple.

maṅgalya, see maṅga-li.

maṅgāṭa, s. The pranks of a monkey. 2. tricks, pranks. 3. see maṅgali.

maṅgu, s. A female cat. 2. a silly female. 3. a small insect. lit. by the time you conclude your narrative the cat will be pubescent; i.e., you are a slow coach, pro.

maṅge, s. A monkey, ape. 2. a silly fellow.

maṅañē, s. A small worm.
marica, mančavu, mančavu, s. A cot, bedstead.
manícá, maníkipatře, manjápatře, manúiatrapá, s. Artemisera indica, a pungent, bitter drug, said to be anthelmintic, stomachic, and a remover of phlegm and catarrh.
mançilu, s. A kind of conveyance, resembling a hammock, made of sack cloth with an awning above, and carried on the shoulders of men.
manja, s. A fish-market; also ੲੜੜੜੜ.
mañjana, see ੲੜੜੜੜ.
manjari, s. The spike, pedicle, or bunch of flowers and fruits.
manjálu, manjálu, manjálu, s. Turmeric, Curcuma longa. 2. yellow colour. adj. Yellow. —ਸਕੀ a kind of cake. —ਸਕੀ a kind of fish. —ਸਕੀ Curcuma zerumbet. —ਸਕੀ a kind of bird. —ਸਕੀ a kind of flower. are several kinds of turmeric. —ਸਕੀ Curcuma xanthorrhiza, a kind of medicinal root, applied to the eye.
manjala, adj. Yellow.
manjale, manjale, s. A yellow or tawny coloured man. —ਸਕੀ a yellow cock.
manji, s. A long boat. 2. a single masted country-vessel.
manji, s. A kind of hemp. —ਸਕੀ, see ੲੜੜੜੜ.
manjishtha, Bengal madder, Rubia manjista.
manju, see ੲੜੜੜੜ. 2. see ੲੜੜੜ. 3. see ੲੜੜੜ.
mañjuru, s. Approval. 2. validity. adj. Authentic, valid, ratified. —ਸਕੀ to approve, ratify; authenticate, to make valid.
mañjè, adj. Barren, unfruitful.
mañjetti, s. The arnotto tree, Bixa orelliana. 2. the seed of it, used as a weight by goldsmiths.
mañjeru, adj. Sterile, barren. —ਸਕੀ a barren field.
mañjeraye, s. A demon so called.
mañjele, see ੲੜੜੜੜ.
mañjotí, mañjotí, mañjotí, see ੲੜੜੜੜ.
mañjottê, s. A raised bank at the end of a race-field.
mañjolu, see ੲੜੜੜੜ, ੲੜੜੜੜ.
manțapa, manțamè, manțavu, s. An open shed or hall erected
on marriage and other festive occasions. छोटा - an airy shed. मंदिर - a portico, porch.

मन्तु, s. The counter of a country shop; a low bench or platform on which a shopkeeper squats while transacting business.

मण्डा, s. The disk of the sun or moon. 2. an orb, ball, globe, circumference in general. 3. a province, region, district. 4. an empire. 5. a heap, quantity, multitude, assemblage. 6. the period of forty-eight days.

मण्डला, मण्डला, s. The disk of the sun or moon. 2. an orb, ball, globe, circumference in general. 3. a province, region, district. 4. an empire. 5. a heap, quantity, multitude, assemblage. 6. the period of forty-eight days.

मण्डली, s. An assembly, congress. -मण्डली a member of an assembly. -मण्डली a president.

मण्डी, s. The knee.

मण्डिकुट्टे, s. A demon so called.

मण्डिगे, s. A kind of very thin cake. 2. the nasal passage into the month. 3. the name of a caste.

मण्डे, s. The skull; the head. 2. a large earthen vessel. -मण्डे a large kind of crow. -मण्डे जो देहांत करने वाले - a capitation or poll tax. -मण्डे a royal ant. मण्डे मण्डे difference of opinion, disagreement. -मण्डे to box the head or knock it against anything hard. -मण्डे to take part; to interfere.

मण्डेगे, s. The name of a caste; also मण्डली.

मण्डेबले, s. A straw covering of a vessel. 2. the pole-plate of a roof.

मण्डेमारी, s. Swelling of the head, a cerebral disorder. 2. giddiness, intoxication. 3. a word of abuse.

मण्डे, see मण्डली under मण्डली.

मण्डोलिगेरे, s. The president of an assembly. 2. a member of an assembly.

मण्णू, s. Earth, clay, soil. मण्णू (lit.) earth and cemetery; anything without order or discrimination. मण्णू a lump of earth. मण्णू heavy. मण्णू मण्णू to be reduced to earth; to die; to decay. मण्णू मण्णू मण्णू मण्णू lit. earth to fall into the mouth; to be disappointed or deceived; to be afflicted with. मण्णू मण्णू a grovelling dispo-
sition. — to swallow earth.

 Wrests mançadaké, s. The sepistean plum tree, Cordia myxa.

 mançadikú, adv. Under the earth, subterranean.

 mançané, see manca.

 mançásé, s. Earthly desire, worldly-mindedness.

 manñi, s. Rice flour and jaggory boiled with cocoanut juice, etc., treacle. — to boil down.

 manñuppu, s. Bay salt.

 mantú, manta, s. A churning stick. 2. see mantri. 3. a moving puppet.

 mantarmé, s. The back or railing of a cot.

 mantána, s. High birth, noble parentage.

 mantra, s. A mystical verse or incantation. 2. a formula sacred to any individual deity. 3. a charm. — a charmer, conjurer, magician. — charms and devices. — to charm. — to master the mysteries of a formula.

 mantrakshaté, s. Raw rice coloured with red powder, over which incantations have been pronounced.

 mantri, s. A minister, counsellor. 2. the queen in chess.

 mantriyuni (mánta), v.a. To charm, enchant. 2. to advise, persuade.

 manthú, mantha, see mantha.

 manthana, manthana, mantha, see manthana.

 manda, s. Slowness; dulness, stupidity. 2. thickness, density. 3. the planet Saturn. adj. Dim, dull. 2. stupid, senseless. 3. mild, moderate, gentle. 4. thickly spread, dense. — indigestion, want of appetite. — thick butter milk. — dim sight. — a dense forest. — a slow walk. — turbid water. — dull comprehension. — a gentle breeze. — Saturday. — a gentle smile.

 mandara, mandára, s. The tree Bauhinia acuminata. 2. a mythical mountain. — mandára flower.

 mandaré, s. A tell-tale woman. 2. an artful woman.

 mandámastu, see mandara.

 mandaksha, s. Modesty, bashfulness.

 mandi, see manñi.

 mandira, s. A house, habitation. — a palace.

 mandiri, see mantri.
mandi, see mandilu.

mandë, s. People, persons.

_mandë (lit.) ten people; the members of a parish, a presbytery. _mandë_ how many persons? _maddo (lit.) ten people are equal to pearl; there is wisdom in the counsel of an assembly, pro._

mandri, s. A bed-sheet, covering garment. 2. a table cloth.

mandhana, see maddo.

mandhi, mandhe, see maddo.

manna, s. Suspense, postponement. 2. discontinuance, cessation. 3. prohibition, disallowance.

mannane, s. Respect, civility, politeness, attention.

manni, see maddo.

mannelu, mannelu, mannelu, mannelu (maddo, maddo), v. a.

To forgive, pass over, overlook. 2. to regard, treat kindly. 3. to honour, show respect.

mampuni, see maddo.

mamma, s. The pap, breast.

mammatikottu, s. A mamooty.

mammatê, see maddo.

mammê, s. Longing, eagerness. 2. want, deficiency, scarcity. _makkay to desire eagerly._ [tion.

maka, s. A sacrifice, oblation. makamalu, s. Velvet.

makaru, s. Trick, artifice, cheat, deception.

makara, s. An alligator.

2. Capricornus, sign of the zodiac. _Capricornus_ Obstinate. —Cupid, whose banner bears the sign of an alligator. —obstination. —a wreath carried on poles. —the passage of the sun from Sagittarius into Capricornus.

makariyuni, makariyuni (maddo), v. n. To be changed.

makuta, s. A crown, crest, tiara.

maké, see maddo.

makkû, s. Awn or beard of grain, etc. _makkû_ adj. Bristly, rough. —_makkû_ to be bristly, as a plant, etc.

makkû, s. Irritation in the throat. _makkû_ Irritating. —distressing cough. —to feel irritation in the throat.

makkaryu, see maddo.

makkara, see maddo.

makkalâceshte, s. Convulsions of children.

makkalasantana, s. Inheritance by one's sons, in
contrast to inheritance by nephews (नेह्न्यांशी). magru

makkī, s. Irritation. 2. ploughing. -जूठ a ploughed field; a field of one crop. -वीर a ploughman. -वीर rough timber.

makṣu, see माक्षु

makkuni (माक्कुनि), v. n. To feel irritation in the throat.

makke, see माके

makkā, see माक्का

makkera, s. A kind of wicker basket used for fishing. -वीरे to fish with such a basket.

makkēly, adj. Irritating, as a rancid substance. 2. bristly, rough.

makkē, see माक्के

maggatē, adj. Again, a second time.

magupu, s. A turn.

magupuni (मागूपुनि), v. a.
To turn, upset. भीत्र to retch.

maguru, adj. Next, following. adv. Again, once more. -त्रत्र next year. -ट्रुत्र to crop up again, to have a relapse.

magurne, adj. Next, following, succeeding. -त्रत्र the next year.

maga, see मागः

magapuni (मागपुनि), v. a. To draw and turn over. भीत्र to draw water.

magaryu, see मागर्यु

magaruni, see मागरूनि

magaruru, see मागरूरु

magaḷu, s. A daughter. pl. मागच्छु, daughters.

maguruṇu मागरुणु, magupuni, see मागूपुनि.

magi, s. A son; pl. मागजर्य, sons.

magga, s. A loom. -जाने a weaver. -करणे to pass or shoot the shuttle through the warp in weaving, as country weavers do.

maggika, s. Multiplication, the multiplication table. -जाने to repeat the same. -जाने to know the same.

maggina, s. An obstacle, impediment.

magtē, see मागतेः

magna, adj. Plunged, immersed, sunk. -केत्र to be sunk, as in any vice.

magpu, see मागपु

grama, adj. Next, following. -त्रत्र next day, the following day.

magrovunaṇu, v. reft. (of मग्रणु) To prostrate.

magru, see माग्रु
tated. 3. to feel a reeling sensation. <footer>to feel uneasiness in the belly.</footer>

marù magrù, s. Pride, arrogance, haughtiness. 2. rudeness, impertinence.

mabhè, s. The tenth lunar asterism. —<br> a season of much rain.

macca, s. A little piece of gold or silver kept as a sample or test.

mačča, s. A strong, stinking smell.

maččamīnu, s. A kind of fish.

maččara, see  footer.</footer>

mačči, s. A stone-cutter's chisel.

mačcu, see  footer.

mačča, s. Likeness, resemblance. 2.  footer.

maja, see  footer.

majanți, s. A small kind of bee. 2. its wax.

majakuni (mac), v. n. To become dim. v. a. To scatter, huddle.

majakotèbūru, s. A kind of creeper.

majađe, see  footer.

majanè, s. A kind of black scars on the body.  footer to suffer from them.

majabūtū, see  footer.

majalû, s. A stage in a journey, halting place. 2. a distance from nine to twelve miles.

majalë, s. Rubbish washed on shore.

majūșigè, see  footer.

maj, s. Coal. 2. black powder. 3. ink.

majikōlû, s. A churning-stick.

majūri, majûru, s. Hire, cooly, wages.  footer to pay hire.

majê, s. A natural speck, spot, freckle, mole.

maji, see  footer.

majkûryû, adj. Before-mentioned, aforesaid. s. Contents.

majbûtû, adj. Strong, firm, fixed.

majlāșigè, s. Boast, brag.

matige, see  footer. adv. Till.

matû, see  footer.

maṭṭa, s. A carpenter's or bricklayer's square. 2. level, height, measure.  footer water level.

maṭṭa, s. Toddling. adv. At full length.  footer on the whole back.  footer to toddle, as a child.
mattaru, s. A place of cock-fighting. 2. A fair held in the month of May.
mattitoutė, s. A small kind of cucumber, gerkin.
matā, s. Measure, extent, limit, capacity, ability. -mā to understand a person's capacity.
mattē, s. A kind of tune.
mattelu, s. The pouch in front formed by the folds of a female's garment and used as a pocket. 2. the bosom, lap. mā, mē an under pouch so formed.
matha, s. The residence of a priest or spiritual guide; a monastery. 2. a school, college.
mathadu, s. The eight residences of the spiritual guides, connected with the Kṛṣṇa temple at Udiipi, namely, zjeSdreS, oSgidiS, sgtj30, ra, and 33e a nunnery. mā the residence of a spiritual guide or minister. mō the residence of a Linga priest. mō an inhabitant of a monastery.
maḍuguni, see maḍa, see maḍaṇku, see maḍanṭelu, maḍandelu, s. Rice plants sprouting again after they have been once reaped. 2. a kind of tree.

madake, s. An earthen vessel for collecting toddy. -mā a kind of crab. -mē a kind of fruit.
maḍaguni (māna), v. a. To lay down, put, place.
maḍatana, see maḍa, maḍatē, s. A fold, crease.
maḍalu, s. A palm branch. 2. a cocoanut branch with plaited leaves. mē a dried leaf of a palmyra tree. mō a kind of fish. mē to plait palm leaves.
maḍastana, s. Rolling one's self round a temple or before an idol, in fulfilment of a vow. mē to roll in such a way.
maḍayisuni (māna), v. a. To bind, cover, as a book.
maḍi, s. A newly washed cloth, bleached cloth. 2. a garment of bark, silk, or wool, worn by Brahmans and other high-caste people during meals or any ceremonies. 3. fold, the same quantity added; (in comp. with mē and mē, m changes into mē) as, mē a single fold; mē a double fold, etc. adj. Bleached, washed. mē a washed cloth. mē a kind of toad. mē to bleach, wash clothes.
madi, to change a washed garment. —ma to become dirty.

mađikē, s. Folding, doubling. 2. a wrinkle, crease. 3. a small earthen vessel. —ja a kind of cake.

mađiciravu, s. A kind of bag or purse.

mađipāvuni, c. v. (of manā) To make fold, cause to fold.

mađipu, s. A fold, plait. —ma to a clasp knife.

mađipuni (mađi), v. a. To fold, plait, double up. —ma to feel loathing or disgust; to retch.

mađiyuni (mađi), v. n. To become folded, doubled up.

mađivale, see mađi.

mađirū, adj. Second born. —ma the second son.

mađu, s. An axe, hatchet. —s the handle of an axe.

mađugadi, see mađi.

mađuguni, see mađi.

mađē, s. Orts, refuse, crumbs, or remains of victuals. 2. saliva, spittle. 3. whatever has come in contact with the mouth. —sa a leaf-plate that has been used for a meal. —s ring worm. —s to defile anything by bringing in contact with the mouth.

mađeṇji, s. A kind of fish.

mađkē, s. A quantity of grass, etc.

mađdi, s. Sediment, lees. 2. rice boiled with cocoanut and husk, for cattle.

mađdelapakki, s. A kind of bird.

mađē, mađele, mađyele, s. A washerman.

mađlu, see mađi.

maṇa, maṇaku, adj. Viscous, sticky. —ma to stick, adhere, become united.

maṇāgyu, s. Pilchard.

maṇajōgu, s. Giddiness, vertigo.

maṇali, s. A tune. 2. see maṇi.

maṇashile, s. Red arsenic.

maṇāra, see maṇi.

maṇi, s. A bead. 2. a small bell. 3. a gem, pearl. —sa a small kind of black beads. —sa a rib of a ship. —sa a prophesy. —sa a necklace of beads. —sa beads in general. —sa to string beads.

maṇigantu, s. The ankle.

maṇigare, see maṇi.

maṇipandē, see under maṇi.

maṇipu, s. A strong, superior kind of coir.
manipuni, see मानुष.

मानु, s. A maund equal to 28 lbs.

मालूि, s. A low stool to sit upon. धनुः — a whetting board. धनुः — a kind of stool furnished with a short handle. धनुः — see under धनुः, —तोः wooden furniture.

मानेकरे, s. A revenue inspector.

मानोली, s. The vegetable Coccinia indica.

माता, s. Purpose, intention, wish, mind. 2. religion; a religious Christian sect. धनुः — the Christian religion. धनुः — a follower of a religion, a sectarian. धनुः — Buddhism. धनुः religious difference.

मातलुपु, मातलाबु, s. The contents or purport of a writing or speech.

मातयि, s. A wave.

माती, s. Understanding, intellect, common sense. 2. the senses. धनुः senseless. धनुः to be out of senses.

मातु, see मात।

माता, adj. Intoxicated. 2. furious, mad.

मती, s. The tree Terminalia tomentosa.

मते, s. An inebriate man; a mad man.

मूलबु, see मूल।

मल्सारा, s. Envy, malice.

मल्स्या, s. A fish. मल्स्या the first incarnation of Vishnu in the form of a fish.

माधुरा, s. Churning.

माधुरसे मधुमाये, s. A bride.

माधुरी, माधुर, s. A bride. 2. a pubescent female. माधुर a kind of fish. माधुर see माधुर, माधुर, माधुर, माधुर दुः.

माधुरे, s. A wedding, marriage. माधुरे a shed erected for nuptial ceremonies. माधुरे a wedding feast. माधुरे to become married. माधुरे to marry.

मादुर, s. Madura. मादुर a red kind of turban manufactured in Madura.

मादुरेंग, see मादुरेंग।

मादुलु, s. A roofed wall of a compound. मादुलु तो make a roofed wall.

मदा, s. Pride, arrogance. 2.insanity, madness, infatuation. 3. joy, pleasure. 4. rutting, as of an elephant. 5. inebriety, intoxication. 6. spiritous or vinous liquor. 7. desire, love.

मदांते, see मदांते।

मदक्रारी, s. Ulcerous leprosy. मदक्रारी to be affected with leprosy.

मदकुणी (मदकुणी), v. n. To go or move swiftly.
mada, s. A large natural tank.
madadu, adj. Slothful, indolent. s. A log, trunk. —madadu an indolent fellow.
madadi, see madadu.
madadu, s. A lazy woman. adj. Lazy. 2. sloping.
madade, s. A blockhead. 2. a sluggard.
madatruni, see madadu.
madana, madane, s. Cupid. 2. a man's name.
madapu, s. Forgetfulness.
madapuni, v. a. To forget.
madapele, s. A forgetful man, absent-minded man.
madari, see madadi.
madarengi, see madarengi.
madalé, madalé, see madarengi.
madante, madandhe, s. A man blind with pride or passion; an arrogant or dissolute man. 2. a sluggard, lazy man.
madamastu, adj. Stout, robust, lusty.
madipu, s. A consultation, deliberation. 2. settlement, resolution. —madipu, madipuny to consult. —madipuny to settle.
madipuni, v. a. To consult, deliberate, settle.
madimuṭṭelu, s. The first menstruation.
madirengi, see madarengi.
madily, see madadu.
madu, s. Mediating or interfering with a devil-dancer as the spokesman of a community. —madu to mediate so.
madura, see madura.
madè, s. A screen, blind. 2. a retired place, privacy. —madè to be screened, sheltered. —madepu to screen, hide.
madepu, s. Shade, shelter, retirement.
madepuni, v. a. To screen, shelter, hide.
madeyuni, v. n. To be out of sight, shut.
madodî, s. A branch of a palmyra, stripped of its leaves.
maddu, see madu.
maddaṅkāyē, s. A demon so called.
maddalé, maddalé, see maddaṅkāyē.
maddanē, s. A rutting elephant.
maddima, see maddima.
maddesa, madyesa, s. Persuasion, inducement. 2. pacifying, appeasing. 3. mediation.
maddoli, s. A finger-drum.
maddya, s. Wine; spirituous or fermented liquor. 2. see -taking liquor. -a drunkard.

madrengi, s. The henna plant, *Lawsonia spinosa.*

madha, see mana.

madhânde, madhandhe, see madha.

madhu, s. Spirituous liquor, wine. 2. honey. 3. sugar. 4. sweetness in flavour, sound, or disposition.

madhura, adj. Sweet, pleasing, agreeable.

madhya, s. The middle, centre. adv. Between; cf. madhyam.

madhyama, adj. Middle, of middle sort.

madhyâstâgare, madhyâste, s. A mediator, arbitrator.

madhyastigè, s. Arbitration.

madhyâna, madhyâna, madhyâhna, s. Noon, the middle of the day.

madhyâsa, see madhyâsa.

madhyâsāra, madhyâsārye, s. The founder of a Veishnava sect.

mana, see mana.

to be willing, to will, consent, determine.

to shrink, recoil; to be disinclined; to be fascinated, enamoured.

manassākshi, s. Conscience.

manipuni (मनिपुनि), i. a. To speak, utter. *It is used chiefly in the negative; as, मनिपुनि (I) do not speak मनिपुनि do not speak. मनिपुनि without speaking, quietly, silently.

मन मन, s. The celebrated Hindu legislator. —मन मन the institutes of Manu.

मनुजे, मनुष्ये manuje, manuṣhye, s. Man, a man, mankind.

मनुजे, see मनुजे.

मन manे, s. A house, home.

मने a palace. मने a prison, jail.

मने a household. मने household furniture; personal property.

मने household affairs, family concern.

manegare, see मनेगरे.

manepu, see मनेपु.

manoli, see मनोली.

manogata, s. State of mind, purpose, opinion.

manobhāva, s. State of mind.

manoratha, s. Wish, desire.

Thought, word and deed.

Swiftness of thought. अस्मिता as quick as thought.

Charming, delightful, agreeable, pleasant.

Cupid.

The reign of a Manu, a period equal to 306,720,000 years of the mortals or one day of Brahma.

A Man of war.

A Pariah.

Evening, twilight. —to grow dark.

Dim, dull, obscure.

Affection, love.

A demon so called.

mayandruni, see मयंद्रुनी.

mayaka, see मयाका.
mayakuni (māyakuni), v. n. To vanish, disappear.
2. to flicker, as a light.
mayana, see māyana.
mayamaya, adj. Dim, dull. — to become dim, as the eyes.
mayaluni, see māyaluni.
mayasure, s. A titan, the architect of giants.
mayi, see māyi.
mayilō, see māyilō under māyilō.
mayyaru, s. A pair of compasses. 2. a circle. — to draw a circle.
mara, s. A tree. 2. timber; wood. — a stilt; a wooden leg. — small branches of a tree. — a carpenter. — a kind of Acacia, Arum viviparum. — to become stiff. — trees to be rubbed against each other. — to cut or fell a tree.
maraṉaṇe, maraṉaṇe, maraṉaṇe, maraṉaṇe, adj. On the back; topsy-turvy. — to lie on the back. — to fall backward. — to turn topsy-turvy; to confuse.
maraṇe, see māraṇe.
maraṇe, see māraṇe.
maraṇaṇa, see māraṇaṇa.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māraṇu.
maraṇu, see māra.ScrollBars...
mara, s. Forgetfulness; 
cf. mara. 2. a mistake, omission.
marapu, s. To fell, pull down, as a wall, etc. 2. to set up what has been upset. 3. see marapu.
marapuni (murapu), v. a. The yellow sanders, Morinda umbellata.
marama, s. The yellow sanders, Morinda umbellata.
maramara, adj. Sleepy, drowsy.
maramari, see maramara.
maramasa, s. Tough meat.
maramari, see maramara.
maramasa, s. Tough meat.
maramari, see maramara.
maramasa, s. Tough meat.
maramari, see maramara.
maramasa, s. Tough meat.
marayi, s. A trough or bowl. a cattle trough. a long trough. a stone trough. a large trough with a handle on either side.
mari, s. A serpent, snake. 2. a worm. 3. a young animal. the young of a serpent. a green whip-snake. a boa-constrictor. an intestinal worm. poisonous earth; unhealthy soil.
maramugudu, s. A kind of fresh-water fish.
mariyadi, mariyade, s. Custom, usage. 2. propriety of conduct. 3. respect, civility, politeness. 3. a present. a polite man; a man of rank.
mariyala, see mariyadi.
maru, s. A particle, atom. adj. Following, next. the next day. there is no body.
maruva, see maru.
mrvayi, s. The bivalve, a kind of oyster. are different kinds of it.
marulu, see maru.
mare, s. A shelter, retreat; cf. mra. 2. the milky juice or sap of plants, fruits, etc.; gum. the milky juice to exude. to be covered with the same.
marku, s. Scum or sediment of oil.
marka, adj. Fainting, dejection, languor. — let to faint, feel dejected.
markatu, see marka.
markate, s. A monkey, ape. 2. a stupid fellow.
markadi, see markadu.
markadu, s. A measure of salt, equal to 28 pounds.
markuni (marku), v. n. To groan, moan.
markelu, adj. Dead. — let to die.
margi, see marka.
margilu, s. The side, flank. ḍar — the right side. ḍar — the left side.
marca, s. Enticement, seduction. 2. taming, domesticating.
marcavanuni, c. v. (of marka) To entice, seduce. 2. to tame, domesticate.
marcuni (marku), v. n. To be enticed, seduced. 2. to be tamed, domesticated.
marcelu, adj. Tamed. s. Tameness. — — taming, as an animal.

marja, see marka.
marjavuni, c. v. (of marka) To cover, shelter, as a hen its young ones under its wings.
marji, s. Opinion, sentiment. 2. disposition, inclination. 3. will, pleasure. 4. manner, way.
marna, see marka.
marti, s. A silly or simple woman.
martë, s. Selling, bargain.
mardu, s. Medicine. 2. gunpowder; also mardana. 3. decoy powder, philter. — let a physician. — let to administer medicine, treat a patient.
mardade, s. An honorary title among Jainas.
mardana, s. Rubbing, shampooing. 2. grinding. 3. killing. — let rub, shampoo, grind.
marpu, see marka.
marbu, see marka.
marma, s. A female's son-in-law, a nephew or a brother's son.
marka, s. marka's daughter-in-law, a niece or a brother's daughter.
markadi, see marka.
Marya, m. The rainy season, monsoon.

Marlu, m. Madness, insanity. adj. Mad, insane, foolish. half-mad, crack-brained. dotage, senility; absent-mindedness. a small, red kind of ant. premature blossoms of a plant. to be fascinated, enticed, seduced; to be exceedingly pleased, enchanted. to behave foolishly. to become mad. to seduce, fascinate.

Marlata, s. Foolishness, silliness. pranks, tricks.

Marlavuni, c. v. (of Marlata) To entice, decoy, allure, seduce.

Marlu, see Marlu.

Marluni, v. n. To be restless or over-active; to be intent upon doing mischief.

Marle, s. A mad man. a mad woman.

Marva, s. A kind of timber tree, Lagerstromia regina.

Marvayi, m. Marvayi, see Marvayi.

Marvavuni, c. a. To gnaw, nibble, bite slowly or with effort.

Mala, s. Dirt, bodily excretion. dross. sin. faeces and urine. constipation.

Malampu, see Malampu.

Malaky, s. A kind of necklace. a small kind of necklace.

Malaka, s. A storm, tempest. To have a storm.

Malaguni, v. n. To lie down, to sleep.

Malataankē, s. A hyena.

Malapuni, see Malapuni.

Malapupa, Malapūpa, s. An enclosure in a letter.

Malamalu, s. Muslin.

Malamasa, s. An intercalary month.

Malayāla, s. The province of Malabar. a man from Malabar.

Malarāye, s. A demon so called.

Malave, s. A man with squint eyes.

Malamu, see Malamu.

Malamatu, s. A strait, calamity, difficulty, dilemma. reproach.

Malina, adj. Foul, filthy, dirty.

Maliyuni, Maliruni, v. n. To slip or wear away, as a portion of earth or mud work; also Maliruni.

Malē, s. A forest, jungle; a hill overgrown with forest.
male

- a kind of serpent.
- a large kind of sweet potato.

To recline, lean against.

malejumadi, s. A demon so called.

malepini, see malejumadi.

maleyala, see malejumadi.

maleyuni, v.a. To frown, scowl. 2. to stare.

mall, malli, mallayuddha, s. Boxing, wrestling. 2. a duel, combat.

malla, mallaraye, see mallayuddha.

mallastige, s. Greatness, superiority, loftiness. 2. pride.

mallaye, s. A man senior in age; a senior. 2. a rich man. 3. a grown up man.

fem. male the female senior

mallavuni, c. v. (of mallu) To make coincide.

mallasu, s. A kind of fish.

malli, s. A lamp-bearer, a man who attends with a light. malli - a molten image holding a lamp in its hands.

malligè, s. The creeper Jasminum sambac. malli, mallieve, mall lava, malli, mallu, mallavu, adj. Great, large, big, extensive. 2. chief, principal, important. 3. loud.

mallu a down-right thief.

mallavuni, see mallavuni, maleyuni (malli), v.a. To make coincide. 2. see mallavuni.

malli, s. A boxer, wrestler. 2. a barber. 3. a keeper.

mallume, a dog-keeper.

malloli, see malle.

mavupuni, see malle.

maśaka, see maśākā, s. A leather bag.

maśalu, maśalū, maśālū, s. A torch.

maśi, s. Ink. 2. charcoal.

maśidi, s. A mosque.

maśē, s. Little, few, scarce.

2. with neg. not at all.

maśevuni, see maśe.
**masa**

1. masa, s. A cemetery.
2. See any thing without reference to its quality, to eat indiscriminately.

**masaku, see masa.**

**masakuni, see masa.**

**masaṇa, s.** A cemetery.

**sec masakuni, see masa.**

**see masana, s.** A cemetery.

**A cemetery.**

**zioc** any thing without reference to its quality, to eat indiscriminately.

**B** to eat indiscriminately.

**Deliberation, counsel.**

**2. intrigue, plot.**

**masaluni (सालुणि), v. n.** To change colour. 2. to become muddy or foul. े-eyes to turn red. त- water to become muddy.

**masalatु, masalādigē, s. Deliberation, counsel. 2. intrigue, plot.**

**masaluni, see masa.**

**Curry powder; spicery. 2. horse medicine.**

**masiyuni, masiyuni, masayuni (सयुणि, सयु), v. a. To whet, sharpen. 2. to quarrel, fight.**

**masuku, masku, masku, s. Dimness, dulness; fading. त to become dim, to fade.**

**maseluni, see masa.**

**maskati, s. A fine kind of rice made of boiled paddy.**

**maskuni (सकुणि), v. n. To fade; to become dim, wane.**

**mastu, mastu, mastu, s. adj. Fat, stout. 2. abundant, plentiful; ample, sufficient. 3. drunk.**

**masta, mastaka, s. The head, scull.**

**masti, s. Intoxication, pride, lust. 2. the rut of an elephant, etc. त to be overbearing; to be aggressive, quarrelsome.**

**mahaṇkāli, see mahā.**

**mahatva, s. Greatness, either in rank or bulk.**

**mahalu, s. A palace, mansion, hall. 2. an elephant's stable.**

**mahā, adj. Great, much, eminent. adv. Exceedingly, excessively, very. अ a large crowd or assembly of people. अ an incurable disease.**

**mahākāli, mahadēvi, s. Durgi, wife of Śiva.**

**mahātme, s. A great man. 2. a prophet.**

**mahānubhāve, s. A man eminent for wisdom.**

**mahārāja, adj. Prince-ly, royal, great. य worthy of great respect. उ possessed of great respect; an honorific prefix.**

**mahārāje, mahārāje, mahārāye, s. A sovereign, emperor. 2. a gentleman.**

**mahārāṣṭa, mahārāṣṭra, s. The Mah- ratta country.**

**mahārnoumi, s. The ninth day of Dasara feast. 2. the Dasara feast.**
rules. -rule—to cause or inflict pain. Affixed to nouns it gives them a verbal signification; as, अदृष्ट—to cook. अदृष्ट—to eat. अदृष्ट—to delay. अदृष्ट—to love.

माही, s. The earth; also मी. —मी a king, sovereign.

महाता, adj. Proper, right. 2. reverenced.

महिमें, s. Glory, magnitude, majesty, greatness.

महिषासुर, s. A giant so called.

महिषाण्डाये, s. A demon so called.

महेस्वरे, s. A name of शिव.

महोत्त्या, s. Great festivity.

महोदार, s. Ascites, a kind of dropsy.

मालूम, see मालो म.

मालिगे, s. A store-house, wholesale shop. 2. a clothshop.

मले, s. Rain. —मले, —मले a temporary, sloping shed.

मलू, v. a. To do, make, perform, cause, frame. चढ़ा—to do a kind office. गृह— to arrest; to close, finish. जठर— to frame...
mākaldī, see māka.
māki, see māk.
mākiraḷakalu, s. A collyrium from the calx of brass, used for toothache.
māganē, s. A division of a taluk. -māra a village accountant and writer.
māgayi, s. An ear-ornament.
māgunī (māga), v. n. To ripen. 2. see māguṇa.
māgha, s. The eleventh lunar month. 2. the name of a Sanskrit poem.
mācipatrē, s. Wormwood, Grangca maderaspatana.
mājāvuni, c. v. (of māj) To hide, conceal. 2. to erase, wipe, efface. 3. to dissipate, squander.
mājī, adj. Late, former, recent.
mājimū, mājimē, mājumū, s. An intoxicating sweetmeat made of hemp-leaves, sugar, etc.
mājirū, s. A statement of people present at an inquest, etc.
mājunī (māj), v. n. To wear away, become dim, effaced. 2. to vanish; also mājē. 3. see mājuṇa.
māṭū, adj. Unsuitable.
māṭa, s. Sorcery, witchcraft. 2. wickedness, mischief. -māṭa a sorcerer; a mischievous fellow. -māṭa to bewitch.
māṭi, see māṭa.
māṭe, s. A hole, or cavity in earth, wood, etc. 2. a hole of snakes, scorpions, etc.
māḍū, s. The roof. māḍū-., māḍē-, māḍē-, māḍē- are different varieties of roof.
māḍa, s. The shrine of a demon.
māḍavuni, māḍavuni (māḍ), v. a. To cultivate, as land. 2. to display, parade. māḍ to be foppish.
māḍu, s. A weapon made of a deer’s horn.
māḍavuni (māḍ), v. a. To lull to sleep. 2. to lessen, decrease, abate.
māṇi, s. A Brahman boy. 2. see mān. 3. see mānī.
mānika, s. A ruby.
mānyādigē, s. The position of a demon priest.
mānyē, s. A demon priest.
māṭukatē, s. Conversation. 2. intercourse. -māṭu not being on good terms.
māṭa, s. The whole, all, every thing. pro. All. adv. Completely, wholly, entirely. -māṭa altogether, entirely.
mātabāri, adj. Rich, respectable, of good rank.
- a respectable gentleman.

mātāyi, see mana.

mātiri, s. Ebb, the reflux of the tide.

mātuni (māt), v. n. To lounge about, saunter.

māteru, māter-la, s. All people.

mātra, adv. Only, solely, simply, merely; alone. - merely that. - only he, he alone. - just come.

mātrè, s. A pill. 2. a short vowel. 3. quantity in metre.

mātrephala, s. A kind of citron.

mādyu, s. Turning about. 2. a small bridge.

mādaraphala, s. A large kind of citron.

mādari, see māyya.

mādala, see mādā.

mədavuni, mədāvuni, c. v. (of məd) To turn about, turn the face to another quarter.

mādige, s. A chuckler; a class of Pariahs.

mādira, s. A kind of dancing.

mədā, mədirdaburu, s. A kind of creeper.

mādiri, see mānaya.

māduni (mādi), v. n. To turn about.
mapi, mapi, mapi, mapi, mapi, mapi,
s. A descendant of Malabar Mahommedans; cf. ທິແມ່.
mapi, mapi, mapi, mapi, mapi, mapi, mapi
v. a. To undress, divest of clothes. 2. to change dress. 3. see ຄາມານ. ກາຍເຈ — to change dress.
maphu, maphu, maphu, maphu, maphu, maphu, maphu,
s. Pardon, excuse; exemption, remission. —ຊື່ະ to excuse, as a fault; to remit, as a debt, etc. —ຊື່ມ to beg pardon. —ຊື່ຍ຺ to forgive.
maphaku, adj. According to, suitable, fit, proper.
maphala, see ຄາມານ.
mami, s. A paternal aunt. 2. a mother-in-law. 3. the wife of a maternal uncle.
mamul, mamulu, mamulu, mamulu, s. Usage, established custom, prescription.
mame, s. A maternal uncle, mother's brother.
maya, s. Fraud, trick; infatuation; deception. 2. illusion; cf. ຄາມານ. 3. juggling. 4. wickedness, villainy. 5. vanity, phantom, imagination. 6. idealism. 7. Pärvati, Lakshmi. —ຊື່ມ a vision. —ຊື່ຍ, —ຊື່ຍ຺ jugglery, sleight of hand, legerdemain, magic. —ຊື່ຍ຺ to disappear. —ຊື່ຍ຺ to deceive, impose upon; to conceal, hide.
mayuni (ಮಯುಣಿ), v. n. To be extinguished, put out. 2. to evaporate, as vapour or fumes. 3. to fall off, as corn, etc. from being over-ripe. fire to extinguish. 2-5- to drop down, as a fruit from being over-ripe.
mayy, see मयस.
maru, s. A fathom, the space to which a man can extend his arms. 2. twisting straw into a rope. 3. see मरण. 4. see मरछ. -मर्यक to measure a rope, etc., with the arms extended. -मर्य, -मर्यक to twist a rope of straw.
mara, s. Cupid.
marampađe, s. A title among Jains.
mara, s. A large kind of snake; cf. मरा. marana, s. Killing, destroying by charms or sorcery. 2. intrigue, cabal.
maram, see मरणम. mara, s. Sale; barter, exchange.
mara\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\tt\t
|sthama| marpa| s. Change, alteration. | to change, be altered.
|sthama| marpu| s. A fathom; cf. marpu.| [army.
|sthama| murbala| s. An opposing, |Army.
|sthama| malyu| s. Property, wealth. |2. goods, things, articles.
|sthama| malapuri| s. A kind of sweetmeat. |
|sthama| malavuni| c. v. (of masa) To make lean or incline, cause to lean. |2. to impute, charge with; to throw upon.
|sthama| mali| s. A gardener. |
|sthama| malikanu| s. An annual allowance to deposed kings. |
|sthama| malike| s. An owner, possessor. |2. an heir.
|sthama| malisu| s. Rubbing, cleaning, as a horse, etc., with a brush. |To clean a horse.
|sthama| maluni| v. n. To lean, incline. |2. to reel, stagger, totter. |3. to be proved, established.
|sthama| mal| s. A garland, wreath of flowers. |2. a necklace. |3. a string of beads, a rosary.
|sthama| |4. cunning, trickery; cf. mali. |- to a florist; a class of dancers. kara- the scrofula.
|sthama| malka| |malka, s. A foreigner, an alien.
|sthama| mal| s. F. of kara.
|sthama| malya| see kara.
|sthama| mavate, mavute| s. An elephant driver, a mahout. |
|sthama| mavi| s. A kind of tares. |
|sthama| mave| s. A father-in-law. |
|sthama| masu| s. Fading, turbidity; soiling. |adj. Faded; turbid; soiled. |
|sthama| masha| s. A month. |[sthama| 
|sthama| masadige| s. Animal food, in contrast to vegetable food. |
|sthama| masika| s. A monthly ceremony for a deceased ancestor, performed during the first year after his decease. |adj. Monthly.
|sthama| masuni| v. n. To fade, lose colour. |2. to soil. ana a flower to fade. kara- the face to become pale. |
|sthama| mase| s. The after-birth. |
|sthama| masel| s. Fading. |2. that which has faded or soiled.
|sthama| mast| s. The ghost of a suttee. |kara worship of such a ghost.
mahi, s. Acquaintance, knowledge, experience.
mali, see mla.
mala, see mla.
mala, malaya, see mala.
maligè, s. An upper story; a terraced roof. a cellar. a garret, loft.
maluni, see mali.
makshi, see smk.
miči, see miči.
mintuni, see mintu.
mijuni (מימ), v. n.
To be released, saved. to escape. To exceed. to spare. 3. to conquer, overcome.
mindakäre, see mind.
mindagărige, mindaṭiğe, mindaḍiğe, s. Unchastity, lewdness (applied to a female).
mindi, s. An incontinent woman.
mindé, s. A rake, paramour, whoremonger.
mindé, s.
mintunikuni, see minn!
mimpuri, see mimpu.
mikka, adj. Left, remaining. other affairs, etc.
mikkuni (מייק), v. a. To surpass, exceed, transgress. v. n. To remain, be left.
migutè, migitè, s.
Surplus, balance, remnant. 2. mesne profit.
miga, s. A deer; cf. mka.
mig, migilu, s.
Surpassing, excelling.
migiluni (מגיל), v. n.
To excel, surpass.
migu, miggi, see mig.
migguni, see migi.
mijaku, mijadu, mijasu, s.
Display, ostentation, vain show. pride, vanity.
mijipuni, mijiluni (מאז, מז), v. n.
To be full of worms, affected with worms.
mijimiji, mijimini, a.
v.
mitti, s.
Sweetness. smacking.
mitte, adj.
Prominent, protruding. s. Pollen. pollen of Pandanus odoratissimus.
mithayi, s.
midi, s.
Young, unripe fruit.
midd, see m.
miminini, adj.
Twinkling, glistening, dimly shining. a lamp burning dimly. eyes to glisten.
mintuku, see mint.
To twinkle, glisten, sparkle.

Moderation, temperance, forbearance. 2. measure. 3. limitation, bounds. adj. Temperate, moderate.

Temperate, moderate, enjoying moderately.

Temperance and excess.

Limit, bound. 2. measure. 3. moderation. boundless.

to rate, estimate; to despise, undervalue.

to transgress.

Above, upon, over, after. adv. Then, afterwards.

to come up, to prosper; to be possessed, as with a demon.

to get up; to assault.

A demon so called.

The loft of a small upstair-room, an attic.

An offering to the manes.

The lintel of a door, etc.

High, beyond reach of hand.

To ascend, mount, climb.
To mix, compound.

mixāvu, mixāvu, s. Steel.

miśra, s. Mixing, mixture, combination. adj. Mixed, compounded.

misimi, s. Valour; skill.

misku, s. Scorn, despising.

2. confusion, dizziness. to be dizzy.

misuni (-c), v. n. To move, venture. 2. to interfere with, meddle. It is used chiefly in a negative sense with ဓ, ဓ, ဓ, etc.; as, ဓ ဓ ဓ ဓ ဓ ဓ ဓ you cannot venture there. ဓ ဓ ဓ ဓ ဓ ဓ ဓ ဓ ဓ ဓ ဓ 杜兰特 the cart being completely laden, there is no more room. ဓ 杜兰特 my stomach being full, I can take nothing more. 杜兰特 杜兰特 杜兰特 杜兰特 杜兰特 it is difficult to climb upon such a large tree. 杜兰特 杜兰特 杜兰特 杜兰特 杜兰特 you should not interfere with their quarrel.

misra, see ဓ.

misri, s. A gold coin worth about 2½ rupees.

milli, s. A small metallic vessel. ဓ ဓ- such a vessel containing holy water.

miṭuni (ဓ), v. a. To force up or out; to exert a pressure or sustain weight, as with a lever.

mitu, adj. Clever, smart, sharp.

mitāvuni, c. v. (of ဓ) To cause to force up.

miṭuni, see ဓ.

mina, s. The 12th solar month; the sign Pisces in the zodiac.

minakanda, s. The calf of the leg.

minamanja, s. A fish-market.

minavuni (ဓ), v. a. To behave coquettishly.

minānda, s. A public fishing.

mipāta, s. Bathing, a bath.

mipavuni, c. v. (of ဓ) To make or cause to bathe; to bathe, wash, give a bath.

mipini (ဓ), v. n. To take a bath, to wash one's self.

miyande, s. The throat, roof of the mouth.

miyarpuni (ဓ), v. a. To wash a corpse.
mlra, s. Sweet toddy.

miravuni, miravuni, s. c. v. (of mlra) To cause to surpass or exceed.

mirikê, mirigê, miruvikê, s. Transgression, violation.

miruni (miru), v. a. To transgress, violate. 2. to exceed; cf. mukê.

mirne, s. The sexton of a Roman Catholic church.

misê, s. Mustaches, whiskers. 2. feelers of an insect. —mir to trim the whiskers to appear. —mir to stroke the mustaches; to defy, challenge.

mu, mu, (in comp.) adj. Three, treble. muk three fold. muk a three pie or quarter anna piece. mung a tripod, stool.

mu, adv. Before, in front. —m the front.

muńkaňu, see mukâńka.

muńkudi, see mukâńka.

muńkeli, s. A proud woman.

muńkele, s. A sickly man. 2. see mukâńka.

muńkoralu, s. A small spike of corn. 2. the first ear of corn.

muńga, muńgana, s. An advance in money. —muńg to pay in advance.

muńgayi, see muńga.

muńgaliyuni (muńgo), v. a. To surpass.

muńgâry, s. A hammer.

muńgili, muńgile, muńguli, s. A mungoose, ichneumon.

muńgu, see mungu.

muńguduni (muńgo), v. n. To be angry; cf. mungudu.

muńgqê, see mungu.

muńgudi, s. ichneumon.

muńguduni (muńgo), v. n. To dive, sink.

muńgumusudu, s. A wry face.

muńgurta, s. Prognostication, foretoken.

muńge, s. A shoot, bud, sprout.

muńge, s. The fore arm. 2. the elbow. —muńg a chain bracelet. —muńg to hold out the fore-arm. —muń to box each other's fore arm in a kind of boxing match.

muńina, see mungu.

muńici, s. Red cayenne pepper, chilli, Capsicum annum. —muń — pepper, Piper nigrum. —muń, —muń, —muń — a very sharp kind of chilli. —muń the stalk of a chilli. —muń pepper water.
munja, s. Circumcision.
munji, s. The grass *Saccharum munja*. 2. investiture with the sacred thread; *also* munna. 2. circumcision of Mahommedans.

murija, s. *C. Circumcision.*
muriri, s. *C. Grass* Saccharum munja.
mundu, s. A young ox.

2. the vessel in which toddy is put. 3. a small upper garment. 4. the raised border of a veranda. 5. *see* mundu.

—murug to invest a boy with the sacred thread; to circumcise.

muria, s. The breast, as called by children. —murug to suckle.
muntu, *see* muntu.

mundu, s. The forehead; *cf.* muntu. 2. the trunk. *adj.* Small.

mundu, s. *The forehead; cf.* muntu. 2. the trunk. *adj.* Small.

mundagé, *see* mundalu.

mundataye, s. A demon so called.

mundál, mundalu, s. A higher class of Pariahs. —mundu a Pariah of this class.

mundallí, *see* mundalí.

mundásu, s. A turban. —mundu to wind a turban.

mundi, s. The blue flowered tree *Memecylon tinctorum*. 2. a female's name.

mundígé, s. A small stool. 2. *see* mundyì.

mundiduni (mundiduni), v. a. To kneel; to prostrate; *also* mundalí.

mundipavuni, c. v. (of mundalí) To make kneel, cause to kneel.

mundilá, s. A brush used by devil-dancers. 2. a kind of bush.

mundu, s. A young ox.

2. the vessel in which toddy is put. 3. a small upper garment. 4. the raised border of a veranda. 5. *see* mundu.

murug to invest a boy with the sacred thread; to circumcise.

mundav, mundava, munto, see muntu.

mundi, see mundu.

mundola, *see* mundola.

mundolí, mundoli, s. A rough kind of betel leaves. —*mundu* a betel-vine trained upon a mango tree.

munni, s. The folds of a male's cloth.

munne, *see* mundu.

mundana, s. Priority. *adj.* First, prior, future. —mundu future destiny.
munda, mundarisuni (mundaripuni), s. a. To advance, march; to continue, carry on; also संस्कृतम्.

mundalà, s. The front part of the head. 2. the hair above the forehead. 3. a head ornament. -सन्याः a plate set with jewels in its centre.

mundiri, s. Settlement, adjustment. -वा a settled account.

mundilu, s. Export, exportation. 2. the court-yard of a house. अः the inner courtyard of a square.

munduka, mundukatṭu, mundayu, s. Dangerous illness.

munduruni see मन्दरुणि.

mundè, adj. Before, in front.

munderiyuni, munderuni, mundersuni, see मन्देरीयुनि.

munnadà, see मन्नदा.

munnaya, s. Bezoar. 2. the bezoar root, Dorstenia Drakena, Radix contrajervae.

munnì, s. Tip, lappet.

munnigè, s. The hem of a dressing garment.

munnàdu, s. Three hundred.

munnulù, s. Three threads.

munnè, see मुन्ने.

munnodu, adv. Year before the last, two years ago.

mumbara, s. Calamity, distress.

mumbàyi, s. Bombay.

mumbu, s. The name of a caste. 2. dumb animals.

mummaðì, adj. Three-fold.

mummana, see मुम्मना.

murākāvuni, see मुराकावुनि.

murūnguni, see मुरुंगुनि.

murûgele, see मुरुंगेले.

murûtu, see मुरुंतु.

murādala, see मुरादाला.

muka, see मुका.

mukadāmu, s. A head cooly or labourer, a maistry.

mukabārē, s. A kind of bush.

mukarāvu, mukarāpu, mukaśiri, see under मुकारा.

mukāru, s. Three legs.

mukāri, s. The headman of Parihas.

mukāsù, s. Consideration, foresight. 2. see मुकासु.
mukaste, see श्रोमुकुळे.
mukunda, adv. All over, around.
mukunde, s. A name of Vishnu.
mukuta, mukutē, s. A crown, diadem.
mukuda, s. The coccyx.
mukudi, see मुकुटे.
mukudu, s. Looking back.
mukuduni (मुकुटे), v.n. To look back, turn the face.
mukude, see मुकुटे.
mukuti, see मुकुटे.
mukutē, see मुकुटे.
mukurukapōle, s. A very nice woman.
mukuruni (मुकुटे), v.n. To bud, germinate.
mukurūru, see मुकुटे.
mukuli, see मुकुटे.
mukūby, s. Suspension, stoppage, adjournment.
mukè, see मुकुठे. 2. see मुकुठे. 3. see मुकुठे.
mukoralu, see मुकुठे.
मुका, s. An abusive word.
2. see मुका. adj. Deformed.
-मुका a deformed child.
mukkanē, s. Śiva with three eyes.
mukkarāvu, see मुकुटे.

mukkaligè, mukkalè, s. A small stool or bench.
mukkaldi, s. The priest of the demon Koḍamandāye.
mukkāmbē, see मुक्कांबे.
mukkāni, s. Threesixty-fourths. 2. a quarter anna.
mukkāru, s. Three legs.
mukkāri, see मुकुटे.
mukkālu, s. Three quarters. 2. a three-pie or quarter anna piece.
mukkāli, see मुकुटे.
mukkāvuni, c.v. (of मुकुटे) To over-feed.
mukkāsu, s. Three cash.
mukki, see मुकुटे.
mukku, s. A corner. 2. a narrow lane. 3. painting, dying. -के to dye.
mukkuḍa, adj. Stout, robust. 2. mute, speechless. -के to become stout.
mukkudi, s. A taciturn or a reserved woman.
mukkudu, s. Reserve.
2. taciturnity, reservation.
mukkude, s. A taciturn or reserved man.
mukkuni (मुकुटे), v.a.
To gobble, swallow, devour.
मुक्कुने lit. to de-
vour earth, to be ill-fated, ruined.

mukku, see mukha.

mukkuri, see mukkuri dpini, see mukkurini.

mukkuru, s. Snorting, grunting, growling. -s a kind of crab. -s, see mukkurini.

mukkuruni (mukkurini), v. a. To challenge, defy. 2. to snort, grunt, growl.

mukkururu, s. A mouthful of any liquid.

mukkuli, mukkuli, s. A mouthful of any liquid.

mukkulyuni, mukkulyuni (mukkurini), v. a. To gargle or rinse the mouth.

mukke, s. One of a class of fishermen. 2. see mukkele.

mukkele, s. A voracious man.

mukkoniku, s. Three quarters of a seer.

mukkolu, adv. Thrice. -s a menial servant; cf. mukkara pu.

mukkopa, s. A triangle.

mukta, adj. Released, liberated.

muktā, see muktāpu.

mukkari, muktāri, muktyāri, s. A power of attorney. 2. an assignment, transfer of title or interest by writing.

muktār, s. An attorney, agent, assignee. 2. an owner, master.

mukti, s. Manumission, absolution. 2. final beatitude.

muktāres, see muktāresu. mukyelu, see mukyelu.

mukri, s. A reader of the Koran in a mosque.

mukruru, adj. Established, fixed, certain. 2. appointed. -s to establish, determine; to appoint.

mukha, s. The face, countenance. 2. a means, instrument. -s the complexion, colour of the face. -s attention, regard or civility inspired by a person's presence; partiality, respect, consideration. -s a veil; a wrapper. -s the expression of the countenance. -s resemblance of features. -s a front veranda. -s lustre of the countenance; betel leaves, eaten with areca nut, lime, etc., which gives the mouth a deep red tinge. -s flattery. -s face to face; -s to be satiated; to become disgusted.
of the features. 2. a metallic plate tied below the eyes of a racing buffalo.

Through. adv. By reason of, by means of.

Collation, comparison; confronting. to compare, collate. to confront.

Through. prep. By reason of, by means of.

Collation, comparison; confronting.

To compare, collate. to confront.

mukhi, see mukhanti.

Abolition, abrogation. 2. adjournment, postponement. to be abolished, adjourned.

mukhurupu, see under mukhamurpu.

mukhotha, see mukhantara.

Chief, principal. chiefly.

A chief, head, principal.

A demon’s head-gear made of silver, etc. 2. a mask, disguise.

The pials on either side of an entrance; to a house.

mugani, mugada, mugade, s. The capsule of a cocoanut or other fruit.

Bottled.

muganu, s. The front.

mugapattu, s. The cramp of a lock.

mugapuni, see mugapattu.

mugamurti, s. Uten-

sils of demon-worship, especially of Jumädi.

A small earthen vessel.

mugaravu, see mukhanta.

A cloud. sultry heat. to become cloudy.

to scent, track.

mugasu, mugasa, see under mugandle.

mugadara, see mukhantara.

mugyi, see under muganta.

Scent. to scent, track.

End, conclusion. Final.

mugitaye, see under mugitana.

v. a. To accomplish, conclude, finish.

A settlement, decision. 2. a contract, bargain. to give a work on contract.

To undertake a work on contract.

A kind of paddy.

mugipuni, see under mugina.

mugipuni (mugina), v. a. To finish.
mugiyuni (मुगियूणि), v.n.
To end, terminate, cease. 2. to close, contract, shut up. — to close hands in salutation, to salute without prostrating.
mugilu, s. Planitude. 2. see देखो.
mugili, s. A turret, minaret, top, as of a temple.
mugu, s. The fixed hire with board, lodging, and raiment of a labourer. — to serve under such a contract.
mugudu, s. A kind of fish. 2. see देखो. — a kind of eel.
mugude, see देखो.
mugutāyi, s. Completion, finishing.
mugutaye, s. A servant engaged for fixed hire, boarding, etc.; cf. देखो.
muguti, see देखो. 2. see देखो.
mugutè, see देखो.
muguru, s. A sprout, shoot, bud. adj. Tender, delicate. 2. gentle, not harsh. — a gentle smile. — a tender breast.
muguruni (मुगूरूणि), v.a.
To bud, sprout.
muguru, see देखो.
mugururu, see देखो.
mugulu, see देखो.

mugulari, s. Parboiled rice.
muguli, s. An odd number. — odd and even numbers.
mugule, s. A Mogul.
muguvali, see देखो.
mugu, s. A bubble. 2. the pinnacle of a temple. 3. the top of a walking stick. 4. see देखो. 5. see देखो.
mugulu, see देखो.
mugè, s. A small earthen vessel.
mugeryu, s. A hare, rabbit. 2. see देखो.
mugeraye, s. A demon so called. 2. the name of a caste.
mugei, see देखो.
mugga, s. Mould, mustiness. 2. see देखो. adj. Musty. — to become mouldy.
mugganu, muggena, s. A narrow piece of cloth, used for covering the privities.
muggiyuni, see देखो.
muggu, see देखो.
muggè, s. A flower bud, germ.
muggeru, s. A Malayalam fisherman. 2. see देखो.
muggerlu, s. A class of Pariahs.
muţte, s. A species of contribution or tax levied in the days of Hyder and Tippoo.

mugtē, see muţte.

mugyāṭa, s. Conclusion, termination.

mugli, see muggoli.

munnāṇu, see muggoli.

mučca, see muggoli.

mučcante, v. A close mouth-piece.

mučcatē, s. A festivity, great rejoicing.

mučcalā, s. The lid or stopper of a vessel.

mučcaligē, s. An agreement in writing, deed of settlement.

[buff.]

mučcāṭa, s. Blind-man's-

mučcāvuni, c. v. (of mučc). To cause to shut, cover, close.

mučcī, see muţte.

mučcige, s. A lid, cover, wrapper. 2. the ceiling of a roof.

mučcilyu, s. A medicinal plant, Elephantopas scaber; bet. ऋणदला.

mučcīlāme, s. Ceremonial defilement of women on the third day after childbirth.

mučcu, see mučcī. a disguise, mask, covering.

mučcuni (mučcu), c. v. & a. To shut, close, cover. 2. to screen, shelter. चूँच-- to shut the eyes. तोऽ मा-- to shut the door. तोऽ मा-- to keep quiet.

mučche, mučchele, s. A conniver, one who pretends not to see what takes place before his eyes.

mujaṅgē, mujaṅnē, see लखन.".

mujaṅṭe, see लखन.".

mujaṅde, s. A toothless, or old man.

muji, see लखन.".

muji, mujilē, s. Allowance, subtraction, reduction, remission. to deduct.

mujukre, adj. Old, worn out.

mujē, s. A kind of tree.

mujekuni, see मुखरू.

mujirē, mujilē, s. A black monkey.

mujjinti, see मुख्रू.

muţadanē, see मुख्रू.

muţta, s. Proximity, nearness. adv. Near, close by, to, with, towards. postp. Till, until, as far as. तोऽ a relation; a man with whom one can associate. तोऽ a female
relation; a female with whom one can associate. — to approach, go near. — to come near; to be sufficient. — very near, near by.

muttatti, s. A sickle, scythe.

muttadane, s. An instrument for mincing vegetables, etc.

muttalé, muttalé, s. A cap made of the stalk of an areca-nut branch.

muttavuni, c. v. (of mutta) To cause to touch.

1. to accompany to one’s destination; to cause to reach, to deliver. — to deliver a letter.

muttalý, s. A very stupid or indigent man.

mutti, s. A small kind of earthen pot equal to a pint, by which toddy is sold to customers. 2. see muttu — to be unlucky or unfortunate.

mutrikally, s. A stepping stone.

muttibisale, s. A distilling vessel; also muttuni.

muttu, s. Menstruation.

muttu, s. Menstruation.

muttuna, s. Menstruation.

muttu, s. Touch, contact.

1. to cost.

2. a distillery. adj. Touching.

muttuvali, see muttu.

muttény, s. The head, as of fish or fowls. 2. a heap. 3. the fist.
mutte, s. The knuckles, joints of fingers. 2. see muttelu, see muttelu.
muttelu, see muttelu.
muttolu, s. Expense, cost.

muda, s. Stiffness, rigidity. 2. emaciation, leanness. —stupidity, dulness. —to become stiff; to be emaciated; to become stunted.
mudankey, see mudankey.
mudandalu, see mudandalu.
mudajily, s. Shrinking.
mudaiyu, mudaiyi, mudaiyi, s. East, eastward.
mudavu, s. A kind of fish.
mudi, s. A bundle of rice, etc., packed in straw. 2. a lump of tamarind, etc., packed in leaves. 3. a measure of grain, etc., containing from forty to sixty seers. 4. a young, unripe mango, etc. — from the head to the toe, all over the body. — to pack rice, etc., into a strawbundle. — to pack a lump into a bundle.
mudilu, s. The mask (or estf) of the demon called Lekkesiri.
mudike, s. Roasted rice.
mudipallu, s. A gold ornament for the head.
mudipavuni, c.v. (of mudipavuni, mudipuni) To have a person's head dressed with flowers.
mudipuni (mudipuni), v. a. To dress the head with flowers. 2. to make the top-knot tight.
mudipu, s. A bundle of money, jewels, etc., put by, as devoted to some idol. — to put by money in this way. — to present to some idol money or jewels thus consecrated.
mudiyuni (mudiyuni), v. n. To be turned into a knot; to be knotty.
mudiye, s. A cock with a treble comb. — such a comb of a cock.
mudiru, s. Pregnancy without getting menses after the birth of the former child.
mudivala, see mudivala.
mudisala, see mudisala.
mudisuni, see mudisuni.
mudu, s. The shoulder joint.
mudumolu, s. A side-piece. 2. see mudumolu.
mudugu, s. A kind of parched rice.
mudutonuni, see mudutonuni.
muduni, see muduni.
mudupu, mu-
dupelu, see mudupu, mu-
dupelu, see mudupu, see mudupu.
mudu, s. A screen, made of cocoanu leaves.

muđe, s. A screen, made of cocoanu leaves.

to put up such a screen.

muđeṇku, see مقطع.

muđepini, muđepuni (میمضر), v. a. To plait, braid, knit. 2. to bind.

muđeyuni, muđevuni (میمضر), v. n. To be folded. 2. to get entangled.

�ْـ to pinion the wings of a bird.

muđi, s. The buttock.

muđiyè, s. A wild boar.

muđela, muđyala, muđyela, s. The cuscus grass, Andropogon muricatuni. ـ a dark kind of it. ـ a white kind of it.

muđye, see میمضر.

muṇi, see میمضر.

muṇuguni, see میمضر.

muṇucii, see میمضر.

muṇumunu, s. Muttering, muttering.

muṇe, see میمضر.

muṇkuni (میمضر), v. a. To say میمضر, expressive of disapproval or unwillingness.

2. to cry, as a ghost.

munkele, s. A grumbler.

muṇei, s. Pepper. 2. chilli.

cubesbs. میمضر— a very small, hot kind of chilli. میمضم— peeled pepper.

black pepper.

mutālike, s. An agent, steward. 2. agency.

mutta, s. A kiss; cf. میمضر.

mutta, s. The tree Butea frondosa.

mutta, s. A great grand mother.

mutta, s. A great grand father.

mutta, s. A great grand mother.

mutta, s. Three heads; three generations. میمضر— Brahma; a man who has seen three generations.

muttādi, s. The fish Triacanthus.

muttāte, see میمضر.

muttāra, adv. Three times.

muttāri, see میمضر.

muttālike, see میمضر.

muttavuni, c. v. (of میمضر) To ruin, desolate, destroy.

muttāṣu, see میمضر.

mutti, mutti, muttigè, s. A siege, the act of besieging.

muttāṣu, мیمضر— urging.

میمضر to besiege.

muttigandha, s. A female's head-ornament.
muttu, s. A pearl. 2. a drop. 3. see muddu.

muddu, s. A pearl necklace. a pearl earring. a precious pearl. the nape of the neck. to string or set with pearls.

muttu, adj. Desolate, waste. to become desolate or extinct.

muttuni, v. n. To become extinct, be destroyed.

muttuni, v. a. To surround, besiege, hem in, encompass.

muttê, s. A dear boy. 2. four cowries won in a game of chess. to lose the chance of winning the same.

muttedi, see muddu.

mutteri, s. A kind of skin eruption. 2. a small ornamental knob in jewelry.

muttêsì, muttêsì, s. A woman whose husband is alive.

muttêsà, s. The five principal ornaments, constituting the badge of a woman whose husband is alive; namely, i, ä, à, and i 2. any instrument or implement.

mutteidê, see muddu.

mutrađi, adj. Impudent, mischievous.

mutrali, s. A prominent man.

mutsaddi, s. A writer, accountant, clerk. 2. a salt superintendent.

muda, s. Joy, pleasure.

mudaryu, s. Rubbish, debris. 2. see under mudaru.

mudaruni, see mudaru.

mudalâ, mudalâ, s. An alligator, crocodile. its young. a talkative person.

mudalekaru, mudalegaru, s. A lateral rafter that supports the ridge-piece of a roof.

mudi, adj. Old, aged, ancient. old age.

mudi, see muddu.

mudiyuni, v. n. To feel a severe pain in the joints. to be worn out.

mudiye, s. An old man. adj. Old, aged.

mudipuni, mudupuni, s. A kind of skin eruption. To pluck out, pull out.

mudu, see muddu.

mudu, see muddu. 2. any instrument or implement.

mudurû, s. Expansion, dilation.
mudu

muduruni (v. n). To expand, become dilated or enlarged.

mudulu, s. A hawk.

mudè, s. Consanguinity.

mudepu, s. A screen, blind.

mudelyu, s. The bottom.
1. stubble, stump of a tree.
2. origin, cause.
3. capital, principal.

mudelu, s. The bottom.
1. stubble, stump of a tree.
2. origin, cause.
3. capital, principal.

mudda, see muddu.

muddanu, muddanu, adj. Own. An express sent on a particular errand.

muddamu, muddamu, muddamu, adj. Dear, darling, favourite. — to kiss, give a kiss.

muddé, s. A lump, unshapen mass.
1. consanguinity.
2. useless.
3. to be turned into a lump or mass.

muddaduni, s. A demon so called.

mudda, s. A kiss.
1. affection, love.
2. to kiss, give a kiss.

muna, adj. Half done; remaining, left, unfinished.

muna, munapè, munaphè, s. Profit, gain; saving.
munasiphe, s. The subordinate civil judge of a taluk.

munase, see münu.

munásabu, munásabu, s. Worth, value, estimate. 2. discretion, opinion. 3. circumstance, condition, position, state. —का to be of opinion; to be worth, seemly or appropriate.

muni, s. A sage, saint.

munipu, s. Anger. 2. hatred.

munipini (मुनिपिनी), v. a. To detest, hate.

muniyuni (मुनियूनी), v. n. To be in a passion, to hate.

munyesre, s. A turn-turn man. 2. see munukuni.

munishi, s. A teacher of a language. 2. a translator. 3. a writer. 4. a secretary.

muniśvare, s. The chief of sages, a great saint.

munukuni, see munukuni.

munukele, see munukuni.

munumu, munume, s. A grumbler, one who murmurs.

munè, s. A point, end, extremity. 2. see munे. चंद्रमा — the point of an iron style. वेड़ा — the opening or outlet of a boil. तंगी — the point of a needle. चौड़ी — a plough shaft. —का to bring the matter of a boil to the point; to incite, instigate.

munekāma, s. A knot, tie.

munetoqnuni, muneyuni, see munetoqnuni.

munenāgi, munevāśi, s. A disease of cattle.

munkuni, see munukuni.

munni, see munni.

muppa, num. Thirty. —ती to thirty-nine. —जी thirtieth. —य thirty seers, equal to about two kalase.

muppāga, s. Three-fourths of a fanam.

muppāvu, s. Three-quarters of a seer.

muppu, adj. Old, aged. s. Old age. 2. misfortune, mischief, ruin, destruction. —की — infirmities of old age, senility. जो त स त त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स त स
down, overturn; cf. muru, 2. to strangle. 3. to finish.

muyipuni (মুয়িপুনী), v. a. To pluck off. 2. see もうい

muyeru, see もうな

muyya, adj. Returning.
- もうに to return, give back.
mura, s. A demon so called.
mura, s. A stone quarry; laterite stone. adj. Laterite.
2. stony, hard, strong. もう a medicine prepared of hard wood left by white ants and of earth from the ant-hole.
- もう a laterite stone, used for building purposes. もう a hard-hearted man.
mura, muraṅgē, see もうな

muranda, muraṅdē, s. A swelling, protuberance.
murampē, see もうな

murajē, s. A rope made of straw.
muraḍi, adj. Knotty.
murāḷi, s. A file. 2. see もうな

murāṇi, murāni, see もうな

muri, s. Entreaty; cf. もうに
do. 2. an incision or notch.
- もうに to swear. もうに to make a notch

muri, s. A curve, circle, ring, twist. 2. the creases of

the hand, winding of a conch, etc. もう Heliceres Isora, a conch that winds to the right.
murigī, see もうな

murigē, s. Twist. 2. entanglement. もうがをく to disentangle.
muripāvuni, v. (of もうな) To cause to burn, consume, as firewood for culinary purposes.
muripuni (もうに), v. a. To burn, consume, as firewood for culinary purposes.
muriya, s. A cry, weeping; a loud noise. もうに to make one cry; to grieve, distress.
muriyāṭa, s. Lamentation, wailing.
muriyeduni, muriyođuni (もうにこ, もうにこ), v. n. To weep, lament, bewail.
muriyadpini (もうにこ), v. n. To grumble, murmur.
muriyo, intj. Alas! s. Weeping loudly; a cry of lamentation, distress, etc.
murisaṅkāda, s. Severe illness; a crisis.
muru, s. An ear-ring. 2. fortitude, patience. もうに to endure quietly.
muruntu, adj. Shrunken, shrivelled.
muru, s. Shrink-
ing.
muruku, see mura.
muruga, see mura.
muruthu, see mura.
murud, murudi, mur-
du, s. Roughness, coarseness. adj. Rough, coarse.
muruduni, see mura.
murudu, see mura.
murupavuni, see mura.
murupuni, see mura.
murulin, s. A kind of fish.
murumurcande, s. Perplexity. 2. demoniacal possession.
murumukuti, s. A woman's jewelry.
mure, s. A node, protuber-
ce; swelling, bruise. — to have a node, swelling.
mureduni, see mura.
murepini, see mura.
murepuni, see mura.
murely, s. The thick part of a spade. — the nape of the neck. — the creak-
ing of shoes.
murelin, murelini, murevuni (muru), v. n. The fœtus to be formed. 2. to creak, as shoes. 3. see mura.
muresuni (mura), v. n. To rumble, rattle, as thunder. 2. to contest, as in a game of foot-ball. — to vie with another in kicking a foot-ball. — to thunder.
murka, adj. Full, brim-
ful. 2. exceeding, very much.
milk (with rice) up to the fore-
arm; to swallow very much milk. — to be very much exhausted, be done up.
murkavuni, c. v. (of murka) To cause to sink, dip, immerse. 2. to ruin, injure, spoil.
murki, s. Fainting, swoon-
ing.
murku, s. A fragment, piece, bit. 2. the young of an animal. — a young pig. leaf. — a bit of betel leaf.
murkuni (murku), v. n. To sink, immerse. 2. to be ruined. 3. the sun to set.
murkyuni (murku) v. n. To swoon, faint. — to sink into a fainting fit, as one possessed with a demon.
murkhe, see mura.
murga, s. Union, concord, especially between a married couple. 2. see mura.
murgi, s. A twisted bangle or wristlet, generally made of silver; also murga.
murgu, s. Ducking, diving. 2. To mould, become musty. 3. To be a kind of kettle-drum. 4. An offering accompanied with beating of a drum. 5. The act of drawing toddy; tapping a palm tree for toddy. 6. Used for kindling fire. 7. Semi-vitrified oxide of lead. 8. A grooved instrument of metal for tapping a bundle of grain, etc., in order to take out a sample of it. 9. A Pariah woman to become pubescent.

mulla, s. A mullah, Muslim doctor or preceptor of law.
mullā, mullavuni, mullāvuni (mullū), s. n. To limp, hobble, as from dislocation of the hip-bone or other cause; also limb, lithe. 2. to disregard, treat with indifference.

mulli, mullitaru, s. A kind of very small fish.
mulludonkuni, see mulle.

mullè, s. The tail of a cock, etc. 2. see mule. — the lapwing. — — the tail of a cock.
mullën̄gi, see mularù.
muvodu, see mule.
muvolu, muvvelū, see musulmane.
muvvē, s. A blossom.
muvveru, see mushti.
muvvelu, see mushti.
mushti, s. The fist. 2. a handful.
musarè, s. Anything boiled or dressed for eating. 2. uncleanliness. adj. Boiled, dressed. 2. unclean, foul. — a vessel in which rice has been boiled.
musalu, s. A wooden pestle used in pounding rice.

musāpiri, musāphari, s. A traveller, stranger. — a traveller's bungalow.
musibatū, s. Trouble.
mulli, muku

mulliyuni, muleyuni, mulëvuni (mull, mule), v. n. To germ, shoot, sprout.
muluguni, see mulli.
mulë, s. A nail, peg, wedge.
2. a germ, shoot. The out-turn of the crop may be estimated from the saplings.
mulekutti, see mulli.
multa, adv. Of here, belonging to this place.
mullu, s. A man of this place.
mulp, mulja, adv. Here.
mullanikalë, mullankanë, s. The plant Hugonia mystax.
mulladi, s. A thorny ground.
thorns will sprout on a thorny ground, prov.
mullaparndu, s. The fruit of a thorny plant.
mullapadpe, mullupadpe, s. A kind of orach, Amaranthus spinosus.
mullavuni, see mullu.
mullu, see mulli.
mulli, s. A thorn, thorny bush, an iron prickle. 2. a spur. 3. the bone of a fish or a serpent. 4. the spine. 5. a fork. a female's ear-ornament. a kind of Pyrethrum. a place abounding in thorns, thicket. a thorn hedge. the thorn of a bamboo branch. are different kinds of thorny plants. the astringent plant Zizyphus oenopia. a poisonous thorn. a thorn to pierce. to be pricked by a thorn.
mulluni (mulli), v. n. To grunt.
muksha, see mullu.
mukanu, s. Small grits of rice or other grain.
muku, s. The germ of corn. 2. the top, or space between the eyes of a coconut. 3. the extremity of a mango fruit. 4. see mulli.
mundi, see mooli.
mundikandë, s. A big yam from Ceylon.
mundo, s. A pale to support a wooden bridge.
mukanu, see muksha.
mukambë, s. A dumb goddess.
muki, s. A woman who snuffles or speaks through the nose.
muku, s. The nose, bill, beak. the bridge of the nose.
jewel of a woman whose husband is alive. — the nostrils. — up to the nose. — a flat nose. — a long nose. — to stop the nose. — to bore the nose. — to snuffle, speak through the nose. — to put the finger on the nose, as an indication of surprise or threat. — to blow the nose.

mukuduni, see muku.

mukuti, mukudi, s. A nose-ornament of a married woman.

muke, s. A man who snuffles or speaks through the nose.

mukele, s. A proud man.

mukoralu, see muku.

mugu, see muga. 2. see muda.

muguti, see muga.

mucë, see muga.

mujadi (mujadi), s. Three feet or steps.

mujane, adj. Third. — a third man; a bail.

múji, num. Three. — one and half pie; a trifle. — a worthless or penniless man. — thrice uttered, as an oath. — distinct, unclear. — destitution, poverty. — the three worlds.

muda, s. A cloud. 2. adversity, affliction, misfortune. — to be clouded, as the weather; to become dull. — to be afflicted with adversity; to be unfortunate.

mudayi, see muda.

mudavuni, c. v. (of madh) To originate, produce, cause to rise, cause to be born.

mudú, s. Support. 2. the east.

muduní (mudu), v. n. To rise, be born. — itch to break out.

mudusavuni, see mudu.

mudë, s. A kind of rice cake or pudding boiled in steam. 2. a mould made of the leaves of screw-pine, into which the dough is poured.

mudha, adj. Ignorant, foolish, stupid. — ignorance, stupidity. — superstition. see mudhe.

mudhe, s. An ignorant man; a fool.

mutra, s. Urine. — scalding urine; inflammation of the urethra.
page of urine, strangury.

-ṣūḍi urethra.

mūḍalē, see मूडले.

mūniyuni, see मूनीयुनी.

mūnē, see मूने.

mūpu, s. Timber.

mūpunī, see मूपुनी. 2. see मोपुनी.

mūbadali, s. A loan without interest. 2. anything lent to be returned.

mūry, adj. Fat, stout, corpulent. -षे to become fat, stout.

mūri, s. A bad smell, stench. 2. stretching oneself. -कः Lantana aculeata. -हः, -ढः to stretch oneself. -खः, -छः to stink.

mūru, see मूर; cf. मुर.

mūruti, see मूरती.

mūrunāli, see मूरुनाळी.

mūruni (मूरुनी), v. a. To tap the blossoms of a palm tree for toddy. 2. to mince, cut up, as vegetables. हेनिः to mince vegetables. मुरुसवु वे a toddy-drawer.

mūrusāvuni, see मूरसावूनी.

mūre, s. A man without moustaches. 2. see मूरे.

mūrkha, adj. Obstinate, wilful. 2. foolish, ignorant, stupid. -ष ऋ obstinacy, stupidity, ignorance.

mūrkhe, s. An obstinate man. 2. a fool, blockhead.

mūrcanē, mūrcē, mūρchē, s. Fainting, syncope, swooning. -वः to swoon, faint.

mūrta, see मूर्त.

mūrti, s. Matter, form, solidity. 2. the body. 3. the figure, form, any definite shape or image, an idol. 4. a god, emanation of a god. 5. see मूर्ति. -तः idolatry. तिं- the first cause. तिं- the Hindu triad. तिं- a respectful epithet used in addressing learned men or priests.

mūrtimattu, adj. Substantial, material.

mūrtilāye, s. A demon so called.

mūrtē, see मूर्त.

mūrdā, mūrdha, s. The head, pate.

mūrduni, see मूर्दुनी.

mūrdhanya, adj. Chief, principal.

mūrdhābhishēka, s. Anointing or crowning a sovereign.

mūla, s. A root. 2. origin. 3. commencement. 4. capital, principal. 5. the original text of a work. 6. means. 7. cause. 8. the nineteenth of the lunar mansions. adj. Main, principal, original. -वः
the original cause. —स त the owner or proprietor of a land. —स a perpetual lease of land. —त the original text of a work. —स हला, —ता a Pariah attached to a land. —पुरा —झन the title-deed of a land. —मा a mystic formula, the Gāyatri. —दुः the piles. —मु तृ त the metropolis, original habitation or abode, as of a tribe or demon; one’s native place. —जर assets and liabilities.

कृष्ण युद्धां श्री मूलांगी, see मूलांगी.
कृष्ण युद्धां मूलजी, see मूलजी.
कृष्ण मुली, adj. Original, principal. —स मूली प्रप्तियों proprietary tenure of land.

कृष्ण, कृष्ण मूलके, मूली, स. Any medicinal drug or root. 2. a charm. —तृंगू to wear a charm on some part of the body. —चू मुळी, to charm; to administer a drug.

कृष्ण मुले, s. A corner, angle. 2. a point of the compass, quarter, direction. —री a corner-stone. —स मुळे to put or collect in a corner; to exclude; to degrade; to ignore. —स मुळे to be in a corner; to become an old maid; to remain neglected; to remain unemployed. —स मुळे to become weak, powerless.

कृष्ण मुलेंगी, s. A radish.

कृष्ण मूलोका, s. The three worlds.
कृष्ण मूल्या, see मूल्या.
कृष्ण मूल्या, s. A demon priest. 2. see मूल्या.
कृष्ण मुवला, s. Three seers; of मुवला.
कृष्ण मुवे, adj. Shrivelled, shrunk, contracted.
कृष्ण मुवेरु, मुवेरु, मुवेरु, प्रोण. Three persons. 
कृष्ण मुवेलु, s. Three pairs of cattle.
कृष्ण मूवोदु, s. Last year.
कृष्ण मसु, मसु मूवोला, मूवोला, see मूवोला. [mouse.
कृष्ण मूशिके, s. A rat, मूशिके, जू मूशिके, see मूशिके.
कृष्ण मूसलीयुनि (सलीयुनि), v. a. To scent, trace, track. 2. to smell.
कृष्ण मूसवु, मूसवु, v. (of मूसवु) To make smell.
कृष्ण मूसु, s. Smell. 2. money.
कृष्ण मूसुनि (सली), v. a. To smell. 2. to take notice. मूसुनि मूसुनि no one takes notice of him.
कृष्ण मूसे, s. A mould. 2. a crucible.
कृष्ण मूसवुनि, see मूसवुनि.
2. see मूसवुनि.
कृष्ण मूल, adv. Here; cf. जू मूल.
कृष्ण मृगा, s. An animal, beast, brute. adj. Brutish. —स मृगा brutishness.
mruga, mṛugaśira, mṛugagēśrē, s. The fifth of the lunar mansions; head of Orion.

mṛuta, mṛuti, adj. Dead, deceased. —सुश्रे a life-restoring cordial.

mṛuttikē, mṛuttigē, s. Earth, clay, soil.

mṛutipatra, s. A will, testament.

mṛutyu, s. Death.

mṛdaṅga, s. A finger-drum, tabour. —चोटेय, चोटा to beat the same.

mṛdu, adj. Mild, soft, bland; cf. मोक्ष. 

mṛushtanna, s. Cooked rice well seasoned. 2. dainties, rich meal.

meṅcāvuni, c. v. (of meṅca) To cause to shine. 2. to polish.

meṅcí, s. Brightness, effulgence, glitter; 2. lightning. —कुम्भ to sparkle, glitter.

meṅcuna, adj. Bright, shining, sparkling.

meṅcuni (मेंचू), v. n. To sparkle, glitter; to flash, lighten.

menève, see मेंसे.

menṇu, s. A spark.

menti, mentē, see मेंती.

menṇu, see मेंसे.

mennaṭē, s. The handkerchief, used for covering the breast of a Pariah woman.

mennatigē, s. Haughtiness.

mempuri, see मेंपूरी.

megūdi, megdi, s. A female's younger sister.

megge, meggye, s. A younger brother; also मे. 

mecāmanē, s. A privy.

meccāvuni, c. v. (of में) To please.

mecci, s. A sacrifice to a demon.

meccigē, s. Approval, approbation, applause.

meccuni (मेंचू), v. n. To approve, consent, be pleased.

meccamanē, see मेंचमाने.

menṇu, s. Glitter, sparkle.

menṣkāvuni, c. v. (of मेंसक) To make glitter, glimmer.

menṣkuni (मेंसकू), v. n. To glimmer, glitter.

menṣpurī, see मेंषपूरी.

menṇppē, s. The kingfisher. दूधक a large species of the same. दूधक a small species of the same.

menṇakṛṣṇu, s. Glitter, glimmer.

menṇakāṭē, adj. Gummy, adhesive. 2. see मेंषक.

menṇakāvuni, see मेंषकावु.

menṇakipuni, see मेंषकिपु.

menipuni, see मेंषपु.
menu

menuku, s. Sparkling.
menkuni, see ൴.
menkoli, menpakki, menpe, see ൴.
menpuri, s. A glowworm.
mettana, mettanè, see ൴.
mettalè, metti, see ൴.
mettigè, s. The pavement or boards of the floor of an upper story; the ceiling of a house. — Kannada to pave or cover in this way.
mettuni ൴, v.a. To fill up with earth. 2. to repair, as a dam, etc.
mettè, s. Fenugreek, Trigonella fenun græcum.
mettena, adj. Soft, pliant.
mettesalè, s. A kind of fine rice.
medulè, medalè, s. A thread-worm, pin-worm.
medupuni, see ൴.
medi, s. A bush about a field.
medipuni, see ൴.
medu, adj. Soft, pliant, gentle, ripe, yielding. — Kannada to become soft, get ripe. — Kannada to soften, make elastic.
medukuni ൴, v.n. To move, be in motion.
medupavuni, see ൴.
medupuni, see ൴.

mera, meradivè, see ൴.
meravamigè, meravanigè, s. A procession. — Kannada a procession to march; to be wandering about. — Kannada to take in procession, as a bridal couple.
meruvè, s. An ornamented post near a ൴.
merè, s. Display, parade. — Kannada to make a display.
merépavuni, c. v. (of ൴) To make or cause to go in procession. 2. to make shine.
mere, merepini, mereyuni, merevuni (से), v. n. To go in procession. 2. to swagger, make an ostentatious display. 3. to shine.

merpu, s. Glitter, lustre.

mervê, see नेर्वोस.

melaruni, melariyuni, melaruni (से), v. n. To attack, rush upon, fall upon. 2. to enter.

melipuni (से), v. a. To knead, as dough; to tread into a well mixed mass, as earth. से कोड़ मेलिपु नाम if a wall be made of mud, well mixed, well trodden, and well beaten, it will be as good as a stone wall.

melippu, s. Kneading, mixing well into a mass. 2. macerating.

meliyuni (से), v. n. To become well mixed. 2. to be reduced by sickness. 3. to become rich; cf. मेलयु.

mely, s. Upper-hand; victory. —रतु to be victorious.

melkodîuni, see मेलकुड्यूनी.

melgûmûnû, s. A flying fish.

melpattuni (से), v. a. To beat with the hand.
medha, s. A sacrifice, offering.
menatu, see sitala.
mépari, mépali, mépáli, s. A grazier, one who tends cattle.
mépávuni, v. (of mépar) To cause to feed or graze cattle.
mépini (ी), v. n. To graze, eat grass, as cattle. 2. to spread, as a parasitic itch.
the body to be infested with ring-worms.
mépu, see sáca.
mépunaye, s. A grazier, one who tends cattle.
mépuni (ी), v. a. To feed or graze cattle; cf. mépar.
mémane, s. A Mahomedan native of Cutch.
meyi, see sáca.
meyikè, see sáca. 2. see sáca.
meyuni, see sáca.
méru, pro. (honorific pl. of मेर) This person.
méru, s. The pipe or tube of a hooka.
méru, s. The mount Mérou.
méruvé, see sáca.
mérè, s. A boundary, limit.
méroga, see sáca.
mérvé, s. Manner, method.
2. conduct, act, behaviour.
mélù, s. The upper part of any thing. 2. superiority,
excellence. 3. futurity, time to come. 4. success. adj. Upper, higher. 2. superior. 3. future. adv. Hereafter, at some future time. postp. After, upon, over, above, beyond. — धी good and evil, superior and inferior. — धी a high caste. — धी superior kind, breed, etc. — धी the address of a letter. — धी future event, what is to happen hereafter. — धी the upper part of a female's garment. — धी in future, hereafter. — धी to succeed, overcome. — धी to place above or over. — धी to fall upon, attack, assault. रम-write ६ lit. to raise the hands and mouth; to grumble, growl; to gesticulate.

mela, see मेला.

mélante, s. A barber of fishermen.

méladhiκ̄a, s. Superiority; predominance. मेला a superintendent, a higher authority.

mélagra, s. Curried vegetables.

mélata, s. Out-bidding another; rivalry.

méladvideuni, meladuni, see मेलादुः. mélāra, adj. Superficial; upper. — धी the fibrous covering of a cocoanut.

mélāyu, s. An overseer, head coolie. — धी to supervise.

mēlē, see मेला.

mélōḍuni (मेलौंडु), v. a. To outbid, vie with each other.

mēloṇuni (मेलोंडु), v. refl. To overreach, defraud. 2. to throng.

mélōgara, see मेलोगा.

mēlkara, s. Extra expense; sundry expense.

mēldōḍuni, see मेलदु.

mēlgoṇuni (मेलगोंडु), v. n. To be cautious. 2. to win. 2. see मेलदु.

mēltara, see under मेला.

mēva, s. A sweet kind of food; any thing eatable.

mēvu, s. Food, fodder, pasturage.

mēsha, s. The first solar month. 2. the sign Aries in the zodiac. 3. a ram.

mēṣe, s. A cleft or hollow in a tree.

mēste, s. A carpenter. 2. a stone-cutter, mason.

mēstri, mēstre, s. An overseer, head labourer, maistry.

mēha, mēharāga, s. Urinary or venereal disease, gonorrhoea.
mela, s. Concord in music, concert, harmony. 2. a set of musicians, dancers and actors.  "- beating time to music.  "- a double drum.  "- a musician; an actor.  "- to cut a dash, make a display.  "- to get up a band of musicians, etc.; to mask, disguise.

mēlana, s. Union.

mēli, s. Marriage. 2. a bride, wife. 3. rutting.

mēle, see mēla.

mei, s. The body, person. 2. see mēlū.  "- a thin or lean body.  "- form, shape, model.  " a painted eye; cf. mēlūvun.  "- temperament, habit.  " form of ornaments and cash, whatever one has got.  " perspiration; urine.  " to become thin.  " to become stout, robust.  " the system to be affected, as with food, etc.  " to assist, help; to venture; to be attentive.  " to be possessed by a god or demon.  " the body to swell, suffer from dropsy.  " to become fat.  " to suffer from fever.  " to suffer from leucorrhoea, as a female.

meinda, s. Dew; mist, fog.  " thick fog.  " dew to fall.

meindrajāli, s. Legerdemain, conjuration.

meikanū, meikanū, s. A kind of fish.

meikuni (mēkun), v. To entice, persuade. 2. to perplex.

meigala, meigalla, adj. Lazy.  " laziness.

meigalle, s. A lazy fellow, sluggard.

meijōdu, see meijōdu.

meitala, s. The plant Ruellia ringens, used in medicine and purifying salt.

meitidi, meitedi, s. A sister-in-law, a father's sister's daughter, or a mother's brother's daughter.

meitine, s. A husband's younger brother; a son of a female's maternal uncle; the husband of a female's sister.

meidanu, meidana, s. A plain, open field.

meidune, see meidune.

meina, s. The bird Mina.

meippāku, s. Exercise.

meipāvuni, c. v. (ofinch) To make or cause to pour.
meipu, s. A broom or besom made of the ribs of palm-leaves. रेणु— a worn-out broom; the stump of a broom. रेणु— a new broom.
meipuni (मीपु), v. a. To pour. 2. to cast, as in a mould. रेणुक— to feed; to bait.
meip, meipē, meippē, s. A black or dark-coloured fowl; also से मेंप.
meimē, see मीमी.
meiyaru, see मीयरु.
meiyi, s. A kind of collyrium; cf. रेणु.
meiyeresuttu, see मीयरेसुत्तु.
meiru, s. A compass.
meiru, s. A peacock. रेणु— dim sight, weak eyes. रेणु the stars in a peacock's tail. रेणु a peacock's feather. रेणु, see मीयरु.
meirambala, s. A kind of plant.
meirāna, meirvāna, s. Legerdemain, jugglery. रेणु to juggle, play tricks.
meirē, s. A tawny coloured cow. 2. a female so called. adj. Dark yellow, tawny.
meirōjina, s. A kind of rush.
meirsuttu, s. Blue vitriol, sulphate of copper.
meilu, s. A mile. —इ रेणु a mile-stone.
meiluttu, see मीलु.
meilāna, see मीलान.
meilāru, s. A Mopla priest.
meili, meiligē, see मीली.
meiluni (मीलुनी), v. n. To glimmer, shine or burn faintly.
meilē, s. Filth, pollution, dirtiness. adj. Dirty, filthy, foul. रेणु dirty clothes. रेणु the small-pox. रेणु to become dirty. रेणु to make dirty.
meivaripuni (मीवारिपुनी), v. a. To paint the eyes with antimony or collyrium.
meivāna, see मीवान.
meisandāye, s. A demon so called.
meisāla, s. A loan without pledge or mortgage. —इ रेणु a simple bond.
meisūru, s. The province or town of Mysore. रेणु a kind of plantains. रेणु cakes of sandal powder received from Mysore.
montangelu, see मॉन्टाङ्गेलु.
montśu, see मोंटु.
montē, s. A grasshopper.
mondū, adj. Blunt. 2. see मोंडु.
mokata, adv. Face to face, personally. —мокато to speak personally. —мокато to confront.
mokadamе, s. An affair: 2. a criminal proceeding.
mokamaんtаме, s. The front porch, as of a temple. 2. a vestibule, portico.
mokarуru, see мокару.
mokasале, see мокасале.
mokabили, мокабиле, s. Confronting, comparison. —мокабили to collate, compare, confront.
mока́му, s. 1. A halting place in a journey, camp. 2. a dwelling, residence.
mокта́, see мокта.
mоктыри, моктыри, s. A power of attorney; also моктая. —моктыр to empower, authorize.
mоктезаре, моктезаре, s. A trustee, manager of a temple. 2. a principal resident of a village, etc.
mокру́ру, s. Appointment, nomination. 2. resolution, settlement. adj. Appointed. 2. settled. —мокру́ру to be appointed; to be settled. —мокру́ру to appoint; to settle.
mоктыр to appoint; to settle.
mокхупу, see мокхупу.
mоктари, see моктари.
mokattyри, s. A power of attorney; also моктая. —моктари to empower, authorize.
mоктезаре, моктезаре, s. A trustee, manager of a temple. 2. a principal resident of a village, etc.
mокру́ру, s. Appointment, nomination. 2. resolution, settlement. adj. Appointed. 2. settled. —мокру́ру to be appointed; to be settled. —мокру́ру to appoint; to settle.
mоктыр to appoint; to settle.
modaṅkuni, s. n. To become crooked. 2. to bow, bend.

modaṅkelu, s. Side, margin, edge. 2. see modaṅkuni.

modaṅkele, s. A hump-backed man. 2. a perverse man.

modankelu, s. Side, margin, edge. 2. see modaṅkuni.

modandeļu, modendeluy, see modaṅkuni.

mode, adj. Stiff.

modepini, moddevuni, see modaṅkuni. 2. see mode.

monē, see modē.

monepu, s. A small piece of land stretching into a river.

modadē, see modaṅkuni.

monē, see modē.

moppē, s. An old man.

mobalagu, mobalagū, s. A sum of money.

mobadile, s. Exchange, transfer. 2. advance; also

mobbu, see mobāy.

momate, see modaṅkuni.

moyili, moyile, s. One of a class of Sudras, employed in the out-door service of temples and sometimes acting as musicians. 2. an oil-monger.

mora, see mora.
more, see more.

mor suicide, see suicide.

moredu, adj. Empty.

mola, s. A large hare.

molampu, s. Mire, mud; sediment.

molankana, s. The knee-pan.

molani, see molani.

molamy, see molamy.

molé, see molé.

mosaré, see mosaré.

mosajé, s. An alligator, crocodile. — the ornamental top of the pole of a palankeen, etc.

moharu, mohari, s. A gold mohur or pagoda. 2. see mohari.

moharam, moharamu, s. The first month of the Mahommedan year. 2. an annual Mussulman festival in commemoration of the death of the two brothers Hassan and Hussein.

mohasamu, s. The trading season.

mohuru, see mohuru.

mola, see mola. 2. see mola.

molampáryu, see molampáryu.

molampu, mo-lambu, see molampu.

molekutti, s. The hinge of a native door.

moili, see moili.

montu, monta, see manta.

mortaingely, adj. Crooked, bent. 2. lame.

montavuni, c. v. (of manta) To cause to bend. 2. to lame. 3. to limp, halt.

monti, s. A lame woman.

montiyuni (montiyuni), v. a. To do mischief; to annoy, trouble.

montu, s. Lameness. 2. crookedness, bend. 3. perverseness, obstinacy. adj. Lame, maimed, crooked, curved. 2. perverse. — a lame leg. — a bent horn. — an irrelevant expression. —, see manta.

montuni, v. n. To be lame; to limp. 2. to be crooked.

monte, s. A cripple, lame man. — a very weak man; a cripple.
moda, s. A cloud. 2. obscurity, dullness. 3. see moda.

módátme, see moda.

mōdi, s. Hooking the fingers one into the other. 2. any thing placed by a conjurer to try the ability of another. 2. conjuration, delusion, sorcery. 3. a running hand, illegible writing. -ōli

mōda, s. A wave, billow, surge.
moda, s. Joy, delight.
modanda, s. Doubt, uncertainty. adj. Doubtful, uncertain. —moda a doubtful word, speaking undecidedly.
mödu, s. A stripe, a wale.

mōna, see mōri.
mōni, s. A daughter.
mōnu, s. A son.
mōnē, see mōda.
mōpu, see mosam.

mōra, s. Beginning, outset, commencement. 2. see mosam. adv. Immediately, instantly. —mōr commencing a new business, a new undertaking; a new broom. —mōra commencement of the monsoon. —mōra the moment he came his business was done.
mōri, s. Fodder for cattle. 2. a channel, drain, kennel. 3. a public dunghill.
mōrisyu, s. Mauritius. —mōrisyu refined sugar.
mōru, s. A seal, stamp. —mōru to seal; cf. mōra.
mōre, s. The face, visage. 2. a person without moustaches.
mōra, mōrja, mōharjē, s. A battery where cannons are mounted.
mōrta, see mōmena.

mōrti, see mōri.
mōly, s. Price, value.
mōla, s. Coupling or coming together, as serpents, cats, etc. —mōla cats to couple.
mōli, s. A kind of pepper-water.
mōsa, s. Fraud, trick, deceit, dissimulation, treachery. 2. fault, mistake. 3. danger, risk. —mōsa a deceiver, hypocrite. —mōsa to make a mistake. —mōsa to be exposed to danger, to run a risk. —mōsa to deceive. —mōsa to be deceived. —mōsa to mislead; to deceive. —mōsa to be mistaken; to run a risk.
mōsam, see mosam.
mōha, s. Love, lust, carnal affection. 2. fascination, allurement. —mōha to be affectionate, to love; to covet.
mōhana, s. The overpowering of reason by worldly allurements, fascination. —mōhana a necklace of gold beads.
mōharyu, see mōha.
mōhinī, s. A fairy; a fascinating woman.
mōhipuni, mōhisuni (mōhipuni, mōhisuni), v. a. To love. 2. to fascinate.
**moli, see also.** 2. see also.
**molu, pron.** She, this female.

**moksha, s.** Deliverance, setting free. 2. heaven, beatitude, bliss, salvation. — see attainment of salvation. — see the way of salvation.

**mouna, s.** Silence, taciturnity. — see to be silent.

**moupuni (s.), v. a.** To upset, turn; cf. ज.

**mouravuni, c. v. (of)** To mumble, chew softly. 2. fig. to make a thing easy.

**mouruni (s.), v. a.** To masticate, chew.

**moulavuni, c. v. (of** To cause to desire, long for. 2. see स.

**mouluni (s.), v. a.** To desire, wish. [desire.

**mouluni (s.), v. a.** To make a thing easy.

**moupuni (s.), v. a.** To upset, turn; cf. ज.

**moulavuni, c. v. (of** To mumble, chew softly. 2. fig. to make a thing easy.

**myanvu, s.** The mewing of a cat.

**mlenccha, adj.** Barbarism, abomination, uncleanness.

**yakkandelu, s.** Being beyond reach or means. 2. want, insufficiency.

**yajamani, s.** A mistress, wife; also याजमेन.

**yajna, s.** A sacrifice, ceremony in which oblations are presented.

**yada, adj.** Left. — see the left hand. — see inferior sort.
yadambu, s. The left side. —yadambu अडैंब lit. to look to the right and left; to use the right hand instead of the left.
yatā, see यादि.
yati, s. A sage whose passions are under complete subjection; a religious mendicant.
yathā, adv. As, according to, to the extent of. adj. Usual, customary; also —तो.
yathārtha, s. Truth, verity. adj. True, real. adv. Truly, really. —त्यस्य simplicity.
yathāsthi, adj. As before, as it was. 2. true, certain. s. Usual state; truth, fact.
yathāsthi, yathācēa, yathēshtā, adj. Agreeably to wish or desire, as required, as wished. 2. ample.
yamaloka, s. The infernal regions.
yamargē, see यामार्ग.
yame, s. Yama the god of the infernal regions and judge of departed souls.
yavaucēi, see यावपति.
yavana, s. Greece. 2. see यावन. यावन the Greeks.
yaksha, s. A demi-god, attendant on Kubēra.
yakshi, yakshini, s. A sort of female fiend, attached to the service of Durgi, and frequently maintaining, like a fairy, intercourse with mortals. —स्यांव a magical charm.
yā, conj. Or. adv. Otherwise.
yāga, s. A sacrifice.
yācēke, s. A beggar, mendicant.
yājake, s. A priest, any officiating Brahman who conducts any part of a sacrifice.
yāta, s. An engine for drawing water.
yātanē, s. Pain, agony. 2. the pains of hell.
yātre, s. Pilgrimage. 2. see यात्रा. यात्रा pilgrimage to Benares. यात्रा pilgrimage to a holy place for bathing, etc. —स्यात्रा to go on pilgrimage.
yādastu, s. A memorandum, note.
yānu, pron. I. यान्त्र is it I? यान्त्र I myself. यान्त्र to me. यान्त्र we. यान्त्र mine. यान्त्र my. यान्त्र me.
yālni, intj. of surprise.
yāvattu, yāvastu, s. The whole. adj. Whole, entire.
yukta, adj. Right, fit, proper. 2. possessed of, endowed with, as virtue, qualities, etc.

yukti. s. Fitness, propriety. 2. an excellent expedient, happy thought. 3. advice, counsel. — as a schemer, contriver. as a bad contrivance, foolish device. to suggest an expedient. to contrive.

yuga, s. An age of the world, of which four are enumerated, namely, the primeval or golden age. the second or silver age. the third or brass age. the fourth or iron age. the shape or state of any thing to change.

yugantra, s. Change of ages; another age of the world.

yugadi, s. The new year's day.

yudhishthire, s. Dharma-raya, the eldest of the Pāṇḍu princes.

yuddha, s. War, battle, conflict.

yuva, s. The ninth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. adj. Young, youthful.

ye, see the remark under ye.
alone. 3. one devoted to abstract meditation.

योग्य, adj. Fit, proper, worthy, suitable. 3. powerful, able, capable. -ability, merit, fitness, suitability. -fitly, worthily.

योजना, s. A distance of about ten or twelve miles.

र, The fortieth letter of the alphabet.

रंग, s. A large ladle or spoon. 2. a measure of fluids equal to about twelve rupees in weight.

रंग, रंग, रंग, s. Paint, colour, tint, dye. 2. dancing, acting, singing, etc. 3. pleasure. 4. a place. -worshipping an idol with illuminations and sweet offerings. -the ornamented hall of an idol; the place in which a king sits at a public levee. -a very nice person. -रंग, -रंग, see रंग. -रंग, -रंग the place before an assembly in which actors, etc., perform. रंग- a battle-field. रंगकोळ to sound sweetly to the ear. -रंगकोळ to paint; to please, delight.

रंग, s. The vulva; womb. 2. place or site of birth or production in general. There are four kind of रंग, viz. ऋवी oviparous. ऋवी sprouting. ऋवी engendered by sweat, steam or vapour, as insects and worms. ऋवी viviparous.

युव, s. Youth, virility, manhood. adj. Juvenile; also युव.

रंगानी, s. A child's play-thing.

रंगाने, see रंग.

रंगाले, see रंग.

रंगानी, see रंग.

रंगोले, s. Ornamenting the entrance and floor of a house with white sand or chalk.

रंगाने, s. Fascination, enchantment, captivation, bewitchment. -रंगाने to captivate.

रंग, see रंग.

रंजका, adj. Charming, agreeable. s. Colouring, dyeing. 2. a stimulus, an inciter of affection. -का agreeably.

रंजके, s. A charming man.

रंजना, s. Colouring. 2. gladdening.
rarihiri, see rarihiru.

rarihirupuni (rarihiru), v. a.
To gladden, please. v. n. To be glad, pleased.

raftille, s. A charmer.

raftiuni, see raftunus.

rafi, s. A fretful woman.
2. a whore. 3. see rafi.

raft, s. A widow. 2. an abusive term; also rafinis.

raftavuni, c. v. (of rafi) To make or cause to importune, tease.

raftuni (rafti), v. a. To crave, importune, tease, dun.
2. to beseech, entreat.

raftel, s. Begging, entreating.

raft, raifra, raifhra, s. A hole, fissure, cavity.

rampa, s. A shoemaker's knife.

ramp, s. An eye-lid.

ramponi, s. A large casting net.

ramb, ramburuti, ramburoti, s. Clamour, outcry. 2. diffusion. extension. 3. squandering, dissipating. राम्बरुत्ति राम्बरूति कालिया to cry bitterly. राम्बरुत्ति राम्बरूति लेपसू to be scattered, thrown about. राम्बरुत्ति राम्बरूति लेपसू राम्बरुत्ति राम्बरूति to spread, publish abroad.

rafi, raf, ramb, rambh, s. A celestial courtezan. 2. a beautiful woman. -raft, dancing.

rambhata, rambhuruti, see rambhurup.

ram, rak, s. Guard, guarding.

ramk, rakvade, s. A guard, watch, keeper.

rakane, see rakavis.

rak, rakamu, rakamu, s. The whole quantity; wholesale.

rakka, see rakkavis.

rakkan, see rakkes.

rakasi, s. A giantess.

rakase, s. A giant.

rakke, s. A charm, amulet; cf. rakke. 2. anything very thin or light.

rakta, s. Blood. adj. Bloody; crimson. -ृत्ति scurvy. -ृत्ति लौकिक ब्लड्वुरे urine, haematuria. -ृत्ति crimson colour. -ृत्ति औषधी a rheumatic swelling of the veins. -ृत्ति a martyr; martyrdom. -ृत्ति the bloody flux.

raktabola, s. Myrrh, aloes.

raktambara, s. A red

raktakshi, s. The fifty-eighth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

raktevari, s. A female demon so called.

rakhvala, see rakhvala.

raga, s. Gabble, incoherent talk. 2. a confused state of things. 3. trouble, bother, annoyance.

datta, s. A gabbler, prater. तत्ते to be in a confused state; to be involved in troubles.

datta, see दत्त.

raghu, s. The name of a sovereign of Ayodhya. 2. a hero.

račané, s. Literary composition. 2. making or preparing anything.

račané, see रचन.

račè, s. The thorny rind of a jack fruit. थर to fly from alarm.

raja, råj, s. Leave of absence; permission. 2. a holiday.

raja, s. A silver throne of the god Krishna at Udapi. 2. a name of Udapi.

rajaputre, s. A Rajpoot.

rajabandigè, rajavantigè, s. A compromise, composition.

rajaraptu, s. Absence on leave. राजापत्तु to be absent on leave.
rați, s. The wife of Cupid.
2. passion, desire. 3. sport, dalliance. 4. a weight, one-eighth of a pagoda, used in weighing diamonds and emeralds. — rațiello dalliance, sexual intercourse. — rați Cupid. — rați to enlarge, to make much of a trifle.

rațiopa, s. Increase, multiplying. — rați to put or join together.

ratípe, s. A witty man.

ratna, s. A jewel, gem. — ratna the nine kinds of precious stones. — rați a fine sort of rug used to sleep on, etc.

ratnagandhi, s. The Barbadoes flower-fence, Cœsalpinia pulcherrima.

ratnagarbhe, s. Kubera the god of wealth. — ratnagarbhe the ocean; the earth.

ratha, s. A car, carriage, chariot. — ratha the festivity of a car drawn in procession. — rați ascendent a car.

rathike, s. A charioteer. 2. an able man.

raddu, raddu, s. Repeal, cancelment, rejection. adj. Null, void. — raddu to be repealed, cancelled; to be void. — rați to abrogate, abolish, cancel, revoke, reject.
ravānisuni (రవానిసుని), v. a. To send, forward, despatch.

ravanisuni, i'. a. Sending, despatching. —మనిసుని to send, despatch.

ravi, s. The sun. —రవి the solar disk.

ravē, s. Molasses, syrup. 2. a small particle of anything, grit, groat. 3. a small shot.

rasidi, s. A receipt.

rasa, s. Flavour, taste. 2. taste, sentiment, emotion, as an object of composition. 3. affection of the mind, passion. 4. juice, exudation, liquid. 5. a mineral or metallic salt. 6. quicksilver. —రాసి crude calomel. —రాసా, see రాసా. —రాసింది, see రాసింది. —రసింది a kind of plantains.

rasanē, s. The tongue.

rasāvana, s. A dainty. 2. medicine in a state of fluid, elixir. 3. chemistry.

rasavāda, s. Alchimy.

rasālu, see రాసలు.

rasika, adj. Tasteful, agreeable, sociable, sensible, full of good sense. —రసికం an agreeable man; a sensible man. —రసికం an agreeable speech.

rasidi, see రాసిడి.

rasoli, s. A kind of plantains.

rastāri, rastāli s. A fine, soft kind of sugar-cane; also రసాలి రాసామా.

rastē, s. A road, way, path.

rahadāri, s. A passport; an intimation to a village officer to provide a traveller with necessary supplies. —మనిసుని to issue a passport.

rahasya, adj. Private, secret. s. A secret, mystery. —మనిసుని a secret word.

rahāri, s. Pleasing.

rahite, see రాహిటె.

rakshake, s. A saviour, protector; a guardian.

rakshanē, s. Salvation, redemption; saving, protecting. —మనిసుని to save.

rakshase, see రాక్షాసె.

rakshipuni, rakshisuni (రాక్షిసుని), v. a. To save, protect, defend.

rakhē, s. Preserving, protecting, saving. 2. a talisman, amulet, charm. రాక్షి a jacket, coat. రాక్షి— a pair of shoes. —మనిసుని to charm.

rāukuni (రాయుకుని), v. n. To adulterate.

rākū, see రాకు.

rākati, rākuti, s. A circular ornamented plate of gold, worn by females on their top-knot.

rākase, see రాకేసె.
rāki, rākī, rākē, see rāgē.

rāga, s. Tune, music, singing. 2. mental affection in general, as joy, sorrow, passion. 3. envy. 4. see rāgē.

rākē, envy and hatred.

rāj, an organ or pianoforte.

rāgi, s. The common grain rāgi, Eleusus coracana.

rāj, adj. Royal, denoting excellence or eminence. 2. chief, supreme.

rājad, see rajad. rājā, a public affair.

rāja, adj. Royal, denoting excellence or eminence. 2. chief, supreme.

rājā, a carbuncle.

rājas, duty incumbent on a king.

rāj, a capital, metropolis.

rāj politics.

rājāna, kingly in respect, reverence, and wealth; a respectful mode of address.

rāj, a royal assembly or court.

rāj, a pulmonary consumption.

rājanē, s. The core of a bamboo.

rājasū, rājasa, s.

The predominance of passion, pride, arrogance, presumption or anger.

rājānāna, s. The court-yard of a palace.

gē, s. Intermeddling; boasting. 2. royalty.

rāji, s. A compromise or adjustment of differences. 2. reconciliation, pacification. 3. pleasure, good will. adj. Contented, satisfied, agreed, pleased, willing.

rājē, a written agreement to a compromise. rājē a deed of compromise of matters in dispute; resignation of an employment.

rājē to come to terms, be compromised or adjusted; to consent, agree.

rājē to like, be willing; to be on good terms.

rājē to resign, as an employment or post.

rājē to compromise, reconcile.

rājisū, adj. Manufactured by Rodgers, as a knife.

rāje, s. A king, sovereign, prince. rājē—an emperor, great king; a nobleman.

rājeē, rājeē, see under rājē.

rājēndre, s. An emperor, king of kings.

rājya, s. A government, kingdom, province, country. 2. the administration of government. rāj rule, government.

rātē, see rātē.

rādu, see rādu.

rādi, adj. Foul, turbid.
rade, see rari.

rāṇa, s. Brightness. 2. see rāṇi.

rāṇi, s. A queen.

rāṇya, s. An army. 2. a low class of Pariahs; also a man belonging to this class.

rāṣa, rāṣṭrā, rāṣṭrē, see rāṇa.

rātri, rātrī, s. Night. रस-ङ्छ-, रों-ङ्छ-, रात्रिः- midnight. रात्रिः night and day. रात्रे the Lord's Supper. रात्रिः अंक, रात्रिः by night, before daybreak. रात्रिः खो रात्रिः खो before daybreak. रात्रिः खो he came and went away before daybreak.

rāçu, s. A way; cf. राण.

rādāri, see राण.

rāpavuni, c. v. (of राण) To make or cause to fly. 2. to blow up.

rāpini, see राण.

rāpu, s. Lustre, splendour, effulgence. 2. beauty, comeliness. 3. pride, arrogance, haughtiness. रापि a proud man. रापि pride of money.

rāpunī (त), v. n. To fly. 2. to leap, jump, skip. 3. to behave haughtily.

rāma, s. see राण. adj. Of or pertaining to Rāma. राम्, रामे Hanumanta, the faithful messenger of Rāma. रामा Rāma's monkey-troops.

rāma's arrow, which had the peculiar property of hitting the mark and then returning to the quiver; a kind of fire-work. रामा a term of salutation among the Hindus. रामा a faithful promise.

rāmačča, s. The cuscus grass, Andropogon muricatum.

rāmāyaṇa, s. The epic poem, containing the history of Rāma. रामायण्, रामायनं, राम-, रामस्य- are some of the works on the same subject.

rāmāракta, s. Bleeding profusely.

rāme, s. Rāma, the seventh incarnation of Vishnu.

rāmēśvara, s. The celebrated place of pilgrimage in Madura.

rāya, rāye, s. An honorific affix to the names of Brahmans, etc. 2. a Tahsildar. 3. see राण.

rāyabhāri, s. An ambassador, envoy.

rāyarē, s. The moon.

rāyasā, s. A letter addressed by a sovereign or a spiritual guide to his subjects or followers. रायते to write or address such a letter.

rāri, s. Cheerfulness, animation, good spirits. राणुः
to be cheerful or in good spirits.

rali, s. See राली.

rayu, s. See रायु.

ravaki, s. See रवाकी.

ra, s. The king of Lanka or Ceylon, who was destroyed by Rāma; also रावाणा. The king of Lanka or Ceylon, who was destroyed by Rāma; also रावाणा.

A greedy man.

ra, s. See रायु.

ravute, s. A horseman, trooper.

ravuni, s. See रावुनि.

ra, s. Syrup made of sugarcane juice.

raśi, s. A heap, quantity.

2. abundance, plenty. 3. a sign of the zodiac; a month. — a crowd of people. — a grand festival. — or or and are different positions of constellations interpreted in astrology.

raśya, s. See राश्या.

raśṭra, s. An inhabited country, realm or region. — the Mahratta country.

rahu, s. The ascending node or caput draconis. 3. a sudden fit of apoplexy or paralysis. 4. a curse, deprecation. 5. voracity, ravenousness. — Elxocarpus dicera. — the diurnal situation of the ascending node; a fierce countenance. — to be voracious. — to be seized with a sudden fit of apoplexy or paralysis.

rahute, s. See राहुते.

rāla, s. Pitch, resin.

rakshase, s. An evil spirit, giant, demon, fiend.

rikābu, s. A stirrup.

rija, s. Punishment. — to chastise, punish.

ritikāyi, s. See रितिकायि.

riti, s. Taste, relish, sweetness. adj. Palatable, savoury. — to be tasteful; to relish, like. — to have a relish for. — to acquire a taste for; to attract one's attention. — रिती to taste, try.

ritu, s. See रितु.

rippē, s. See रिप्पे.

riyātu, s. Remission, abatement, as of revenue. 2. lenity, moderation, forbearance. — to treat leniently, as one's subordinates. — to abate in a demand, to be lenient in enforcing a penalty, etc.
\vspace{-2cm}

\begin{tabular}{p{0.4\textwidth}p{0.6\textwidth}}
\hline

\textbf{riva}, s. Custom, usage, practice.

\textbf{rishi}, see \textit{riva}.

\textbf{risālū}, see \textit{riva}.

\textbf{rikū}, s. A mystical prayer.

\textbf{riti}, s. Usage, custom, practice. 2. method, way, manner.

\textbf{rinu}, see \textit{riva}.

\textbf{ripu}, s. A reaper, lathe.

\textbf{rinda}, \textit{rundu}, \textit{rundi}, s. A skull. 2. the head severed from the body. -\textit{rinda} a necklace of skulls. -\textit{rindo} he will not yield even at the risk of his head.

\textbf{rundārapānjurli}, s. A demon so called.

\textbf{rundārē}, \textit{rundāvāna}, see \textit{rinda}.


\textbf{rundha}, \textit{rundha}, \textit{rundhī}, s. The grave of a Svāmi.

\textbf{rumbādhi}, s. The front of a crowd.

\textbf{rumbāli}, s. The name of a tribe.

\textbf{rumbāvuni}, \textit{c. v.} (of \textit{rumbu}) To make or cause to strip off, pluck off, as leaves from a stalk.

\textbf{rumbha}, \textit{rumbhu}, \textit{rumbhi}, \textit{rumbu}, see \textit{rumbu}.

\textbf{rumma}, \textit{adv.} With violence. -\textit{rumma} to shoot or throw with violence.

\textbf{rummuni} (\textit{rumu}), \textit{v. n.} To move hastily. 2. see \textit{rumbu}.

\textbf{ruči}, s. Taste, relish, sweetness; \textit{cf.} \textit{ruci}.

\textbf{ruji}, \textit{ruju}, s. A signature. 2. proof; \textit{also} \textit{ruci}. 3. assent, admission. \textit{adj.} True. -\textit{ruji} to be proved; to be brought home to; to be convicted. -\textit{ruji} to sign. -\textit{ruji} to prove.

\textbf{ruṭṭi}, see \textit{rui}.

\textbf{rūna}, s. Debt, obligation. -\textit{rūna} the sin of indebtedness.

\textbf{ruḍḍu}, -\textit{ruḍḍu} to discharge a debt. \textit{ruḍḍu} \textit{ruḍḍu} to be indebted or under obligation. \textit{ruḍḍu} the cremation of a person's remains cannot cancel his debt.

\textbf{ruṭa}, s. Improvement, bettering, turning to good account; \textit{cf.} \textit{ruti}. 2. see \textit{rudi}. -\textit{ruṭ} to be improved; to prosper.

\end{tabular}
to improve, make productive or profitable.

rutu, s. A season. 2. the menses. tātkāl, rutakāl, rutakāl, rudrakāl, rudrakša, rudraksh, rudrakshē, are the six seasons of a year.

rudra, adj. Pertaining to 1. parched, hot, dried. 2. a cemetery; parched land. 3. apoplexy.

rudrāksha, rudrākshi, rudrakshe, s. The berries of the Elaeocarpus lanceolatus. 2. -rūpi a rosary made with its berries.

rudri, s. One of the six Brahmans who take part in performing the sacrifice of rudre.

rudre, s. Śiva, the disperser of tears of mortals. 2. a demi-god.

rudhirōdgāri, s. The fifty-seventh year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

rupāyī, rupāi, s. A rupee.

rupāmu, s. A whirling sound, as of wind blowing violently. 2. wind to blow violently.

rumālū, s. A turban. 2. a handkerchief.

ruyya, adv. Noisily, with noise.

ruyi, ruvi, s. A pie.

rusi, rusi, rushi, s. A sage, saint.
rupu, ru-purupu, rūbarupu, rūburūbu, adv. Face to face, in one's presence.  - Españ to ask in person.  -rūbaru to confront.  -rūbu to see in person.  -rūru to speak personally.

rūmi, s. A cheat, rogue, hypocrite.  रुमी— a downright rascal.

rusu, s. Hardness, stiffness.

reṅkāvuni, c. v. (of रंक) To smear, soil.  2. to perform slowly; to delay, put off.

reṅkuni (रंकू), v. n. To be smeared, soiled.  2. to be dilatory, performed slowly; to linger, procrastinate.  3. to be delayed, put off.

reṅkē, s. A wing of a bird.  -reṅkē to pinion the wings.  -reṅkē to be fledged, as a bird.  -reṅkē to fade, faint, be exhausted.

reṅkerāgi, s. An inferior kind of rāgi.

reṅkele, s. An invalid, cripple, etc.  2. a slow coach.  3. a procrastinator.

reṅeci, see śecē.

reṅja, reṅji, reṅjiru, reṅjē, reṅjeyi, reṅjevu, s. The tree Minimusops elengi.

reṅjuni (रंजू), v. n. To dissolve, decay.  2. to roll, wallow, as in mire.

rekkē, s. A weaving apparatus.  2. see śecke.

reċčevu, s. Caladium esculentum.  -reċčevu the bulb of the same.  रेचए— a dark species of it.

reṭṭe, see रण.  2. see रत्न.

reppē, s. The eyelash, eyelid.  -reppē to confront.

resa, see रङ्.

rekshē, see रेष.

re, intj. Oh! halloo!

reǔji, s. A kind of conveyance resembling a hammock, a litter.  -reǔji to get into a litter.  -reǔji to travel in a litter.

reṇti, reṇṭi-kāyi, see सेतुकायि.

reṅkē, reṅkē rekē, rekhē, s. A line, streak, stroke.  -reṅkē geometry.  रेङ्— creases in the hand.

reğiıyuni (रेख्यू), v. n. To be excited.

reēana, see रेना.

redu, s. Debt; cf. रेदा.

reṇu, s. Dust, powder.

retaşū, s. Semen virile.

reṭi, s. Fine, black sand.

a sand or pounce box.

repha, s. The letter र or 5.

rebhānta, adj. Described, stated.
reya

reya, reyati, see 2. see 2.

raye, raye revani, revani, s.
Revenue, assessment. 2. the revenue department.

revati, s. Balarama’s wife. 2. the twenty-seventh lunar asterism.

revu, s. A harbour, port.

revu, revani, see 2.

reśi, s. Pus, matter of a boil, etc.

reśa, reśimi, reśhmi, s.
Silk. — to a silk cloth.

resa, see 2.

reite, s. A farmer, cultivator, ryot; also 2.

reis, s. A small coin; a cash; cf. 2.

reisuni (reis), v. n. To be clear, evident; to shine.

rokōti, see 2.

rokka, s. Money, wealth. 2. ready money, cash, small money or change.

roccu, see 2.

roja, s. Anything very little or small, a bit, trifle. adj. Little, small, trifling.

roṭi, s. Bread, a loaf. —, — a baker. — to bake. 2. wash the bread and drink the water, i. e., preserve the capital and live on the profit.

roṭu, s. Leanness. — to become thin, be emaciated.

rōdu, s. Patrolling, going the rounds, as a guard. — a patrole, watchman.

rōka, rōkati, rōki, rōkōti, adj. In cash or ready money.

rōga, s. Sickness, disease, indisposition. — a sick man; a leper. — to get sick; to have syphilis. — to be sick.

roganu, s. Varnish. —, — to varnish.

roča, s. Movement, motion.

rocana, s. A yellow pigment used as medicine, dye or perfume; bezoar. 2. a stomachic; a carminative.

roja, see 2.

roji, s. A day. 2. daily work. — earning, service, employment. — a workman, servant.

rojipini (roji), v. n. To be employed.

roṭu, s. Trouble, annoyance.

rodu, see 2.

rötri, s. A deceiver.

rodana, rōdana, rōdanē, s. Weeping, lamentation, crying.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sanskrit</th>
<th>English</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>रोपा</td>
<td>rōpa, s. Bewildering of the mind, confusion of ideas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रोमा</td>
<td>roma, s. The hair about the body. 2. hair, wool.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रोमानुः</td>
<td>rōmanu, adj. Roman.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रोशा</td>
<td>rōsha, s. Wrath, fury, anger.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रोशनुः</td>
<td>rōshanu, s. Shine, glitter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रोहिनी</td>
<td>rōhini, s. The mother of Balarama. 2. the fourth lunar asterism.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रोहिता, रोहिते</td>
<td>rōhita, adj. Red.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रोहिते</td>
<td>rōhite, s. A well-wisher.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sanskrit</th>
<th>English</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>रोकुला, see राजा.</td>
<td>roukula, see राजा.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रौद्रा, रौद्र</td>
<td>roudra, s. Wrath, rage.  adj. Fearful, formidable, terrific. 2. acute, violent. रौद्रां a terrible form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रौद्री</td>
<td>roudri, s. The fifty-fourth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रूरव, रूरवा</td>
<td>rourava, s. One of the divisions of Tartarus, hell; also रत्नदर्शिन.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रूलु</td>
<td>roulu, s. A mode of drum-beating.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रूवाने, रूवाने</td>
<td>rouvanè, adv. Suddenly; cf. बुधे.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>रौसुः, रौसुः</td>
<td>rousu, see राजा.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sanskrit</th>
<th>English</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ला</td>
<td>la, The forty-first letter of the alphabet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लंका, लंके</td>
<td>laṅka, laṅkē, s. Ceylon, the ancient capital of Rāvana; also लक्षद्वीप, लक्षमया.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लंकिनी, लंकिनी</td>
<td>laṅkini, A giantess who defended Laṅka. 2. a fierce, passionate woman.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लंगठे, लंगङ्दे, लंगादे</td>
<td>laṅgade, s. A cripple, lame man.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लंगा</td>
<td>laṅga, s. A gown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लंगारुः</td>
<td>laṅgaru, s. An anchor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लंगोति, लंगोति</td>
<td>laṅgōti, s. A cloth covering the privities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लंघनेः, लंघनेः</td>
<td>laṅghanē s. Fasting. 2. leaping, jumping.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लंदुः, लंदा</td>
<td>laṅḍu, laṅḍa, s. Obscenity, rudeness. 2. evil, wickedness; also लाठियाः adj. Obscene, rude. 2. evil, wicked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लंदे</td>
<td>laṅḍe, s. A rude or wicked man.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लूजुः, लूज्या लूज्या</td>
<td>laujā, s. Bribery, a bribe. लूज्या to give bribes. लूज्या to take bribes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लूजाः सौ लूजाः</td>
<td>laujā, s. Bribery, a bribe. लूजाः to give bribes. लूजाः to take bribes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लूजुः, लूज्या लूज्या</td>
<td>laujā, s. Bribery, a bribe. लूज्या to give bribes. लूज्या to take bribes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लूजिलुः</td>
<td>laujilu, see लूजाः.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लूजेलुः</td>
<td>laujelu, see लूजाः.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लूजलुः</td>
<td>laujelu, see लूजाः.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>लूजलेलुः</td>
<td>laujelelu, see लूजाः.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

L
lampa, s. Eagerness, desire for. indulging in carnal appetites.
lamba, lambasu, adj. Long, tall. 2. suspended. 3. expanded.
lambana, s. Hanging on, depending. 2. see lamba.
lambadi, see lamba.
lambanuge, s. Length.
lambu, adj. Tender.
lambe, s. A tender fruit.
lambodare, s. Large puffed. 2. Ganesa.
lakulaku, s. Shining, glittering, brilliant. to shine, glitter.
lakku, s. A kind of dove.
lakkamu, lagma, s. A bridle.
lakkasu, s. Devouring. 2. flogging.
lakasuni (lakasu), v. To eat, devour. 2. to beat, flog.
lagu, see lagasuni.
lagga, s. Compensation. 2. see lagasuni.
laggé, s. Crowding, thronging, assembling. 2. scaling.
lagna, s. The period selected for any auspicious ceremony, as the celebration of a mar-

lakhote, s. A folded letter. 2. an envelope, cover. 3. a small packet. 4. a pouch. to enclose in a cover; to put into a pouch. to fold a letter; to prepare an envelope.
lagubagü, adv. About, nearly, approximately.
laga, s. Taking or seizing, as a fort.
lagana, see lagasuni.
lagabaga, s. Hurry, haste.
lagada, s. Rubbing.
lagadi, s. Intercourse, interference, connexion. 2. trouble, annoyance, difficulty. 3. wickedness, mischief. 4. ruin. to annoy, dun; to ruin, eradicate, destroy. to interfere with.
lagamu, lagamu, s. A bridle.
lakulaku, adj. Shining, glittering, brilliant.
lakvuni, c. v. (of lakv.) To lift, raise. 2. to wake, rouse. 3. to steal, pilfer.
lakki, s. A kind of medicinal plant. a dark variety of this plant; a water-fowl.
lakkimi, see lakvi.
lakkuni (lakvuni), v. n. To rise, get up. 2. to stand up, arise. 3. to depart, start. to get away; to become loose.
lakké, s. A measure; a mark. a seer for measuring.
riage, etc. 2. the rising of a
sign, its appearance above
the horizon. 3. the celebra-
tion of a wedding or of investi-
ture with the sacred thread.
the rising of the moon
in a constellation. a
a natal star. to be
married, etc. to fix
a time for marriage, etc.
to marry, etc.
laghu, s. A short vowel.
2. sleight of hand, dexterity.
adj. Light; slight, trifling.
2. abating, on the decrease.
lačča, see ο.
laččana, see ο.
laččimi, see ο.
laččilu, s. A pasture
ground; a brushwood.
laččé, see ο.
laçja, lajje, s. Shame,
modesty, bashfulness.
lajjande, s. A shameless
fellow.
latupatij, latupat, latā-
patā, s. A noise of breaking
sticks, etc. 2. fighting, quar-
relling. 3. slapping; cf. लांचा.
latu, latu, s. A top.
2. a stick, rod.
lattê, s. The arm. 2. a
staff, cudgel.
laddayi, s. A battle, fight,
contest. to fight, quarrel.

lagdu, lagdi, laddu, laddigê,
laddu, s. A ball of sweetmeat.
lata, lata, latađu, latađu, s.
Pressure, urgency. 2. press,
thronging. 3. difficulty, per-
plexity, trouble, hardship, an-
noyance. लापवुनि—pressure of
work. लापवुनि—need of money,
being pressed for money.
to be overworked.
to be involved
in difficulties.
lavali, s. Obstacles.
2. pain.
latty, adj. Young, tender,
unripe, green. 2. imperfect,
rough. a tender mango.
tender age. immature understanding,
thoughtlessness. he acted
imprudently, he was hasty.
the thing did not succeed;
the business spoiled.
latta, s. A creeper.
lattandé, lattane, s. Lentil,
Dolichos catjang.
lattê, s. A die; a game of
dice. 2. a blow. playing at dice.
to give a blow.
ladda, adv. Wholly.
laddi, s. The dung of a
horse, elephant, etc. to void excrement.
lappavuni, c. v. (of ला
) To make or cause to
measure.
**lappu**

s. Measurement.

adj. Measuring.

-ಚuc a measuring rod.

**lappuni** (v.), v. a. To measure, mete.

n. To cough.

2. To sneeze.

-తm to measure rice.

-తm to cough.

-తm to sneeze.

**lapramu**,

s. A pulley.

**laba**,

s. Fear.

**labalaba**,

s. A noise made by crying and beating the mouth.

2. Crying, lamentation, weeping.

-బm a confused noise of talking loudly or indistinctly.

-తm to beat the mouth while crying.

**labadi**,

s. Dissimulation, hypocrisy, deceit, pretence, fraud.

2. A false promise.

3. A hypocrite, cheat, rogue.

-కm to deceive, cheat, dissipulate; also -తm.

**labha**,

s. The product.

-తm a profit, gain.

**labbe**,

s. One of a class of Tamil Mahommedans.

2. A Mahommedan weaver.

**laya**,

s. Loss, destruction, ruin.

-తm to perish, be destroyed, ruined.

**layisu**, adj. Accomplished.

2. Ready.

**lalantige**,

s. A necklace.

**lalanë**,

s. A woman.

**lalata**,

s. The forehead.

**laskaru**,

s. A line on the forehead; fate.

**lalla**,

s. In-sincere love, pretended affection; also -తm.

-తm to fondle; to flirt.

**lava**,

s. The sixtieth part of the twinkling of an eye.

2. An atom, mote.

adj. Small, little, minute; also -తm.

-తm a small streak, a minute portion of anything.

**lavainga**,

s. The clove tree; cloves.

-తm mace.

**lava**,

s. Salt.

**lavanithi**,

see དབུ་.

**lavadana**,

s. A moment.

**lavadi**,

see ང་.

**lavane**,

s. A man of the Brinjari caste. 5 the Brinjari people.

**lave**,

s. A son of Rama.

2. see ང་.

**laskaru**,

s. A camp-follower.

2. A soldier; a sailor.

**lahari**,

s. Intoxication, drunkenness.

**laksha**,

s. A lac, one hundred thousand.

2. see ང་. 3. ང་ more than a lac, many lacs.

**laksha**,

s. A property, peculiarity, indication, or predicate.

2. Mark, sign.

3. Beauty, neatness, perfection, in outward shape or form.
4. fortune. लक्ष, लक्ष्य - a bad sign.

लक्षधिप, s. A general illumination festival in honour of an idol.

लक्षपुज्ञ, s. Worshipping an idol with a profusion of flowers.

लक्षपूज, लक्षिन, लक्षिनि, लक्षिनु (लक्षिन), v. a. To esteem, regard, care for. 2. to aim.

लक्षः, see लक्षः.

लक्ष्मण, s. Rama's younger brother. 2. the name of a man.

लक्ष्मी, s. The wife of Vishnu, the goddess of wealth and property. 2. success, fortune, prosperity, riches, wealth. लक्ष्मी - rich in wealth. लक्ष्मी - rich in courage.

लक्ष्य, s. Regard, respect, care for. लक्ष्य to care for, be provident. लक्ष्य to regard.

ला, A conjunctive affix meaning and, also; as, जैसा उन से house and garden; जैसा उन से this and that; जैसा still, yet; जैसा always; जैसा though it be, but, nevertheless; जैसा उन से here and there.

लाँच, लांचन, लाँचनि, लाँचना, लांचने, लांचे, s. A mark, sign. 2. a spot; a bit. adj. Very little or small.

लांत, लांतस्तु, लांतस्तु, लांदरु, see लांतस्तु.

लांबी, s. Length. 2. hitting the ball from above in a game of cricket, etc.

लांबू, s. A mushroom, toad-stool, fungus. 2. nonage. adj. Tender. लांबू, लांबू, लांबू, लांबू, लांबू, लांबू, लांबू, लांबू are different species of fungus.

लाकि, s. A half-grown hen. 2. see लाकि.

ला, लाग, लागा, लाग्या, s. A summerset, jump, leap. ला to make a summerset.

लागाता, लागाता, लागाता, लागाता, लागाता, लागाता, लागाता, लागाता, s. Jumping, leaping.

लागायिता, लागायिता, लागायिता, लागायिता, लागायिता, लागायिता, लागायिता, लागायिता, s. Beginning, commencement.

लागियुि, लागियुि, लागियुि, लागियुि, लागियुि, की, लागियुि, लागियुि (लागियुि), v. n. To leap, jump, skip.

लाचू, लाचू, लाचू, लाचू, लाचू, लाचू, लाचू, लाचू, adj. Reduced, helpless, in difficult circumstances. 2. weak, debilitated. लाचू difficultly, helplessness. लाचू to be in difficulty. लाचू to become weak, as from sickness.

लाचू, adj. Tender, soft.

लातु, adj. Inexact, not precise, superficial, loose. लातु superficial work. लातु
to do a thing superficially.

A s. A lantern.

A s. A spinning wheel.
2. a pulley used for drawing water.

A s. A line, row, group.

A s. A horse shoe.

, s. , see .

A s. A kick. 2. disgrace; reproof.

A s. Gain, profit, advantage.

there is no enmity where an advantage is concerned.

A s. A stable.

- a horse-stable.

, , , adj. Suitable, proper, fit, convenient, commodious. 2. nice, pretty.

A adj. Red, crimson.
2. flushed with inebriation, drunk. - to be drunk.

, , A, see .

, s. A farrier.

A, s. Caressing, fondling. - to fondle, caress, dandle.

s. Walking to and fro; frequenting. 2. wandering. 3. see . - to frequent, walk to and fro.

, , lālipuni, lālisuni ( , ), v. a. To listen, attend to. 2. to fondle, caress.

A, see .

A, s. The grass Andropogon muricatum.

A, s. The quail; also .

, , lāvani, lāvanē, s. A tune so called. 2. a ballad.

s. A weaver's shuttle.
2. see . 3. see .

, see .

s. Shell lac.

A, s. The penis. 2. the phalus, or Śiva under that form or emblem. 3. gender, gram. a Lingait, one who wears the liṅgā. - the neuter gender. the masculine gender. the feminine gender. to wear the liṅgā.

A, see .

, , limbi, limbē, s. The lemon fruit, Citrus bergamia; also .

likhita, adj. Written. s. see . , - , - fate, as supposed to have been inscribed upon the scull by Brahma.

s. Hand-writing, a written paper, etc. 2. destiny. - fate; an act which is irrevocable or unalterable.

s. Play, sport, pastime, frolic. - children's sport.

A, s. A checkered garment worn by a Mussalman.
lunda, adj. Confused, confounded, mingled. s. see lunde.

lunda, see see

lumbavuni, c. v. (of lumbavuni) To cause to plunge, wash, rinse.

lumbuni (lumbu), v. a. To plunge, wash, rinse.

lukalyu, see see

luksanu, s. Loss, damage. — see an ale-house, liquor shop, slg.

lucca, adj. Mean, base, low, worthless. — see meanness, baseness, vulgarity.

lucce, s. A base fellow.

lutayisuni (lutoosu), v. a. To pillage, sack, plunder.

lutuka, s. The cracking of the fingers.

lubdha, adj. Covetous, greedy. also a miser, covetous man.

lutaluti, s. Plundering, sacking. 2. mischief, harm.

luti, s. Mischief, misbehaviour. 2. plunder, pillage. — see a mischief-maker; a plunderer. — see to make or cause mischief; to plunder, extort.

luti, s. A cutaneous disease; also see. — see a kind of nut used in medicine for this disease.

leuki, adj. Timid. — see timid people.

leinju, s. A dark cloth.

leinjini, see see

leiniguni, leikiri, s. A thin kind of bamboo.

leinjuni, see see

leinju, s. A slave, servant.

leinju, see see

leinju, s. A ladder, flight of stairs.

lenda, adj. Wicked, evil.

lendel, s. A topknot, tuft of hair, tresses. 2. a lump of dung. — see, — see to tie the hair into a knot.

lekka, conj. That, in order that. adv. As, like, according to; also see. s. see also. try to come. see he resembles that man.

lekkanada, see see. 2. see

lekkanu, lekkanigee, lekkanjini, s. A demon so called.

lekkiyuni (lukyu), v. a. To count, reckon up. 2. to estimate, regard, esteem.

lekkesiri, s. A demon so called.

lekkha, s. An account, reckoning, arithmetic. 2. con-
to examine or audit an account. to write out an account. to count. to charge or enter to one's account.

accounts. 2. money transactions.

To cause to call, to send for.

A call. 2. the distance at which a loud cry can be heard.

leppu, s. A call. 2. the distance at which a loud cry can be heard.

leppuni (of.), v.a. To call. 2. to invite to an entertainment.

lebbe, see ॉॉ.

lekhani, likhanī, see ॉॉॉ.

Writing, scripture. 2. an epistle, letter.

lekhe, see ॉॉ.

lejhamu, s. A kind of arrow.

lēdu, lēdē, s. Denying. to deny.

lepa, lepana, s. Smearing, plastering. 2. a liment, salve, ointment. to apply a liment or ointment.

lēryu, see ॉॉ.

lele, s. Dancing of the Pariahs.

levadi, s. A kind of sweet.

levadi, levādevi, s. Borrowing and lending, usury; dealing.

lēvu, s. A cry. to cry.

leve, s. A kind of decoration.

leśa, s. A bit, small quantity. adj. Small, little. only a little.

leśa, lesū, lēsu, s. An auspicious ceremony or event. 2. a handkerchief. adj. Excellent, good; cf. दैव, दैव.

a host, one who receives or entertains guests. to be excellent; to be well done. to perform an auspicious ceremony.

leha, s. An electuary in medicine.

leipuni (of.), v.n. To jump, leap; also अलिपुण; cf. दैव, दैव.

leilāmu, s. Auction. to sell by auction.

leisū, s. Preparing, providing, making ready, completing, finishing. to be ready; to be accomplished, finished. to prepare, make ready; to accomplish, finish.

lotṭulotṭu, see ॉॉ

lotṭe, s. A lie, falsehood, fib. adj. False, untrue.
loda, adj. Loose. 2. unreserved. —adj open, frank; public.

lōka, s. A division of the universe; an inhabited place, region, world. 2. the world of people, mankind. —the three worlds, namely: वेच़—heaven, जग—earth, and खोन—hell. —अणु, —अणु an earthly ruler, king.

lōkānta, adj. Public, spread abroad. —को to transpire, become public.

lōkāntara, s. Another world. —को to die.

lōkāntya, s. The end of the world.

lōkākāra, s. The manner of the world; worldly custom or practice.

lōcana, s. The eye. 2. sight, seeing.

lōta, lōtu, s. A crowd or throng of people; over-crowdedness.

lōdu, s. A cushion to lean the back against. —को to place such a cushion.

lōpa, s. Rejection, expunging, cutting off in general. 2. elision, ellipsis, gram. — the dropping of a letter. —को omitting part of one's duty. —को deficiency in wealth. —को to be left out or dropped; to decrease, become less and less, be wasted. —को to omit, drop; to waste.

lōpisuni (लोपिसु), v. a. To omit, drop. v. n. To be omitted; to suffer elision. 2. to disappear.

lōbha, s. Covetousness, avarice, stinginess. —को parsimony, avarice.

lōbhana, s. A fragrant resin, incense. —को myrrh. —को frankincense, resin of Boswellia thurifera; also लोभसुका.

lōbi, lōbishte, s. An avaricious man, miser.

lōma, see लोम.

lōla, lōlē, adj. Desirous, wishing, bent on, fond of. 2. moving, shaking.

lōlisara, see लोलिसर under लोलिसर.

lōve, s. Steel. 2. see लोव.

lōha, s. Metal. —को a rail-way.

lōli, lōlē, see लोल.

lounḍi, s. A strumpet, whore, harlot.

lounḍri, s. The penis, obsc.

loukika, loukika, adj. Worldly, secular.

loukika, s. A worldly man; a layman.
va, The forty-second letter of the alphabet.

For words not found under this initial see under v.

vañki, s. A fimbriated gold ornament.

vaṅga, s. The white oxide of lead. 2. tin. 3. the ancient province of Bengal. —vañcal calcined oxide of lead, sugar of lead.

vańcake, s. A cheat, deceiver, hypocrite.

vańcanē, s. Deceit, deception, delusion, fraud, hoax, hypocrisy.

vańcipuni, vańcisuni (vań, vańc), v. a.
To deceive, defraud.

vańji, see vań.

vantakāri, see vańtaka.

vante, vantedi, Masculine and feminine affixes implying the possession of certain dispositions, qualities, etc. vańśa a wise man. vańśa a righteous man. vańśa a handsome woman.

vańnē, s. A bow, obesiance, reverence, worshiping, salutation. —vań to reverence, salute.

vańpunē, vańpunē, vaṇipuni, vaṇīsuni (vaṇ, vaṇē), v. a.
To reverence, worship, salute.

vamukha, see vam.

vaṅku, see vaṅ.

vaṁbuni (vaṁ), v. n.
To quarrel, fight. 2. to grasp.

vaṁsa, vaṁsa, s. A race, generation, lineage, family.

vaṁśāvali, s. A genealogy, line of descent.

vakalatū, vakalatū, s. A power of attorney, commission, agency.

vakile, s. A pleader, vakil, advocate, agent.

vaṅā, vaṅā, vaṅā, vaṅā, s. The style of a letter. 2. a literary composition, diction.

vakra, adj. Bent, awry, crooked. 2. malignant, cruel.

vaṅē, postp. Etcetera, and so forth.

vacana, s. A word, speech, sentence, dictum, aphorism. — the singular number.

vači, the plural number.

vačipuni (vač), v. a.
To speak.

vaź, vaźa, vaźa, s. Deduction, subtraction, remission; also vaź. —vaź, —vaź to deduct, remit.

vajaya, s. Paying, payment; cf. vaź.

vajaya, s. Form, shape. —vaź of like form or shape, a chip of the old block.
vajira, see vaj.

vajirum, vajire, s. A prime minister. 2. the queen, in cards.

vajra, s. A diamond. 2. one of the astronomical yogas. adj. Hard, strong. — a strong constitution of body. — a coat of mail. — a hard blow. — the weapon of Indra; a thunderbolt.

vajrayussu, vajrousa, s. Longevity, long life.

vata, s. The large banyan, *Ficus religiosa.* — the leaf of it.

vatara, s. The compound or enclosure of a house, vicinity.

vattam, see vatta.

vadè, s. A kind of cake.

vaddyan, see vadhu.

vanānāna, s. A kind of vegetable, *Alternanthera sessilis.*

vanasū, see varasū.

vattasū, see vaddhi. 2. see vaddhi.

vatti, see vaddhi. 2. see vaddhi.

vatsanābi, vatsanābhi, s. An active vegetable poison, *Aconitum ferox.*

vatsara, s. A year; also 

vatsale, s. A kind, affectionate man. — God who is gracious to His devotees.

vadana, s. The mouth, visage, face, countenance.

vadhu, s. A woman, bride, wife. — bride and bridegroom.

vadhè, s. Killing, murder. — to kill.

vana, s. A grove, garden, park, forest, wood. — residence in a forest for religious purposes. — one who resides in a forest, a hermit. — a pleasure garden. — a garden near a house or town.

vamana, s. Oblation. 2. vomiting.

vayana, s. Manner, circumstance, way; the art of doing a thing. 2. a device, scheme, expedient. 3. artifice, dodge.

vayaluni (vayalyuni), v. n. To totter, reel, stagger. 2. to shake, be agitated.

vayina, see vayina.

vayilu, see vayilu.

vayyara, see vayyara.

vara, s. A blessing, boon, gift. 2. a bridegroom. adj. Best, excellent.

vara, s. Envy, rancour, deep animosity, hatred. adj. Malicious, vicious. — ob-
struction of business from malice or spite. — to bear malice.

vara, varada, s. A veranda.

vara, varaka, s. Gilt, gold leaf.

vara, varaka, s. A fountain, spring.

vara, varatuni (varatuni), v. a. To chaffer. 2. to trouble, dun; cf. varadak.

vara, varate, see varada.

vara, varatele, s. A haggler, one who chaffers. 2. a teasing fellow.

vara, varana, varanu, s. A pagoda, four rupees; also varuna.

vara, varada, adj. Favorable.

vara, varadi, see varada.

vara, varaha, see varada.

vara, varuna, varune, s. Uranus, the Hindu Neptune, regent of the west, the god of water and rain.

vara, varusha, see varada.

varga, s. A class, tribe. 2. a chapter, section. 3. transfer, removal to another place. 4. tenure of land, proprietary right; also varsh. — to transfer.

vargipuni, vargisuni (vargipuni), v. a. To square, multiply a number by itself; also varsh.
rancour, grudge, spite.  2. see vā. —स a vital point. —स्व, —स्वः to pursue with rancour.

varmalataye, s. A demon so called.

varsha, vars, s. A year. 2. rain; cf. वर्ष.

varsha, वर्ष, s. A year. 2. rain; cf. वर्ष.

vastu, वास्तु, s. A thing, matter, substance.

vasti, वास्ती, s. Halting, sojourning. 2. see वास्त. —स्व to halt, stay.

vastra, वास्त्र, s. Cloth, raiment.

vaksha, s. The heart.


vāṅku, वाङ्कु, s. The felloe, outer rim of a wheel; jaunt.

vāṅkadē, see वाङ्कादेः.

vaṅgmūla, वाङ्गमुल, s. A deposition, statement.

vānti, वांती, vāntē, s. Vomiting. —आ to retch, feel nausea. —चो चो cholera. —अ to vomit.

vakṣu, वक्षु, वाक्षु, s. A word, speech. 2. a rule. 3. an imprecation, curse. 4. an imaginary danger or risk. —चो to curse, imprecate. —स्व to curse, cleave; to be affected with an imprecation. —स्व to curse, cleave; to be affected with an imprecation. —स्व to curse, imprecate. —स्व to curse, denounce. —स्व to absolve from a curse.

vākaṭūrya, s. Eloquence. —स्व an eloquent man.

vākmūla, वाक्मुल, see वाक्मुल.

vākya, s. A sentence. 2. a rule.
vāgdanda, s. Reproof, reprimand.

vāgdatta, vāgda, s. A promise.

vāgvāda, s. Quarrel, dispute.

vācaka, vācana, s. Facility in reading; reading. to read.

vācāta, vācāta, s. Quarrel, dispute. to quarrel, dispute.

vācāduni (vācāduni), v. a. To quarrel, dispute.

vācālaka, s. A great talker, eloquent man.

vācita, s. Reading.

vācoule, s. Talkativeness, loquacity.

vācyā, adj. Fit to be uttered. 2. see vācyā, improper to be spoken.

vāja, s. Speed, haste, swiftness.

vājabi, vājmi, adj. Reasonable, proper, right, just. a proper, true word.

vāta, see vāta.

vātepuli, see vātepuli.

vādike, vādigē, s. Custom, usage, practice.

vāta, s. Rheumatism; gout, arthritis. 2. see vāyi. gout; swelling of the joints. paralysis. inflammation of the joints. to suffer from rheumatism.

vātsalya, s. Parental affection, love, tenderness; sympathy. 2. home-sickness.

vāḍu, s. Way, road.

vāḍu, vāḍa, s. A dissertation, discourse, dispute, contention, discussion. to discuss, dispute.

vāḍi, s. A plaintiff. a defendant, respondent.

vādikē, see vāḍu.

vādipuni, vādisuni (vādisuni), v. n. To argue, discuss, dispute.

vāḍya, s. Instrumental music. 2. any musical instrument. a musician. to play on a musical instrument.

vānaprasthe, s. A hermit, anchorite. [monkey.

vānare, s. An ape or

vāpāsu, adv. Again, behind, back, returning. s. Return. to return, give back.

vāmane, s. A dwarf.

vānaprasthe the fifth incarnation of Vishnu.

vāyavya, s. The north-west quarter. adj. Relating to the wind.

vāyi, s. Flatulence, windiness. 2. gout, rheumatism. 3. see vāyi.
vayi, vayida, vayidē, s. An instalment, term of payment.

vayilangū, vayivilanga, s. The seeds of Erycibe paniculata.

vayu, s. Wind, air. 2. see vaayu.

vāru, s. Auction. 2. a rod, yard. —न वारा, —हि to put to auction.

vāra, s. A time. —हि twice; —हि once.

vāra, s. A week day. 2. a week. —त चतुर्थी, —मध्ये, —वर्ष Sunday; —मेझी, —हप्त्री Monday; —तीत्री Tuesday; —अष्ट्री Wednesday; —शेत्री Thursday; —चतुर्थी Friday; —पार्श्वी Saturday. कृत्ति on what day? कृत्ति from week to week.

vāranṭu, s. A warrant to seize an offender, goods, etc.

vāratē, see स. वातावरण.

vārisy, s. Heirship, ownership; a claim. —कर, —कर an heir, proprietor, owner, claimant.

vāru, see स. वातावरण.

vārē, see स. वातावरण.

vārjika, vārjigē, s. Haggling, chaffering, haggling, as in a bargain. —हि to haggle.

vārjita, see स. वातावरण.

vārtē, s. Tidings, news. —हि good news, gospel.

vālaga, see हि.

vālē, see हि.

vālemanāngū, see हि.

vāleisuni (वालेसु), v. a. To do homage. 2. to serve.

vālmiki, s. A sage, the author of Rāmaṇa.

vāva, see under हि.

vāsi, adj. Improved, better, either in health or quality; preferable. s. Health, recovering. 2. preference. 3. fame. 4. an affix added to words denoting fractions, as a mere expletive; as, हि half; — टक one-fourth. धिक virtue of the hand; skill.

vās, unequal balances. कृत्ति, see under स. सया इ to be cured. —हि to cure. अभियोग to this is preferable to that.

vāsa, vāsatē, s. An abode, dwelling, habitation. —हि to dwell, abide.

vāsanē, s. Scent, smell, odour. अभियोग a stench, disagreeable smell. अभियोग a good smell, fragrance.

vāsudēve, s. A name of Kṛuṣṇa. 2. a proper name.

vāsi, s. An inhabitant. 2. see हि.
vāsī, vāsipuni, vāsisuni (क्रिया), v. a. To dwell, reside.

vāstavya, s. Dwelling, residence. रहते to dwell.

vāhana, s. A conveyance, vehicle, chariot, waggon.

vāhva, intj. of approbation. रता to applaud.

vāla, vāle, vālya, s. A protuberance, swelling.

2. a bubo produced by venereal affection; also रता, रता.

vāksha, see वाक्ष.

vīngada, s. Separation, parting. adj. Separate, distinct, apart. रते to separate, divide, set apart.

vindhya, s. A range of mountains so called.

vīkatā, adj. Terrific, awful, frightful. 2. austere, severe. रता a frightful form.

vikalpa, s. Doubt, indcision. 2. alternative. 3. offence, displeasure. रत to disagree, be at variance.

vikāra, s. Transformation, alteration, change. 2. sickness. adj. Ugly. 2. unnatural. रता an unnatural disposition. रता an ugly man.

vikāri, s. The twenty-third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

vikāsa, s. Expansion; of vikranta.

vikirna, adj. Scattered, diffused, spread about. 2. dissolved.

vikrūta, adj. Changed. 2. ugly.

vikrūti, s. The twenty-fourth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. change. adj. Wicked.

vikrama, s. Heroism, valour, strength. 2. the fourteenth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

vikramāditye, vikramārke, s. A celebrated sovereign.

vikraya, s. Selling, vending.

vigada, adj. Terrific, severe. 2. opposed, contrary.

vigraha, s. An idol, image. रता an idolator. रता an idolatry.

vighalige, s. The sixtieth part of a yojana.

vighata, s. An hinderance, obstacle; a prohibition.

vighna, s. An impediment, obstacle.

vighnēsvare, s. Gaṇeśa, the remover of obstacles.

vikakshana, adj. Clever, able, wise. रता a clever man.
vid̄ava, s. Investigation, consideration, judging. 2. solicitude, anxiety. —नाहे to investigate. नाहे to be solicitous.

vid̄ara, vićara, vicāranē, s. Investigation, examination, inquiry. 2. consideration, thought. 3. superintendence, management; also विज्ञान. —नाहे to examine; to superintend; to inquire.

vicāripuni (विचार) v. a. To investigate, examine, inquire.

vicitra, s. A curiosity, wonderful thing. adj. Beautiful, wonderful, variegated, curious. —हे a wonderful act or workmanship. —हे a beautiful form.

vicīrṇa, vićīrṇa, s. Agreeableness. adj. Pleasant, beautiful. 2. wonderful.

vijaya, s. Victory, conquest, triumph. 2. the twenty-seventh year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. —वि Bijapur.

vijāryu, s. Trowsers.

vijnāpanē, s. A petition, application, solicitation. —नाहे to solicit, request.

vīta, s. Whoredom, lewdness, gallantry. —नाहे a gallant, seducer, lewd man; a fop.
vidha, s. Form, formula, rule. 2. manner, kind, sort. -तः various, of different sorts.

vidhavē, s. A widow.

vidhāna, s. Rule, precept. 2. form, mode, manner.

vidhī, s. Fate, luck, destiny. 2. rule, precept, formula. 3. text. 4. order, command. 5. the imperative mood, gram.

vidhura, s. Separation. adj. Confused.

vidhure, s. A widower.

vidhāya, adj. Obedient, pliant, tractable. -e, -ē to be obedient.

vinanti, s. Petition, request.

vinaya, s. Modesty, affability, humility, mildness. 2. reverence, obeisance. 3. decorum. 4. see vinayakē. -ē an unusual or improper act. -अ an unusual event or circumstance.

vipre, s. A Brahman.

vibhakta, adj. Divided, apportioned. 2. parted, separated. अ undivided.

vibhakti, s. The inflection or case of a noun. अ the nominative case.

vibhakte, s. A divided member of a family.

vinayake, s. Gaṇēśa. a feast on the fourth day of the sixth lunar month, in commemoration of Gaṇēśa's going to call his mother Pārvati.

vināyisuni (अन्येनु), v. a. To except, exempt, exclude.
Śiva smear themselves. 2. superhuman power. 3. divine grace, manifestation, glory.

vimā, s. Investigation, inquiry. जुनी— review, as of a decree.

vimāna, s. A kind of air balloon or car, self-directed and self-moving. 2. a chariot of the gods.

vimukti, s. Liberation, final emancipation from future births.

vimūcane, s. Pardoning, absolving, cancelling. 2. releasing, quitting. 3. redemption, liberation. —भू मन to pardon, release, absolve; to deliver.

viyoga, s. Separation, disunion. 2. bereavement, loss. 3. subtraction.

virahita, adj. Left, abandoned, diverted. —भू मन to exclude, discard.

virāga, s. Disregard of all carnal enjoyments, absence of passion.

viruddha, adj. Opposed, hindered; contrary, opposite.

virupa, adj. Deformed, ugly.

virūpākshe, s. Śiva, having an unusual eye in the centre of his forehead.

virēcanē, s. Purging; evacuation; also विरीष्ठ.

virōdha, s. Animosity, opposition, contradiction. 2. prevention, hinderance. —भू मन, —भू मन, see विरोध, —भू मन to speak against. —भू मन, भू मन to oppose.

virōdhi, s. An opponent, adversary, enemy. 2. the twenty-third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

virōdhikrūtu, s. The forty-fifth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

vilamba, see विलंब.

vilambi, s. The thirty-second year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

vilayati, s. Europe. adj. European. —कं च chalk.

vilakshana, adj. Extraordinary, unprecedented, peculiar.

vilāsū, s. Superscription, mark or direction. 2. the price of a cloth, etc., marked on it. जद— the address of a letter.

vilāsa, s. Sport, pastime. 2. dalliance, wantonness, coquetry.

vilē, vilēvarī, s. Distribution, apportioning, arranging.

vivara, vivaranē, s. Explanation, particulars, detail. 2. circumstances, matter, affair.
viva

vivaripuni (vivaripuni), v. a.
To explain at large; to describe distinctly.
vivāka, see viva.
vivāda, s. Dispute, quarrel, law-suit.
vivāha, s. A wedding, marriage, matrimony.
vividha, adj. Diverse, various.
vivēka, s. Judgment, discernment, discrimination. 2. reconciliation.
&c to be reconciled. — to reconcile.
vikī, s. A sensible man.
viṣa, see viva.
viṣaya, see vīṣaya.
viṣākhē, s. The sixteenth lunar mansion.
viṣāla, s. Diffusion, extension. 2. the firmament.
adj. Wide, roomy, capacious, spacious.
vīṣishta, adj. All.
viṣu, see vīṣu.
viṣuddha, adj. Pure, clean. 2. pious, virtuous.
viṣēsha, s. Sort, kind, manner. 2. distinction, difference. 3. eminence. 4. any thing unusual. adj. Distinct, different. 2. unusual, extraordinary. 3. much, great.
— a festive day. — superior talents. — an extraordinary affair, some-
thing unusual. — to distinguish; to make much of.
viṣeshana, s. An attribute or adjective. 2. distinguishing, discriminating.
— an adverb.
viṣrama, s. Repose, rest.
viṣramipuni, viṣramisuni (vīṣrami), v. n. To rest, repose.
viṣrānti, s. Repose, rest.
— to repress, rest.
viṣva, s. The world, universe; all. — Lord of the world; Śiva; a proper name.
viṣvāmitre, s. A monarch who became a Brahmārushi.
viṣvāvasu, s. The thirty-ninth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.
viṣvāsa, s. Faith, confidence, belief. 2. kindness, intimacy, favour. — a betrayer of trust or confidence.
viṣvāsisuni (vīṣvāsisu), v. a. To believe, trust.
viṣve, s. The heavenly architect.
visha, adj. Odd (in numbers). 2. uneven, rough. 3. painful, difficult, troublesome.

vishaya, s. Any object of sense, any thing perceived by the sense; any object in general. 2. reference, relation, as to a person, place, etc. 3. the topic or subject of a discourse, etc. 4. semen virile.

postps. Respecting, regarding. विषयेन in this respect. विषयेन in what respect? on what subject? विषयः I am ignorant of that subject. विषयं uxorious. विषयं inordinate devotion to women; lewdness.

vishu, s. The fifteenth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. the vernal equinox; the feast observed on that day.

vishnu, s. The second of the Hindu triad.

vishnukranti, s. The plant *Evolvulus alsinoides*, used as a decoction in fevers.

visa, see विषयः.

visarga, s. The soft aspirate व.

visarjané, s. Quitting, relinquishing; dismissing.

visarjisuni (विषयिः), v. a. To relinquish, abandon.

visesa, see विषयः.

vistaripuni (विषयः), v. a. To make prolix; to diffuse, publish.

vistāra, s. Diffusion, extension. 2. abundance, plenty. 3. prolixity. —स्त्री to become diffused, spread abroad; to extend, expand, dilate; to transpire, become public.

—स्त्रीं, see विषयः.

vistirna, adj. Spread, extended, expanded. 2. large, great. s. Area, space, extent.

vismaya, s. Wonder, surprise. —स्त्रीं to be surprised.

vismruti, s. Forgetfulness.

vihita, adj. Friendly, amiable. 2. fit, proper. 3. true, certain. —स्त्रीं a fact. —स्त्रीं a friendly or proper manner.

vilamba, s. Slowness, tardiness; delay, procrastination.

vilambi, see विद्याः.

vilasā, see विद्याः.

vīnē, s. The Indian lute.

vīra, adj. Brave, valiant, strong, powerful. —स्त्रीं —वीरिः heroism, bravery.

virabhadre, s. One of Śiva's attendants.

vire, s. A hero, champion, warrior, brave man. विषयः a great hero, very brave man.
virya, s. Heroism. 2. strength, vigour. 3. fortitude, firmness. 4. semen virile.

veda, ved, visu, visa, s. A sixteenth. 2. a weight of gold equal to a grain of rice.
vilè, vila, s. The betel leaf.

virya, see veda.
vrsā, visa, s. A sixteen.

vlsu, visa, s. A weight of gold equal to a grain of rice.
mvre, vrilya, s. The betel leaf.

vruddhā, adj. Useless, fruitless. 2. incorrect. adv. In vain.

vruddha, adj. Old, aged, ancient. 2. wise, learned.
vruddhāpya, s. Old age.
vruddhi, s. Enlargement, increase, augmentation, extension. 2. prosperity, success.
vruddhe, s. An old man; an experienced man.

vrūya, see veda.

vruscika, s. A scorpion.

2. the sign Scorpio; the eighth solar month when the sun is in Scorpio.

vrushabha, s. A bull. 2. the sign Taurus; the second solar month when the sun is in Taurus.

vṛṣṭi, s. Rain. ṛṣṭi—drought. ṛṣṭa—a shower of gold; a good shower of rain. ṛṣṭa—a shower of flowers.

vṛksha, s. A tree.

venkatagiri, s. The sacred hill of Tirupati.

venkataramane, s. Vishnu worshipped at Tiru-

pati, etc., under this designation.

veča, s. Expenditure, expense. ṭhī—income and expense.

vejja, vejha, see veda.

vetyāsa, see veda.

vethè, see veda.

veddē, adj. Moist, wet.

vṛttā, see veda.

vėga, s. Speed, velocity, quickness. adj. Quick, speedy.

vėjya, see veda.

veda, s. The principal sacred writings of the Hindus, which are four in number, namely, the four Vedas, and the supplementary Vedas. The true Veda, the Bible.
veda, vēdanē, vēdhanē, s. Pain, agony, distress. 2. sensation, perception.
vedāṅga, s. A subordinate part of the Vedas.
vedānta, s. The Upanishads or theological part of the Vedas.
vedānti, s. An adherent to the Vedanta system.
vēdi, vēdikē, s. A raised floor, especially one used as an altar. 2. a pulpit.
vēlē, see vei.
vēṣāstri, vēṣyē, s. A professional dancing girl, prostitute, harlot.
vēsha, vēsa, s. A mask, disguise. 2. ornament, dress, decoration.
veiky, for what?
veikuntha, s. The paradise of Vishnu.
veiçaru, see veiā.
veijayanti, s. The garland of Vishnu. 2. a flag.
veidūrya, veidhūrya, s. A gem of a fine azure-blue colour, Lapis lazuli, beryl.
veidika, adj. Conformable to the Vedas; scriptural. 2. spiritual.
veidike, s. A Brahman well versed in the Vedas. 2. a priest. 3. a doctor of law.
veidya, s. The science of medicine; also veidvēla. 2. medical aid, advice or prescription. —kā to give medicine.
veidyē, s. A physician; also
veidhavya, s. Widowhood.
veinū, see vei.
veina, see veinē.
veipa, veipu, s. Elongation, enlargement, growing long. —kā a loop, noose.
veipuni, see veipu.
veibha, veibhēga, s. Happiness, enjoyment. 2. wealth, riches. 3. majesty, glory.
veimana, s. Sadness, dislike, sorrow, disinclination, offence.
veimalē, s. Fiction, invention. 2. see veimāljga. adj. Fictitious, invented. —kā to invent a story.
veimalīgē, s. An open upstairs room.
veimē, s. Straightness, fitness, rectitude. 2. see veimē.
veiya, veiyapure, veiyapure, s. A temporary roof. 

veiyara, see वेयारा.

veiyi, see वेयी.

veira, veiratva, s. Enmity, hostility, natural antipathy. —स्त्रील. to hate.

veirāgi, s. An ascetic, devotee, mendicant.

veirāgya, s. The absence of worldly passion or desire, want of affection, self-renunciation.

veiri, s. An enemy, adversary; foe. बेङ्किंग six properties of fallen humanity, namely, लोक lust, योग anger, वर्मा avarice, विचार love, विद्वान pride, and आस प्रीति envy, hatred.

veilu, s. A whirlpool, eddy; a strong current of water.

veilatu, s. Danger, difficulty.

veiśākha, s. The second lunar month. 2. mid-summer.

veiśya, s. The agricultural and mercantile tribe. जागी a man of such a tribe.

veiśhamya, s. Inequality, unevenness. 2. prejudice, bias, prepossession. —स्त्रील. to be biased.

veiśnave, s. A follower of Vishnu.
To stick in the mire, as a wheel; to clog. 2. to be in a strait. 3. see above.

adv. At once; cf. css.

see &>. 2. volume, j. 2. see &.

very small demon shrine. s. Prosperity, good luck.

a small log of wood, a stake used for a hedge; cf.

s. to cut and prepare stakes for a hedge.

s. A consonant.

s. The twentieth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. expenditure, spending. — to spend.

adj. Useless, vain, unprofitable, unmeaning. — in vain.

Leisure, opportunity.

s. Litigation, law-suit. — to litigate, contest.

s. Grief, sorrow. 2. care, thought, concern. 3. calamity, misfortune. 4. fault, vice, frailty. — the vice of drunkenness. — the vice of chewing tobacco. — to be grieved. to be in sorrow.

s. Grammar.
vyakula, adj. Perplexed, confused, bewildered. s. Distress, perplexity, grief; also अन्तःकरण.

vyākhyāna, s. An explanation, exposition, gloss, commentary.

vyāghra, s. A tiger.

vyājya, s. A law-suit, dispute, quarrel. —सुना to dispute; to sue.

vyādhi, s. Sickness, disease, plague.

vyāpaka, adj. Diffusive, pervading, comprehensive. —सर्वा to diffuse, spread.

vyāpake, s. A ruler, superior person.

vyāpāra, s. Occupation, business, commerce, trade; cf. व्रत। —सर्वा to trade.

vyāpisuni (व्यापीसुनि), v. n. To pervade, extend, spread.

vyāsa, s. The diameter in geometry. 2. division.

vyāsāṅga, s. Knowledge or experience in learning. 2. state, circumstances.

vyāse, s. The original compiler or arranger of the Vedas; a sage.

vraṇa, s. An ulcer, sore, wound.

vrata, s. A vow, any meritorious act of devotion, the voluntary or vowed observance of any penance, austerity, etc. —सर्वा to observe a vow; to perform some act of piety.

vraya, s. Expense, expenditure. 2. waste.

Bravo! well done!

शा, The forty-third letter of the alphabet.

शान्कु, see शान्के.

शान्का, s. The conch-shell, used as a horn, and for offering libations. —कृष्ण a flower of the creeper Clitorca ternatea. —मङ्गल a conch winding to the right. चाव्र a conch winding to the left. —सर्वा to blow a conch.

शान्करे, s. Śiva, he who makes happy.

शान्किनी, s. One of the four classes of females.

शान्कियूनि (शान्कियूनिः), v. n. To doubt, fear, be alarmed.

शान्के, s. Terror, fear, apprehension. 2. doubt, sus-
picion, uncertainty. 3. envy, jealousy.
sia, see §.
siṣṭā, adj. A hundred. 2. many. 3. a great effort.
3. a century. 4. a hundred years; a long life.
siṣṭā, s. The twenty-fourth lunar mansion.
satru, s. An adversary, foe, enemy.
sani, saniṣre, saniśvare, s. The planet Saturn or its regent. 2. distress, calamity. Saturday. to be in distress.
sapatha, s. An oath, protestation, asseveration by 2. an imprecation, curse, oath. to swear, take an oath; to resolve solemnly.
sapisuni (sap), v. a. To curse, adjure.
sabāṣa, intj. Bravo! well done!
sabda, s. Sound, a sound. 2. a word. an ungrammatical expression, speaking irrelevantly or improperly.
sabda, noiseless, silent, still. literal meaning. to sound, a sound to be made. to sound, make a noise.
sama, s. Mental tranquillity, calmness. 2. subduing, pacifying, quenching. refreshing, cooling.

sankha, see §.
samhva, s. Śiva.
saka, s. An epoch, era.
sakuti, see §.
sakuna, s. An omen, augury. 2. an ominous bird. an interpreter of omens.
a bad omen. a good omen. to consult an omen.
sakere, see §.
sakku, J. Apprehension, suspicion, doubt.
to have doubt. to suspect, doubt.
sakkarē, see §.
sakta, adj. Able, strong, powerful, capable.
sakti, s. Power, strength, prowess. 2. an iron spear or dart. 3. the energy or active power of the deity, personified as his wife. impotence, weakness. the potential mood.
sakte, s. A strong or powerful man.
sakya, adj. Practical, possible. impracticable.
sakyamuni, s. Gotama the founder of Buddhism.
sagti, s. Extravagance. see §. see §.
To pacify, appease.

*śayana* n. Sleep, lying down, reposing. —śata to sleep; to lie down.

*śara* n. An arrow.

*śaraṅgū* see *śara*.

*śarana* n. Protection, refuge, shelter. राजङ्ग, राजमान a refugee, one who seeks protection.

*śarana* n. Obeisance, reverence, salutation. —śat to salute.

*śaratkāla, śara-drutu* n. Autumn.

*śarabhā* n. A fabulous animal.

*śarābu* n. Brandy, liquor, spirit.

*śarāratu* n. Force, violence. 2. mischief, hurt.

*śarīra* n. The body. adj. Bodily, corporeal. —śā this the constitution. राजङ्ग, राजमान — are the different constitutions of the body.

*śariri* n. An animal or sentient being.

*śāre* see *śā*.

*śartu, śarta* n. A condition, stipulation, clause. 2. an agreement, compact. 3. a bet or wager. —śata to bet.

*śalya* n. The shrub *Van-guerca spinosa*.


*śava* n. A corpse, dead body.

*śāsi* n. The moon.

*śastra* n. A weapon. 2. a surgical instrument. —śā the discharging a weapon; surgical operation.

*śaharī, śaharyu, śahāru* n. A city, town. 2. a bazaar.

*śānta* adj. Calm, patient, tranquil. —śā the quietness, meekness, patience. दोभन्दे mercy-seat. —śat to be calm, quiet, appeased; to abate; as fever, etc. —śata to appease, quench.

*śānti* n. Tranquillity, quiet, peace. 2. patience. 3. mildness. 4. rest, repose. 5. preliminary ceremonies to prevent inauspicious accidents at any religious ceremonies. 6. remission, alleviation. 7. removing the effects of unhappy stars, inauspicious omens, etc. दोभन्दे a ceremony performed to avert a plague, etc. दोभन्दे a ceremony performed to propitiate the nine principal planets.

*śāntimara* n. The tree *Terminalia bellerrica*; also दोभन्दे.
A part, branch, subdivision.

Curse, imprecation, malediction; abuse.

A clever man.

Curse.

To curse.

A witness.

A town.

Sarasvati, the goddess of speech and knowledge in general.

The royal tiger.

Excellent, superior.

The thirty-fourth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

see sakhe.

(sakhe, s.) A shawl.

A hall, room, chamber.

A school.

A college.

Perpetual, eternal.

fixed, stable, permanent, durable.

eternal bliss.

durable work.

Permanently.

A charter, grant, usually inscribed on stone or copper.

A deed, written contract. an inscription on copper. a will, testament.

Scripture, science, institutes of religion, law, or letters.

any work of literature or science in general.

arithmetic.

astronomy, astrology.

a code of laws.

A pundit, teacher of sacred science, or one skilled in it.

According to scripture, agreeably to science.

Words not found beginning with this letter must be sought under । or ॥.

intj. denoting disgust, loathing, etc. Fie!

Capital punishment.
slnki, see s trong.
siŋgaripuni, see  s long.
siŋgāra, see  s long.
siŋgi, see  s long.
siŋgiri, s. A kind of fish.
sindu, adj. True, established; valid.
sindu, adj. True, established; valid.
simha, $. $
sikastu, sikastu, J.
sikaru, sikari, j.
sikhe, sikhē, J.
sikkuni, see  s long.
sikkeyuni (sa), v. n.
side, be complete.
sikheyuni (sa), v. n.
side, be complete.
sikhe, see  s long.
sidike, sidige, sidipuni, j.
side, j.
side, see  s long.
sidibu, sidubu, s.
The pustule of small-pox.
sidilu, see  s long.
sidi, see  s long.
sidigoli, s. The tree
Urostigma pisiferum.
siddi, see  s long.
siddi, siddigē, sidde, s. A quarter seer.
siparasu, sipārasu, s. Recommendation, commendation. — to a certificate, testimonial. — to commend. — to recommend.
sipāyi, s. A soldier, sepoy.
sibba, sibbu, see  s long.
sima, s. Cold, moistness.
simudrē, see  s long.
siyamū, adj. Third, inferior. — third sort or quality.
sira, širassu, s. The head. — decapitation. — to carry on the head; to obey implicitly.
siri, see  s long. 2. see  s long.
siriponne, s. The poon tree, Calophyllum apetalum.
sirè, see  s long.
sirōmani, s. A crest gem. 2. a headman; a leader.
sirduni (sir), v. a. To correct, reform, alter, rectify. 2. to afflict, grieve, torment, trouble. 3. to reproach.
sirbè, see  s long.
sirva, see  s long.
silā, adj. Of stone, made of stone. — made of, or abounding in stone. — a stone image. — a charter inscribed on stone.
silè, s. A stone; also  s long.
silè, s. A fishing rod. — to stir up, incite.
 Sexual, silpa, silpi, s. Any manual or mechanical art. 
- architecture, sculpture.

617  siva, sive, s. Siva, the third of the Hindu triad, the destroyer. 
Siva's history. Adoration of Siva. a follower of Siva. the thirteenth night of the second fortnight of the eleventh lunar month observed in honour of Siva's birth.

Besides, except. adj. Excluded, exempted.

A pupil, disciple, follower.

A land-tax. 2. a mark, aim.

Sikshake, s. An instructor.

To punish, fine, correct.

Punishment, correction, chastisement. 2. instruction. punishment and protection.

Sweet. - sweet and hot, sweetish, not sufficiently hot, as a dish.

Sikshuni (sikshuni), v. a. To punish, fine, correct.

Punishment and protection.

to punish.

Sila, adj. Sweet. - sweet and hot, sweetish, not sufficiently hot, as a dish.


- **sîle, see** śćē.
- **śisî, intj. Fie! fie! cf. ś.**
- **śisâ, see śiśē.**
- **śiśē, śiśe, sīse, s. A glass bottle.**
- **śiśû, see śiśē.**

- **śûnthi, s.** Ginger, dry ginger; also śûkra, śukre, s. Venus.
  1. the name of a man; also śûnti.  *
  2. Bad Friday.

- **śukla, s.** White colour.  *
  2. the third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.  *
  3. semen virile. adj. White. -śukra the bright lunar fortnight.

- **śuci, s.** Purity, purification. adj. Pure, ceremoniously pure.  2. clean, purified.  *

- **śuddha, adj.** Clean, pure, cleansed, purified.  *
  2. faultless.  *

- **śuddhi, s.** Purity.  *
  2. sanctification.

- **śubha, adj.** Auspicious, fortunate, happy, prosperous.  *
  2. Any auspicious ceremony; also śubha, śubha, s. A giantess, Râvana’s younger sister.
sula, s. A weapon, pike, dart. 2. a stake for impaling criminals. s — a trident. s — a trident to impale a criminal.

sula, s., s. A weapon, pike, dart. 2. a stake for impaling criminals.

sula, s., s. A trident. e — a trident to impale a criminal.

sula, s., s. Sharp pain in general. 2. the colic.

sustra, see srungaripuni.

srungarpuni (स्रुण्गारपूर्ण), v. a. To decorate, garnish, ornament.

srungāra, s. Ornament, decoration. 2. beauty. 3. the sentiment of love, as in poetry. e — to decorate.

srungārēri, s. A village in Mysore, containing the monastery of Sañkarācārya and his successors.

śe, Words not found beginning with this letter, must be sought under ś or s.

śentuni (सेंटुनी), v. n. To stumble.

śekē, s. Heat, warmth.

śettu, see śē.

śettāvuni, c. v. (of śettu) To spoil, destroy, ruin.

śetti, s. A title of Jains, Bants, etc. 2. the headman of a village, etc.

śetti, adj. Spoiled, ruined. ś., ś., ś., ś. to become wise when too late.

śettivāla, s. A title of some Bants.

śettunī (सेंटुनी), v. n. To decay, be spoiled.

śettē, see śē.

śedūtarunī (सेदूतारुनी), v. n. To feel a throbbing pain. ś — the head to ache severely.

śedāvu, s. Pride, haughtiness, affectation, coquetry.

śedi, s. Sprinkling. 2. boxing with fingers. 3. see śē.

—a kind of cattle-desease.

śedītā, s. Throbbing pain.

śēdipini, śēdīyuni (सेदीयूनी), v. a. To sprinkle with fingers, as water, etc. 2. to box with fingers, as the ear, etc. v. n. To feel a throbbing pain; cf. śedāvāna.

śēdīlū, see śē.

śēdītarunī, see śēdūtarunī.

śērāŋgū, see śērē.

śērē, s. Imprisonment, captivity. 2. a prison; also śēmē. 3. indebtedness, obligation. 4. liability, answerableness. 5. see śē. — to excuse or release from an obligation; to absolve from a liability.

śē, s. A wave, billow.

śergē, see śēmē.

śellē, see śēmē.

śēkāda, see śēkāda.

śēnkuni, see śēnkūṭa.

śēnta, s. The hair about the privities.
620 sendi, s. Toddy. —toddy-contract.

toddy, s. A salutary heat; fomentation; cf. Toddy. —foment; to foment; to beat.
toddy-contract. sekada, adv. Per cent, hundred. s. Percentage. —a a percentage.

setu, see §.

setu, see §.

sete, see §.

sedu, see §.

seduni, see §.

sebi, adj. Open. 2. wide.

sebè, see §.

semattigè, s. A fragrant flower of Pyrethrum Indicum.

semagè, semayi, see §.

séravuni, c. v. (of §) To join, unite, mix, combine, include, accumulate. 2. to admit, as a member into any sect, class or profession. 3. to find, provide with occupation or employment.

serigàre, şeruguøre, şerugàre, s. A man of the musicians' caste, a musician; also şerigàre. 2. a man of a warrior-caste speaking Canarese; also şerigàre.
sesha, a fop. —The, —of a very coquettish woman. —a very to brag, be showy, affected, coquettish. —The, —The to make a display.

śesha, s. The rest, remainder, residue. —The what has remained.

śesha, s. The chief of the serpent race; the couch and canopy of Vishnu, and upholder of the world.

śeitya, adj. Cold, cooling. s. A cold.

śeiva, adj. Belonging to the sect of Śiva.

śeive, s. A follower of Śiva.

śoka, s. Sorrow, grief, affliction.

śoku, s. Pleasure, gaiety, merriment. 2. proclivity, addictedness to vice. —to a pleasure-hunter; a gay fellow. —indulgence in liquor.

śokele, s. A gay man.

śodhake, s. An inquirer, examiner, critic. 2. a tempter.

śodhanē, s. Search, research, examination. 2. temptation, trial. 3. correcting. 4. cleaning, cleansing, purifying. —filtering water. —to search; to try; to correct; to filter, strain.

śodhipuni, śodhiyuni (śo), v. a. To search, examine. 2. to try, assay, tempt. 3. to sift, strain, filter. 4. to purify, clean.

śobhakruttu, s. The thirty-seventh year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

śobhana, s. The consumption of a marriage, when the parties come together.

śobhānē, s. A festive song. —to recite a festive song.

śobhāsunī (śo), v. n. To shine. 2. to be adorned.

śobhē, s. Lustre, radiance, light. 2. beauty. —to be beautiful.

śouca, s. Cleansing, purification. 2. easing nature.

śourya, s. Heroism, valour.

śmaśāna, s. A cemetery.

śraddhē, s. Faith, devotion, confidence. 2. esteem, regard, care for. —, —, a devout man. —negligence.

śrama, śramē, s. Toil, labour, fatigue, distress, trouble, suffering. —to endure hardships. —be in trouble. —to labour, toil; to be industrious.

śravāṇa, s. The ear. 2. hearing. 3. the twenty-second lunar mansion. — to listen to.
sraddha, s. A funeral ceremony, performed for recently deceased relations and continued annually.

sravaka, s. A sect of Jains.

sravana, s. The fifth lunar month.

sriṅgāra, see sravaka.

sri, s. Lakshmi, wife of Vishnu and goddess of plenty and prosperity. 2. fortune, prosperity, thriving. 3. wealth, riches. 4. a prefix to proper names of deities.

śrigandha, s. Scented sandal.

śritāli, s. The taliput or fan-palm, Corypha umbraculifera.

śrimanta, adj. Noble, princely, wealthy.

śrimante, s. A prince; a nobleman; a very rich man.

śrimukha, s. The seventh year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

śrimudrē, s. The five sectarian seals used by Mādhva Brahmans in marking the face, etc. 2. the impression of these seals.

śrivēsha, see śruti under śruti.
sha, The forty-fourth letter of the alphabet.

sha, s. The sixth lunar day of either fortnight. adj. Sixth. —शाः, the genitive case. महाशाह- a festival observed on the sixth day of the ninth lunar month in honour of Kārtikēya.

shumāru, see शमुरु.

sa, The forty-fifth letter of the alphabet.

sam, pref. With, together with.

saṅka, s. A bridge. 2. the liver. 3. see तुः.

saṅkaṭa, saṅkāda, s. Illness, sickness. 2. distress, difficulty. —saṅkaś a sick man. अज्ञात- dangerous illness. संस्कार- fainting, swooning. —संस्कार, संस्कारः मनोहर to be sick, laid up.

saṅkana, see तुः.

saṅkapāśana, see तुः पाशा.

saṅkamalē, s. A kind of serpent.

saṅkalē, s. Fetter, chain.

saṅkalpa, saṅkalpa, saṅkalpanē, s. A demon so called.

saṅkali, saṅkλa, saṅka, s. A resolve, determination, resolution. 2. a pro-
ject, design. 3. a religious vow or declaration. —संकल्प to resolve, vow.

saṅkalpisuni (संकल्पसूनि), v. n. To resolve, determine. 2. to vow, declare solemnly.

saṅkalmē, s. Doubt, suspicion.

saṅkavasana, see तुः.

saṅkavaśana, see तुः.

saṅkaśale, s. A mint.

saṅkirtane, s. Praising, hymning, celebrating. —saṅkirtane to sing the praises of God.

saṅkē, see तुः.

saṅkelmē, see तुः.

saṅkēsa, saṅkēsa, s. A residence. शालाः— the residence or seat of a swāmī.
sango, sarica, see sangama.
sango, s. Collection, mass, heap.

sangama, s. Meeting. 2. Confluence, as of rivers.
sangate, see sangama.
sangita, s. A song, psalm, singing, vocal music.
sangmana, see sangama.
sangrama, s. Storing, piling, heaping, collecting together. 2. See below. —संग्रहे to store.
sangraha, s. Acquisition, amassing, collection. 2. Compilation. 3. Abridgment. 4. Taking, receiving, seizing. —संग्रहे a compendium of laws. —संग्रहे a library. —संग्रहे to amass, acquire.
sanga, s. A number or multitude of living beings. 2. An association, society.
sanghata, saṅgha, s. An occurrence, happening. 2. Encountering, meeting. 3. Success, achieving. —संग्रहे to occur; to meet; to succeed.
sangha, s. Collection, mass, heap. 2. A hold, support.
sanga, saṅcakāra, s. Earnest money, advance.

sanga, s. Union, junction, confluence. 2. Association, company. —संग्रहे good company. —संग्रहे sexual embrace.
sangada, s. Fastening two boats together. —संग्रहे to fasten in this way.
sanga, see sangama.
sangadā, see sangama.
sangadige, s. An associate, companion. 2. A colleague.
sangati, s. Company, association, union. 2. Subject, affair, matter, business, circumstance, occurrence, contents of a writing. —संग्रहे have nothing to do with him. —संग्रहे what is the matter?
sangada, postp. With, together with, accompanying.
sañcayana, s. Throwing the ashes and bones of the dead into a sacred river.

sañcaripuni, sañcarisuni (san, sancara), v.n. To wander, roam, travel.

sañcara, s. Roaming, wandering, travelling, journeying. —न्यूँ to wander, travel.

sañcii, see संस. 2. see संस.

sañcigara, see संस.

sañcita, adj. Acquired, obtained, got. s. What has been acquired, as wealth, merit, sin, etc.

sañcita, s. Intrigue, plotting. 2. artifice, stratagem. 3. spying. —न्यूँ secret plotting, collusion. —न्यूँ an intriguer.

—to spy.

sañcemi, see संस.

sañcesarakyu, see संस under आ.

sañja, sañjë, see संस.

sañji, see संस.

sañjivana, s. A life-restoring medicine.

sañjuë, s. A hint, gesture, sign; cf. निः.

sañtë, see संस.

sañdigë, s. A condiment or seasoning made with chillies, asafetida, cummin seed, etc.

sañna, adj. Small, little. 2. fine, delicate, thin. 3. narrow.

sañni, s. A kind of silk cloth, worn during prayers and meals.

santati, santana, s. Family, progeny, offspring, issue. 2. lineage, race.

santarpâne, s. The ceremony of feeding Brahmins.

santapa, s. Burning heat. 2. torment, pain, distress. —तो to be distressed.

santushï, adj. Pleased, delighted, satisfied. —तो to be satisfied, contented.

santushï, s. Satisfaction, contentedness. —तो to have contentment.

santrupï, s. Fulness, satiety, satisfaction. —तो to be satiated, satisfied.

santë, s. A market, fair. —तो goods taken to or purchased in a market. —तो to hold a fair.

santemi, s. The wild mustard, Cleome icosandra; cf. जी.

santeruni, santeripuni, santerisuni (san, santë), v.a. To comfort, console, calm, pacify.

santesi, see संस.

santola, see संस under आ.

santösha, s. Delight, gladness, joy, pleasure, happiness. —तो to be glad,
pleased. -నేను to please.
నేను to be happy.

సందు, s. A cleft, fissure, opening. 2. a joint, joining, junction. 3. an interval of time. -కు a crisis, critical time; an opportunity. -కు the creeper Cissus quadrangularis. -నేను, -నేను gout, arthritis, rheumatism of the joints. -మారుతును to rabbet, cement, join, as a fissure. -మారుతును to leave a gap; to crack. -మారుతును to be polluted by an unclean contact.

సందర్పు, సందర్పు sandarpu, sandarbhā, s. Convenience, feasibility. 2. opportunity. -నేను to be convenient, feasible; to have an opportunity; to get, obtain. -మారుతును to try for something. -మారుతును to procure.

సందర్శన, s. Seeing; inspection. 2. a visit. -నేను to visit.

సందేశు, see సందేశం.

సందా, s. Delivering over, making payment. -నేను to make a set-off. -నేను to make excuses; to justify. -మారుతును to pay off; to deliver over.

సందవుని, c. v. (of సందా) To pay, liquidate. 2. to perform, accomplish. 3. to retort. -కు to perform a vow; to do a thing superficially. -కు to accomplish a resolution; to fulfil a promise. -కు to pay a debt; to perform an obligation, or to free one's self from it.

సంది, s. A call, promise. 2. see కు. -నేను to call.

సందు, see సందు.

సందుని (సందు), v. n. To pass, as time. 2. to pass from this world, die. 3. to be due, indebted. 4. to be paid, liquidated. 5. to come to pass, be accomplished. -నేను, -నేను time to pass. -కు to depart this life. -కు a vow to be performed. -కు a debt to be paid. -నేను I owe him something. 

సందేహ, s. Suspicion, doubt, hesitation, scruple. -నేను to feel doubt or scruple.

సంద్యుని (సంద్యు), v. a. To join, unite; to bring in close contact.

సంద్యే, see సంద్య.

సందరపు, see సందర్పు.

సంధా, s. Mediation, pacification. -నేను to mediate, go between.

సంధి, s. Junction, union, combination. 2. an interval, pause, rest. 3. the union of letters either at the end or beginning of different words
or in the middle of compound terms, to avoid dissonance or hiatus. 4. a chapter. 5. a eulogistic narrative of a great personage.

sandhipuni, see **sandhi**.
sandhyavandané, s. The daily ceremonies and prayers of the Brahmans.
sann, s. **Anno domini**.
sannya, see **sanna**.
sanna, s. An order, a written authority for holding land or office. 3. a certificate enrolling a person as a pleader.
sannaddha, adj. Ready, arranged.
sannaya, sannya, sanna, s. Preparation. 2. materials required for a specific purpose. — to prepare.
sanni, s. Morbid state of the three humours, bile, wind and phlegm. 2. cholera; also **sannidhána**. 3. epilepsy, convulsions. 4. typhus fever; delirium, as in fever; also **sannaya**. — raving, as in a fit of epilepsy.
sannidhána, sannidhána, sannidhi, s. Presence, perceptibility, appearance. 2. proximity. — in presence of, before.
sannivára, see **sannivára**.

sannè, see **sanní**.
sannyása, sannyásigé, see **sannyása**.
sampagé, see **sampagé**.
sampatti, s. Riches, wealth, increase, prosperity; also **sampánna**. — to be prosperous.
sampanna, adj. Possessed of, having. 2. accomplished, completed, effected, obtained. 3. prosperous, fortunate, thriving. — a prosperous man.
sampaya, see **sampaya**.
sampayi, see **sampayi**.
samparka, s. Union, mixture. 2. meeting, contact. — to associate with, mix.
sampala, see **sampala**. 2. see **sampala**.
sampali-puni, sampaliyuni (**sampali-**), v. a. To gain, acquire, attain, earn.
sampädané, s. Gaining, acquiring, attaining. — **sampā́vedi**; — to gain, acquire.
sampāvuni (**sampā́vuni**), v. n. To become calm or cool.
sampigé, s. The strong smelling flower *Michelia champaca*. — a wild sort of the same, *Plumeria acuminata*. — a red sort of it. — another sort in the form of a bell.

- the thick-leaved lavender, *Anisochilus carnosus.*

- a demon so called.

- Coolness, coldness. 2. sufficiency, competency. 3. plenty, abundance; cf. संभू. adj. Cold, cool, refreshing, pleasant, mild. 2. sufficient. 3. plenty. adv. Coolly, gently. अश्वायम् to appease, refresh.

- Whole, entire. 2. complete, finished. अश्वायम् to finish.

- Completion. 2. fulness, satiety. 3. abundance. अश्वायम् to accomplish.

- Custom, practice, usage. 2. tradition.

- Custom, practice, usage. 2. tradition.

- Great love.

- The ceremonial purification of an idol with milk, ghee, honey, etc.; cf. सम्बहव. सम्बहक, सम्बहके.

- सम्बोधने, सम्बोधने, सम्बोधने, सम्बोधने.

- सम्भोग, सम्भोग, सम्भोग, सम्भोग.

- अश्वायम् to appease, refresh.

- सम्बंध, सम्बंध, सम्बंध, सम्बंध.

- सम्बंध, सम्बंध, सम्बंध, सम्बंध.

- सम्बंध, सम्बंध, सम्बंध, सम्बंध.

- सम्बंध, सम्बंध, सम्बंध, सम्बंध.

- सम्बंध, सम्बंध, सम्बंध, सम्बंध.
sambhrama, s. Joy, delight, pleasure. 2. grandeur.
sammandha, s. Connection by affinity, connection in general; cf. sammandha. adj. Connected with, endowed with, belonging to, possessing. —सममंड़ to be related to.
sammagare, see sammata.
sammata, sammati, s. Assent, agreement; acquiescence; also सम्मतता. —सममत to assent, agree, yield, comply. —सममत्तूँ to agree to, to be willing, to acquiesce in. —सममत्तूँ to consent, agree to, accept. —सममत्तूँ to give consent. —सममत्तूँ to receive assent.
sammana, see sammata.
sammaniyuni, see सम्मनीययु नि.
sammalé, see sammati.
sammāna, see सम्मान. 2. see सम्मान.
sammara, see सम्मार.
sammukha, adj. Encountering, opposite, facing. सम्मुख in front of, in the presence of.
samméla, s. A double drum. 2. mixing, blending; union.
samyukta, adj. Endowed with, possessed of. 2. united, joined, annexed. 3. compound.
sāmśkāra, s. A purificatory rite or ceremony. 2. burning or burying a dead body. —साम्स्कार to burn or bury a dead body.

sāṃskrūta, s. The Sanskrit language.

sāṃsthāna, s. A seat of government, the royal city. 2. a kingdom, state, presidency. सांस्थान— the Madras presidency.

sāṁhāra, s. Destruction, killing, annihilation. सांस्कार to destroy, kill, annihilate.

sāṁhitā, s. An arrangement of the text of the Vedas into short sentences. 2. a code, digest.

saṅkṣipta, adj. Abbreviated, abridged, brief.

saṅkṣepa, s. Abridgment, brevity. संक्षेप to say briefly. संक्षिप्त to abridge.

saka, see तक.

sakāna, s. An omen; bet. तकन— an ominous bird.

sakati, see तकती.

sakala, s. The aggregate, whole. adj. All, entire, whole. संकल्प all facts.

sakalāti, sakalātu, s. Superior woollen stuffs.

sakāya, s. Easiness. 2. see ताकाया.

saki, see तकी.

sakiyuni (कैकीयुनि), v. a. To submit.

sakē, sakku, sakke, see तकेनु.

sakkanā, s. A small mat. 2. a net. 2. see तकना. 3. see तकनी.

sakkarē, s. Sugar. तूक the pumplemose fruit. तूक sugar candy. तूक— China sugar. मूक— Mauritius sugar.

sakkeli, see तकेली.

sakkela, s. A proper or suitable time.

sakti, s. Force, constraint, exaction. 2. see तकती.

sakra, see तकरा.

sakhāya, see तक्खाया.

sakhi, s. A female friend.

sakhe, s. A male friend.

sakhyā, s. Friendship, amity, intimacy. 2. see तक्ख्या.

saguti, see तकगुती.

sagulè, see तकगुली.

sage, see तक.

sagōtre, s. A distant kinsman descended from a common ancestor of the same family-name, as among Brahmans; also तकोत्रे. तकोत्रे a relationship of this description.
sagti, see გათ.
sagme, see გამ.
sacalasna-na, sacelasnana, s. Bathing with all one's clothes on.
sacca, see საკ.
saccidanande, s. God, the eternal source of wisdom and happiness.
sacca, s. Expense. to pay expenses.
saja, see სა.
sajapu, see სა.
saja, s. Punishment, fine.
saja, J. Punishment, fine. 2. annoyance, trouble.
saja, J. Punishment, fine. to be punished.
sajabu, see სა.
sajibijji, see სა.
sajiva, adj. Animate, lively.
sajja, s. A short time. adj. Instant, temporary.
sajjandi, s. A good woman, gentle woman.
sajjana, adj. Virtuous, good.
sajjane, s. A good man; a gentle man.
sajjalmè, see სა.
sajji, adj. Good, well, proper, fine, excellent.
saja, J. Good, well, properly.
saajbiji, see ს.
A good behaviour.
sajjige, s. Rolong or wheat-grits.
sattasa, see ს.
satti, s. A kind of wooden ladle. 2. see ს.
sattuga, see ს.
sadaga, adj. Hard.
sadagara, see ს.
sadita, s. A purpose, vow, resolution.
sadilu, adj. Loose, slack, loosened.

**saddu, s.** Disdain, inattention, negligence. 2. satiety, indifference. 3. facility, ease.

**saddu, s.** He can do the work with the greatest ease. He does not go by that road.

**saddu, s.** The relation in which the husbands of two sisters stand to each other.

**saddu, s.** The relation in which the husbands of two sisters stand to each other.

**saddu, s.** A. Always, at all times, perpetually, for ever.

**sadre, see sadru.**

**sadru, sadayru, saduran-ga, s.** The front. 2. spreading abroad, becoming public.

**sadru, sadayru, sadaru, s.** A throne. 2. a mattress, carpet. 3. see sadru.

**sadaramne, s.** A subordinate judge.

**sadari, see sadru.**

**сада, adv.** Always, at all times, perpetually, for ever. —सद, —सदांसद for ever. —सद the eternal Spirit.
sadācāra, s. Regular observance of all duties, good conduct.
sadāpu, sadābu, s. The rue plant, Ruta graveolens. [2. see ].' sadi, s. Striking, beating.
sadu, s. Sound, noise. 2. answer, reply. 3. rebutting. -sad to answer. संदेश to his words are unimpeachable.
saduraṅga, see संध्या.
sadṛṣa, adj. Like, similar, resembling.
sadevuni (वनि), v. n. To get hardened. 2. to wear away, as an earthen vessel.
sadoligē, s. Course, way.
sadgati, s. Heaven, bliss. -sad to attain bliss.
sadguṇa, s. An excellent nature or disposition.
sadguru s. A virtuous spiritual guide.
saddu, see सदा। सदय, सदया, sadyogu, see सदया। sadraṅga, see सदांग। sadri, adj. Aforesaid, above-mentioned.
sadrūpa, adv. As it is, in an exact or true form. 2. face to face.
sanu, see सा। sanāngu, sanagny, s. A thing, article. 2. a piece of cloth brought to the market.
sabē, s. A convocation, assembly, meeting. 2. a royal court; a council-hall. the president of an assembly. the place of public meeting; a church, chapel. church-discipline. an elder, church-warden. a church-member; a councillor, member of an assembly. an assembly to disperse. an assembly to meet. to join a church (by baptism or
confirmation). — samu, adj. to excommunicate.

**sama**

**sama, adj.** Like, similar. 2. same, even, equal. 3. uniform, equitable. 4. right, just, proper. — sama, adj. equal shares. — sama, adj. midnight. — sama, adv. to compare. — sama, v. to agree, coincide; to fit, suit. — sama, v. to make level; to put right; to make equal; to correct, rectify.

**samanta**

**samanta, adj.** All, whole; — samanta, adj. all people.

**samakṣaṇa**

**samakṣaṇa, s.** Proportion, fitness, suitability. 2. level, smoothness of surface. — sama, v. to fit, agree. — sama, v. to fit, agree.

**samagāra**

**samagāra, see समागर.**

**samagra**

**samagra, adj.** All, entire, full, complete.

**samajāyisiga**

**samajāyisiga, s.** Pacification, satisfaction, consolation. — samajāyisiga, v. to calm, appease.

**samajāyisuni**

**samajāyisuni, s.** samajāyisuni (समाजायिसुनि), v. a. To appease, calm, pacify. 2. to comfort, console.

**samatē, samatva**

**samatē, samatva, s.** Equality, proportion. 2. similarity.

**samaniśuni**

**samaniśuni, see समानिसुनि.**
tion. 2. a message. — the intelligence of one's welfare.

samāja, s. A multitude, assembly. 2. a society, association.

samādhanā, s. Peace, tranquillity. 2. conciliation, consent, agreement. 3. reconciling differences. 4. welfare, well-being. —§ to be reconciled; to agree, consent; a sickness to become subdued. —§ to have peace; to feel better. —§ to reconcile, console, appease.

samādhi, s. A grave, tomb. 2. deep meditation. 3. silence. —§ to be absorbed in meditation.

samāna, adj. Like, similar, analogous. 2. equal. 3. one, uniform, same; cf. समा, समता. —§ equality. —§ similar things. —§ an equal person.

samapta, adj. Finished, completed.

samāpti, s. Completion, finishing, end. 2. killing, destroying. —§ to be completed. —§ to complete, finish.

samāra, see समार.

samāradhanē, s. Worship, reverence. 2. a public feast to Brahmans.

samāsa, s. Composition of words, formation of compound terms, gram.

samādhē, s. Short sticks of particular trees used in burnt offerings.

samipa, s. Neighbourhood, proximity. adj. Near, close by.

samukha, s. Presence, proximity. समुक्त, समुक्तिः near to, in the presence of.

samugāre, see समुग्ध.

samuccaya, s. Collection, assemblage. 2. conjunction of words or sentences, gram.

samudraya, samudāya, s. Assemblage, heap, multitude, number, quantity. समुद्र— a multitude of persons. समुद्राय, समुद्राया generally, on the whole.

samudra, s. The ocean, sea. —§ a ceremony of bathing in the sea at new moon in the mouth Ātī. —§ the fruit of the tree Borringtonia racemosa; fish.

samūha, s. Aggregate, assemblage, multitude.

samrūddhi, s. Prosperity, success. 2. increase, thriving. —§ an abundance of crop. —§ to prosper.

samēta, adj. Accompanied by, associated with, possessing.
saya, see sayana.
sayi, see sayi.
sayipini, see sayipini.
sayilë, s. A ghost, goblin.
sayisuni, see sayisuni.
sara, s. A string of beads or pearls; a wreath, garland; a necklace. रज - a rosary. जдар - a necklace of coins.
sara, see saya.
sarañkë, s. A kind of suffocation caused while swallowing any liquid.
sarañkally, see sarañkally.
sarañgë, s. A trench, mine, hole, tunnel. 2. a rat's hole.
sarañjamû, s. Tools, implements, goods. 2. furniture. -सजे to prepare, furnish.
sarakë, s. Articles, goods, commodity. -सजे, -सजे to unload; to land goods. -सजे, -सजे to load, to freight.
sarakë, intj. Get out of the way! slip aside!
sarakärë, s. Government. -सजे the government service. -सो the public money, assessment, revenue.
sarakonuni, see sarakonuni.
sarady, see sarady.
saradëni, s. A cry, noise.
saradë, saradàry, saranjë, saronjë, sardonjë, saradaru, sarapati, sarapali, sarapani, sarapani, sarapati, see sarapati.
sarasu, s. A joke. 2. merriment. adj. Tasty, sapid. 2. jocose, merry.
sarasara, adj. Hastily, quickly, speedily.
sarasvati, s. Brahma's wife, the goddess of speech, learning, music, etc.
sarahaddë, s. Limit, boundary, frontier.
saralu, s. A bar of iron.
sarala, adj Straight. 2. sincere. 3. easy.
saralajumadi, s. A demon so called.
sarali, see sarali.
saralë, see saralë.
sarka, sarka, saragë, saraka, adj. Easy, facile, convenient. 2. free, unobstructed.
to eat heartily. — sarit to be of age, as cattle. — sarp to
arrange, put in order; to level; to do or execute any-
thing well.

sarigē, s. A wire, gold or silver thread. 2. a gold or
silver armlet; also sarkatī. 3. a thin wire of any metal.
sariya, see sari. 2. see sarī. sarisamāna, adj. Equal,
same, on a par with.
saruguru, see sarā.
saruta, sarūta, see sarita.
sare, see sare.
sareůkallyu, s. The shaft of an arrow.
saroli, adj. Of superior breed, as cattle. 2. see sar.
sarone, see sarā.
sarōvara, s. A lake.
sarra, see sarā.
sarka, see sarkā. 2. see sarī. sarkatti, see sarkā. sarkāryu, see sarā.
sarkiyuni (sarkī), v. n. To consent, submit. 2. to get
out of the way.
sarkē, see sarkā.
sarkenipuni (sarkēnī),
v. a. To examine.
sarkodduni (sarkōdī),
v. a. To oppose, gainsay.
sarkonuni, see sarko.
sarga, s. A chapter, section.
sargè, see sarga.
sarta, adj. Straight, direct, upright. adv. Straightly, directly.
-sartv a straight-forward man. -sartv a straight road.
sarti, s. A time, turn, rotation. -sartv once. -sartv many times, often.
-sartv your turn. -sartv in turn.
sardare, see sartv.
sardi, see sardare.
sarpa, s. A serpent, snake.
-sarp a malignant sore mouth.
-sarp the serpent kind. -sarp rancour, hatred. -sarp barrenness supposed to be due to injury done to serpents.
-sarp a serpent’s coil.
sarpati, s. A train, line of gunpowder.
-sarp to lay a train.
sarpali, see sarpate.
sarpate, s. Occurring, happening, befalling. 2. encountering, meeting.
-sarp to occur; to meet.
sarpe, see sarpa.
sarbaråyi, see sarva.
sarva, adj. All, entire, complete. -sar s'omniscience. 
-sar omnipotence.
the Almighty God. -sar all, everything.
sarvajittu, s. The twenty-first year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.
sarvatā, sarvathā, adv. In all ways, by all means, at any rate. 2. assuredly, certainly.
sarvatra, adv. Everywhere, at all times, in all places.
-sarvatra to behave alike at all times or in all places.
sarvadā, adv. Always, for ever.
sarvadhāri, s. The twenty-second year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.
sarvanāma, s. A pronoun.
sarvāṅga, s. The whole body. 
-sarvāṅga feeling pain all over the body. 
-sarvāṅga to rub the whole body, as with oil, etc.
sarvatme, s. The all-pervading God.
sarveša, sarveśva, s. All. sarveśa. sarveśva God, the Supreme Being.
salakå, see salaka.
salakè, see salage.
salagè, see salaguni. To nourish, succour, shelter, protect, take care of.
salaayi, s. A hundred sheaves of straw. 2. a measure of paddy varying from five to twelve mudás of rice. 3. ruin. 4. see salayi. 200 a hundred sheaves of straw. -sal to be ruined.
salatatra, adv. Near.
sala, s. A mode of salutation accompanied with the raising of the hand to the head. -sal to salute in this way; to thank.
salaki, adj. Full grown. s. A log.
salayi, s. Split pulse. s. split *Cytisus cajan*, dhal.
salayisuni (salayi), v. a. To clear, liquidate, as a debt.
salavani, see salayi.
sali, see *sal*.
saligē, s. Friendship, amity, familiarity, indulgence. 2. freedom, liberty. -saligē to allow freedom, be indulgent. -sal to be familiar.
salima, s. Sardonyx.
salisa, adj. Easy.
salē, see *sal*.
saleyuni (sali), v. a. To bear, suffer, endure.
saleisuni, see salayi.
salkavuni, c. v. (of salayi)
To entangle.
sation. — to have some
—— to ask
a question; to make a pro-
posal.

रे savi, see रे.

रे savi puni (रे), v. n. To
be tasteful, savoury, palatal-
table, sweet. 2. to abrade.

रे savutे, see रे.

रे sasāra, adj. Easy, light, 
trifling. s. Easiness, ease.
—— to slight, make light of;
to render easy.

रे sasi, s. A young plant.

रे sase, see रे.

रे sasūtra, see रे.

रे saha, adj. With, together 
with. 2. even, also. — रे to slight, make light of;
to render easy.

रे saharagamana, s. Accom-
panying; the self-immolation
of a woman with the corpse
of her husband.

रे sahaja, adj. Inherent, in-
nate, natural. 2. proper. 3.
true. 4. co-existent, born 
together. — रे natural dis-
position. — रे to speak 
truly or sincerely.

रे sahajē, s. A brother of 
whole blood.

रे sahan, s. Patience. adj.
Patient, enduring, bearing.
—— to have patience;
to endure, as pain.

रे sahamūla, adv. With
the root; completely, entirely.

रे sahavāsa, s. Association,
company. 2. sexual inter-
course.

रे sahasa, see रे.

रे sahasra, s. A thousand.
—— a thousand names, as
of a deity. रे a general,
commandant.

रे sahāya, s. Help, aid, 
assistance, succour. 2. pro-
tection. — रे a helper, assist-
ant. — रे to help, assist.

रे sahi, adj. Proper, correct,
right. 2. a signature. 3. 
see रे.

रे sahita, adj. Accompanied
by, in company with. 2.
also. 3. with.

रे sahīsuni (रे), v. a. To
endure, bear, suffer, support.
2. to forgive. — रे to endure
pain.

रे sahōdari, s. A sister.

रे sahōdare, s. A brother.

रे sahya, adj. Bearable, toler-
able. 2. agreeable. —
un-bearable; disgusting.

रे salasala, salasalane, s. A noise caused in pour-
ing water, etc.

रे sali, see रे.

रे salē, s. A sling. 2. a snare.

रे salī, see रे.

रे sānkanē, s. Fostering,
nursing, nourishing, bring-
ing up. 2. adoption of a boy
or girl into another family.
an adoptive mother.

an adoptive father.

an adopted son.

to adopt.

To cause to foster, bring up, nourish, nurse.

an adoptive mother.

an adoptive father.

an adopted son.

to adopt.

under

Complete, perfect.

Complete.

to accomplish, finished.

to accomplish, complete.

Genuine, true.

Holy, saintly.

2. see sànti, see sànti.

see sàntimara, see sàntimara.

sànteru, s. The saints, Rom.

sàmpadaya, see sàmpadaya.

sàmbrâni, s. Benzoin.

sàmbrâli, see sàmbrâli, under sàmbrâli.

sàku, def. v. To suffice. 2. to be wearied of. — to be wearied of, done up.

he ate to satiety. I am tired of this work. to be quite done up; to be exhausted.

sàkarmi, s. A great sinner; a consort of sinners.

sàki, see sàki.

sàki, adj. Superficial. speaking at random; doing a thing in a superficial manner.

sàgu, see sàgu.

sàgara, s. The sea, ocean.

sàgara, s. Sauce, condiment. hunger requires no sauce.

confection, dessert.

sàgavuni, c.v. (of sàgàra) To expedite, as work. 2. to send, despatch, as goods. 3. to do a thing perfunctorily.

to send away respectfully, as a friend, by accompanying him a short distance; to follow the remains of one's relatives, etc., to the grave.

sàgu, s. Prosecution, progress, as of work.

sàgùni (sàgû), v.n. To proceed, progress, as work. 2. to be despatched, as goods. 3. to move forward, advance.

with all your speed you make no progress in your journey.

sàguvali, sàgoli, sàgvali, s. Farm-
ing, tillage, cultivation of land. -sadj to cultivate.

sadj, adj. Plain, simple. adv. Throughout, wholly. 2. see sad. sad, adj. Plain, simple. -sadly, adv. A plain handkerchief.

sadj, s. Purity.

sadaga, see sad.

sadana, see sad.

sadary, adj. Received, arrived. -sadjly, adv. If the order is not received.

sadaluvu, s. The sundry charges of a public office, contingent charges. 2. stationery.

sad, see sad.

sadi, s. A road, way, path. -sadj to stop the road; shut up a passage; to obstruct, hinder. -sadjly, -sadjly to miss the way, go astray. -sadjly to lead, show the way. -sadjly to make or give way. -sadjly to make way; to devise means.

sadik, s. Smearing. -sadjly to besmear.

sadiyuni, see sad.

sado, see sad.

sadrushe, s. Manifestation.

sadrusya, s. Resemblance, similarity.

sade, see sad.

sadevi, s. The ash-coloured fleabane, Vernonia cinerea.

sadalige, s. A water-course, channel.

sadye, adv. On the road, by the road. -sadjly a wayfarer, one walking on the road.

sadhaka, s. Exercise, practice. 2. gymnastics. -sadjly to practise gymnastics.
sadha, sāma


sadhipuni, sadhiyuui (sadhiyuui), v. a. To achieve, accomplish, persevere. 2. to retain malice long. 3. to take, conquer. 4. to assert, allege. 5. to prove, establish. 6. to charge upon another. xž— to harbour malice.

sādhu, adj. Tame, docile. 2. good, virtuous, pious. —sādhu to tame.

sādhyā, adj. Curable. 2. possible, practicable. —sādhyā a practicable work. —sādhyā to succeed, be accomplished. —sādhyā to accomplish.

sādhyuni, see sādhyā.

sānu, adj. Even. adv. Also.

sāna, s. A demon shrine; cf. sana.

sānādigē, s. A native lamp; a lamp-stand.

sini, s. An affix to the names of respectable ladies. xž— a lady.

sānē, see sāna.

sāpyu, sāpu, adj. Clear, pure, clean. adv. Entirely; plainly; smoothly. —sāpyu clean work. —sāpyu to be clean, smooth, or level. —sāpyu to make clean, smooth, or level.

sāpa, see sāna.

sāphalya, s. Productiveness, fruitfulness. 2. a reward. —sāphalya to succeed, be fruitful. —sāphalya to prosper, render successful.

sābyu, see sāphalya.

sābāśu, see sābyu.

sābityu, sābūtyu, adj. Proved, established, as guilt, etc. —sābityu to be proved guilty. —sābityu to prove guilty.

sābunu, s. Soap.

sāma, s. Reconciliation, appeasing. —sāma the third Veda.

sāmagri, s. A thing, article, ingredient, material.

sāmati, s. A comparison, simile, proverb.

sāmārthigē, sāmārthya, s. Power, strength. 2. ability, capability. —sāmārthigē to possess strength, be able.
sama

Membership of an assembly or society.

Baggage, goods and chattels. 2. things, furniture, tools, instruments.

samanña, adj. Common, general. 2. ordinary, indifferent, middling.

sami, see sama.

sāmipya, s. Proximity.

sāmilū, s. Complicity, confederacy. 2. interference.

sāmula, see sama.

sāmè, s. Millet, Panicum miliaceum. – to Panicum frumentaceum.

sāmya, s. Equality. 2. likeness. 3. a comparison, parable, similitude, allegory, proverb. 4. one’s due, as fees, etc.

sāmrājya, s. Imperial rule, universal dominion.

sāya, see sama.

sāyaṅkāla, s. Eventide, evening.

sāyana, s. Help, aid.

sāyane, s. A helper.

sāyaru, s. Custom, duties, tax levied on imports and exports. – a custom-house.

sāyasa, s. Support, aid; cf. sāyata. – to help, support.

sāyitya, see sāyata.

sāyidi, see sama.

sāyibe, s. A Mussulman of Arab descent; bet. sāyibe.

sāyira, see sama. 2. see sama.

sāyuḥya, s. Absorption in Brahma, union with the deity.

sāyeti, see sama.

sārū, sāra, s. The essence of anything. 2. marrow. 3. the sap of trees. 4. strength, vigour. 5. soup, broth. – sapless; useless.

sāra, s. One thousand. – a thousand times.

sāraṅgi, s. A kind of fiddle with five strings.

sāramballa, s. lit. A thousand seers. 2. an offering to a demon.

sāratu, s A chariot, carriage.

sārané, s. A sieve. 2. smearing, as a wall or floor with earth, cowdung, etc., plastering. – a kind of sweetmeat. – to plaster; cf. sama.

sāratī, see sama.

sārate, see sama.

sārathī, s. A charioteer.

sāradē, see sama.

sārasa, sārasya, see sama.
The northwest part of Delhi.

A Sarasvata Brahman.

Smearing, plastering.

The substance, essence, pith, purport.

to give the purport.

A demon so called.

Arrack, spirit, liquor.

A time, turn; cf.

a cowrie; also adv. Up and down, to and fro. once.

to walk to and fro.

see

(of)

To cause to proclaim or publish.

To proclaim, publish, preach.

to warn.

to sift.

to smear, plaster.

To smear, plaster.

To sift.

to smooth, polish.

Obtaining the image or form of God.

see

see

see

see

see

A schistous stone containing the impression of one or more ammonites, imagined to represent Vishnu.
sālamisri, s. The salep misiri, *Orchis mascula.*
sālavali, s. Luckiness of a horoscope. 2. agreement, amity.
sāli, s. Failure, loss, disappointment. 2. see अले.
sālita, adj. Punctual, accurate, exact. 2. clear, as eye-sight.
sāliye, see अली.
sālē, see अली.
sālōkya, s. Obtaining existence in the very place where the deity resides.
sālya, s. Sight. उदात्त नाही लक्ष्मी त्याची the eye-sight is not clear.
sālyuni (सूर्य), v. a. To smell.
sālye, see अली.
sāvakāre, see सावकत.
sāvakāśa, s. Leisure, respite; delay. वेळीचे to be at leisure. वेळीचे to delay, be dilatory.
sāvaji, see सावत.
sāvadhāna, s. Caution, deliberation. 2. diligence.
sāvāsa, see सावान.
sāvira, see सावत.
sāvu, s. Death. 2. a mourning feast. वेळीचे to celebrate a mourning feast.
sāvukāre, see सावकत.
sāvē, see सावत.

sāshtānga, s. A mode of salutation by prostrating one's self. -प्रणाम the prostration. -प्रांगन to prostrate.
sāsa, s. Boldness, prowess. 2. energy, effort, exertion. -प्राण to exert one's self, be enterprising.
sāsana, adj. Durable, lasting; cf. सासु. -फल durable work.
sāsi, s. A bold, adventurous man.
sāsimē, sāsemi, s. Mustard, *Sinapis juncea*; cf. सासे.
sāsiyuni, see under नासि.

sāstre, see सासु.
sāhasara, see साहस.
sāhasra, s. An aggregate of many thousands; an army of a thousand strong.
sāhitya, sāheti, s. An implement. 2. an ingredient, material.
sāhibū, sāhēbu, s. A title of a respectable European. 2. see साही.

sākshi, s. Evidence, testimony, witness. -भूत, -भूत a witness. -भूत a depo-
sition of evidence. —swearing by God. —a martyr. —to give evidence, testify.

swearing by God. —a martyr. —to give evidence, testify.

a sort of plantain.

A sort of plantain.

a pungent taste. adj. Cross, perverse.

a pungent taste. adj. Cross, perverse.

The river Indus. 2. the province of Scinde.

Red lead, *oxidum plumbi*.

Red lead, *oxidum plumbi*.

adj. Cold. 2. see Cold.

adj. Cold. 2. see Cold.

The eyelash.

The eyelash.

To contract, shrivel.

To contract, shrivel.

A lion. 2. the sign *Leo* in the zodiac; the fifth solar month.

A lion. 2. the sign *Leo* in the zodiac; the fifth solar month.

s. Ceylon.

s. A throne, royal seat.

s. see *sikāru*.

s. see *sikē*.

To half-boil, as fruits for preserving.

To be hot, feel hot.

s. see *sikē*.

s. A net-work; also

s. A net-work; also

s. see *sikātu*, *sikkāvuni*, see *sikātu*.

s. see *sikkāvuni*, see *sikātu*.

s. see *sikkāvuni*, see *sikātu*.

To be hot, feel hot.

To be hot, feel hot.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.

s. see *sikkātu*.
siddhi, siddigē, siddē, s. A leathern bottle. 2. see Siddī.

siddha, adj. Ready, prepared. —सिद्धिः readiness. —जिः to be ready. —सिद्धिः to make ready, prepare.

siddhānta, s. Demonstrated conclusion, established truth. 2. firm conviction. 3. the system of the Mimāṃsa philosophy. 4. a work on astronomy. —सिद्धान्तं to demonstrate, prove.

siddhānti, s. A follower of the Mimāṃsa philosophy. 2. an astronomer.

siddhārti, see सिद्धार्थ.

siddhi, s. Accomplishment, fulfilment, achievement, success. 2. the acquirement of supernatural powers. —सिद्धिः to be accomplished, achieved. —सिद्धिः to accomplish, achieve.

siddhe, s. An inspired or prophetic writer, seer. 2. an adept. 3. an ascetic.

siddhyārthi, s. The fifty-third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

sinē, s. A fence 2. see सीने. —सीनेः a thin stick.

sippu, sippāghi, sippāngi, s. Brag, boast. —सिप्पु, —सिप्पी to brag.

sippāyi, see सिप्पायि.
The pods of *Mimosa abstergens* reduced to fine powder and used as soap for cleansing, etc.; soap-nut; also *sita*.

_sita_, see 1. 2. see _sita_.

_sitāphala_, see _sitāphala_.

_sitāli_, see _sita_.

_sitē_, s. Sita, the wife of Rāma.

_sitē_, a last born son.

_sitē_, a last born daughter.

_sitē_, adj. Last; youngest.

_sitē_, to have a disagreeable smell.

_sitē_, adj. Sick.

_sitē_, s. A dirty woman.

_sitē_, s. A thin stalk of a palm leaf.

_sitē_, a thin split of a bamboo, etc. 3. see _sita_.

_sitē_, adj. Thin, lean.

_sitē_, adj. Last; youngest.

_sitē_, a last born son.

_sitē_, to have a disagreeable smell.

_sitē_, adj. Sick.

_sitē_, s. A kind of fern.

_sitē_, adj. Straight, direct. 2. straightforward, upright, honest.

_sitē_, a straight way.

_sipē_, see _sita_.

_sipu_, see _sita_.

_simanta_, s. A purificatory ceremony performed in the sixth or eighth month of a female’s first gestation.

_simullu_, see _sita_.

_simē_, see _sita_. 2. see _sita_.

_simē_, s. A kind of bamboo stick, as that of a Chinese umbrella.

_siyamū_, see _sita_.

_siruni_ (sū), v. n. To hiss.

_sirē_, see _sita_.

_sirta_, see _sita_.

_sila_, see _sita_.

_sivaripuni_ (sū), v. a.

To entice, allure.

_sisa_, s. Lead.

_sisa_, a lead pencil.
slsa, sisa, sisè, see द्रढ़.

sila, s. A crack, crash, split. —सिला to split, divide, crack.

su, A particle and prefix signifying good, well, prosperous.

sūka, s. Toll, custom, duty on goods. —सुंका a custom-house. —सुंका to a tollgate. —रेखा to pay duty.

sūkaṇa, see दोष.

sūkāni, see दोष. 2. see सुकांडे.

sūku, see दोष.

sūrāya, see दोष.

sūti, see दोष.

sūte, see दोष.

sūndilu, s. An elephant's proboscis.

sūndu, see दोष.

sūndeli, s. A muskrat.

sūnna, s. Lime, chunam, mortar. —सुन्ना, —सुंना a small metallic box for keeping in chunam to eat with betel leaf. —सुन्ना lime mortar, stucco; whitewash. —सुन्ना to whitewash. —सुन्ना to prepare lime mortar. —सुन्ना to burn lime.

sundāra, adj. Comely, handsome, beautiful.

sundāvuni, c.v (of सुन्दर) To cause to wind, as thread.

sundilu, see दोष.

sundu, s. Depression of mind.

sunduni (सून्दुनी), v.a. To wind, roll; to spool.

sunnati, s. Circumcision; cf. संछय. —सुन्नाति to circumcise.

sunnamukhi, s. Senna leaves.

sunnali, see सुन्दी.

sumbilu, see दोष.

sumbè, s. A small hole in a wall.

suka, see दोष.

sukute, s. A smart man.

sukṛṭa, s. Fortune, auspiciousness. 2. virtue, moral merit. adj. Virtuous.

sukṛṇḍe, s. A kind of sweet cake fried in ghee or oil.

sukti, s. Ebb, low tide.

sukrama, s. Good order.

sukra, see द्रढ़.

sukha, s. Delight, happiness, joy, pleasure. 2. health, welfare, safety. adj. Happy, joyful, delighted. 2. healthy. —सुखे joy and grief; vicissitudes of life. —सुखे unexpectedly, unreasonably, without sufficient cause. —सुखे to make happy. —सुखे ले to enjoy happiness. —सुखे ले to relate one's circumstances. —सुखे ले to scold unreasonably.
sugandha, s. Fragrance, perfume. adj. Fragrant, scented, perfumed.

sugandhi, s. A fragrant drug. 2. amethyst. - a kind of fragrant flower. - sarsaparilla root.

sugati, s. A good or happy condition.

sugandhi, s. A fragrant drug. 2. amethyst. - a kind of fragrant flower. - sarsaparilla root.

sugati, s. A good or happy condition.

sugipuni, see sugandha.

suguna, s. An amiable disposition. 2. morality.

suguruni (sugandhi), v. a. To uncoil, unwind. 2. to oppose. 3. to improve, better. 4. to lift one's head; to oppose; to defy.

suggi, s. The twelfth Tulu month (March-April). 2. the second rice crop. 3. harvest. - rice of the second crop.

suci, see sugandha.

sucaly, s. A swing.

sujatyu, adj. Fine, nice.

sujji, see sugandha.

suti, see sugandha.

suddaru, see sugandha. 2. see sudaru.

sudale, s. Burning a dead body. - a cemetery, burning ground. - a funeral repast.

sudu, s. The act of burning. - a cemetery, burning ground. - hot wind. - ashes of a burnt corpse. - burnt manure. - an angry face. - very hot; see sudaru. - total ruin.

sudupini, sudpini (sudani), v. n. To burn, be hot or sultry. v. a. To burn. 2. to bake, toast, roast.

sudsudu, s. A burning sensation in the throat, as after vomiting, etc.

sunna, see sugandha.

suti, see sugandha. 2. see sugandha.

suttali, suttali, see sugandha.

sute, s. A son.

sutta, s. Circumference; circuit. postp. Around, about. - round about. - besieging. - to surround, besiege. - to enclose, fence, encompass.

sutavuni, c. v. (of sutti) To cause to wind.

sutti, see sugandha. 2. see sugandha.

suttigé, suttigé, suttiyé, sutté, sutté, s. A hammer.

suttu, see sugandha.

suttuni (sudupini), v. a. To wind, roll, wrap. 2. to surround.

sutté, see sugandha.

suttoli, suttoli, s. Twine, pack-thread.

sutyé, s. An offering of rice and cocoanut to a
demon. 2. see suda. —suda to make such an offering.

suda, s. suda, sudā, adv. Also 2. even.

sudāripuni, see suda. sudāripuni, n. suda. sudāripunin, suda, adv. Also 2. even.

sudarsana, s. Vishnu’s discus. adj. Handsome.

sudaripuni, sudāripunin, sudārisuni (suda, suda), v. a. To appease, calming 2. forbearance. 3. pardon. 4. shifting with, managing.

sudaripuni, sudāripunin, sudārisuni (suda, suda), v. a. To appease, calm. 2. to comfort, compose. 3. to forgive. 4. to shift or manage with. 5. to support, maintain.

sudi, see suda.

sudurūpa, see suda. sudurūpa, n. s. Rumour, news, information, intelligence. —suda to transpire, become public. —suddi, —suddi news, tidings. —suddi to publish, inform.

sudduri (suda), v. n. To get loose. 2. to get rid of.

suhā, see sudhā.

suddhā, s. Nectar, ambrosia. 2. see suda.

suddhidhā, s. Nectar, ambrosia. 2. see suda.

sunāmukhi, see sunā. sunāmukhi, s. Handsome. sunāvani, see sunāvani. sunā, see sunā.

sunā, see sunā.

supavatana, s. Honesty. supave, s. An honest man. sūpti, s. Sleep.

suphala, s. Good fruit, happy result. adj. Bearing good fruit.

subā, s. Proof, evidence.

subage, see suda. subādāru, s. Morals instruction.

subā, s. A blotch, discolouring of the skin.

subbā, see suda. subbāye, s. The serpent-god. 2. a proper name.

subba, see suda. subbā, see suda. 

subyamma, s. A female demon so called.

subramanya, s. A celebrated place of pilgrimage in Uppinangadi Taluk.

subrahmanyā, s. subrahmanyā, s. subbāye, see suda. subbā, see suda. subbā, see suda.

subhā, see suda. subhā, see suda. subhāshita, s. Moral aphorisms or sayings. adj. Well spoken.

subhikshā, s. Abundance, plenty. —sudhā to thrive.

subhedāru, subhedāru, s. A chief native military officer.

sumangala, sumangala, adj. Very auspicious. sumangala, a married woman.

sumāna, s. Arbitrariness, capriciousness. adj. Arbitrary, capricious, whimsical.
Conjecture. guess, estimate. adj. Mid-

dling; moderate, tolerable. 2. better, well. adv. About.

to abate, become less; to im-

pro. approximately, probably.

A giant so called.

A very auspicious time.

Suimpuni, suyimbuni (suyo), v. a. To

the nose. 2. to hiss, snort, bellow, fizz, grunt, etc.

Suyilyu, suyyu, s. Breath, respiration; also

feeling difficulty in

breathing. to blow; to whistle. to breathe out; to sigh.

suyuni, see suyo.

sura, adj. Of or belonging to the gods. the capital

of Indra.

suraţga, see suyo.

sura, suragi, suragê, see suraţ.

sura, s. Sexual embrace.

sura, s. A glutinous female.

suralê, see suraţ.

suras, adj. Sweet. 2. well

flavoured, juicy.

Drinking

liquids with a sipping noise. to drink in this way.

suraţ, s. A coil, roll of

any thing. to coil, roll.

Surákâra, s. Saltpetre.

Surapâna, s. Wine or

spirit drinking.

Surâyi, see suraţ.

Surásure, s. A demi-god.

2. a giant.

Surigê, see suraţ.

Suripuni, see suyo.

suriya, s. A demon's straight sword.

Suriyarunî (suro), v. n. To wander, roam.

suriyuni, see suraţ.

surigê, see suraţ.

suriyê, see suraţ.

suriyuni, see suraţ.

suriyê, see suraţ.

suriya, s. A demon's straight sword.

Suruţu, s. Contraction, shrivelling.

Suruţuni (suro), v. n. To shrivel, contract, shrink.

Suragi, see suraţ.

Surugu, s. Sinking. 2. sliding.

Suruţu, see suraţ.

Suruţuni, see suraţ.

Surupa, see suraţ. 2. see

suro connect.

3. see suraţ.

Surupu, s. Instigation, encouragement. to

instigate.
sum suruma, s. A collyrium for the eyes.
surumei, s. A kind of dried fish.
surulu, surule, see सुरुला.
surupa, s. A beautiful form. adj. Handsome; cf. सुरुप.
sure, see सुरे.
sure, s. A god.
surka, see सुरका.
surti, see सुरती.
surpa, see सुरपा.
surpu, s. Beginning. 2. see सुर्प.
surlukandayi, s. A kind of fish.
surluni, see सुरलु.
see सुरलु.
sulagitti, see सुलगित्ती.
sulabara, see सुलाबरा.
sulabha, adj. Easy, feasible, attainable. 2. easy of access, condescending. 3. cheap. 4. light, not heavy.
sulayi, s. A rudder.
sulayisuni, see सुलायिसु.
see सुलायसु.
sulakshana, s. A good sign, auspiciousness. 2. beauty. adj. Respectable. 2. handsome, comely. 2. auspicious.
sulavan, s. Listening; hearing, acquaintance with. — to be heard; to become familiar with the merits of a case. — to cause a superior to hear, as the reading of the papers of a case; to interpret.
sulavuni (सुलवुनी), v. a. To row a boat.
suli, see सुली.
suligè, s. Pillaging, plundering, robbing. — to plunder, rob, pilage.
sulipini, sulipuni (सुलिपुणि), v. a. To peel, flay, skin, pare off. 2. see सुपुण्य. v. n. To whirl, go around; cf. सुपुण्य.
sulipu, see सुलिपु.
suliyaruni, see सुलियारु.
see सुलियारु.
suliyāvuni, c. v. (of सुलियान) To give up to plunder.
suliyuni (सुलियुनी), v. a. To pillage, plunder, rob; cf. सुलियु.
sulugè, see सुलुगी.
suleka, see सुलेका.
suleisuni, see सुलेयसु.
sulomani, s. An interpreter.
suvarna, s. Gold. adj. Fine coloured, golden.
suvartamana, suvartē, s. Good news. 2. a gospel. [woman.
suvāsini, s. A married sušila, adj. Well disposed, of good temper. — अमिबि-
susty, a good-natured man.

Sushti, see sūḍa. Sustry, adj. Free, clear, straight-forward. 2. unobstructed, easy, settled. 3. determined, decided. -Sushti to speak decidedly, give a decided answer.

Susti, s. Delay. 2. sloth, laziness, indolence. -Susti to have leisure. -Susti to delay.

Sustigē, see sūḍa. Sulī, s. An eddy, whirlpool. 2. an ominous curve on the person. 3. a tender shoot, germ or bud. 4. the soft part on the crown of a young child's head. 5. a hinge. -Sulī, see sūḍa. -Sushe a round trough.

Sulipuṇi (सुलिपुणि), v. a. To shake, agitate. 2. to churn. 3. to turn in a lathe. 4. see sūḍa.

Suliyuni (सुलियुणि), v. n. To share, be agitated, as water. 2. to overflow. 3. see sūḍa. Sulū, s. Devise, hint.

Sulūn, s. A lie, falsehood, fib. adj. False, untrue. -Sulū a fable, fiction. -Sulū a liar. -Sulū a false document; a false claim; a false plea. -Sulū a false witness; giving false evidence. -Sulū to brag. -Sulū to tell lies.

Sū, see sūḍa. Sūkāṇa, see sā̄ḍha. Sūkuni, see sā̄ḍha. Sūkē, see sā̄ḍha. Sāṅgu, see sā̄ḍha. Sāṅtayi, s. The fatty part of pork.

Sūṇti, sūṇhi, s. Ginger, dry ginger, Zingiber officinale.

Sāmbu, s. A sluice, gutter.

Sāmbo, s. A term used for suspending a game. 2. a reserved place in a game.

Sūka, see sūḍa. Sūkana, see sā̄ḍha.

Sūkatteri, s. A demon so called.

Sūkara, s. Ruin. 2. a pig.

Sūkē, s. Perception, cognition, apprehension. -Sūkē to perceive.

Sūkta, s. A good word. 2. a hymn of the Vedas.

Sūkrama, adj. Delicate, fine, nice; cf. sūkra. -Sūkra fine work. -Sūkra a man of fine discrimination.

Sūcake, s. A spy, informer.

Sūcanē, s. A hint, intimation, gesture. 2. a note; a summary, contents of a
book or chapter. —सुचि a carpenter’s chalk line. —रुणा fine work; mechanical workmanship. —सुकुमा to mark a plank, etc., with chalk line.

सुधा, see सुग्री. —सुध्रें see सुरी. —सुड्रें, see सुग्री, s. A place for sacrifice of animals.

सुप, s. Sauce, soup. 2. cooking.

सुरा, s. A chapter of the Koran.

सुरनेत्र, s. Hydnocarpus indica.

सुराणा, s. The Telinga potato, Arum campanulatum.

सूरु, see सूड्रे. —सूरें, s. Plundering, ransacking, pillaging. —सूरें to give up to plunder. —सूरें to pillage, plunder.

सूरे, see सूरें.

सूरोलय, s. Rattan, Calamus rotang. —सूरोलय a rattan stick.

सूर्ण, see सुतर. 2. see सूरे.

सूर्टी, s. Surat. —सूर्टी a Surat rupee.

सूर्या, s. The sun. —सूर्या sunshine. —सूर्या the sun-flower, Helianthus annuus. —सूर्या a sunbeam. —सूर्या an eclipse of the sun. —सूर्या prostration to the sun. —सूर्या
calcination of metals, medicines, etc., by exposing them to the sun. -सुला the disk of the sun. —सुल्ला Rama's generation. —सुली the sun's aura. —सुली to make the sun to rise.

सुला, see सुली.

सुलागित्ति, s. A midwife.

सुली, s. Skin, bark, rind; cf. सुलिक.

सुलु, s. Swearing.

सुले, see सुली.

सुलेंगिन, s. An instrument for peeling the fibrous covering of a coconut. 2. a small crowbar.

सुवत्ति, s. A good woman.

सुसी, s. A female's ordinary garment.

सुसू, s. A noise made for driving away birds, etc.

सुस्रा, सुस्राया, सुस्रो, सुस्रोन, see तेजस्रा.

सुलागित्ति, see सुलागित्ति.

सुली, see सुले. 2. see सुली.

सुलेंगिन, s. A whore, harlot. —सुलेंगिन whoredom. —सुलेंगिन a whoremonger. —सुलेंगिन a whore's son; an abusive term, vig.

सुलेबोट्टु, s. The shrub Pavetta indica.

सुक्ष्म, s. Weak, delicate. 2. very small, minute, atomic. 3. clever, smart, quick. —सुक्ष्म quick sight. —सुक्ष्म a refined mind, sagacity. —सुक्ष्म a very fine thing; an atom, particle. —सुक्ष्म a delicate body.

सूर्यागिरार, see सूर्यागिरार.

सूर्यसुही, s. Creation, creating. 2. the world, universe.

सूर्यसुही, —सूर्यागिरार the Creator. —सूर्यसुही, —सूर्यागिरार to create, give birth to; to forge, manufacture.

सूर्यसुही सेरुंतु, see सूर्यसुही.

सेके, see सेके.

सेतिवालु, see सेतिवालु.

सेदारा, सेदावु, s. Egotism, vanity, conceit, ostentation. 2. squeamishness, over-nicety.

सेदासून, see सेदासून.

सेदी, s. Swinging, in fulfilment of a vow to a goddess, suspended by an iron hook passed through the large tendons of the back, to one end of a lever which is raised on the top of a high pole or fulcrum, and whirled round by means of a rope fixed to the other end. 2. see सेदी. —सेदी the swinging feast. —सेदी to suspend a person as described above.

सेदी, adj. Strong, affecting the smell powerfully. —सेदी a strong scent.

सेदिता, see सेदिता.

सेदितारु, see सेदितारु.
liyun (ಸೈ, ತೀನು), v.n. To become clear, pure.
ಸೆಲೆ, s. A chink, crack, flaw, as in a stone.
ಸೆಲುನಿ, see ಸೆಲು.
ಸೆಲುಬಿ, see ಸೆಲು.
ಸೆಸೆ, see ಸೆಸೆ.
ಸೆಲೆ, s. Force. 2. see ಸೆಲೆ.
adj. Strong.
ಸೆಲ್ಯುನಿ (ಸೆಲೆ), v.n. To go round; cf. ಸೆಲು.
ಸೆನ್ಕುದಾ, see ಸೆನ್ಕು.
ಸೆನ್ಕುನಿ (ಸೆನ್ಕು), v.n. To pant, breathe quickly or heavily.
ಸೆನ್ಕೆ, ಸೆನ್ಕೆಲು, s. Panting, breathing quickly.
ಸೆನ್ಟಾ, see ಸೆನ್ಟಾ.
ಸೆರ್ಡಿ, see ಸೆರ್ಡಿ.
ಸೆರ್ಡಿ (ಸೆರ್ಡಿ), c. v. (of ಸೆರ್ಡಿ) To sprinkle. 2. to float.
ಸೆದುಬಿ (ಸೆದುಬಿ), v.n. To splash.
ಸೆಕ, see ಸೆಕ.
ಸೆಕಾದಾ, see ಸೆಕಾದಾ.
ಸೆಕೆ, see ಸೆಕೆ.
ಸೆಜ, see ಸೆಜ.
ಸೆಜ, ಸೆಜಾ, ಸಜಿ, s. A present, gift; raw rice sprinkled on persons attending a marriage, etc. ಸೆಜಾ— a novel gift; a rare or costly present.
ಸೆಜುನಿ (ಸೆಜುನಿ), v.a. To sharpen, whet, polish.
ಸೆಟ್ಟು, s. The beard of the thatching grass. 2. see ಸೆಟ್ಟು.
y\ sēta, s. The hair about the privities.

sēti, sēti, sētu, s. A Bombay merchant, a native of Guzerat or Cutch.

sētuni (sēti), v. a. To stab.

sēdi, sēdi, see शेढः.

sēṭu, see शेढः.

sēnave, see शेठः.

sēti, s. A kind of silk cloth.

sētu, setuvē, s. A bridge. 2. Adam’s bridge.

-सेतु bathing at Adam’s bridge near Rāmeśvaram.

sēduni (sēti), v. a. To throb. 2. to draw, as water; cf. शेठः.

sēnē, see शेठः.

sēbi, adj. White.

sēmatige, see शेढः.

sēmayidāḍyē, s.
A kind of vermicelli made of wheat or other grain.

sēmē, s. A sharp kind of vermicelli. 2. a kind of crab.

sērū, s. A seer, measure of capacity equal to about eighty rupees in weight. 2. a weight equal to about twenty-four rupees.

sēravuni, see शेढः.

sēravē, शेढः see शेढः.

sērā, see शेढः.

sērū, see शेढः.

sērē, see शेढः.

sērāsāra, sērābhāna, s. A kind of incense.

sēlā, see शेढः. 2. see शेढः.

sēvē, see शेढः. sēvantigē, see शेढः.

sēvake, s. A servant, attendant.

sēvu, see शेढः.

sēvē, s. Service, servitude. 2. homage, worship, devotion.

sēsa, see शेढः. 2. adv. A time, turn. 2. see शेढः. मेदी—three times.

sēlē, see शेढः.

sē, adv. It is right, it is well, indeed, aye. -मेदी to consent, assent, approve.

sēnālē, sēnālē, sēnālikē, sēnālikē seinkōlu, seingolē, seingōlu, s.
A crowbar.

seindave, s. A native of Sindh; a giant so called. 2. a stalwart man.

seinduppu, seindurlavaṇa, s. Rocksalt.

seitana, see शेढः.

seitē, seitenu, seitaṇē, s. The satan, devil.

seitya, s. Cold, a cold. adj. Cool, fresh, cooling.

seinu, s. A superior kind of long cloth.

seinike, s. A soldier.

seinya, s. An army.

seinyādhipati, s. The general or commander of an army.
seipi

seipini (സിലി), v. n. To die, expire. 2. to be starved.

seirane, s. Patience, forbearance, endurance. — to take patience, forbear, endure.

seiripuni, seirisuni (സിരിപുണി, സിരിസുണി), v. a. To bear, endure, suffer, put up with.

seilè, s. A ghost, an apparition.

seilendri, s. A female servant or attendant. 2. a name assumed by Droupadi, when serving in Virāṭarāja’s household.

sonkuni, see സോംകുണി.

sonta, s. The loins, hip, waist. — to gird the loins; to set to work; set out on a journey; to be equipped.

sonti, s. A deformed woman.

sondilu, see സോണ്ടി.

sonna, s. Gold. — to, see സോണ്ടി.

sonnamè, see സോണ്ടി.

sonta, see സോണ്ട.

sondu, s. Exertion, effort.

sonduni (സോണ്ടിനി), v. n. To exert, labour, work hard.

sonmagare, see സോണ്ടിമാരി.

sonnè, s. The nought, cipher. 2. the medial letter 0. 3. a sign. 4. a demon so called. ചോൺ—winking. ചുർ—beckoning with the hand.

somp, see സോമ.

sompuruni (സോമ്പുരുണി), v. n. To be refreshed, invigorated; to revive. 2. to improve, mend, as one’s condition.

somba, see സോംബ.

somba, s. Collection, mass, assemblage.

sombara, adj. Full, complete, abundant. 2. see സോമ.

sorukuni, sokkuni, see സോരുകുണി, സോക്കുണി.

sokku, see സോക്ക.

sokha, see സോക.

sogapuni, sogasuni (സോഗാപുണി, സോഗാസുണി), v. n. To be tasteful, agreeable, pleasant. v. a. To praise, commend.

sogasu, s. Relish, savouriness, agreeableness. 2. fastidiousness, squeamishness. 3. praise, commendation. adj. Savoury. 2. fastidious. 3. commendable.

sogori, see സോഗാറു.

socca, see സോക്ക.

sojigere, see സോജിജെറെ.

soittta, see സോഡുട്ട.

sodary, s. The smell of burning; also സോഡൂറി മൂന്നു. adj. Smoky, fumid, noisome.

sonangy, see സോണാങ്കു.
sōna

sonagare, s. A Konkani speaking goldsmith.
sonkè, see वृक्ष.
sonpa, num. Ninety.
sotantra, see सयत्रा.
sopna, see सोपा.
soppu, see सोप.
soba, see सोबा.
sobagû, adj. Pleasing, well-looking.
sobage, see सोबाज.
soya, see सोया.
soyire, s. A eunuch.
sora, see सोरा.
sorainga, see सोरांग.
soragibalè, s. A kind of bracelet.
soragè, s. A small, sweet scented yellow flower. -संत its tree.
sori, adj. Sufficient for one year. -संत rice sufficient from one harvest to the next.
sorûpa, see सोरुप.
sorku, s. Fat; vigour. 2. rankness, luxuriance. 3. lust, inordinate affection. 4. pride, insolence.
sorkaliyuni, see वृक्ष.
sorkavuni, c. v. (of हेंके) To make fat, vigorous, or rank. 2. to give undue indulgence.
sorkeliyuni, s. Lust, rutting, as an animal. 2. see हेंके.
sorkeluni (हेंके), v. n. To become fat, vigorous. 2. to be rank, luxuriant. 3. to be lustful, sensual. 4. to be proud, insolent.
sorkelu, s. Lust, rutting, as an animal. 2. see हेंके.
narcosis. adj. Vigorous, rank, lustful. 2. narcotic, as a dry piece of betel nut.
sorkelun, v. n. To be in rut, to lust after, seek copulation, as an animal. 2. to be narcotic, as an areca nut.
sorga, see सोर्गा.
solabara, s. Weighing one's self against gold, etc., in fulfilment of a vow; bet. सोलाबारा.
solabha, see सोलाब्हा.
solāvuni, see सोलावणी.
solikè, s. The scab of itch. 2. a piece of plantain leaf.
soligè, see सोलिगे.
soleka, see सोलेका.
solpa, see सोल्पा.
solpavuni, see सोल्पावणी.
solpuddaryu, s. New rice boiled with milk or old rice and eaten at the harvest feast.
solpuni, see सोल्पू.
solma, solmè, s. Salutation, making obeisance, as a low-caste man does to
one of a superior caste. 2. submission, yielding, as a defeated party. ——to salute, to yield.

solmi yuni, v. a. To salute. 2. to submit, yield, please.

sółka, s. An epidemic, infection; a contagious disease; also जलन मसून. 2. a fit of epilepsy or apoplexy. 3. paralysis. 4. see सोधी. —to sand said to be thrown by a demon to a person to make him sick of such a disease.

sölku, s. An epidemic, a contagious disease; also सोकु. सोकुद्रुणि, सोकुगुणि (सोकु, सोकु), v. a. To affect, as a disease. 2. to touch, come into contact; to infect, affect.

sóginé, s. A furrow, a small channel. — to make a furrow.

sonat, s. A cudgel, club. 2. firewood.

sonatuni (सोनतु), v. a. To box with the knuckle of the fingers.

sónté, s. A kind of solanum.

sóku, see सोकु.

sókuni, see सोकु.

sóge, s. The peculiar branch or leaf of the palm species.
sopu

sopuni (sopu), v. n. To lose at a game. 2. to be defeated, overcome. 3. to be charmed, allured, to have the heart or affections won over to an object.

sobâna, see sobani
sobê, see sobâ
soma, see soma

somanâthakallyâ, s. Marble-stone.
somanâthe, s. Śiva.
somanâdhikâyi, s. Asafoetida.
somarabhâryâ, s. The root of a medicinal plant so called.
somavâra, somâra, s. Monday.
somasâlê, s. A kind of rice.
somâri, s. A lazy man.
some, s. The moon. 2. the name of a man.
sorikê, see sorikâ
soruni, see soruni

sorè, adj. Tender, unripe; also aded. [sôre]
sörtâ, s. Oozing; cf. âke
sôla, s. Defeat, failure, disappointment. -kô loss and gain, defeat and success; a kind of game.
solâvuni, see solâvuni
soli, see soli

souluni, see soulu
sôle, see sôle
sólpu, see sôlp
sôru, s. Spying, watching, observing secretly. 2. trace, mark, sign. 3. private intelligence, secret information. -sâdi to spy, trace. -sâd to keep watch, lie in wait.
sol, see solu

soimpâka, see under solu

sounû, s. A spoon or ladle.
soundari, soundarya, s. Comeliness, beauty.
soukâra, s. Soap.
soukâre, s. A merchant, trader.
soukâsa, see soukasa
soukhya, s. Pleasure, happiness, ease. -āk a comfortable place. ñâk to have plenty to eat, etc.; to be in easy circumstances. ñâk to enjoy good health.
soujanya, s. Mildness, goodness.
soujû, s. A hint, sign, gesture. -sâm to make a sign.
soustu, see soustu
soutê, see soutê
souda, see souda
soudi, s. Firewood.
soubha, s. Luckiness, auspiciousness, good fortune.

soumya, s. The forty-third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. adj. Handsome, pleasing. 2. gentle, mild, placid.

soura, s. A solar month. 

souru, s. Heroism. 2. provoking language.

souruni, see soulu.

soulu, adj. Brackish. —कृ salt ground, unfruitful soil.

souli, see stoma.

skanda, s. A chapter,

stamba, stambha, s. A post, pillar. 2. suppression, as of urine, etc. by incantation, medicine, etc.; also sthala.

stana, s. The female breast. 

stabdha, adj. Stopped, blocked up. —कू to be spell-bound; to be silent.

stuti, stotra, s. Praise, eulogy. 2. adoration. —कू to flatter. —कू to praise, eulogize.

stōma, s. A heap, mass, quantity, assemblage, multitude. 2. a body, company, gang. अंग a crowd of people.

stri, s. A woman. adj. Feminine, female. —कू a woman's separate property; her dower.

souha, soubhagya,.?.. Luckiness, auspiciousness, good fortune.

The forty-third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. adj. Handsome, pleasing. 2. gentle, mild, placid.

soumya, a woman whose husband is alive.

soumya, adj. Handsome, pleasing. 2. gentle, mild, placid.

soura, s. A solar month.

souru, s. Heroism. 2. provoking language.

souruni, see soulu.

soulu, adj. Brackish. —कृ salt ground, unfruitful soil.

souli, see stoma.

skanda, s. A chapter,

stamba, stambha, s. A post, pillar. 2. suppression, as of urine, etc. by incantation, medicine, etc.; also sthala.

stana, s. The female breast. 

stabdha, adj. Stopped, blocked up. —कू to be spell-bound; to be silent.

stuti, stotra, s. Praise, eulogy. 2. adoration. —कू to flatter. —कू to praise, eulogize.

stōma, s. A heap, mass, quantity, assemblage, multitude. 2. a body, company, gang. अंग a crowd of people.

soubha, s. Luckiness, auspiciousness, good fortune.

soumya, s. The forty-third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. adj. Handsome, pleasing. 2. gentle, mild, placid.

soura, s. A solar month.

souru, s. Heroism. 2. provoking language.

souruni, see soulu.

soulu, adj. Brackish. —कृ salt ground, unfruitful soil.

souli, see stoma.

skanda, s. A chapter,

stamba, stambha, s. A post, pillar. 2. suppression, as of urine, etc. by incantation, medicine, etc.; also sthala.

stana, s. The female breast. 

stabdha, adj. Stopped, blocked up. —कू to be spell-bound; to be silent.

stuti, stotra, s. Praise, eulogy. 2. adoration. —कू to flatter. —कू to praise, eulogize.

stōma, s. A heap, mass, quantity, assemblage, multitude. 2. a body, company, gang. अंग a crowd of people.

soubha, s. Luckiness, auspiciousness, good fortune.

soumya, s. The forty-third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. adj. Handsome, pleasing. 2. gentle, mild, placid.

soura, s. A solar month.

souru, s. Heroism. 2. provoking language.

souruni, see soulu.

soulu, adj. Brackish. —कृ salt ground, unfruitful soil.

souli, see stoma.

skanda, s. A chapter,

stamba, stambha, s. A post, pillar. 2. suppression, as of urine, etc. by incantation, medicine, etc.; also sthala.

stana, s. The female breast. 

stabdha, adj. Stopped, blocked up. —कू to be spell-bound; to be silent.

stuti, stotra, s. Praise, eulogy. 2. adoration. —कू to flatter. —कू to praise, eulogize.

stōma, s. A heap, mass, quantity, assemblage, multitude. 2. a body, company, gang. अंग a crowd of people.

soubha, s. Luckiness, auspiciousness, good fortune.

soumya, s. The forty-third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. adj. Handsome, pleasing. 2. gentle, mild, placid.

soura, s. A solar month.

souru, s. Heroism. 2. provoking language.

souruni, see soulu.

soulu, adj. Brackish. —कृ salt ground, unfruitful soil.

souli, see stoma.

skanda, s. A chapter,
sthiti, s. An estate, wealth, property. 2. state, condition. 3. continuance, being; existence. —कु भ one's condition or state. आ— landed property. —या a wealthy man.

An estate, wealth, property.

Property.

2.

state, condition.

 diversos creation, existence, and destruction of the universe.

sthira, adj. Steady, stable, firm, fixed. 2. permanent, continuing, lasting. —िर immovable and movable. —नर an unsteady man. —सिद्ध a steady disposition, decision of character. —विश to be firm, fixed. —विध to confirm.

sthula, adj. Great, large, thick. 2. gross, corpulent, huge, coarse. 3. dense, not attenuate or subtil. 4. doltish, stupid, thick-headed. —र्वा a corpulent body. —या dull sense. —हुणा a gross substance. —विद्य a superficial view of a case.

snāna, s. Ablution, bathing. 2. ceremonial purification of the body through ablation, etc. 3. baptism. —त्सा to baptise. —तात्त्व to bathe. —विना to be baptised.

snēha, s. Affection, attachment, friendship, love. —र्या intimacy, intimate friendship. —यात्त्व, —विना to love, be attached. —विना friendship; intercourse, commerce.

snēhite, s. A friend.

spatikāra, s. Alum.

c, sparsha, sparsa, sparsana, s. Touch, contact. 2. the sense of touch. 3. wind, air. —वा to be touched. —या to touch.

sphātika, s. A crystal.

sputa, sphuta, adj. Open, clear, manifest. 2. revealed, explained, as a horoscope. s. see सा. —विश to elucidate a horoscope.

smarana, s. Recollecting, reminiscence, recollection. 2. remembrance. 3. memory. 4. mental recitation of the name or names of a deity. —विद्य to remember; to be conscious of. —विद्य, —विद्य to recollect, call to mind; to recite the names of a deity.

smaśana, see स्मात्त.

smarte, s. A follower of the doctrine of Śaṅkarācārya.

smṛti, s. Recollection, reminiscence, memory. 2. the body of the Hindu law, as committed to writing from recollection by the pupils of the law-givers. 3. any book, canon or portion of this law.
syada, s. Swiftness, speed.
srava, srāva, s. Oozing, trickling. 2. exudation. 3. miscarriage, premature birth.
sva, s. Self, own soul or individuality. 2. property, wealth. adj. Own, proper, peculiar. -sva one's private business or interest. -swa self-will. Swa God's property, church-property.
svanta, adj. Own, private, peculiar. -sva one's own property.
svacca, svāccha, adj. Exceedingly pure or clean, spotless, stainless.
svatantra, s. Independence, freedom of will. adj. Independent, free, uncontrolled, absolute. -svat an independent man.
svatah, svatā, adv. Of one's own accord. 2. personally, in person.
svapna, s. A dream, dreaming. svājya the state of dreaming. svājya nightly emissions.
svāhāva, s. Own or native state or quality; nature, natural temper, disposition or constitution. -sva natural temper.
svaya, s. Recollection, recollecting; memory, remembrance.
svayam, adv. Of one's own self or accord, spontaneously. -śva self-formed. -śva cooking with one's own hands; cooking in general. -śva a cook. -śva God, the self-existent. -śva choosing one's own husband.
svara, s. Voice, sound. 2. a note in music. 3. an accent. 4. a vowel. 5. air breathed through a nostril. -śva śva (his) voice is faint.
svarūpa, s. One's own proper figure, general appearance, countenance, features. 2. nature, natural constitution, quality or condition. -śva senseless, shameless. śva I know your whole character.
svarga, s. The sky or heaven in general. 2. Indra's paradise. 3. bliss, beatitude. -śva the kingdom of heaven. śva ascension, going to heaven.
svalpa, adj. Little, few, small, trifling.
svalma, see śvala.
svasta, svastha, s. Bodily health or ease. 2. mental composure. adj. Easy, quiet, composed, comfortable. -śva disease, sickness.
mind at ease. -स्वस्ति to become well, recover, get better. -स्वस्ति to be at ease or healthy. -स्वस्ती to cure, heal. -स्वस्ती to be well, quiet.

स्वस्ति, s. A particle of benediction, May it be well with you. 2. so be it, amen. -स्वस्ती to wish well, bless. -स्वस्ती to yield, acquiesce in.

स्वादि, s. A kind of fish. 2. a game.

स्वाति, s. Arcturus, the fifteenth lunar asterism.

स्वाद, स्वादु, स्वादु, s. Taste, flavour. 2. tasting. adj. Sweet, agreeable, delightful. -स्वादु to be tasteful, sweet. -स्वादु to give taste. -स्वादु to taste.

स्वाधिन, स्वाधिनः स्वाधिना, स्वाधिना, adj. Absolute, free, independent. 2. in the custody or keeping of. 3. under the control or command of. स्वाधिन दependent on or subject to another; alienation, as of property. -स्वाधिन दो to come into one's possession. -स्वाधिन दो to give possession, as of property.

स्वाधिनेऽस्वाधिनेऽस्वाधिने, स्वाधिनेऽस्वाधिनेऽस्वाधिने, s. One's own experience or observation.

स्वामि, s. Owner, lord, master, chief, king. 2. a husband. 3. God. -स्वामि one's master's business or interests. -स्वामि treachery, treason. -स्वामि a traitor.

स्वाच्छ anda svarasya, svarasa, s. Sweetness, savouriness. 2. pathos, spirit. 3. goodness, excellence. adj. Pleasing, delicious, excellent, good. -स्वाच्छ to be pleasing, excellent.

स्वर्जिता, s. Self-acquired.

स्वार्त, s. Success. 2. possession. 3. see स्वर्ता.

स्वार्तेष्ण, see स्वार्तका.

स्वार्तुका, see स्वार्तका.

स्वार्ता, s. Self-interest, selfishness. 2. inherent or real-meaning. -स्वार्ता a selfish word. -स्वार्ता to be selfish.

स्वासा, see स्वासा.

स्वास, स्वासस्ति, स्वास्थ्य, s. An estate, property, especially endowed for religious or charitable objects; a foundation. -स्वास to endow a religious or charitable institution with property.

स्वास्तिका, adj. Everlasting. s. see स्वास्तिका.

स्विकार, s. Claiming, acknowledging; affirming or admitting to be one's own. 2. adoption. -स्विकार adoption of a son. -स्विकार दो to adopt; to acknowledge, admit.

स्वेदा, s. Sweat 2. steam, -स्वेदा, see under स्वेदा.
HA

hakku, The forty-sixth letter of the alphabet.

haṅku, s. Right, title, claim. 2. share, portion.

H

thought; the mind absorbed in thought. -ā to think anxiously respecting some thing, to brood over a subject.

haṁbalyu, see haṁbottu.

haṁmottu, s. Egotism, vanity, pride. -ā to humiliate. -ā to be humiliated. -ā to be insolent.

haṁsa, haṁse, s. A swan, goose; a fabulous bird so called; also जोहते।

haṁsapāda, s. An asterisk. 2. a prop. 3. a caret.

haṁsāni, see haṁsa.

hakiku, s. A kind of bead.

hakikatu, s. A statement or representation of occurrences, affairs, etc. 2. affairs, events, facts. -ā to state one's affairs, etc.

hakime, s. A Mahommedan physician.

hakku, s. Right, title, claim. 2. share, portion.

hāṅku, s. Obligation; the state of being in the power of another; duty. -ā one who is under obligation or power of another; a dependant, adherent. -ā to be under obligation to, or in the power of, another.

haṅgāmi, haṅgānu, s. Season, time, period. adj. Temporary, for the time being.

haṅgipuni, see haṅkuna.

haṅći, see haṅcii.

haṅcu, s. A tile.

haṅcii, s. A large copper vessel, caldron. 2. see haṅcii.

haṅcii, s. To distribute, divide.

haṅḍi, see haṅḍii.

haṅḍe, s. A large copper vessel, caldron. 2. see haṅcii.

haṅnukāyī, see haṅnukāyī.

haṅtāyī, s. Mustard.

hantī, see hantī. 2. see hantī.

haṁbalyu, s. Solicitous
holder of a share; one who has a right. – without right or reason.

hakkalu, s. Gleanings of corn. 2. see hakki.

hakki, see hakkalu.

hakkilu, see hakkalu.

hakkalnu, see holder of a share; one who has a right. – without right or reason.

hagalu, s. The daytime; cf. za. – a large kind of blue light.

hagura, adj. Light, not heavy. 2. slow, dilatory. adv. Gently, slowly, leisurely. – to make light, treat lightly; to act or work slowly.

hagè, see za.

haga, see za.

hage, see hagè.

hacca, see hacca.

haccadè, see hacca.

haccuni (hacca), v. a. To affix, attach. 2. to smear, daub, anoint, plaster. 3. to paste or glue on.

hajame, s. A barber.

hajuru, s. The head collector's office; also the condition of things. 2. sharpness, as of a knife, etc. 3. forming, as metals to proper degree of hardness. 4. boiling or cooking to the proper point. – to be fit for use; to be temperate. – to become fit for use; to

hadakuni, see hadaka.

hadaga, s. A ship, sailing vessel.

hadapa, s. A barber's dressing case; cf. hadatabe.

hadapuni, see hadapa.

hadabè, s. A bastard; also hahe.

hadepu, see debris.

hana, see hana.

hanahani, see hana.

hanita, see akset.

hanè, s. The forehead, scull.

lot, fate, destiny, fortune.

hata, adj. Struck, hit. 2. killed. – to slay, kill.

hato, intj. An exclamation used to set on, as a dog to pursue an animal, etc.

hattara, adv. Near, close by. s. Nearness, proximity.

hattuni, see hatti.

hatya, s. Killing, murder.

hatra, see hatya.

hady, see hada.

hada, s. The proper condition of things. 2. sharpness, as of a knife, etc. 3. forming, as metals to proper degree of hardness. 4. boiling or cooking to the proper point. – to be fit for use; to be temperate. – to become fit for use; to
become sharp.  

- to take a due proportion of ingredients; to harass, tire, exhaust.  

- to taste or try anything to see whether it is duly done.  

- to sharpen; to temper.

**haddu**, s. A limit, border, boundary.  

- neighbourhood, jurisdiction, extent of power.  

- to guess.  

- to violate a prescribed bound.

**hani**, see 

- **happala**, see 

- **habadu**, see 

- **habali**, see 

- **habè**, see 

- **habba**, see 

- **hararuni**, see 

- **hamire**, s. A nobleman, grandee.

- **hamusani**, see 

- **hara**, s. Breadth.  

- **hara**, s.  

- **harana**, haranè, s. Removing, carrying, bearing off, as of pain, disease, sin, trouble, etc.  

- passing time; sustenance, maintenance.  

- to pass away time; to live, sustain; to put off with vain excuses.

**harata**, see 

- **haradari**, s. A distance of about three English miles.

**harade**, see 

- **haravañci**, s. Embezzlement, defalcation, as of public money.

**harasuni** (v. a. To bless, wish well.

- **harâmû**, harâmi, adj. Wild, untamed, vicious.  

- wicked, iniquitous, vile, base.  

- a vicious horse.

- treachery to a master.

**hari**, s. Vishṇu.

**harigisû**, see 

- **wicker-boat covered with leather.**

**haraṇuni** (v. a. To prate, blabber, talk nonsense.

**haraṭè**, s. Prate, jabber.  

- teasing, vexing, troubling.  

- a prater, idle-talker.  

- to prate, babble.  

- to tease.

- **harađuni**, see 

- **harađè**, s. Gallnut, inknut, *Terminalia chebula.*

**haraś**, **haraṇa**, haranè, s. Removing, carrying, bearing off, as of pain, disease, sin, trouble, etc.  

- passing time; sustenance, maintenance.  

- to pass away time; to live, sustain; to put off with vain excuses.
hāri

hāriyāṇa, s. A flat, metal dish.
hāriyuni, s. See hāriyāṇa.
2. See hāriyāṇa.
hāriyatā, s. A kind of gout.
hālas, s. See hāriyāṇa.
hārika, adj. Torn, rent, tattered.
hārkatu, s. Opposition, hinderance. -hārkat to oppose, hinder, obstruct.
hārkatī, see hārkatu.
harpuni, see hāriyāṇa. 2. See hāriyāṇa.
harpuduni, see hāriyāṇa.
harsha, s. Happiness, delight, joy. -harsh, harshē, harsha to rejoice, be glad, delighted.
halava, see hāriyāṇa.
halavaṇga, adj. Diverse, various. 2. much, great, many. -halavaṇa of diverse sorts. -halavaṇa in various ways.
halavu, pron. Many, much.
2. some. -halav several castes or classes.
halasu, see hāriyāṇa.
halaku, s. Loss, waste, desolation. 2. disorder, -halak to be wasted, destroyed; to become weak. -hālak to destroy; to waste, spend.
haliki see hāriyāṇa.
halepuni, see hāriyāṇa.

hāla

halku, halka, halki, adj. Inferior, low, mean, base.
2. cheap.
3. easy.
-halī a cheap or inferior sort of cloth. -halī a mean act.
-alk low people.
-alī a mean person.
-alī a low word.
-alī to depreciate; to slander, defame.
halkuni, see hāriyāṇa.
hallukaddī, s. A toothpick.
halli, see hāriyāṇa.
havaludāre, havaladāre, see hāriyāṇa.
havana, s. Sacrifice, offering to the gods.
havālē, see hāriyāṇa.
havalā, s. Coral.
havali, havalte, havalude, s. Charge, trust, care; commission, security. -hal to give security. -hal to commission.
havaldāre, s. A non-commissioned military native officer.
havē, s. Air, wind; climate.
havēli, s. A large house, mansion, villa.
2. the upper story of a house.
hasta, s. The hand.
2. the thirteenth lunar asterism; also hālakūta, -hāsi legerdemain, sleight of hand.
hala, s. See hāriyāṇa.
hala, s. An old man; an old inhabitant; cf. ḡoḥa. halmō, s. A race, contest in running.
hali, s. A hamlet, small village.
हाँ, intj. Ah! oh!
hālō, see ḡoḥa. hākāra, see ḡoḥa.
hākṣājō, hākṣōjō, see ḡoḥa.
hākuni (घकुँ), v. a. To beat, strike, smite, flog, lash, cuff.
hāgu, s. Accomplishment, completion.
hāga, s. A quarter of a gold fanam.
hāgni, see ḡoḥa. hāgū, see ḡoḥa.
hāna, hānō, hājō, hājiri, s. Presence, attendance. 2. mustering; muster. adj. Present, at hand. -हानटिय the bail. -हानट ए a muster roll. -हानट to be present; to be in attendance. -हानट to produce, as an offender, etc.
hāḍū, s. Practice, exercise, familiarity.
hāḍi, s. An underwood near a farmhouse, scrub.
hāṇaḥāṇi, adj. Severe, as a contest.
hāṇi, see ḡoḥa. hāṇa, s. Adultery, fornication. -हाण an adulteress, whore. -हाण whoredom, adultery. -हाण an adulterer, fornicator. -हाण to commit adultery.
hādi, see ḡoḥa.
hānī, s. Loss, injury, harm, detriment. adj. Damaged, injured. -हाणट to ruin.
hānē, s. A grain measure of eighty rupees weight.
hāyimālē, see सुङ्गाला।
hāyuni (हायूनी), v. a. To cross, ford; cf. वाङ्गाला।
hāra, s. A necklace, garland, chaplet. 2. see ḡoḥa.
hāra, hāragē, hārayi, see ḡoḥa.
hāruni, see ḡoḥa.
hārē, see ḡoḥa.
hareisuni (हारेई), v. a. To desire, wish, be anxious about. भ्रम तो wish for an opportunity. [affair.
hālu, s. State, condition, ḡoḥaṇa, hālupakki, s. A bird of ill omen. 2. a mendicant who professes to interpret such omens. -हालु this bird to utter its ominous notes.
hāluḥavālu, s. Particulars of one’s circumstances. -हालु to represent one’s circumstances.
hāli, adv. Now, at the present time.
hālīta, see ḡoḥa.
hāvali, s. Trouble, difficulty. 2. evil.
ha'vu, s. A snake, serpent.
即将 the cockle fish.
hāśīgē, see hāśu.
ha'su, see hāśu.
ha'sam, ha'samkula, hāśikula, s. A paving stone.
ha'sam, ha'supasa, ha'supisu, see hāshasam.
ha'sarakattē, s. A mule.
ha'sigē, s. A bed, mattress. —ke to spread out a bed.
ha'siyuni (ha'si), v. a.
To ridicule.
ha'suni (ha'si), v. a. To spread out. 2. to pave.
hāsyā, s. Laughing at, ridicule, derision. 2. laughter. —kā derision, irony; mimicry. —kā a jester, mocker. —ke to jest, jeer, sport, mock.
ha'ha, interj. of pain, grief, or surprise. 2. ah! woe!
ha'lū, s. Ruin, destruction, desolation, annihilation. adj. Desolate, waste, ruined, destroyed. —kā, —ha to go to ruin, to be waste. —kā to ruin, spoil, destroy; to spend, waste.
ha'liṭa, s. An exact measurement, dimension, quantity. adj. Exactly fitting, proper. 2. tempered, of due temperature. 3. of a proper heat. —kā—, —ha— a rough estimate, etc. —kā to fit. —ke to take an exact measurement, etc.; to take a due proportion of ingredients. —ke to see whether a given measurement, etc., is correct.
hal'mē, see hal'mē.
hiṅgū, s. Asafoetida. 2. abatement, allaying.
hiṅgara, see ha'mē.
hiṅgara, adj. Latter; following, subsequent. the latter rain. —kā the second crop.
hiṅgaranē, adv. Behind, backward. making sommersets backward and forward.
hiṅguni (hiṅk), v. n. To be unsteady. 2. to be allayed, as thirst. 3. to be subdued, to abate, as sorrow; he will not shrink; he is firm, steady.
hindi, s. The remains of any thing from which the juice has been expressed; cf. castes.
hindi, s. A Hindu. 2. an Indian. adj. Indian, of India. the Hindu people. the Hindu castes. India.
himmatu, s. Boldness, courage, intrepidity, spirit, resolution.
himmini, himmuni, see himmini.
himëtuni (himëtuni), v.n. To abate, be subdued, mitigated. 2. to be humbled. 3. to shrink, turn back.

hirë, s. To humble; to abate, be subdued, mitigated. 2. to be humbled. 3. to shrink, turn back.

Persecuting, hurting, injuring. 2. slaying, killing. —hittuni, to persecute, injure; to kill.

Skill, ingenuity, cunning. 2. knack, expedient, contrivance, device, project.

Trick, stratagem, wile, juggle.

hikmat, hikmati, see hikmatu.

higa, see hina.

higale, see himale.

hijari, hijri, s. The Mohammedan era, which commences A.D. 622.

A purse, bag, pocket.

Gold. 2. wealth, property.

Great, elder, senior, superior. —hiri, old and young, superior and inferior. —hiri a presbytery. —hiri eldership, seniority. —hiri the monitor in a school; —hiri superiority, greatness; power, authority. —hiri an ancestor, senior, elder, presbyter.

hira, see hiri.

hirini, s. The range of Himalaya mountains.

A garden; bet.

hidya, see hina.

hinpini, see himini.

hippali, see himapali.

Snow, hoar-frost, dew. 2. cold. adj. Frigid, cold, frosty. —the cold season, winter.

The range of Himalaya mountains.

A purse, bag, pocket.

Gold. 2. wealth, property.

Great, elder, senior, superior. —hiri, old and young, superior and inferior. —hiri a presbytery. —hiri eldership, seniority. —hiri the monitor in a school; —hiri superiority, greatness; power, authority. —hiri an ancestor, senior, elder, presbyter.

hira, see hiri.
hirtu, see hirtu.

hirdu, adj. Pre-eminent, best, superior, excellent.  

hurtuni, see hurtuni.

hilalu, see hilalu.

hiltu, s. An offering of betel-leaves to a demon. 2. see hiltu 3. see hiltu.

hille, s. A false excuse, difficulties made to evade the payment of a debt or the performance of a task.  

his, his, his, s. Part, portion, share.  

hisahyu, s. An account.

hisakaripuni (こうか), v. a. To find fault with, blame, despise, scorn.

hitruni, him-puni (こうか), v. a. To blow the nose.

hina, adj. Deficient, defective, wanting. 2. base, vile, mean, abject. 3. abandoned, left.  

hine, s. A base fellow.  

2. a weak man.  

hineisuni (こうい), v. a. To despise, disgrace, disregard.

hiruni, see hiruni.

hiré, see hiré.

hum, intj. of response, approbation or assent.  

hum, to answer, as a call; to approve; to assent; to pay attention to a story, etc.

hundi, s. A bill of exchange; a money order.

hunname, see hunname.

hunnumr, s. An art, a resource or power of skill or cunning; ability for contriving, devising or effecting.  

hunj, a shrewd or ingenious man; an artist; an alchymist; an athlete or gymnast.

hukka, s. A hooka, smoking apparatus.

hujjatu, s. Constraint, force, compulsion.  

hukum, s. An order, command. 2. leave, permission.  

hukkā, s. A hooka, smoking apparatus.

hujjatu, s. Constraint, force, compulsion.  

huṭtu, s. Birth, origin, production. 2. nature, natu-
ral state. 3. profit, gain.
adj. Natural, inherent. one's antecedents or circumstances.

hutta, s. The produce of a garden or field. 2. mesne profit or rent.

huddara, see s.  

hudige, huduge, s. A youngster.

hudugatige, s. Childishness, puerility.

hunna, see  

huto, see s.

hudê, see s.

hurbu, s. The eyebrow.

hubbe, s. The eleventh lunar asterism. 2. see .

huyimpuni, see .

huri, see s.

hurbu, see s.

hullu, s. Grass. a handful of grass given by a cattle dealer to a purchaser as a ratification of bargain.

husi, s. A lie, falsehood. 2. failure, omission, miscarriage. to fail or miscarry. to omit or neglect.

hupini, see  

hupini, see  

hunige, s. A soldier. 2. a hero.

hunë, s. A vow, promise.

huna, see  

hrudu, hrudaya, s. The heart, mind, bosom, breast.

hrugata, adj. lit. Gone to the heart or mind; impressed; remembered, got by heart.

heugasu, s. A woman.

heñte, see  

henda, s. Toddy, palm-wine. a drunkard, wine-bibber.

hemma, adj. Abundant, plenty, much, many.

hemme, s. Pride, insolence,
arrogance, haughtiness. — to be haughty.

heemmetuni, see ḍēna. hekkarmē, s. A kind of cucumber.

hekkuni, see ḍēna. A chief, headman. 2. a family name; cf. ḍēna.

heccāa, adj. More, better. 2. high, superior. 3. excessive, superfluous, copious. — to increase, augment, multiply, prosper. — to promote, increase, enlarge, exalt; to exaggerate.

heccāvuni, c.v. (of ḍēna) To increase, enlarge, exalt, promote. 2. to spoil, vitiate, as a child, etc., by over-indulgence; also ḍēna ḍēna.

hecci, heccigē, s. Increase. 2. promotion, advancement. 3. excess, superfluity. 4. eminence, excellence. 5. any thing unusual. — a superfluous word. — an unusual occurrence; further particulars. — to increase, augment; to be promoted. — to raise, as rent, etc.; to increase, promote.

heccika-damē, heccukādamē, s. Difference, variation. adj. About, more or less. — there is some difference to occur; to be a little indiscreet; a mistake to occur. — about, no difference. — to speak without due regard; to abuse. — to make a mistake; to make a difference; to make partiality.

heccugārigē, see ḍēna.

heccuni (चेचू), v. n. To increase, augment. — to be overwise. a disease to aggravate. he has become conceited.

heccelu, see ḍēna. hejjē, see ḍēna. 2. see ḍēna. hettyū, see ḍēna. heṛtuni, see ḍēna. hedamudi, adj. Pinioned, as the arms. — to pinion.

heddy, hedda, adj. Dull, stupid, foolish, ignorant. — ignorance, foolishness. a stupid man. a stupid woman.

hedde, s. A dolt, blockhead, stupid man.
heddyu, heddyuni, hedtaruni, hedpini, see 679.
honga

heddyuni, hedtaruni, hedpini, see 679.
honga

heddyu- ni, hedtaruni, hedpini, see 679.

hedda, adj. Great, large, spacious, chief, principal.

heddari, s. A highway, great road.

hebbare, s. A dolt, blockhead, ignorant man.

hebbakilu, s. A highway, great road.

hebbare, s. A family name.

hebbavu, s. The boa constrictor.

hera anguish, s. Exclusion, expulsion, interdict.

heriya, see 679.

heruni, herduni (679), v. a. To bring forth, as a child.

herpuni, see 679.

heli, see 679.

helike, see 679.

hega, see 679.

hega, see 679.

hedi, heđe, s. A coward, poltroon.

heto, s. Cause, reason, occasion, motive, purpose.

heny, see 679.

hema, s. Gold.

hemantarutu, s. The cold season.

hemalambi, see 679.

heru, s. A sack of corn, etc.

herala, adj. Much, many.

heravuni, see 679.

heruni, see 679.

hersavuni, see 679.

hevilambi, s. The thirty-first year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

hesigè, hêsigè, see 679.

hèsuni, see 679.

helike, s. A statement, representation.

heli, see 679.

hega, see 679.

hega, see 679.

hegi, hedi, heđe, s. A coward, poltroon.

heto, s. Cause, reason, occasion, motive, purpose.

heny, see 679.

hema, s. Gold.

hongare, see 679.
hondikē, s. Union, attachment.

honduni (होंदुऍ), v. a.
To get, attain, obtain, acquire. 2. to suffer, sustain, as loss or pain. 3. to enjoy, as happiness, etc. 4. to join, unite, attach to. To be agreeable, fit; to be on good terms.

honné, see होंने.

hommuta, see होममुता.
hogaluni, see होगालुणि.
hogguni, see होग्गुणि.
hottu, see होट्टु.
hōṭṭe, s. The stomach, belly. —होट्टी, —होट्टी envy, malice. —होट्टी, —होट्टी to envy.
hodāńku, see होदांकु.
hodata, s. A stroke, beating.
hodāryu, see होदार्यु.
honaṅgaṇi, see होनांगणी.
hōne, see होने.
hottuni, see होट्टु.
hoddiyuni, see होद्दीयु.
hoyyo, intj. of encouragement, used especially when drawing or pulling any thing heavy.
horaluni, see होरालुणि.
horē, s. A load, burden.
horesuni (होरेसुणि), v. a.
To load, burden. 2. to accuse, impute, charge with. 3. see होरेसुणि.
hordē, hordē, hortandē, hortu, adv. Unless, except. 2. besides. — besides that.
holasu, adj. Fetid, stinking, dirty. 2. unpleasant, holē, s. Pollution, defilement. 2. menses. 3. ceremonial uncleanness. adj. Obscene, filthy.

holvē, s. A road, way. 2. see होलवी.
hosa, see होसा.
hosage, see होसाजे.
holē, s. A river.
holepu, s. Brightness, radiance, lustre.
hōkyu, hōku, s. A defect, flaw, injury. 2. loss, detriment; cf. होकु.
hōjuni, see होजुणि.
hōdu, see होधु.
hōma, s. A burnt sacrifice, offering to the gods. होम्मा, होम्माः, होम्मा, होम्मा, होम्मा— are different kinds of burnt sacrifices. सोहोम्मा useless, efforts, prov.
horāṭa, s. Mutual wrangling, contention, fight.
horāṇu (होराणु), v. a. To wrangle, contend, fight.
hōri, see होरी.
**Holi**

A feast celebrated at the full-moon of the month of Phalgunā, when Cupid is burnt in effigy.

**Similarity, likeness.**

**Probability, likelihood.**

**Resemblance.**

**Broad, round cake of wheat flour, and filled with boiled split pulse and jaggory.**

---

**La**

The forty-seventh letter of the alphabet. No words begin with this letter.

---

**Kṣa**

The forty-eighth letter of the alphabet, compounded of kish and kṣ.

A measure of time equal to four minutes.
2. a moment, instant.
3. in a moment.

The second of the four classes of Hindus.
1. a man of the royal or military caste.

To pardon, forgive.
2. to bear with.

**Kshaya**

Waste, decline, decay, consumption.
2. destruction, extinction, annihilation.
3. decrease of the digits of the sun or moon.
4. the sixtieth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty.

Moon on the wane.

Phthisis, consumption.
3. to be consumed, destroyed.

**Kshama**

A famine, scarcity of provisions.
3. a time of famine.

---

**Kśa**

Wasted, emaciated.
2. destroyed, extinguished.
3. thin, lean.

An emaciated body.

A thin man.
kṣīra, s. Milk.

kṣīña, s. Digestion.

kṣudra, adj. Small, little.
2. low, mean.
3. avaricious.
4. cruel.

kṣira, s. Milk.

kṣoura.

Digestion.

kṣudra.

Small, little.

2. low, mean.

3. avaricious.

4. cruel.

s. Fault, folly, defect.
2. slander, calumny.
3. sorcery.

kṣudhe, s. Hunger, appetite.

kṣetra, s. A sacred spot, place of pilgrimage, holy land. 2. a plane, superficies.

3. slander, calumny.


kṣhoura, s. Shaving the head. -स, -स्त्र a barber.

kṣedium, चर्मक to shave.
SUPPLEMENT.

annyäre, see अन्याये.

ambāri, ...... 2. see अभारी.

akkalkāra s. A kind of medicinal root.

akkosa, see अक्कोसा.

aeci, s. ........ 3. a gold coin, pagoda.

attaligē, see अतैलिगें. 2. see अतिदेव.

appavāsù, s. A kind of fish.

arikuṭṭilu, s. A cook-room in a temple.

alkadē, see अलकादें.

avvändu, see अववंडू.

ānduni (अंदु), v. a. To do; cf. अंदु.

āriyuni, see अरियूनि.

ālanda, see अलांदा.

āvara, see अवरा.

āsīgāsi, s. Risk, responsibility, care; cf. असिंगास.

ittorē, see इत्तोरें.

idakatti, idekatti, see इडेकात्ती.

idepini, see इडेपिनि.

ināsarē, s. Embracing.

iroḷu, see अरोलू.

umbara, s. Danger.

ugūḍu, see उगुडु.

učchishta, s. Orts, belongings. adj. Left, rejected, as food.

uda, see उडा.

udājaya, s. A great victory.

udāpya, udāphi, adj. Evasive, as a reply. 2. denying. 3. contradictory.

udusrē, s. A bed. 2. clothing; a female's garment.

unilē, s. A tender mango.

a kind of poison. 3. see उडेश्वरे. adj. ......

udna, see उडना.

upasāra, see उपसरा.

upādhye, s. A teacher, schoolmaster. 2. a family-priest.

uppāre, s. A salt manufacturer.

ubbullu, adj. Hairy.

ura, adj. Exact.

uraṇē, s. A kind of comb.

ulipē, see उलिपें.

ullāna, adv. As long as.

uljelu, see उल्जेलू.

yečēya, see येचेया. —सर्प general expenditure.

yeduma, see येदुमा.
yetty, yetta, s. A game at dice.

yettoli, see yetty. v. a. To discharge. 2. to help. 3. to begin.

vottoli, see yettoli. adj. Single, alone.

vorkatta, adj. Single, alone.

vorba, see volmaṇa. v. a. To discharge. 2. to help. 3. to begin.

volmaṇa, see vorba. v. a. To discharge. 2. to help. 3. to begin.

vödurimäda, see vödurimäda.

kända, see kända. kund, see kund. kambala, see kambala.

kadaṇjīge, s. Kneading; cf. kanda.

kādaṇjīgha, see kādaṇjīgha. kādaṇjīgha, see kādaṇjīgha.

kādaṇjīgha, kādaṇjīgha, kādaṇjīgha, s. Dregs. 2. smell of burnt oil, etc. adj. Old.

kālāvu, s. A scar, mark. 2. see kālāvu. kālijiga, kālijiga, kālijiga, see kālijiga.

kālpaḍi, s. A learned man, sophist. 2. a hypocrite. kālpē, s. Learning.

kāsavadē, s. A gown. kālātu, s. A fixed place. kallāvu, see kallāvu.

kāndāya, s. A large vessel for boiling. kāndāyī, ... 2. see kāndāyī.

kānmē, s. Appearance, show.

kālā, see kālā. kālla, s. A frame-work. 2. the stomach.

kāvottuni, see kāvottuni. kuṇḍala, see kuṇḍala.

kunte, see kunte.

kummaduni, see kummaduni.

kukkuṭa, s. A fowl.

kudde, see kudde.

kudunṭe, s. A lump of dung. 2. see kudunṭe.

kudru, see kudru.

kurd, see kurd.

kurdun, see kurdun.

kura, s. A kind of tree.

kukru, adj. Young, small. kūkru, adj. Young, small. a cub, young dog. a kind of small crab.

kūranda, see kūranda.

kūrēa, s. An enclosure. 2. a tassel.

keđesa, see keđesa.

keppa, see keppa.

keppa, s. A kind of cap; cf. keppa. keppa, s. A kind of cap; cf. keppa.

kedagē, see kedagē.

keikuni (kuḍū), v. a. To wash the hands.

keipuni, v. a. To fasten, bind tight.

kondada, adj. Beloved, dear. s. see kondada.
kombā, s. A kind of umbrella.
kojānē, s. A thicket.
koppanda, s. A female’s ornament.
koraṇa, adj. Unconferable; rare, as a gift.
korni, see korni.
gandanda, adj. Small, fine.
garndālū, s. A stalwart man, giant.
gatiya, see gatiya.
exit, exitā gadiyu, gadiya, adv. Wholly; cf. oc.
gali, s. Small pieces of light wood fastened to a net.
gavana, s. Desire, wish.
gude, see gunde.
giriya, s. A hinge, as of a door.
gundi, s. . . . adj. Deep, sunken.
guji, adj. Short, thick, of little stature. -a short, thick cocoanut tree.
guddaluni (guddaluni), v. a. To work hard.
guddale, see guddale.
gurmanavayu, see guvē, gurmanavayu, see guvē.
guvē, see guvē.
gellandu, s. Success, victory, triumph; cf. fandu.
geiyatū, s. Absence.
candagidi, s. Haughtiness. 2. a man’s name.

caṭālū, see caṭālū.
čamaku, s. Lustre; brandishment, flourish. 2. haughtiness.
čarakajē, s. Dishevelled hair.
čingauni, see čingauni.
čitnēsi, see čitnēsi.
čilloṇuni, see čilloṇuni.
čōrē, adj. Tender, unripe, as a fruit.
čāpakhānē, see čāpakhānē.
jantri, see jantri.
jaṇmūḍē, adj. Nice, fine.
jaṇmūḍē a kind of jackfruit.
jambumūri, s. A peculiar smell.
jātaka, s. Walking. - a walking stick.
jāmũri, see jāmũri.
jāvaru, see jāvaru.
juvāna, see juvāna.
jokkē, joga, see jokkē.
jamuri, see jāvaru.
jokkē, joga, see jokkē.
2. see jokkē.
jogaṭē, see jogaṭē.
jāvalipuni, v. n. To burn, shine.
jyokerakē, see jyokerakē.
dalaguni (gandada), v. a. To shine.
davanē, s. A whirlpool; also .
takeiru, see takeiru.
tatimuṭi, s. Strait, dilemma. 2. see tatimuṭi.
tariya, see tariya.
tartè, adj. Deep; cf. तरङ्गः, आळः.
तालारा, see ताला.
ताले, s. Comparison; proof; agreement.
तिगुरु, s. A sprout, bud, germ. 2. a split, crack.
तिप्परु, s. A knotted root. 2. confusion, hurlyburly.
तिरुड़ि, s. A vice, an instrument for holding and griping things. 2. see तृणः.
तिरुसूल, see तिरसूलः.
तनें, s. A stick. 2. see तंतः.
तेदुः (तदुः), v. a. To grind, macerate, bray.
तेमुलें, see तेमुळ.
तेगु, see तेगः.
तोराण्ते, s. A kind of solanum.
तोलारा, adv. With the arms extended.
भद्र, भद्र thalli, thallे, s. A cloth used in offerings to demons, at weddings, etc.
दांगे, see दांग.
दाल्या, daliya, daliya, s. A kind of cloth.
दिवला, see दिवः.
दिवरे, s. Fixing a day.
दुङ्गुः, dunduni, see दुङ्गुः.
दुक्कि, s. The left side of a finger-drum.
देंतादें, see देंतादें.
देवा, s. . . . . 3. see देवा.
4. see देव.
देसा, देसा desea, desea, s. Raw rice used on auspicious occasions for sprinkling upon a married couple, etc.; cf. तृणः.
2. see तृणः. —रें to sprinkle rice in this way.
दोदुः, दोदुः doduli, dodreyipuli, see दोदुः.
दाणुः, see दाणुः.
दलिगे, see दलिगे.
दाणुः, see दाणुः.
नागाजापु, s. A kind of cloth worn by males; cf. दाणुः.
नाता, s. Seeking, search.
नादा, adv. Soon, speedily.
s. A falsehood.
नाटुः, nātyuni, see नाटुः.
नापे, see नापे.
नालुः, nālavuni, see नालुः.
नालेपु, nilepuni (स-), v. a. To establish, found.
पात्लुप्पु, s. Salpetre.
padakara, see पादकः.
padāvu, s. . . . 2. a ship.
paditaḍे, s. A temporary dwelling.
padampu, s. Moisture. adj. Moist, wet.
padampuni (स-), v. a. To moisten, wet.
paripāḍu, s. Fate. 2. trouble.
parivāla, s. Food. 2. see parivāla.
pambahāle, s. A kind of ornament
pambolu, see pandar.  
*pidi*pidibaryu, s. ... 2. a demon’s sword.  
*pidukannya*, s. Blinking, twinkling of the eyes.  
*piravatty*, see ser.  
*pinnalu*, s. A gift.  
*pinari*, see *pinnalu*.  
*pudagala*, s. The body.  
*purapu*, s. Circumstances.  
*puli*, s. ... — a kind of sour sauce or condiment.  
*punica*, s. An ant-hill.  
*pugare*, s. A temporary shed covered with awnings erected during the funeral ceremonies of a deceased Sudra.  
*perna*, see *perna*.  
*punjoligé*, see *punjoligé*.  
*potulu*, s. A rotten seed.  
*pokre*, s. A nasty man.  
*potla*, s. A pustule, blister, sore.  2. a kind of parasite.  
*praṇa*, s. ... — to work hard. — to commit suicide.  
*bakkane*, s. A quarrel.  
*bapipuni*, see *bapipuni*.  
*bapipuni* (बपीपुनि, बपीपुनि), v. a. To put out of the way.  
*bittulu*, s. A garden, compound.  
*bisāru*, s. A stroke, blow, cut.  
*beṇku*, s. Disturbance, confusion, disorder.  2. entanglement. — to disentangle.  
*beṇkuni* (बेणकुणी), v. n. To be complicated, entangled.  
*bembana*, s. Work.  
*bidaga*, s. Medicine for a woman in childbirth.  
*mallayilu*, s. A large ladle.  
*mambira*, s. A cry, shout. — to cry, shout, call.  
*mijatu*, see *mijatu*.  
*mugaliyuni* (मुगलियुः), v. n. To become cloudy, as the sky.  
*mujudu*, s. An old person.  
*mudāvuni* (मुदावुः), v. a. To draw near.  
*resa*, s. A kind of pepper water or sauce.  
*lečalé*, adj. Wide, broad.  
*vayana*, s. Offerings of cocoanuts made by a married woman to the goddess Gouri.  
*vayola*, s. Any statement or account written on palm-leaves.  
*sinē*, s. A flute, fife.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Page</th>
<th>under</th>
<th>read (ಸಸ್ಯ)</th>
<th>for (ಸಸ್ಯ)</th>
<th>cf. (ಸಸ್ಯ)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>cf. ತರಿಹಿಡಿತಿ</td>
<td></td>
<td>ತರಿಹಿಡಿತಿ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>58</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ತರಿಹಿಡಿತಿ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>63</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ತರಿಹಿಡಿತಿ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>67</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ತರಿಹಿಡಿತಿ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>74</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ತರಿಹಿಡಿತಿ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>106</td>
<td>108</td>
<td>to hold or</td>
<td></td>
<td>ತರಿಹಿಡಿತಿ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>108</td>
<td>110</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ತರಿಹಿಡಿತಿ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>129</td>
<td>131</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ತರಿಹಿಡಿತಿ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>144</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>see ತತ್ತ್ವ</td>
<td></td>
<td>ತತ್ತ್ವ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>147</td>
<td>149</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ತತ್ತ್ವ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>178</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>cf. ತತ್ತ್ವ</td>
<td></td>
<td>ತತ್ತ್ವ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>188</td>
<td>190</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ತತ್ತ್ವ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>196</td>
<td>198</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ತತ್ತ್ವ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>213</td>
<td>215</td>
<td>ghamu</td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>216</td>
<td>218</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>220</td>
<td>222</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>221</td>
<td>223</td>
<td>a fall</td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>228</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>splitters</td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>253</td>
<td>255</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>340</td>
<td>342</td>
<td>adj. Inferior</td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>343</td>
<td>345</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>362</td>
<td>364</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>370</td>
<td>372</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>378</td>
<td>380</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>414</td>
<td>416</td>
<td>(ರಾಮೇಶ್)</td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>418</td>
<td>420</td>
<td>of Udipi</td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>omit cf.</td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>432</td>
<td>434</td>
<td>for see</td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>459</td>
<td>461</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>496</td>
<td>498</td>
<td>reindeer</td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500</td>
<td>502</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>503</td>
<td>505</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>616</td>
<td>618</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ಗಹಮು</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

s. A hill so called.
Author: Münner, A.

Title: Tulu-English and English-Tulu dictionary.

Vol. 1